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PDF

The Portable Document Format (PDF) is a file format developed by Adobe in the 1990s to present documents, including text formatting and images, in a manner independent of application software, hardware, and operating systems. [2][3] Based on the PostScript language, each PDF file encapsulates a complete description of a fixed-layout flat document, including the text, fonts, vector graphics, raster images and other information needed to display it. PDF was standardized as ISO 32000 in 2008, and no longer requires any royalties for its implementation.[4]

PDF files may contain a variety of content besides flat text and graphics including logical structuring elements, interactive elements such as annotations and form-fields, layers, rich media (including video content) and three dimensional objects using U3D or PRC, and various other data formats. The PDF specification also provides for encryption and digital signatures, file attachments and metadata to enable workflows requiring these features.

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Portable Document Format





Filename

extension

Internet media type application/pdf,[1]

application/x-pdf

application/xbzpdf

application/x-

gzpdf

'PDF '[1] (including Type code

a single space)

com.adobe.pdf

Uniform Type

Identifier (UTI)

Magic number

Developed by

Adobe Inc. (1993-

%PDF

2008)

2.0

ISO (2008-)

Initial release

15 June 1993

Latest release

Extended to

PDF/A, PDF/E,

PDF/UA, PDF/VT,

PDF/X

Standard

ISO 32000-2

Open format?

Yes

Website

www.iso.org /standard/63534 .html (https://www. iso.org/standard/6

3534.html)