

FINITE-STATE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS FOR THREE KYPCHAK LANGUAGES

Jonathan North Washington Ilnar Salimzyanov Indiana University

Казан (Идел буе) федераль университеты ilnar.salimzyan@gmail.com

own-his created

Francis M. Tyers

Special thanks to UiT Norgga Árktalaš Universitehta Aida Sundetova A. Sultanmuradov francis.tyers@uit.no



Kypchak languages



jonwashi@indiana.edu

Turkic languages (SOV, agglutinative, vowel harmony)

	Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk		
	/qazaq/	/totar/	/qumuq/		
classification	Southern	Northern	Western		
population of speakers					
number	8M-12M	5.4M	430K		
primary	Kazakhstan	Tatarstan	Dagestan		
secondary	China, Mongolia	Bashqortostan			
external influer	ices				
Mongolic	moderate	light	light		
Oghuz		light	moderate		
Persian	heavy	heavy	heavy		
Russian	heavy	heavy	heavy		

Morphological transducers

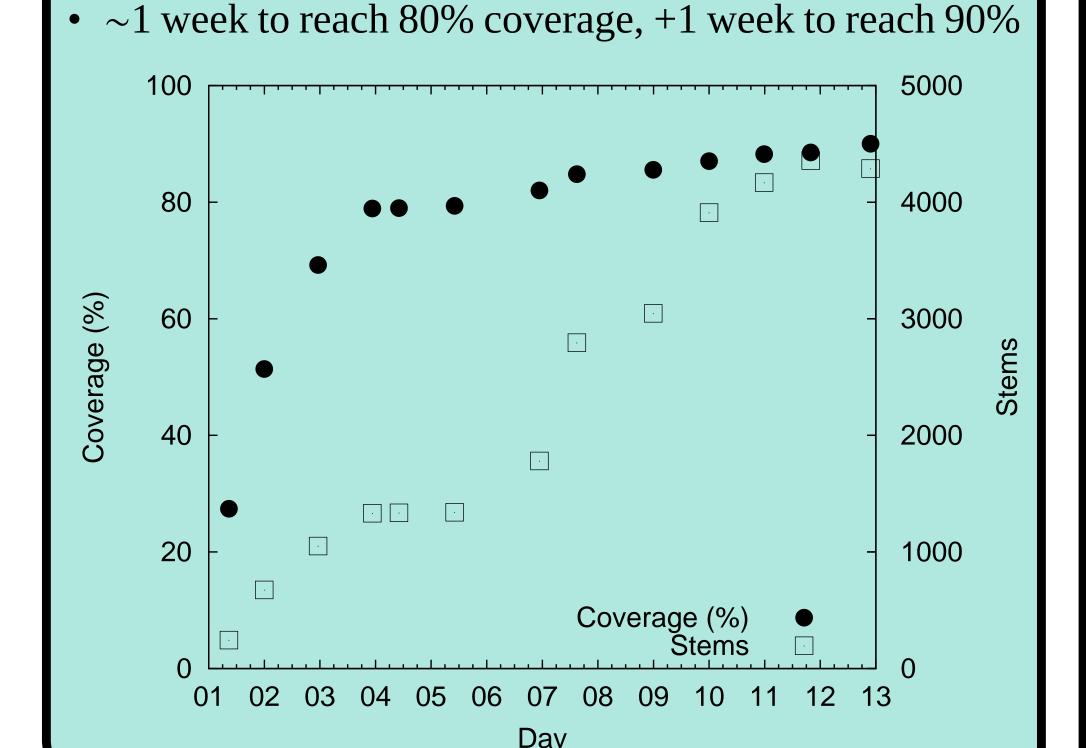
- Morphological transducers
- Take a surface form, and produce valid lexical form(s)

• Take a lexical form, and produce valid surface form(s) 'алдым' ↔ ал<v><tv><ifi><pl><sg>, алд<n><px1sg><nom> Transducers for Turkic languages.....

- Turkish (Çöltekin, 2010 & 2014; Öflazer, 1994)
- Crimean Tatar (Altıntaş, 2001)
- Turkmen (Tantuğ et al., 2006)
- Kyrgyz (Washington et al., 2012)
- Kazakh (Бекманова & Махимов, 2013)
- our Kazakh, Tatar, Kumyk: all GPL (=free and open)! Framework: HFST.....
- Reimplements Xerox FST formalisms (lexc & twol)
- Also provides a wrapper around popular free/opensource FST toolkits: SFST, OpenFST, and Foma

...... Development effort......

Kumyk transducer based on Kazakh, Tatar transducers



Categorisation

- Other Turkic transducers: 0-derivation (overgenerates)
- Our approach: categorization (e.g. adjectives below).

_	Our approach. categorization (c.g., adjectives, below)						
	Type	Gloss	<adj>(<comp>)</comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<subst></subst></comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<advl></advl></comp></adj>		
	A1	'good'	яхшы (яхшырак)	яхшы (яхшырак)	яхшы (яхшырак)		
	A2	'old'	иске (искерэк)	иске (искерэк)	 ()		
	A3	'dead'	үле (—)	үле (—)	 ()		
	A4	'basic'	төп (—)		— (—)		

Further information

- Part of Apertium Turkic project:
- http://wiki.apertium.org/wiki/Apertium_Turkic
- Transducers available live at turkic.apertium.org
- Source code available from apertium's svn repo
- Turkic RBMT mailing list (>25 subscribers): apertium-turkic@lists.sourceforge.net Feel free to post in any language!
- See our paper in the LREC 2014 proceedings
- And feel free to contact the authors any time!

Example output

God

. <sent>

Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының бәріне Аллаһ Үзе яраткан Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан

нәрсәләргә затлагъа

.<sent>

қарап, карап, къарап,

олар

аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде. бек яхшы экенин гёрген. [everything/thing-s]-to looked.at, they/their very good being saw.

өте жақсы екенін көрді.

'God looked at everything he had created and saw that it was very good.'

Gloss.

Kazakh (kaz) Kumyk (kum) Tatar (tat) Аллагь Оьзю яратгъан затлагъа Құдай Өзінің жаратқандарының Аллаh Үзе яраткан нәрсәләргә карап, аларның бик яхшы икәнен күрде. бәріне қарап, өте жақсы екенін көрді. къарап, олар бек яхшы экенин гёрген. Құдай<n><nom> Аллаh<n><nom> Аллагь<n><nom> θ 3prn><ref><px3sp><gen> Y3<prn><ref><px3sp><nom> Oьз<prn><ref><px3sp><nom> жapaт<v><tv><ger past><pl><px3sp><gen> ярат<v><tv><gpr past> ярат<v><tv><gpr past> 6əpiprn><qnt><px3sp><dat> зат<n><pl><dat> нəрсə<n><pl><dat> қара<v><tv><qna perf> kapa<v><tv><qna perf> къapa<v><tv><qna perf> аларprn><pers><p3><pl><gen> oлapconsprint of the control o бик<adv> бек<adv> өте<adv> яхшы<adj> яхшы<adj> жақсы<adj> e<cop><ger past><px3sp><acc> и<cop><ger past><px3sp><acc> ><cop><ger past><px3sp><acc> көр<v><tv><ifi><p3><sg> κγp<v><tv><past><p3><sg> rëp<v><tv><past><p3><sg>

			Ta	agset.			
<n></n>	Noun		Third person				3rd person poss.
<v></v>	Verb	<pl></pl>	Plural	<cm></cm>	Comma		(Singular/Plural)
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Pronoun	<nom></nom>	'Nominative'	<sent></sent>	Sentence	<gna_perf></gna_perf>	Verbal adverb
<det></det>	Determiner	<gen></gen>	Genitive	<past></past>	Past (General)		(Perfect)
<adj></adj>	Adjective	<acc></acc>	Accusative	<ifi></ifi>	Past	<pre><gpr_past></gpr_past></pre>	Verbal adjective
<adv></adv>	Adverb	<dat></dat>	Dative		(Eyewitness/Recent)		(Past)
<iv></iv>	Intransitive	<qnt></qnt>	Quantifier			<ger_past></ger_past>	Verbal noun (Past)
<tv></tv>	Transitive	<ref></ref>	Reflexive				

Orthography-phonology mapping issues

Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words

letters	values	examples
и, у, ю	/wej, we, jew/ /wej, we, jev/	қиюд <mark>а</mark> 'chopping down' киюд <mark>е</mark> 'getting dressed'
e	э / С _ /j/+ы /j/+э	дәресләр 'lessons' еллар 'years' егетләр 'boys'
ë, ю	/ø, y/ / C _ /jø, jy/ /jo, ju/	гюнлер 'days' гёзлер 'eyes' юреклер 'hearts' ёнкюлер 'darlings' юлдузлар 'stars' ёллар 'roads'
	и, у, ю	и, у, ю /əj, əw, jəw/ e э/С_ /j/+ы /j/+э /ø, y//С_ ë, ю /jø, jy/

- solution: hairy twol rules for majority of cases
- unaccounted-for words marked harmony-forcing char
- adjust rules for harmony-forcing characters
 - Letters that represent front vowels in native words may

represent back vowels in Russian words native word example Russian word example

елдің 'country's' Назарбаевтың 'Nazarbayev's' галимнәр 'scientists' артистлар 'artists' сёзлер 'words' самолётлар 'airplanes'

solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules)

LEXICON N1-RUS :%{\angle \cdots\} N1 ; LEXICON Nouns артист:apтист N1-RUS ; ! "artist" галим:галим N1 ; ! "scientist"

- twol rules handle phonology for spelled-out words отыздан 'from thirty', бестен 'from five'
- no phonological triggers available in numerals (etc.) 30-дан 'from 30', 5-тен 'from 5'
- solution: phonology-triggering characters

4:4%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT; ! "τθρτ" 5:5%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT; ! "6ec" 3%0:3%0%{a%}%{3%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "отыз"

..... A resulting messy twol rule......

RdYotVow = ë ю Ë Ю ; AbstractVow = %{a%} %{э%} %{γ%} %{o%} ;
"A front unrounded harmony" %{A%}:e <=> [[:FrontVow [:Vow :ь]] :Cns :Cns*]/:0 _
except [:RdYotVow :Cns* %{¾%}:0 :Cns*]/[:0 - %{¾%}:0] _

Evaluation

Number of stems.

.<sent>

Part of speech	Number of stems			
r dr t or specen	Kazakh	Tatar	Kumyk	
Noun	2640	2795	2568	
Verb	1470	1143	386	
Adjective	754	816	219	
Proper noun	5701	5361	1443	
Adverb	171	177	63	
Numeral	63	63	44	
Conjunction	46	45	13	
Postposition	50	43	12	
Pronoun	32	28	17	
Determiner	39	34	9	
Total:	11224	10737	4845	

Test corpora Wikipedia News Religion Quran + Bible Wikipedia azattyk.org tat.tatar-inform.ru Quran + New Testament Wikipedia

Genesis + New Testament

..... Evaluation measures

yoldash.etnosmi.ru

- Naïve coverage percentage of surface forms in a given corpus receiving ≥ 1 analysis
- Mean ambiguity average number of analyses for each surface form found in analysed corpus
- **Precision -** of a form's analyses, % correct
- **Recall -** % of analyses provided by transducer that are correct for a form, by comparing against a gold standard

..... Evaluation results......

	Corpus	Tokens	Coverage (%)	Amb.
Kazakh	Wikipedia News Religion	25.6M 3.8M 851K	85.61 ± 1.37 92.12 ± 2.72 92.49 ± 1.66	2.43 2.88 2.63
(r50547)	Average		90.07 ± 1.91	2.64
Tatar	Wikipedia News Religion	159K 5.2M 382K	86.35 ± 2.17 89.75 ± 0.07 91.25 ± 2.55	2.24 2.30 2.24
(r50260)	Average		89.12 ± 1.60	2.26
Kumyk	News Religion	286K 227K	91.10 ± 0.86 92.47 ± 1.03	1.53 1.53
(r50300)	Average		91.78 ± 0.94	1.53

selected & proofed unique random surface forms from news corpora

Language	Forms	Precision (%)	Recall (%)
Kazakh	1000	98.61	57.98
Tatar	1000	95.03	85.65
Kumyk	500	96.57	69.11

In the pipeline

- Disambiguation, more stems
- Machine translation between these languages
- Other Turkic lgs.: Nogay, Bashqort, Uzbek, Chuvash