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өтө жакшы экенин көрдү.

өте жақсы екенін көрді.

Kumyk (kum)

къapa<v><tv><gna\_perf>

олаpconapconapconapconapconapconap

Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан затлагъа къарап, олар бек яхшы экенин гёрген.

<gna perf> Verbal adverb

<gpr past> Verbal adjective

DESIGNING FINITE-STATE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS

FOR KYPCHAK LANGUAGES

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# Kypchak languages • Turkic languages (SOV, agglutinative, vowel harmony) Kumyk classification Eastern population of speakers 430K China, etc. China, Mongolia Bashqortostan external influences

# Morphological transducers

- . . . . . . . . . . . . Morphological transducers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Efficient (in speed & size) models of a language's morphology
- Take a surface form, and produce valid lexical form(s)
- Take a lexical form, and produce valid surface form(s) алдым ↔ aл<v><tv><ifi><p1><sg>, aлд<n><px1sg><nom ..... Transducers for Turkic languages .....
- Turkish (Çöltekin, 2010 & 2014; Oflazer, 1994)
- Crimean Tatar (Altıntaş, 2001)
- Turkmen (Tantuğ et al., 2006)
- Kazakh (Бекманова & Махимов, 2013)
- our Kyrgyz, Kazakh, Tatar, Kumyk: all GPL (=free and open). ...... Framework: HFST.....
- Reimplements Xerox FST formalisms (lexc & twol)
- Also provides a wrapper around popular free/open-source FST toolkits: SFST, OpenFST, and Foma
- morphotactics implemented in lexc
- morphophonology implemented in twol
- compiled separately; compose-intersected to single transducer алдым  $\leftrightarrow$  ал>{D}{I}>м  $\leftrightarrow$  ал<v><tv><ifi><p1><sg>

алдым  $\leftrightarrow$  алд $>{I}м <math>\leftrightarrow$  алд<n><px1sg><nom>

## Further information

- Part of **Apertium Turkic** project:
- http://wiki.apertium.org/wiki/Apertium Turkic
- Transducers available **live** at turkic.apertium.org
- **Source code** available from Apertium's svn repo
- Turkic RBMT **mailing list** (>25 subscribers): apertium-turkic@lists.sourceforge.net Feel free to post in any language!
- See our papers in LREC proceedings
- (2012: Kyrgyz, 2014: Kazakh, Tatar, Kumyk) And feel free to contact the authors any time!

### Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының бәріне Аллаһ Үзе

Example output

- яраткан Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан God own-his created
- нәрсәләргә затлагъа

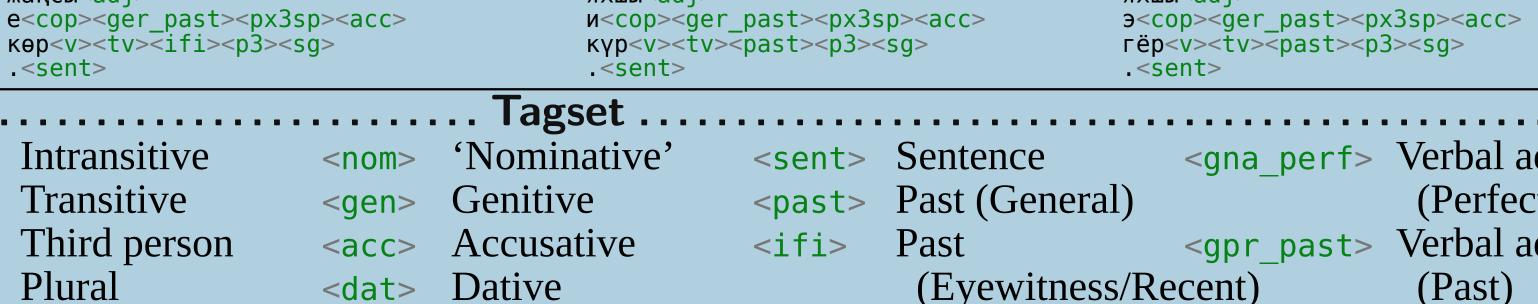
- аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде. бек яхшы экенин гёрген. [everything/thing-s]-to looked.at, they/their very good being saw.
- 'God looked at everything he had created and saw that it was very good.' (Bible, Genesis 1:31) output output of the contraction of the contraction

| rgyz (kir)   | Kazakh (kaz)   |
|--|--|
| ай Өзү жаратканынын баарына<br>рап, өтө жакшы экенин көрдү.  | Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының бәріне<br>қарап, өте жақсы екенін көрді.  |
| qай <n><nom> <pre>qaй<n><nom> <pre>prn&gt;<ref><pre>&gt;<pre>at<v><tv><ger_past><px3sp><gen> <pre>pы<pre>prn&gt;<qnt><px3sp><dat> a<v><tv><qna<pre>perf&gt;</qna<pre></tv></v></dat></px3sp></qnt></pre></pre></gen></px3sp></ger_past></tv></v></pre></pre></ref></pre></nom></n></pre></nom></n> | Құдай <n><nom> 03<prn><ref><px3sp><gen> жарат<v><tv><ger_past><pl><px3sp><gen> бәрі<prn><qnt><px3sp><dat> кара<v><tv><qna perf=""></qna></tv></v></dat></px3sp></qnt></prn></gen></px3sp></pl></ger_past></tv></v></gen></px3sp></ref></prn></nom></n> |

| баары <pre>prn&gt;<qnt><px3sp><dat><br/>кара<v><tv><gna_perf><br/>,<cm></cm></gna_perf></tv></v></dat></px3sp></qnt></pre> | бəрi <pre>fəpi<pre>cpn&gt;<qnt><px3sp><dat></dat></px3sp></qnt></pre></pre> |
|--|---|
|  |   |
| eτe <adv></adv>  | θτe <adv></adv>   |
| какшы <adj></adj>  | жақсы <adj></adj>   |
| e <cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc></acc></px3sp></ger_past></cop>   | e <cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc></acc></px3sp></ger_past></cop>                |
| <өр <v><tv><ifi><p3><sg></sg></p3></ifi></tv></v>  | көр <v><tv><ifi><p3><sg></sg></p3></ifi></tv></v>                           |
| <pre><cent></cent></pre>   | <pre>/cant&gt;</pre>  |

<ref> Reflexive

<pers> Personal



<qnt> Quantifier

<cm> Comma

# Morphophonology

Determiner

Noun

<adj> Adjective

<adv> Adverb

- ..... Desonorisation (kaz & kir)......
- {N} desonorises to д after a consonant алма- $\{N\}\{I\}$   $\rightarrow$  алманы 'apple-ACC'
- сыр- $\{N\}\{I\}$  → сырды 'secret—ACC'  $\{L\}$  desonorises to д after cons. of sonority  $\leq l$
- сыр- $\{L\}\{A\}$ р → сырлар 'secret-PL' кыз- $\{L\}\{A\}p \rightarrow$  кыздар 'girl–PL'
- "L Desonorisation" %{L%}:д <=> :VoicedLowSonCns %>: \_\_ ;
- "N Desonorisation" %{N%}:д <=> :VoicedCns %>: \_\_ ;
- ..... Epenthesis ...... Turn {y} into a harmonised high vowel when a vowel doesn't
- follow the following consonant:
- $myp{y}H \rightarrow mypyh 'nose'$  $myp{y}H+{I}M \rightarrow mypдym 'my nose'$
- %{y%}:Vy <=> [ :LastVowel :Cns\* :Cns ]/[:0] \_\_ [ :Cns [ .#. | :Cns ] ]/[ :0 | %>:]; where Vy in (иүииүыыууыуу) LastVowel in (иүеэөяаёоыюу) matched ;

### Other uses

- HFST transducers are trivially converted to **spell checkers**
- Segmenter, e.g. көргөзгөндөрдөнсүңбү:
- $\kappa \in P^{G}_{A}3>\{G_{A}+A_{B}+\{L_{A},p>\{D_{A}+A_{B},\{I_{A},a_{B},a$

# Morphotactics

кара<v><tv><gna\_perf>

ларprn><pers><p3><pl><gen>

...... Morphological & orthographical words......

(Singular/Plural)

<px3sp> 3rd person poss. <ger past> Verbal noun

- өнүктүрөбүзбү? 'will we develop [it]?' өнүк<v><tv><caus><aor><pl><pl>+бы<qst>
- келатсаң 'if you come'
- кел<v><iv><prc impf>+жат<vaux><gna cnd><p2><sg>
- .... Irregular [noun + possessive + case] forms .... Some combinations of possessive + case morphemes are un-
- predicted (i.e., not formed simply by concatenation and application of phonology):

| case       | form | 1SG              | 2SG       | 3SP             |
|------------|------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| nominative | _    | -(I)M            | -(І)ң     | -(c)I           |
| accusative | -NI  | -(І)мдІ          | -(I)ңдI   | -(c) <b>I</b> H |
| genitive   | -NIH | -(І)мдІн         | -(І)ңдІн  | -(с)ІнІн        |
| locative   | -DA  | -(Ï)мдA          | -(Ĭ)ңдA   | -(с)ІндА        |
| ablative   | -DАн | -(I)мдAн,        | -(I)ндAн, | -(c)InAn        |
|            |      | -( <b>I</b> )MAH | -(І)ңАн   |                 |
| dative     | -GA  | -(I)mA           | -(I)ңA    | -(с)ІнА         |
| INDO       | . 11 | 1 /T\ 11         | C. 1 /    | ) 11 C.         |

- A,I,N,D,G have various allophones; (I) null after vowels; (c) null after cons.
- underlying <px3sp> form used: {s}{I}{n} • {s} and {n} default to c and н; rules map to null by context
- morphophonology more complicated, morphotactics simpler ..... Noun-noun compounds ......
- a N-N compund type: N2 has <px3> and related morphology e.g., аба ырайы<n><loc>: аба ырайында, \*аба ырайыда

# LEXICON N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND %<n%>:%>%{S%}%{I%}%{n%} GEN-POS ; LEXICON Nouns

- аба% ырайы:аба% ырай N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND ! "weather"
- чакыруу% кагазы:чакыруу% кагаз N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND ; ! "invitation"

..... Ambiguous characters ...... Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words lettere values examples

|                    | letters | values                               | examples   |
|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| <b>kaz</b> и, у, ю |         | /wej, we, jev/<br>/wej, we, je/      | қиюд <mark>а</mark> 'chopping down'<br>киюд <mark>е</mark> 'getting dressed'                   |
| tat                | e       | э / С _<br>/j/+ы<br>/j/+э            | дәресләр 'lessons' еллар 'years' егетләр 'boys'  |
| kum                | ë, ю    | /ø, y/ / C _<br>/jø, jy/<br>/jo, ju/ | гюнлер 'days' гёзлер 'eyes' юреклер 'hearts' ёнкюлер 'darlings' юлдузлар 'stars' ёллар 'roads' |

- solution: hairy twol rules cover majority of examples unaccounted-for words get a harmony-forcing character
- adjust rules for harmony-forcing characters
- Letters that represent front vowels in native words may represent "back" vowels in Russian words

|     | native word example  | Russian word example  |
|-----|--|---|
| tat | елдің 'country's'<br>галимнәр 'scientists'<br>сёзлер 'words' | Назарбаевтың 'Nazarbayev'з артистлар 'artists' самолётлар 'airplanes' |
| 14  | •  | 11  |

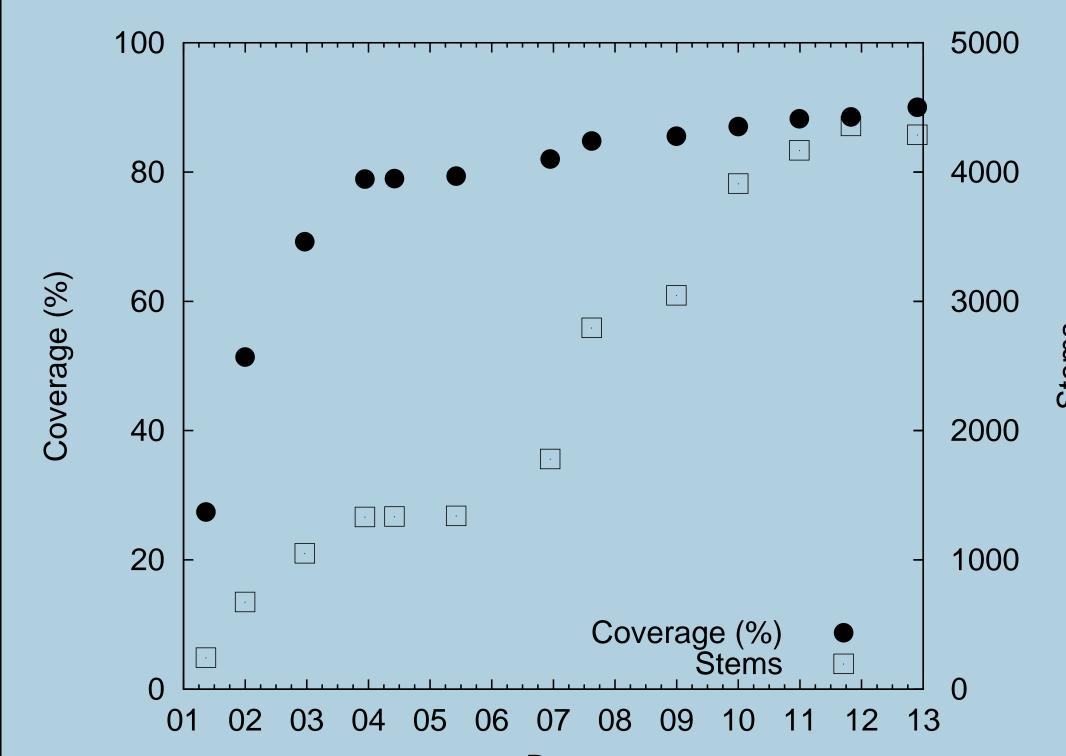
- solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules) LEXICON N1-RUS
- :%{*A*%} N1 ; LEXICON Nouns артист:apтист N1-RUS ; ! "artist" галим:галим N1 ; ! "scientist"
- ..... Acronyms and numerals ..... twol rules handle phonology for spelt-out words отыздан 'from thirty', бестен 'from five'
- no phonological triggers available in numerals (incorrect phonological triggers in acronyms) 30-дан 'from 30', 5-тен 'from 5'
- solution: phonology-triggering characters
- simplified: e.g., {c} for all voiceless ostruents
- 4:4%{9%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "τθρτ" 5:5%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "бес" 3%0:3%0%{a%}%{3%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "отыз" ..... + vowel letters.....
- [ a o y ] become [ я ё ю ] after й and й deletes
- й incorporated into the context of many rules additional rules to change the characters and delete original it
- "Deletion of й before yoticised vowels" й:0 <=> \_\_ [ :YotVow ]/[ :0 | %>: ] ;

| RdYotVow = ë ю Ē Ю ;<br>AbstractVow = %{a%} %{э%} %{γ%} %{o%} ;                    |
|--|
| "A front unrounded harmony"  |
| %{A%}:e <=> [ [:FrontVow   [:Vow:ь]]:Cns:Cns*]/:0 _;<br>[[:RdVow:ь]:Cns:Cns*]/:0 ; |
| [ [ [ \[ .#.   :Vow ] ] :RdYotVow ] :Cns :Cns* ]/:0 _ ;                            |
| [ :RdYotVow й:0 :RdYotVow :Cns :Cns* ]/[ :0 - й:0 ] _ ;                            |
| [[%{9%}:0 %{γ%}:0] :Cns* ]/[[ :0 - AbstractVow: ]   %-: ]* _ ;<br>except           |
| [ :RdYotVow :Cns* %{¾%}:0 :Cns* ]/[ :0 - %{¾%}:0 ] _ ;                             |
| [ :Cns :p %{¾%}: %>: :Cns* ]/:0 _ ;  |
| [ [ :Vow - :RdYotVow ] :RdYotVow :Cns :Cns* ]/:0 _ ;                               |
| [ :Vow ]/[ [ :0 - й:0 ]   %>: ] _ ;  |

# Development effort

|   | Kyrgyz                  | Kazakh                 | Tatar                  | Kumyk                  |  |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| begun<br>80% cov.                                     | Apr. 2011<br>Aug.? 2011 | Dec. 2010<br>Aug. 2012 | Dec. 2011<br>Aug. 2012 | Oct. 2013<br>Oct. 2013 |  |
| time 4 months 19 months 7 months 1 week               |                         |                        |                        |                        |  |
| • (various periods of intermission, various rewrites) |                         |                        |                        |                        |  |

- Kazakh transducer based on Kyrgyz transducer
- Kyrgyz transducer currently being rewritten based on insights gained while writing other Turkic transducers
- Kumyk transducer based on Kazakh, Tatar transducers:
- ~1 week to reach 80% coverage, +1 week to reach 90%



# Categorisation

- morphologically distinct adjective classes
- most sources claim: adjectives can be used substantively and adverbially
- Other Turkic transducers: 0-derivation (overgenerates)
- but not all adjectives have all of the following: comparative forms, substantive readings, adverbial readings
- Our approach: categorisation • if properly categorised, only correct forms are analysed and generated

| Type                 | Gloss                                | <adj>(<comp>)</comp></adj>                             | <adj>(<comp>)<subst></subst></comp></adj>            | <adj>(<comp>)<advl></advl></comp></adj>   |  |  |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| A1<br>A2<br>A3<br>A4 | ʻgood'<br>ʻold'<br>ʻdead'<br>ʻbasic' | яхшы (яхшырак)<br>иске (искерәк)<br>үле (—)<br>төп (—) | яхшы (яхшырак)<br>иске (искерәк)<br>үле (—)<br>— (—) | яхшы (яхшырак)<br>— (—)<br>— (—)<br>— (—) |  |  |
| N dy cyba            |                                      |  |  |   |  |  |

### ·············Adverbs.....

- Certain adverbs have special attributive and ablative forms
- Mostly time adverbs Some also have noun readings: regular ablative, other cases:
- бүгүн быйыл кечээ жана

|  | gloss                       | 'today'  | 'this year' | 'yesterday' | 'just now' |  |
|--|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|------------|--|
|  | <attr> form</attr>          | бүгүнкү  | быйылкы     | кечээги     | жанагы     |  |
|  | <adv><abl> form</abl></adv> | бүгүнтөн | быйылтан    | кечээтен    | жанатан    |  |
|  | <n><abl> form</abl></n>     | бүгүндөн | быйылдан    | <del></del> | _          |  |
|  | LEVICON ADV WITH KI ADI     |          |             |             |            |  |
|  |                             |          |             |             |            |  |

# LEXICON ADV-WITH-KI-ABL

ADV ; ADV-KI; ADV-ABL ;

# Evaluation

| Number of stems |                 |        |       |       |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| Part of speech  | Number of stems |        |       |       |  |
| - art or specen | Kyrgyz          | Kazakh | Tatar | Kumyk |  |
| Noun            | 4582            | 2640   | 2795  | 2568  |  |
| Verb            | 1193            | 1470   | 1143  | 386   |  |
| Adjective       | 1211            | 754    | 816   | 219   |  |
| Proper noun     | 5887            | 5701   | 5361  | 1443  |  |
| Adverb          | 312             | 171    | 177   | 63    |  |
| Numeral         | 66              | 63     | 63    | 44    |  |
| Conjunction     | 77              | 46     | 45    | 13    |  |
| Postposition    | 50              | 50     | 43    | 12    |  |
| Pronoun         | 51              | 32     | 28    | 17    |  |
| Determiner      | 64              | 39     | 34    | 9     |  |
| Total:          | 13749           | 11224  | 10737 | 4845  |  |

| Test corpora                       |  |   |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
|                                    | Wikipedia                                | News  | Religion   |  |
| Kyrgyz<br>Kazakh<br>Tatar<br>Kumyk | Wikipedia<br>Wikipedia<br>Wikipedia<br>— | azattyk.org<br>azattyq.org<br>tat.tatar-inform.ru<br>yoldash.etnosmi.ru | Bible<br>Quran + Bible<br>Quran + New Testament<br>Genesis + New Testament |  |

### ..... Evaluation measures ......

- Naïve coverage percentage of surface forms in a given corpus receiving  $\geq 1$  analysis • Mean ambiguity - average number of analyses for each sur-
- face form found in analysed corpus • **Precision** - probability that a provided analysis is valid
- **Recall** probability that a certain valid analysis is among those provided by the transducer

### ..... Evaluation results .....

|   |          | Corpus                        | Tokens                | Coverage (%)   | Amb.                 |
|---|----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------|
|   | Kyrgyz   | Wikipedia<br>News<br>Religion | 5.3M<br>4.1M<br>215K  | $84.51 \pm 2.27$<br>$91.43 \pm 0.51$<br>$91.66 \pm 1.81$ | 3.56<br>4.19<br>3.99 |
|   | (r54474) | Average                       |                       | $89.20 \pm 3.48$   | 3.91                 |
| - | Kazakh   | Wikipedia<br>News<br>Religion | 25.6M<br>3.8M<br>851K | $85.61 \pm 1.37$<br>$92.12 \pm 2.72$<br>$92.49 \pm 1.66$ | 2.43<br>2.88<br>2.63 |
|   | (r50547) | Average                       |                       | $90.07 \pm 1.91$   | 2.64                 |
|   | Tatar    | Wikipedia<br>News<br>Religion | 159K<br>5.2M<br>382K  | $86.35 \pm 2.17$<br>$89.75 \pm 0.07$<br>$91.25 \pm 2.55$ | 2.24<br>2.30<br>2.24 |
|   | (r50260) | Average                       |                       | $89.12 \pm 1.60$   | 2.26                 |
|   | Kumyk    | News<br>Religion              | 286K<br>227K          | $91.10 \pm 0.86$<br>$92.47 \pm 1.03$                     | 1.53<br>1.53         |
|   | (r50300) | Average                       |                       | $91.78 \pm 0.94$   | 1.53                 |

### selected & proofed unique random surface forms from news corpora Language Forms Precision (%) Recall (%)

| -38    |      | (/)   | (,,   |
|--------|------|-------|-------|
| Kyrgyz | 200  | 90.77 | 69.15 |
| Kazakh | 1000 | 98.61 | 57.98 |
| Tatar  | 1000 | 95.03 | 85.65 |
| Kumyk  | 500  | 96.57 | 69.1  |
|        |      |       |       |

### Ongoing and future work

- Disambiguation, more stems, clean up transducers
- Machine translation between these languages
- Bring other Kypchak transducers to comparable performance: Qaraqalpaq, Bashqort, Nogay, Crimean Tatar
- Other Turkic lgs: Uzbek, Uyghur, Chuvash, Yakut, Tuvan, etc.