







Example output

Аллаһ Үзе

Kyrgyz (kir)

κapa<v><tv><gna_perf>

κθρ<ν><tv><ifi><p3><sg>

Determiner

Noun

<adj> Adjective

<adv> Adverb

Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан

God own-his created



Kazakh (kaz)

қара<v><tv><gna_perf>

Third person

<ref> Reflexive

<pers> Personal

e<cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc>

Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының бәріне

яраткан

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output of the contraction of the

<gen> Genitive

<dat> Dative

<cm> Comma

<qnt> Quantifier

acc> Accusative

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өтө жакшы экенин көрдү.

өте жақсы екенін көрді.

бек яхшы экенин гёрген.

Kumyk (kum)

Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан затлагъа къарап, олар бек яхшы экенин гёрген.

Oьзrn><ref><px3sp><nom>
spat<v><tv><gpr_past>
sat<n><pl><dat>
къара<v><tv><gna_perf>

олаpconapconapconapconapconapconap

э<cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc> гёр<v><tv><past><p3><sg>

Verbal adverb

<gpr past> Verbal adjective

аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде.

DESIGNING FINITE-STATE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS

FOR KYPCHAK LANGUAGES

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letters values

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examples





Kypchak languages • Turkic languages (SOV, agglutinative, vowel harmony) Kumyk classification Eastern population of speakers China, etc. China, Mongolia Bashqortostan external influences

Morphological transducers

- Morphological transducers Efficient (in speed & size) models of a language's morphology
- Take a surface form, and produce valid lexical form(s)
- Take a lexical form, and produce valid surface form(s) алдым \leftrightarrow an<v><tv><ifi><p1><sg>, anд<n><px1sg><nom Transducers for Turkic languages
- Turkish (Çöltekin, 2010 & 2014; Oflazer, 1994)
- Crimean Tatar (Altıntaş, 2001)
- Turkmen (Tantuğ et al., 2006)
- Kazakh (Бекманова & Махимов, 2013)
- our Kyrgyz, Kazakh, Tatar, Kumyk: all GPL (=free and open). Framework: HFST.....
- Reimplements Xerox FST formalisms (lexc & twol)
- Also provides a wrapper around popular free/open-source FST toolkits: SFST, OpenFST, and Foma
- morphotactics implemented in lexc
- morphophonology implemented in twol
- compiled separately; compose-intersected to single transducer алдым \leftrightarrow aл>{D}{I}>м \leftrightarrow aл<v><tv><ifi><p1><sg> алдым \leftrightarrow алд $>{I}м <math>\leftrightarrow$ алд<n><px1sg><nom>

Further information

- Part of **Apertium Turkic** project:
- http://wiki.apertium.org/wiki/Apertium Turkic
- Transducers available **live** at turkic.apertium.org
- **Source code** available from Apertium's svn repo
- Turkic RBMT **mailing list** (>25 subscribers): apertium-turkic@lists.sourceforge.net Feel free to post in any language!
- See our papers in LREC proceedings
- (2012: Kyrgyz, 2014: Kazakh, Tatar, Kumyk) And feel free to contact the authors any time!

Morphophonology

нәрсәләргә

'God looked at everything he had created and saw that it was very good.' (Bible, Genesis 1:31)

затлагъа

- Desonorisation (kaz & kir)...... • {N} desonorises to д after a consonant
- алма- $\{N\}\{I\}$ \rightarrow алманы 'apple-ACC'
- сыр- $\{N\}\{I\}$ → сырды 'secret—ACC' $\{L\}$ desonorises to д after cons. of sonority $\leq l$
- сыр- $\{L\}\{A\}$ р → сырлар 'secret-PL' кыз- $\{L\}\{A\}p \rightarrow$ кыздар 'girl–PL'
- "L Desonorisation" %{L%}:д <=> :VoicedLowSonCns %>: __ ;
- "N Desonorisation"
- %{N%}:д <=> :VoicedCns %>: __ ; Epenthesis
- Turn {y} into a harmonised high vowel when a vowel doesn't follow the following consonant: $Myp{y}H \rightarrow Mypyh 'nose'$
- $мур{y}H+{I}M \rightarrow мурдум 'my nose'$
- %{y%}:Vy <=> [:LastVowel :Cns* :Cns]/[:0] __ [:Cns [.#. | :Cns]]/[:0 | %>:] ; where Vy in (иүииүыыууыуу) LastVowel in (иүеэөяаёоыюу) matched ;

Other uses

- HFST transducers are trivially converted to **spell checkers**
- Segmenter, e.g. көргөзгөндөрдөнсүңбү:
- $\kappa \in P^{G}_{A} = G^{A}_{A} + G^{A}_{A} +$

Morphotactics

[everything/thing-s]-to looked.at, they/their very good being saw.

Аллаһ Үзе яраткан нәрсәләргә ка аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде.

аларprn><pers><p3><pl><gen>

кара<v><tv><gna_perf>

...... Morphological & orthographical words......

(Eyewitness/Recent)

(Singular/Plural)

<px3sp> 3rd person poss. <ger past> Verbal noun

 өнүктүрөбүзбү? 'will we develop [it]?' өнүк<v><tv><caus><aor><pl><pl>+бы<qst>

<past> Past (General)

- келатсаң 'if you come'
- кел<v><iv><prc impf>+жат<vaux><gna cnd><p2><sg>
- ... Irregular [noun + possessive + case] forms
- Some combinations of possessive + case morphemes are unpredicted (i.e., not formed simply by concatenation and application of phonology):

case	form	1SG	2SG	3SP
nominative	_	-(I)M	-(І)ң	-(c)I
accusative	-NI	-(І)мдІ	-(I)ңдI	-(с)Ін
genitive	-NIH	-(І)мдІн	-(І)ңдІн	-(с)ІнІн
locative	-DA	-(Ï)мдA	-(I)ндA	-(с)ІндА
ablative	-DAн	-(I)мдAн,	-(Ï)ндAн,	-(с)ІнАн
		-(I)MAH	-(I) ңА н	` '
dative	-GA	-(I)mA	-(I)́ңА	-(с)ІнА

- A,I,N,D,G have various allophones; (I) null after vowels; (c) null after cons.
- underlying <px3sp> form used: {s}{I}{n} • {s} and {n} default to c and н; rules map to null by context
- morphophonology more complicated, morphotactics simpler
- Noun-noun compounds
- a N-N compund type: N2 has <px3> and related morphology e.g., аба ырайы<n><loc>: аба ырайында, *аба ырайыда

LEXICON N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND %<n%>:%>%{S%}%{I%}%{n%} GEN-POS ; LEXICON Nouns аба% ырайы:аба% ырай N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND ! "weather"

чакыруу% кагазы:чакыруу% кагаз N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND

; ! "invitation"

..... Ambiguous characters Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words

kaz	и, у, ю	/wej, we, jev/ /wej, we, je/	қиюда 'chopping down' киюд <mark>е</mark> 'getting dressed'
tat	e	э / С _ /j/+ы /j/+э	дәресләр 'lessons' еллар 'years' егетләр 'boys'
kum	ë, ю	/ø, y/ / C _ /jø, jy/ /jo, ju/	гюнлер 'days' гёзлер 'eyes' юреклер 'hearts' ёнкюлер 'darlings' юлдузлар 'stars' ёллар 'roads'

- solution: hairy twol rules cover majority of examples unaccounted-for words get a harmony-forcing character
- adjust rules for harmony-forcing characters
- Letters that represent front vowels in native words may represent "back" vowels in Russian words

JCIIC	buck vowers in Russian words		
	native word example	Russian word example	
kaz tat kum	елдің 'country's' галимнәр 'scientists' сёзлер 'words'	Назарбаевтың 'Nazarbayev артистлар 'artists' самолётлар 'airplanes'	

- solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules) LEXICON N1-RUS
- :%{*>*%} N1 ; LEXICON Nouns артист:apтист N1-RUS ; ! "artist"

галим:галим N1 ; ! "scientist"

- Acronyms and numerals twol rules handle phonology for spelt-out words отыздан 'from thirty', бестен 'from five'
- no phonological triggers available in numerals (incorrect phonological triggers in acronyms) 30-дан 'from 30', 5-тен 'from 5'
- solution: phonology-triggering characters
- simplified: e.g., {c} for all voiceless ostruents

4:4%{∋%}%{c%} NUM	-DIGIT ; !	"те	рт"
5:5%{3%}%{c%} NUM	-DIGIT ; !	"ნe	ec"
3%0:3%0%{a%}%{3%}	NUM-DIGIT	; !	"отыз"

- [a o y] become [я ё ю] after й and й deletes
- й incorporated into the context of many rules
- additional rules to change the characters and delete original i

..... + vowel letters.....

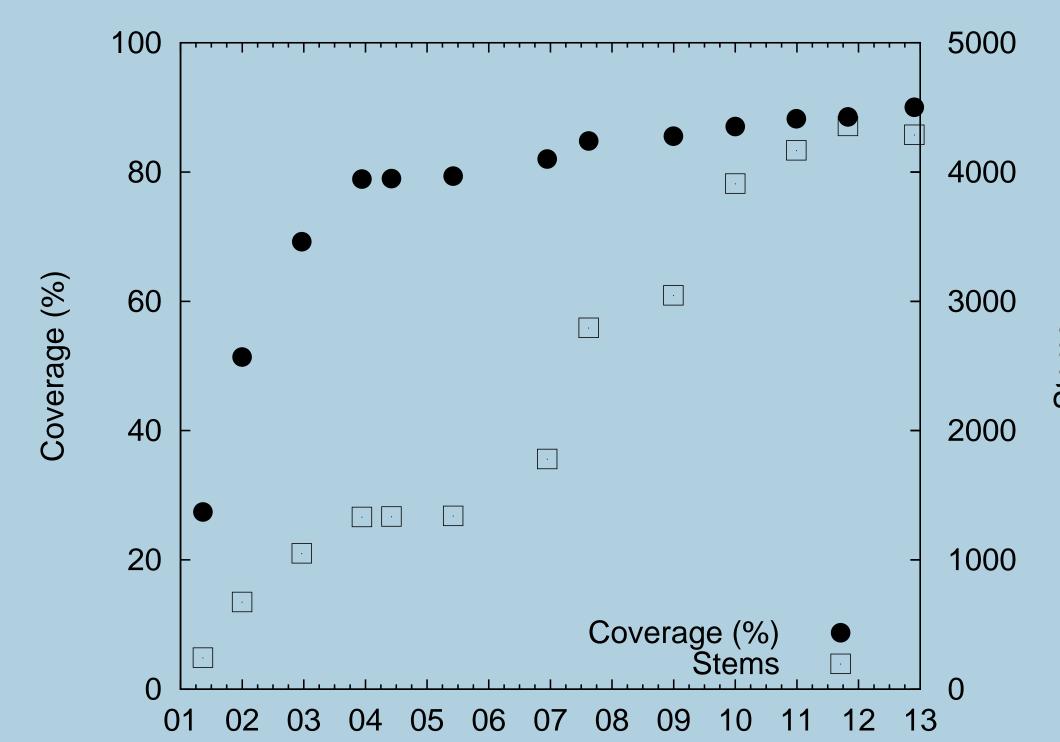
"Deletion of й before yoticised vowels" й:0 <=> __ [:YotVow]/[:0 | %>:] ;A resulting messy twol rule....

	RdYotVow = ë ю Ë Ю ; AbstractVow = %{a%} %{э%} %{γ%} %{o%} ;
	"A front unrounded harmony" %{A%}:e <=>
l	[:RdYotVow :Cns* %{¾%}:0 :Cns*]/[:0 - %{¾%}:0] _ ; [:Cns :p %{¾%}: %>: :Cns*]/:0 _ ; [[:Vow - :RdYotVow] :RdYotVow :Cns :Cns*]/:0 _ ; [:Vow]/[[:0 - й:0] %>:] _ ;

Development effort

	Kyrgyz	Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk	
begun 80% cov.	Apr. 2011 Aug.? 2011	Dec. 2010 Aug. 2012	Dec. 2011 Aug. 2012	Oct. 2013 Oct. 2013	
time	4 months	19 months	7 months	1 week	
• (various periods of intermission, various rewrites)					
 Kazakh transducer based on Kyrgyz transducer 					
· I/rmaria tu	oneducor curr	ontly boing w	or witten been	d on incidhta	

- Kyrgyz transducer currently being rewritten based on insights gained while writing other Turkic transducers
- Kumyk transducer based on Kazakh, Tatar transducers:
- ~1 week to reach 80% coverage, +1 week to reach 90%



Categorisation

- morphologically distinct adjective classes
- most sources claim: adjectives can be used substantively and adverbially
- Other Turkic transducers: 0-derivation (overgenerates)
- but not all adjectives have all of the following: comparative forms, substantive readings, adverbial readings
- Our approach: categorisation • if properly categorised, only correct forms are analysed and

A1 'good' яхшы (яхшырак) яхшы (яхшырак) яхшы (яхшырак) A2 'old' иске (искерэк) — (—) A3 'dead' үле (—) — (—) A4 'basic' төп (—) — (—)	Type	Gloss	<adj>(<comp>)</comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<subst></subst></comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<advl></advl></comp></adj>
	A2 A3	ʻold' ʻdead'	иске (искерэк) үле (—)	иске (искерэк)	яхшы (яхшырак) — (—) — (—) — (—)

- Certain adverbs have special attributive and ablative forms
- Mostly time adverbs Some also have noun readings: regular ablative, other cases:

generated

быйыл кечээ жана 'this year' 'yesterday' 'just now'

 <attr> form
 бүгүнкү
 быйылкы
 кечээги
 жанагы

 <adv><abl> form
 бүгүнтөн
 быйылтан
 кечээтен
 жанатан

 <n><abl> form
 бүгүндөн
 быйылдан
 —

— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
LEXICON ADV-WITH-KI-ABL
ADV; ADV-KI;
ADV KI,

Evaluation

Number of stems					
Part of speech	Number of stems				
- are or special	Kyrgyz	Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk	
Noun	4582	2640	2795	2568	
Verb	1193	1470	1143	386	
Adjective	1211	754	816	219	
Proper noun	5887	5701	5361	1443	
Adverb	312	171	177	63	
Numeral	66	63	63	44	
Conjunction	77	46	45	13	
Postposition	50	50	43	12	
Pronoun	51	32	28	17	
Determiner	64	39	34	9	
Total:	13749	11224	10737	4845	

Test corpora					
	Wikipedia	News	Religion		
Kyrgyz Kazakh Tatar Kumyk	Wikipedia Wikipedia Wikipedia —	azattyk.org azattyq.org tat.tatar-inform.ru yoldash.etnosmi.ru	Bible Quran + Bible Quran + New Testament Genesis + New Testament		

..... Evaluation measures

- Naïve coverage percentage of surface forms in a given corpus receiving ≥ 1 analysis • Mean ambiguity - average number of analyses for each sur-
- face form found in analysed corpus • **Precision** - probability that a provided analysis is valid
- **Recall** probability that a certain valid analysis is among those provided by the transducer

..... Evaluation results

		Corpus	Tokens	Coverage (%)	Amb.
	Kyrgyz	Wikipedia News Religion	5.3M 4.1M 215K	84.51 ± 2.27 91.43 ± 0.51 91.66 ± 1.81	3.56 4.19 3.99
	(r54474)	Average		89.20 ± 3.48	3.91
•	Kazakh	Wikipedia News Religion	25.6M 3.8M 851K	85.61 ± 1.37 92.12 ± 2.72 92.49 ± 1.66	2.43 2.88 2.63
	(r50547)	Average		90.07 ± 1.91	2.64
•	Tatar	Wikipedia News Religion	159K 5.2M 382K	86.35 ± 2.17 89.75 ± 0.07 91.25 ± 2.55	2.24 2.30 2.24
	(r50260)	Average		89.12 ± 1.60	2.26
	Kumyk	News Religion	286K 227K	91.10 ± 0.86 92.47 ± 1.03	1.53 1.53
	(r50300)	Average		91.78 ± 0.94	1.53

selected & proofed unique random surface forms from news corpora Language Forms Dresision (%) Decall (%)

	Language	Forms	Precision (%)	Recall (%
	Kyrgyz	200	90.77	69.2
	Kazakh	1000	98.61	57.9
	Tatar	1000	95.03	85.6
	Kumyk	500	96.57	69.2
- 1				

Ongoing and future work

- Disambiguation, more stems, clean up transducers
- Machine translation between these languages
- Bring other Kypchak transducers to comparable performance: Qaraqalpaq, Bashqort, Nogay, Crimean Tatar
- Other Turkic lgs: Uzbek, Uyghur, Chuvash, Yakut, Tuvan, etc.