

CSC561 NoSQL Databases

Lab 5, Part 1: Graph Database / Neo4j

Graph Databases:

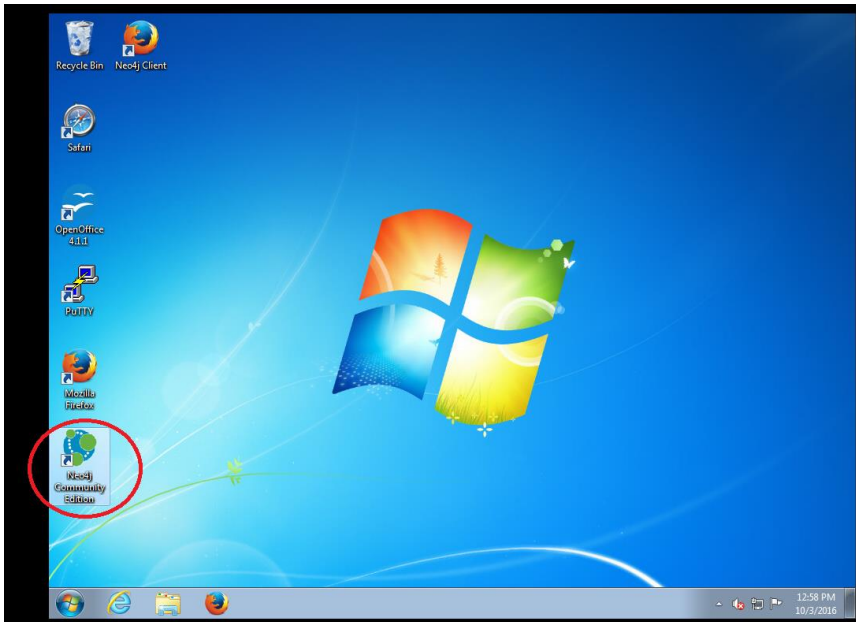
The final type of NoSQL datastore we will study is called a graph database. As the name implies, it stores data as a graph (in the mathematical sense). It's known for being "whiteboard friendly," meaning if you can draw a design as boxes and lines on a whiteboard, you can store it. Graph databases focus on the relationships between values rather than on the commonalities among sets of values (such as collections of documents or tables of rows). In this way, it can store highly variable data in a natural and straightforward way.

Why Neo4j:

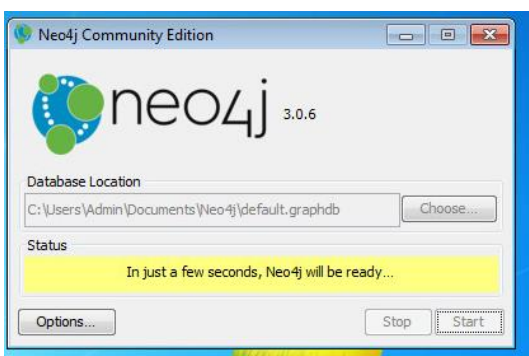
Neo4j is small enough to be embedded into nearly any application. On the other end of the spectrum, Neo4j can store tens of billions of nodes and as many edges. And with its cluster support with master-slave replication across many servers, it can handle most any sized problem you can throw at it

Starting Neo4j:

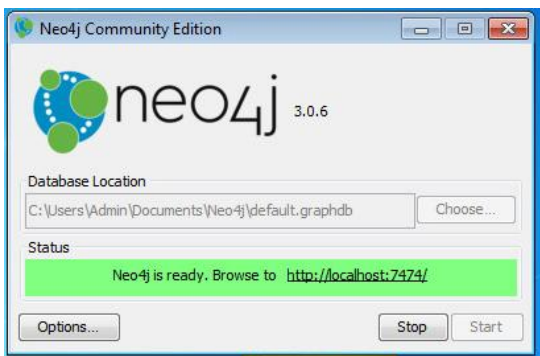
You have a local Neo4j server on your Neo4j VM. You need to start it first by double clicking the Neo4j Community Edition icon on your desktop and selecting Start. (Leave the database location as is).



It may take a minute to launch the server. You will see a yellow status message as it sets up the database:

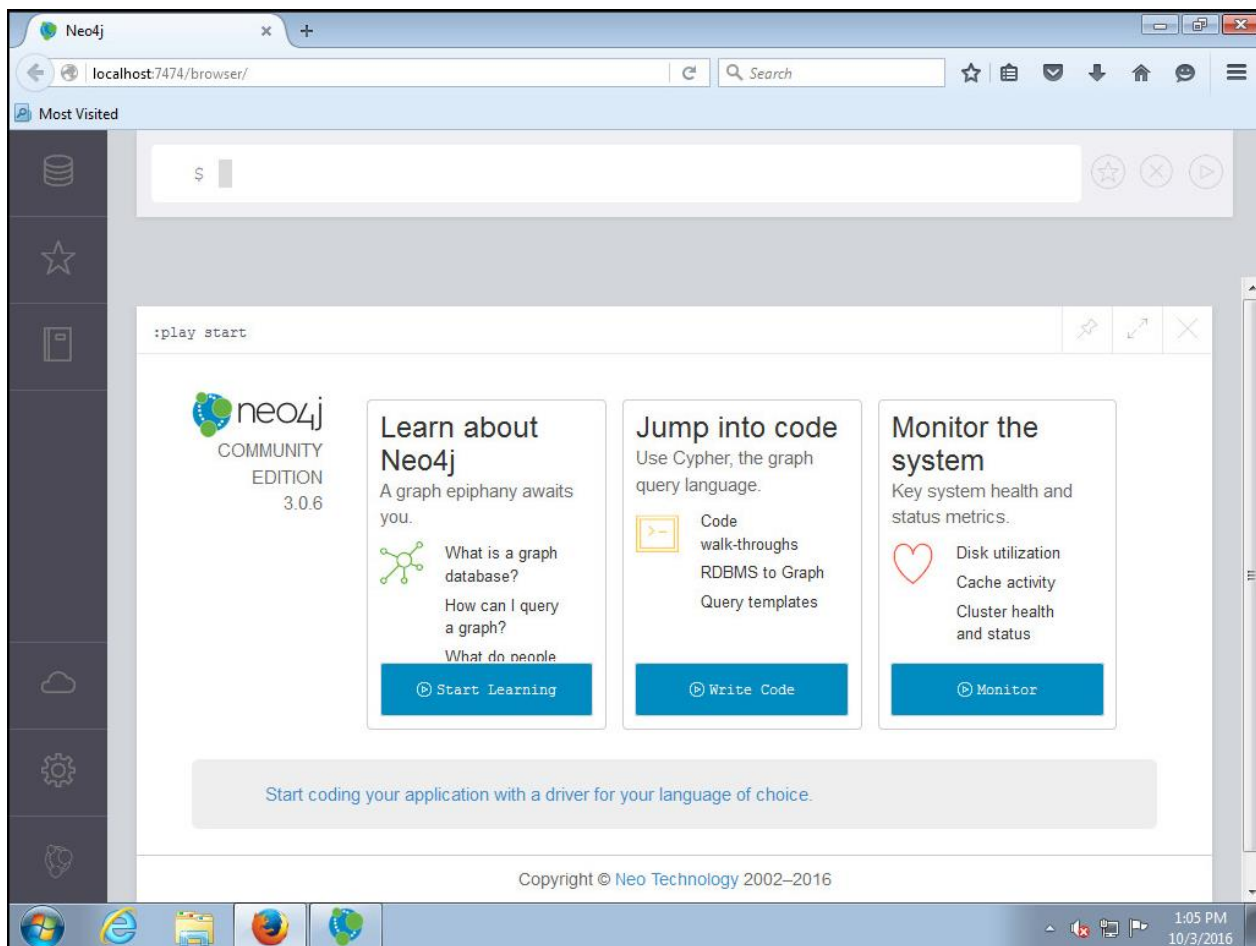


When it is ready, the status will change to green:



You can minimize the server window now (DO NOT CLOSE IT, just minimize it).

With your server now running, launch the Neo4j web client from the icon on your desktop. It will take you to `localhost:7474/browser/` :



Neo4j comes pre-packaged with great resources and tutorials. It also includes the Graph query language Cypher pre-installed and ready to use.

The first thing we have to do is connect to a database. If you click on the “:server connect” in the blue bar (or type it in the command bar at the top of the page where the \$ is), you will be taken to the login routine to establish a connection. The initial default user and password are neo4j/neo4j.

Most Visited

Database access not available. Please use **:server connect** to establish connection. There's a graph waiting for you.

:server connect

Connect to Neo4j

Database access requires an authenticated connection.

Username:

Password:

Default username/password: **neo4j/neo4j**

When it prompts you to change the password, please enter our usual password of p@ssw0rd

Database access not available. Please use **:server connect** to establish connection. There's a graph waiting for you.

:server connect

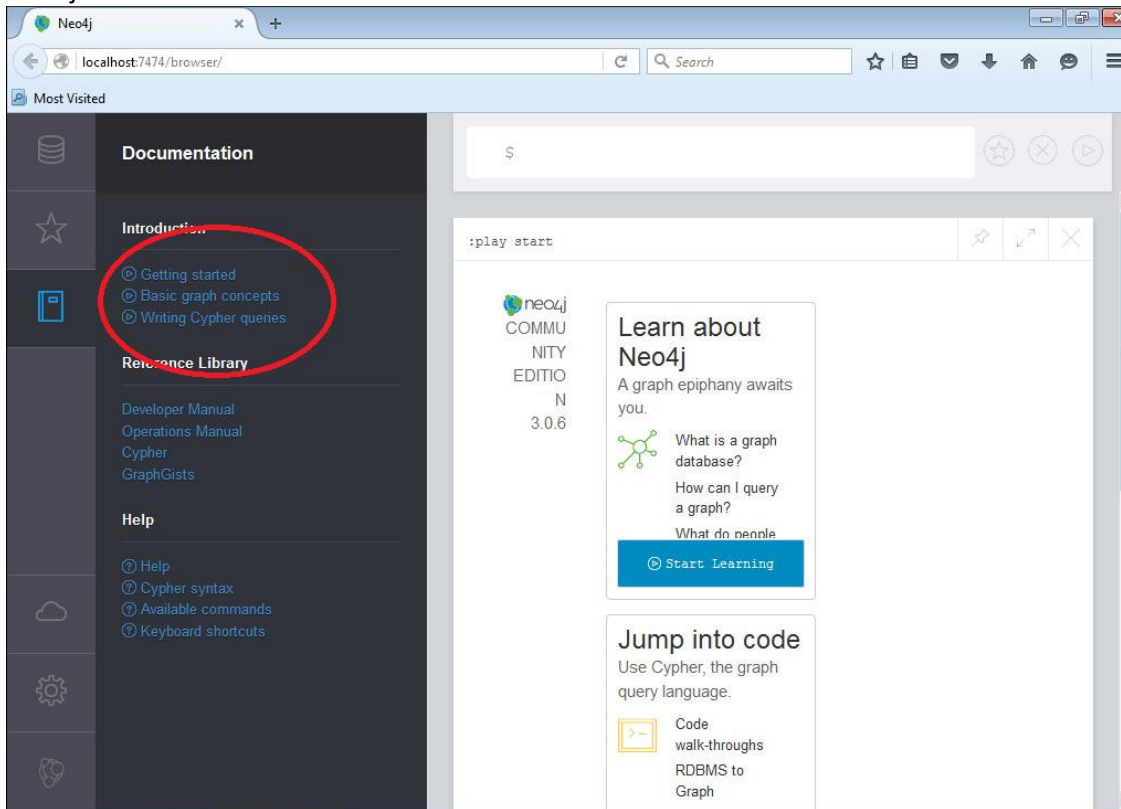
Set Password

You have to set a password before you can connect.

New Password:

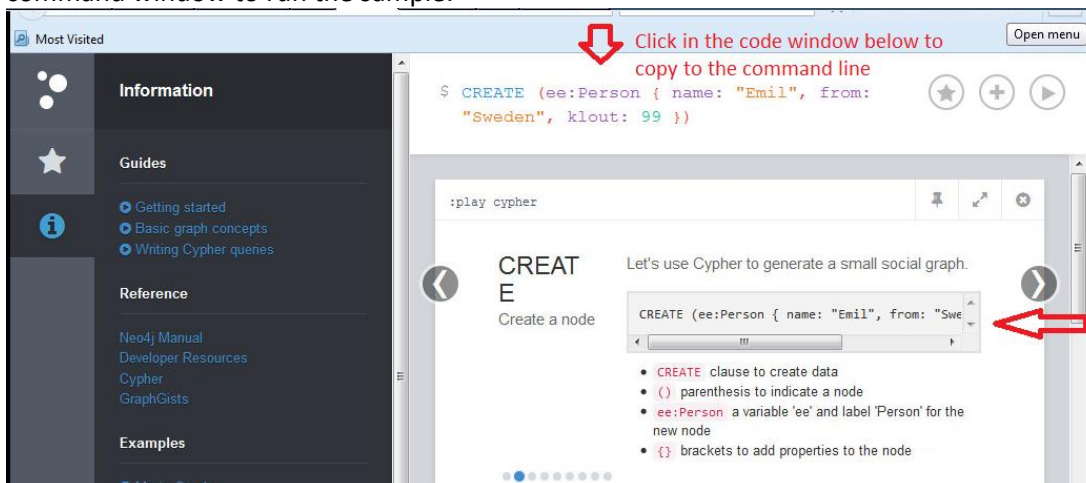
New Password Again:

If you click the Documentation “book” icon on the left sidebar, you will have access to 3 great slideshow guides for Neo4j:

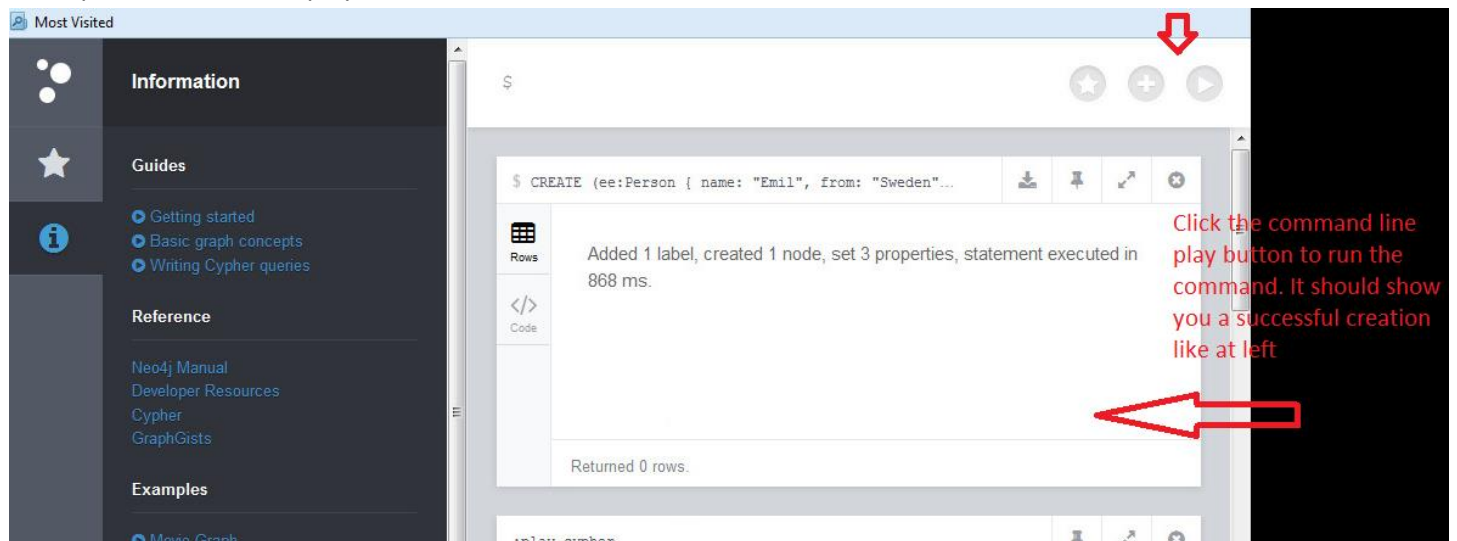


These guides contain everything you need to get you started, so take the time to work through them (they are not very long).

When you get to the Cypher code guide, you can click in any of the code windows to copy the guide code into your command window to run the sample:

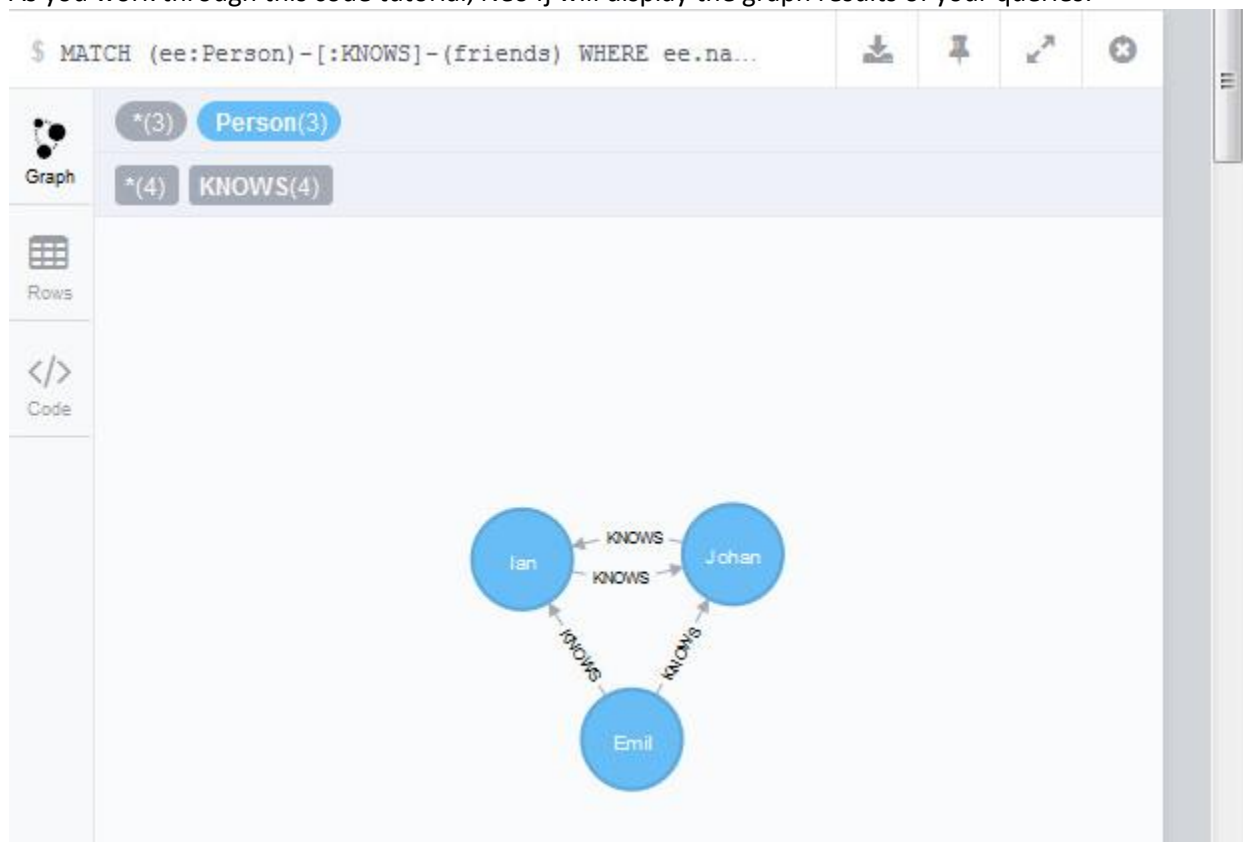


You then press the play button on the command line to execute the code. Neo4j will open a window within your workspace frame and display the results:



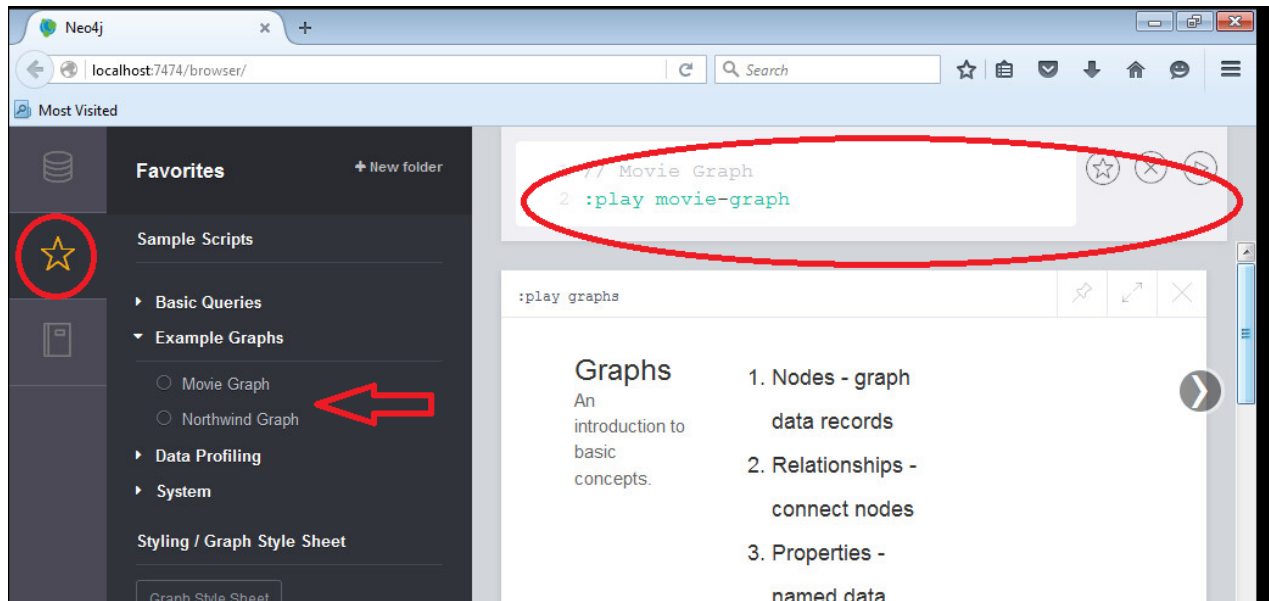
The screenshot shows the Neo4j workspace interface. On the left is a sidebar with 'Information', 'Guides', 'Reference', and 'Examples' sections. The main area displays a Cypher query: `$ CREATE (ee:Person { name: "Emil", from: "Sweden"...`. Below the query, a message states: 'Added 1 label, created 1 node, set 3 properties, statement executed in 868 ms.' and 'Returned 0 rows.' A red arrow points to the play button (a right-pointing triangle) in the top right of the command line area. Another red arrow points to the execution results area. A red text box on the right says: 'Click the command line play button to run the command. It should show you a successful creation like at left'.

As you work through this code tutorial, Neo4j will display the graph results of your queries:



In addition to the intro guides, Neo4j comes packaged with two nice sample graphs, Movie and Northwinds, and a selection of query templates.

In the “Sample Scripts”, select the Example Graphs and work through the Movie Graph Example found here:



Work on your own to submit

Be sure to do a 'git pull' to sync your repo. Your submission to GitHub will include a file named lab5a/lab5a.cypher to do the following:

1. Create a new graph that represents a family (it can be a fictitious family).
2. The graph must include at least 8 members (person) of a family with properties of name and born (the year they were born).
3. The graph must include at least 3 different relationships (Ex: child, parent, spouse, etc). For the spouse relationship, add a property named married which is the year they married. For the child relationship, add a property named type which should be son or daughter. For the parent relationship, add a property named type which should be mother or father.
4. Each of the family members should have at least one relationship. Feel free to add as many as you'd like.

NOTE: Put a semicolon ; at the end of your lab5a.cypher file. Otherwise the output on the continuous integration server will not display.