

FINITE-STATE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS FOR THREE KYPCHAK LANGUAGES

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Turkic languages (50 v, agglutillative, vower narmony)				
Kazakh		Tatar	Kumyk	
	/qazaq/	/totar/	/qumuq/	
population of speakers				
number	8M-12M	5.4M	430K	
primary	Kazakhstan	Tatarstan	Dagestan	

3ccondary	Cillia, Moligolia	Dasiiqortostaii	•	
external influences				
Mongolic	moderate	light	light	
Oghuz		light	moderate	
Persian	heavy	heavy	heavy	
Russian	heavy	heavy	heavy	

China Mongolia Bashqortostan ?

Morphological transducers

- Take a surface form, and produce valid lexical form(s)
- Take a lexical form, and produce valid surface form(s) 'алдым' ↔ aл<v><tv><ifi><p1><sg>, алд<n><px1sg><nom> Transducers for Turkic languages.....

• Turkish (Çöltekin, 2010; Öflazer, 1994)

- Crimean Tatar (Altıntaş, 2001)
- Turkmen (Tantuğ et al., 2006)
- Kyrgyz (Tyers et al., 2012)
- GPL (=free and open)!

..... Framework: HFST.........

- Reimplementation of Xerox FST formalisms (lexc and twol)
- Also provides a wrapper around popular free/opensource FST toolkits: SFST, OpenFST, and Foma Development effort.....

.... Morphological & orthographical words

- өнүктүрөбүзбү? 'will we develop [it]?' ӨНҮК<v><tv><caus><aor><pl>><pl>+бы<qst>
- келатсаң 'if you come'
- Keл<v><iv><prt impf>+жат<vaux><gna cnd><p2><sg>
- ..Irregular [noun + possessive + case] forms...
- Some combinations of possessive and case morphemes are distinct (i.e., not formed simply by concatenation):

dat	-GA	-(I)MA	-(І)ңА	-(S)IHA
		-(І)мАн	-(І)ңАн	
abl	-DAн	-(І)мдАн,	-(I)ндAн,	-(S) І нАн
loc	-DA	-(І)мдА	-(І)ңдА	-(S) І ндА
gen	-NIH	-(І)мдІн	-(І)ңдІн	- (S)ІнІн
acc	-NI	-(І)мдІ	-(I)ңдI	-(S) I H
nom	_	-(I)M	-(I)ң	-(S)I
case	form	1SG	2SG	3SP

- Trade-off:
- morphophon. complicateder, morphotactics simpler
- underlying form used: {S}{I}{n}
- phonological rules delete {n}, {S} by context

..... Noun-noun compounds.....

one type of N-N compunds: N2 has <px3> and related morphology

LEXICON N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND %<n%>:%>%{S%}%{I%}%{n%} GEN-POS;

LEXICON Nouns

аба% ырайы:аба% ырай N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND ; ! "weather"

чакыруу% кагазы:чакыруу% кагаз N-INFL-3PX-COMPOUND ; ! "invitation" Gloss.

яратгъан затлагъа къарап, Аллагь Оьзю олар бек яхшы экенин гёрген. own-his made thing-s-to look-having, they very good being saw. God 'God looked at everything he had made and saw that it was very good.'

Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk
Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының бәріне қарап, өте жақсы екенін көрді.	Аллаһ Үзе яраткан нәрсәләргә карап, аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде.	Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан затлагъа къарап, олар бек яхшы экенин гёрген.
Құдай <n><nom></nom></n>	Aллah <n><nom> Y3<prn><ref><px3sp><nom> ярат<v><tv><gpr_past> нәрсә<prn><itg><pl><dat> кара<v><tv><gna_perf> ,<cm> алар<prn><pers><p3><pl><gen> бик<adv> яхшы<adj> и<cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc> күр<v><tv><past><p3><sent></sent></p3></past></tv></v></acc></px3sp></ger_past></cop></adj></adv></gen></pl></p3></pers></prn></cm></gna_perf></tv></v></dat></pl></itg></prn></gpr_past></tv></v></nom></px3sp></ref></prn></nom></n>	Аллагь <n><nom> Oьз<prn><ref><px3sp><nom> ярат<v><tv><gpr_past> зат<n><pl><dat> къара<v><tv><gna_perf> ,<cm> олар<prn><pers><p3><ql><nom> бек<adv> яхшы<adj> э<cop><ger_past><px3sp><acc> гёр<v><tv><past><p3><sg> .<sent></sent></sg></p3></past></tv></v></acc></px3sp></ger_past></cop></adj></adv></nom></ql></p3></pers></prn></cm></gna_perf></tv></v></dat></pl></n></gpr_past></tv></v></nom></px3sp></ref></prn></nom></n>

			Tagset		
<n></n>	Noun	<nom></nom>	'Nominative'	<itg></itg>	Interrogative
< V>	Verb	<gen></gen>	Genitive	<pers></pers>	
det>	Determiner	<acc></acc>	Accusative	<ger_past></ger_past>	Verbal noun (Past)
adj>	Adjective	<px3sp></px3sp>	3rd person poss.	<gna_perf></gna_perf>	Verbal adverb (Perfect)
adv>	Adverb		(Singular/Plural)	<pre><gpr_past></gpr_past></pre>	Verbal adjective (Past)
<iv></iv>	Intransitive	<past></past>	Past (General)	<cm></cm>	Comma
<tv></tv>	Transitive	<ifi></ifi>	Past (Eyewitness/Recent)	<sent></sent>	Sentence
<	Third person	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Pronoun		

..... Desonorisation ...

<qnt>

- {N} desonorises to д after a consonant алма- $\{N\}\{I\}$ \rightarrow алманы 'apple-ACC' $cыp-{N}{I} → cырды 'secret-ACC'$
- $\{L\}$ desonorises to π after cons. of sonority $\leq l$ сыр- $\{L\}\{A\}$ р → сырлар 'secret-PL' кыз- $\{L\}\{A\}p \rightarrow$ кыздар 'girl–PL'
 - "L Desonorisation"

Plural

<pl></pl>

%{L%}:д <=> :VoicedLowSonCns %>:

"N Desonorisation"

%{N%}:д <=> :VoicedCns %>: __ ;

Turn {y} into a harmonised high vowel when a vowel doesn't follow the following consonant: $myp{y}H \rightarrow mypyh 'nose'$ $мур{y}H+{I}M \rightarrow мурдум 'my nose'$

%{y%}:Vy <=> [:LastVowel :Cns* :Cns]/[:0] __ [:Cns [.#. | :Cns]]/[:0 | %>:]; where Vy in (иүииүыыууыуу) LastVowel in (иүеэөяаёоыюу) matched;

......й+vowel letters.....

- [a o y] become [яёю] after й and й deletes
- й incorporated into the context of many rules
- + separate rules to change the characters
- + a rule to delete the original й

"Deletion of й before yoticised vowels" й:0 <=> [:YotVow]/[:0 | %>:] ;

- Part of Apertium Turkic project:
- http://wiki.apertium.org/wiki/Apertium Turkic
- Transducers available live at turkic.apertium.org
- Source code available from apertium's svn repo
- Turkic RBMT mailing list (>25 subscribers): apertium-turkic@lists.sourceforge.net Feel free to post in any language!
- See our paper in the LREC 2014 proceedings
- And feel free to contact the authors any time!

<u></u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>ot stems</u>	5	
Part of speech	Number of stems			
- art or speech	Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk	
Noun	2640	2795	2568	
Verb	1470	1143	386	
Adjective	754	816	219	
Proper noun	5701	5361	1443	
Adverb	171	177	63	
Numeral	63	63	44	
Conjunction	46	45	13	
Postposition	50	43	12	
Pronoun	32	28	17	
Determiner	39	34	9	
Total:	11224	10737	4845	

Test corpora lang contents type Encyclopædic wikipedia wikipedia RFE/RL (azattyq.org) News tat.tatar-inform.ru Ёлдаш (yoldash.etnosmi.ru) Religion Quran + Bible Quran + New Testament Genesis + New Testament

split into 10 equal parts; coverage calculated over each separately; standard deviation of mean calculated

..... Coverage measures

- Naïve coverage percentage of surface forms in a given corpus receiving ≥ 1 analysis (surface forms may have missing analyses)
- **Mean ambiguity -** average number of analyses for each surface form found in analysed corpus

......Coverage results (as of r36739)..... Corpus **Tokens** Coverage (%) Language Wikipedia 25.6M 85.61 ± 1.37 3.8M 92.12 ± 2.72 News Kazakh Religion 851K 92.49 ± 1.66 90.07 ± 1.91 Average 86.35 ± 2.17

Wikipedia 159K 5.2M 89.75 ± 0.07 News Tatar Religion 382K 91.25 ± 2.55 89.12 ± 1.60 Average Wikipedia 286K 91.10 ± 0.86 News Kumyk

227K 92.47 ± 1.03 Religion 91.78 ± 0.94 Average .Precision & recall.....

- selected 1000 surface forms at random from RFE/RL corpus, proof read analyses
- **Precision** (of a form's analyses % correct): 97.32%
- **Recall** (percentage of analyses provided by the transducer that are correct for a form, by comparing against a gold standard): 94.56%