test

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PHYS 510 Homework 1

Aiden Dillon

 $Reading\ assignment:\ https://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/article?id=10.1371/journal.pbio.1001745$

```
[32]: import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from skimage import io

[5]: Image_A_png = plt.imread('AuLait_gray.png')
   Image_A_tif = plt.imread('AuLait_gray.tif')

[19]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 12))
   ax[0].imshow(Image_A_png, cmap='gray')
   ax[0].axis('off')

   ax[1].imshow(Image_A_tif, cmap='gray')
   ax[1].axis('off')

   plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.1)
   plt.show()
```





The images look qualitatively the same to the eye, but the arrays creating the images are different. The .png has intensity values from 0 to 1, while the .tif has intensity values from 0 to 255. This

is because the png array is composed of 32-bit floats (decimals) and the tiff array is composed of unsigned 8-bit integers.

```
[42]: print('.png min:', np.min(Image_A_png), '|| .tif min:', np.min(Image_A_tif))
      print('.png max:', np.max(Image A png), '|| .tif max:', np.max(Image A tif))
      print('.png shape:', Image_A_png.shape, '|| .tif shape:', Image_A_tif.shape)
      print('.png datatype:', Image_A_png.dtype, '|| .tif datatype:', Image_A_tif.
       ⊶dtype)
     .png min: 0.011764706 || .tif min: 3
     .png max: 1.0 || .tif max: 255
     .png shape: (1271, 2009) || .tif shape: (1271, 2009)
     .png datatype: float32 || .tif datatype: uint8
[43]: plt.imsave('AuLait_png_out.tif', Image_A_png, format='TIFF')
      io.imsave('AuLait_png_out_sk.tif', Image_A_png)
[48]: Image_A_out_plt = io.imread('AuLait_png_out.tif')
      Image_A_out_io = io.imread('AuLait_png_out_sk.tif')
      fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 12))
      ax[0].imshow(Image_A_out_plt, cmap = 'gray')
      ax[0].axis('off')
      ax[1].imshow(Image_A_out_io, cmap = 'gray')
      ax[1].axis('off')
      plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.1)
      plt.show()
```





```
[49]: print('.plt min:', np.min(Image_A_out_plt), '|| .io min:', np.

imin(Image_A_out_io))

print('.plt max:', np.max(Image_A_out_plt), '|| .io max:', np.

imax(Image_A_out_io))
```

```
.plt min: 1 || .io min: 0.011764706
.plt max: 255 || .io max: 1.0
.plt shape: (1271, 2009, 4) || .io shape: (1271, 2009)
.plt datatype: uint8 || .io datatype: float32
```

It seems that when saving with matplotlib, it saves the image in color, with RGB values and intensity. It looks like it adds a colormap by default to the image, which I don't like because the original image was grayscale. The intensity scale is 0 to 255 and dtype uint8 which is light. The array is 3D, saving the RGB values and an alpha channel.

Sci-kitlearn saves it as a grayscale image, but it uses a 0 to 1 float32 dtype. It is just a 2D alpha level array.

[55]: print(Image_A_out_plt, Image_A_out_io)

```
[[[ 56
       86 139 255]
 [ 54
       90 140 255]
 [ 52
        94 141 255]
 [ 57
        85 139 255]
        85 139 255]
 [ 57
 [ 56
       86 139 255]]
[[ 56
       86 139 255]
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        90 140 255]
 Γ 52
       94 141 255]
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       86 139 255]
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       86 139 255]
 Γ 57
       85 139 255]]
[[ 57
        85 139 255]
 [ 55
        89 140 255]
 [ 53
       93 140 255]
 [ 55
       88 140 255]
  [ 56
       87 140 255]
 [ 56 86 139 255]]
[[ 44 113 142 255]
 [ 44 113 142 255]
 [ 44 112 142 255]
```

```
[ 31 163 134 255]
  [ 31 163 134 255]
  [ 31 161 135 255]]
 [[ 43 115 142 255]
 [ 44 114 142 255]
  [ 44 113 142 255]
 [ 31 163 134 255]
  [ 31 163 134 255]
  [ 30 160 135 255]]
 [[ 43 115 142 255]
  [ 44 114 142 255]
  [ 44 112 142 255]
  [ 31 162 134 255]
  [ 31 162 134 255]
  [ 31 161 135 255]]] [[0.27450982 0.2901961 0.30588236 ... 0.27058825
0.27058825 0.27450982]
 [0.27450982 0.2901961 0.30588236 ... 0.27450982 0.27450982 0.27058825]
 [0.27058825 0.28627452 0.3019608 ... 0.28235295 0.2784314 0.27450982]
 [0.38039216\ 0.38039216\ 0.3764706\ \dots\ 0.58431375\ 0.58431375\ 0.5764706\ ]
 [0.3882353  0.38431373  0.38039216 ... 0.58431375  0.58431375  0.57254905]
 [0.3882353  0.38431373  0.3764706  ...  0.5803922  0.5803922  0.5764706 ]]
```