

How: Create an Object Dependent Variable & showa the charts Output: It shows line graph of Years... Split Dataset Into train & test: What: training and testing of dataset Why: to creating the model. STEP:5 **How**: Define the test size using train test split() Method. **Model Implementation:** What : Performing Linear Regression Why: to Predict the actual & predicted prices. **How**: Create X_test object and plot the graph. STEP: 6 **Model Implementation:** What: Performing R square and rmse (Root Mean Square Error) Why: to Cheking the goodness of fitted model. How: By using sgrt(mean squared error() Method. Output: Showing Regression Flot Value. **Checking Stationary:** What: Calculation & Conclude the dependent Structure, Why: to Finding Mean, Varience AND Cheking the goodness of model. STEP: 7 How: By using Following Methods. 1] ADF_statistics()=Augmented Dickey-Fuller test 2] p_value()=below threshold for suggests we reject the null hypothesis (p>0.05 => fail to reject null hypo) 3] Critical_Value(): Checking upper and lower bounds confidence. Taking the Log Transform:

What: Performing 1st Order Diffrencing log transform. Why: STEP:8 1] To checking the Confidence Level and convert it into Stationary. 2] To Remove trends & diffrencing order. How: By Using dropna() Droping Some Rows & Checking Stationary. Output: An p Value is become Changed (0.984 to 0.00) after taking the log transform. **Model Implementation:** What : Performing Again Linear Regression Why: to Predict the actual & predicted prices. **How:** Create X_test object and plot the graph. STEP:9 **Model Implementation:** What: Performing R square and rmse (Root Mean Square Error) Why: to Cheking the goodness of fitted model. How: By using sqrt(mean squared error() Method. Output: Here the chart Shows the Negative Prediction i.e Fails the Whole Model . R squared value=(-0.5) Solution: Performing 2nd Order Diffrencing. Model Implementation (2nd Order) What: Performing 2nd Order Diffrencing. **STEP: 10** Why: To checking stationary. How: By using diff() Method twice. Output: It will make again filtering the train model so,we will get p_value hypothesis. (p_value=0.00) **Model Implementation:** What: Performing 2nd Order Diffrencing.

1St Order Diffrencing

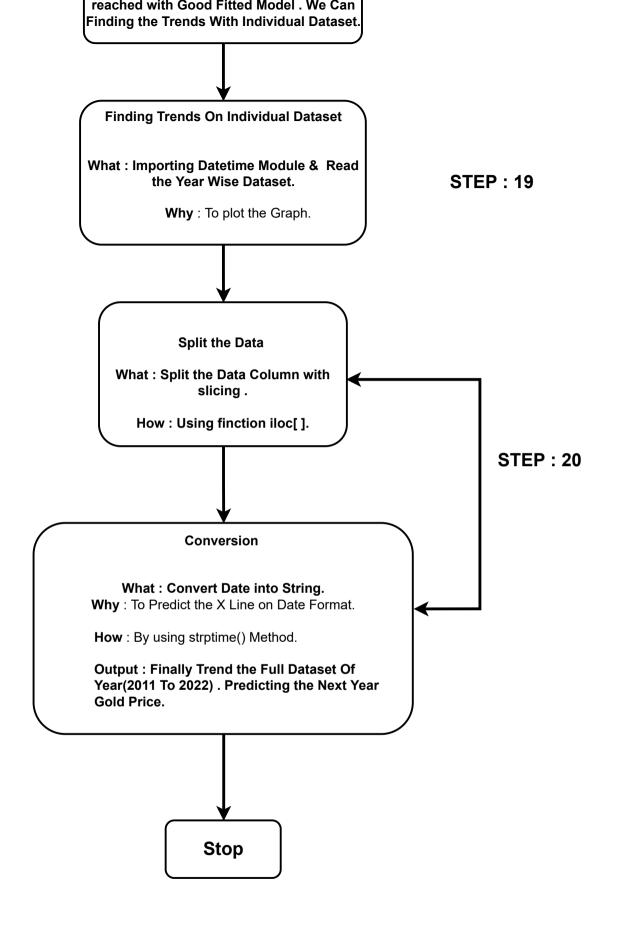
How: By using diff() Method twice. **STEP: 11** Output: It will make again filtering the train model so,we will get p_value hypothesis. (p value=0.00) **Model Implementation: Performing Again Linear Regression for 2nd** Order What: Finding Moving Average > > Finfing Dependent Variable(Y) >> Split train & test >> sret size (t:0.2) >> linear Regression >> Predict Price with actual **STEP: 12** and predicted value through plotting >> Calculate R square and rmse to check goodness of fitted model. Why: to Predict the actual & predicted prices. Output: 1] Showing Next 4 Year vPrediction i.e Prev = from 2015-2020. Next = 2021,2022,2023,2024. 2] Display the R square Regression: 30(Positive) **Model Implementation** What: ARMA & ARIMA Model on Non-Stationary data. Why: After 2nd Oder Diffrencing the result make sense, but still unacceptable inaccuracy is there. **STEP: 13** How: Plotting ACF And PACF Graph. By Using series we treat the dataset and finding Autocorrelation & Partial Autocorrelation. Graph Showa some Unacceptable Events so, we will Going to Implement subprocess of ARIMA Model **STEP: 14** i.e SARIMAX Model Model Implementation : SARIMAX Model

What: SARIMAX (Seasonal Auto-Regressive

Why: To checking stationary.

STEP: 15 Integrated Moving Average Xogenous Factors). Why: Graph Showa some Unacceptable Events. How: Plotting and finding Autocorrelation & Partial Autocorrelation Factors. Importing the Libraries & Pakages **STEP: 16** What: statsmodels.api, statamodel.tsa.SARIMAX Why: To used the properties of SARIMAX Model **Model Implementation: Setting Orders** What: Define the Dataset. Why: To displaySARIMAX Model result. By Using summary() method. **STEP: 17** How: Defing the Datset ny shifting and rolling the window. **Output: COVARIANCE TABLE** 1] Variable are following: Model Name, Date, Time, Sample. 2] Observations: Log, AIC, BIC, HQIC Model Implementation : RMSE Model What: RMSE (ROOT MEAN SQUARE ERROR). **STEP: 18** Why: 1] Thus, Covariance gets to much complicated as it predicts the valus in float format. 2] For calculating the Perfect Sarimax Summary. **How**: We can calculate the R2 Score by using the matrics Output: SCORE: 0.7379 RMSE: 1701.1

Thus, Result is Satisfied so we will finally



MODEL 1
IMPLEMENTATION