

## FINITE-STATE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS FOR THREE KYPCHAK LANGUAGES

Jonathan North Washington Ilnar Salimzyanov

 ППат Заппи уапо 
 Гланста

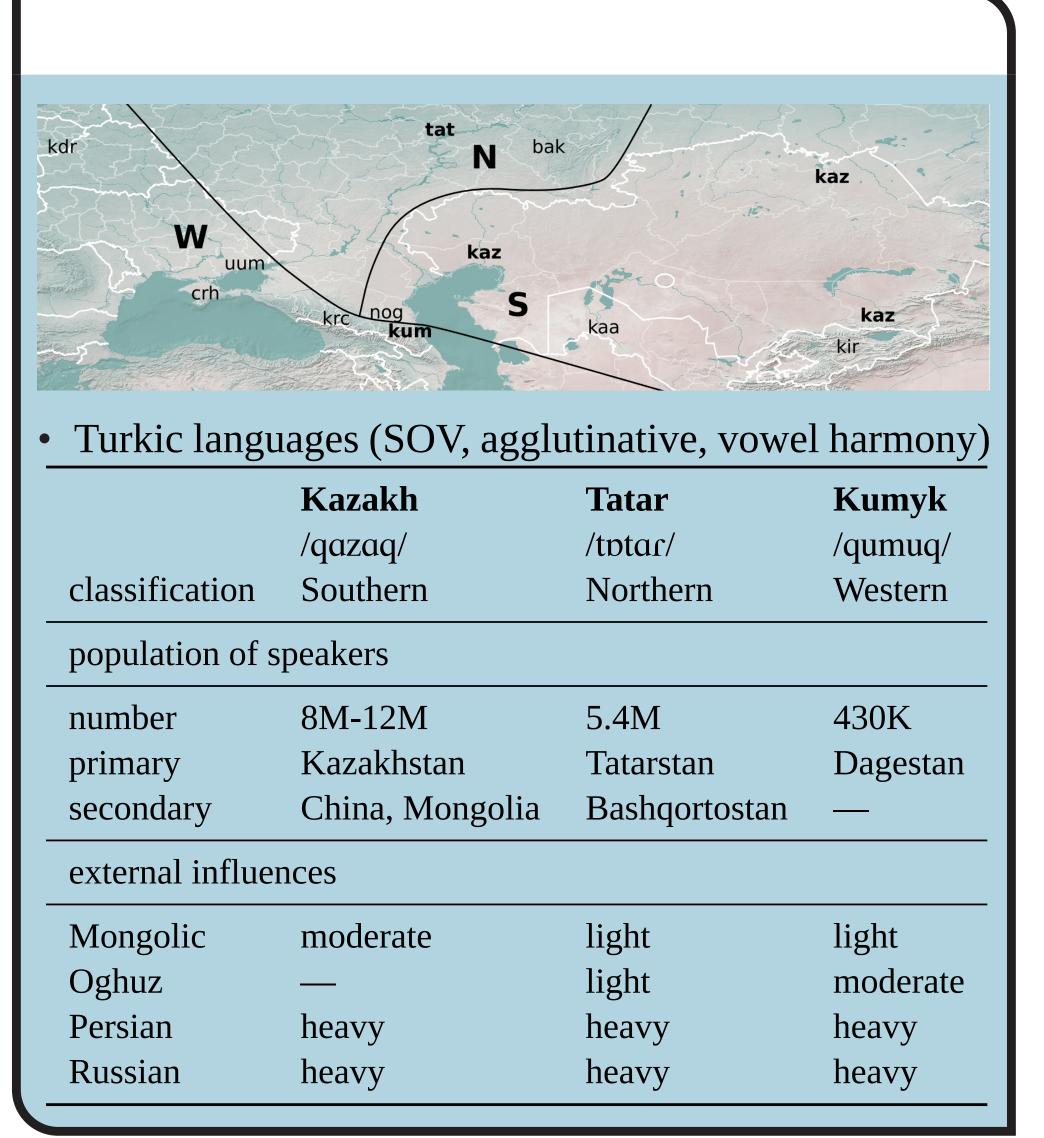
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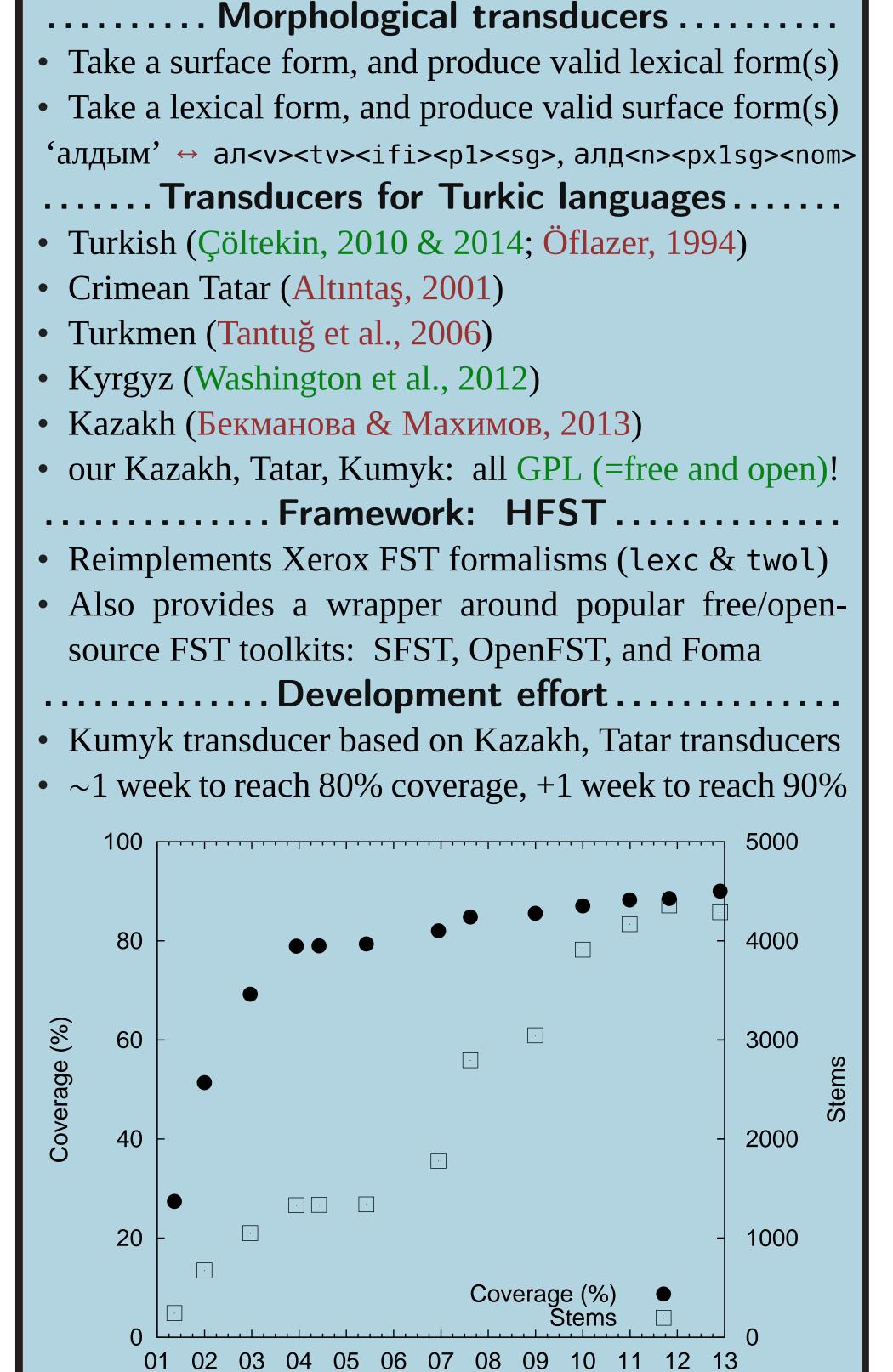
Special thanks to
Aida Sundetova
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•	• Other Turkic transducers: 0-derivation (overgenerates)									
•	<ul> <li>Our approach: categorization (e.g., adjectives, below)</li> </ul>									
	Type	Gloss	<adj>(<comp>)</comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<subst></subst></comp></adj>	<adj>(<comp>)<advl></advl></comp></adj>					
	<b>A1</b>	ʻgood'	яхшы (яхшырак)	яхшы (яхшырак)	яхшы (яхшырак)					
	<b>A2</b>	ʻold'	иске (искерэк)	иске (искерэк)	<del></del>					
	<b>A3</b>	'dead'	үле (—)	үле (—)	<del></del>					
	<b>A4</b>	'basic'	төп (—)	<del></del>	<u> </u>					

Day

http://wiki.apertium.org/wiki/Apertium\_Turkic
Transducers available live at turkic.apertium.org
Source code available from apertium's svn repo
Turkic RBMT mailing list (>25 subscribers):
 apertium-turkic@lists.sourceforge.net
 Feel free to post in any language!
See our paper in the LREC 2014 proceedings
And feel free to contact the authors any time!

• Part of Apertium Turkic project:

						Gloss						
(1)	Құдай	Өзінің	жаратқан	ідарының	бәріне		қарап,		өте	жақсы	екенін	көрді.
	Аллаһ	Yзе	яраткан		нәрсәләрг	G'	карап,	аларның	бик	яхшы	икәнен	күрде.
	Аллагь	Овзю	яратгъан		затлагъа		къарап,	олар	бек	яхшы	экенин	гёрген.
	God	own-his	created		[everythin	g/thing-s]-to	looked.at,	they/their	very	good	being	saw.
	'God loo	oked at ev	verything h	ne had cre	ated and sa	w that it was	s very good.	,				
	'God looked at everything he had created and saw that it was very good.'  Output											
_	zakh (kaz)				Tatar (tat)	•		Kumyk (				
	ай Өзінін іне қарап	, жаратқан п, өте жан	ндарының қсы екенін			раткан нәрсә яхшы икәнен					затлагъа ы экенин	
Өз жар бәр қар • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	i <prn><qn a<v><tv>&lt;</tv></v></qn </prn>	<pre>center &lt; color="block"&gt;<px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp><color="block"><px3sp></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></color="block"></px3sp></pre>	t> <pl></pl>	sp> <gen></gen>	ярат <v><tv>нәрсә<n><pl>кара<v><tv>,<cm>алар<pre>бик<adv>яхшы<adj>и<cop><ger< th=""><th><pre>&gt;<px3sp><non <gpr_past=""> &gt;<dat> &gt;<dat> <gna_perf> ers&gt;<p3><pl> past&gt;<px3sp> past&gt;<p3><sg past=""><p3><sg past=""><p3><sg past=""><pa><pa></pa></pa></sg></p3></sg></p3></sg></p3></px3sp></pl></p3></gna_perf></dat></dat></non></px3sp></pre></th><th><gen> <acc></acc></gen></th><th>ярат<v>ярат<v>зат<n>&lt;  къара<v; ,<cm=""> олар&lt;ргі бек<adv; э<cop="" яхшы<ad="">&lt;  гёр<v>&lt;  -<sent></sent></v></adv;></v;></n></v></v></th><th>&gt;<ref> <tv><g pl=""><da><tv>&lt; pl&gt;<da><tv>&lt; per &gt; j&gt; ger_pa tv&gt;<par< th=""><th><pre>&gt;<px3sp><pre>cpr_past; at&gt; <gna_per< pre=""> <pre>cs&gt;<p3><p< pre=""> <pre>ast&gt;<px3; ast=""><p3><p< pre=""></p<></p3></px3;></pre></p<></p3></pre></gna_per<></pre></px3sp></pre></th><th>sp&gt;<acc></acc></th><th></th></par<></tv></da></tv></da></g></tv></ref></th></ger<></cop></adj></adv></pre></cm></tv></v></pl></n></tv></v>	<pre>&gt;<px3sp><non <gpr_past=""> &gt;<dat> &gt;<dat> <gna_perf> ers&gt;<p3><pl> past&gt;<px3sp> past&gt;<p3><sg past=""><p3><sg past=""><p3><sg past=""><pa><pa></pa></pa></sg></p3></sg></p3></sg></p3></px3sp></pl></p3></gna_perf></dat></dat></non></px3sp></pre>	<gen> <acc></acc></gen>	ярат <v>ярат<v>зат<n>&lt;  къара<v; ,<cm=""> олар&lt;ргі бек<adv; э<cop="" яхшы<ad="">&lt;  гёр<v>&lt;  -<sent></sent></v></adv;></v;></n></v></v>	> <ref> <tv><g pl=""><da><tv>&lt; pl&gt;<da><tv>&lt; per &gt; j&gt; ger_pa tv&gt;<par< th=""><th><pre>&gt;<px3sp><pre>cpr_past; at&gt; <gna_per< pre=""> <pre>cs&gt;<p3><p< pre=""> <pre>ast&gt;<px3; ast=""><p3><p< pre=""></p<></p3></px3;></pre></p<></p3></pre></gna_per<></pre></px3sp></pre></th><th>sp&gt;<acc></acc></th><th></th></par<></tv></da></tv></da></g></tv></ref>	<pre>&gt;<px3sp><pre>cpr_past; at&gt; <gna_per< pre=""> <pre>cs&gt;<p3><p< pre=""> <pre>ast&gt;<px3; ast=""><p3><p< pre=""></p<></p3></px3;></pre></p<></p3></pre></gna_per<></pre></px3sp></pre>	sp> <acc></acc>	
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Intransitive   Internation   Internat	<adv></adv>	Adverb		<dat></dat>	Dative			
Ambiguous characters.  Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words    letters   value   examples			ive					
Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words   letters   values   examples	<tv></tv>	Transitiv						
Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words   letters   values   examples								
Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words   letters   values   examples								
Have front- and back-vowel readings in native words   letters   values   examples				•				
letters			•					
kaz и, у, ю /aj, aw, jaw/ киюда 'chopping down' киюде 'getting dressed'  tat e /j/+ы дареслар 'lessons' еплар 'years' егетлар 'boys'  kum ë, ю /jø, jy/ понлер 'days' гезлер 'eyes' пореклер 'hearts' енколер 'darlings' полдузлар 'stars' еллар 'roads'  solution: hairy twol rules for majority of cases unaccounted-for words marked harmony-forcing char adjust rules for harmony-forcing characters  Letters that represent front vowels in native words may represent back vowels in Russian words  native word example Russian word example  kaz елдін 'country's' галимпар 'scientists' кит сезлер 'words' самолетлар 'airplanes' solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules)  LEXICON N1-RUS  :%{a%} N1;  LEXICON Nouns  артист: артист N1-RUS; ! "artist" галим: галим N1; ! "scientist"  — Асгонутв and numerals  twol rules handle phonology for spelled-out words отыздан 'from thirty', бестен 'from five' no phonological triggers available in numerals (etc.)  30-дан 'from 30', 5-тен 'from 5' solution: phonology-triggering characters  4:4%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT; ! "төрт"	Have	e front- ai	nd back-vowe	el readi	ngs in native word	ls_		
tat e /j/+ы		letters	values	exa	mples	<u></u>		
kum ë, ю /j/+ы сллар 'years' ereтпер 'boys'  kum ë, ю /jø, jy/ гезлер 'eyes' кореклер 'hearts' енкюлер 'darlings' колдузлар 'stars' еплар 'roads'  solution: hairy twol rules for majority of cases unaccounted-for words marked harmony-forcing char adjust rules for harmony-forcing characters  Loanwords  Letters that represent front vowels in native words may represent back vowels in Russian words  native word example  kaz елдін 'country's' назарбаевтын 'Nazarbayev's' самолётнар 'airplanes'  solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules)  LEXICON N1-RUS  :%{¬»} N1 ;  LEXICON Nouns артист: артист N1-RUS ; ! "artist" галим: галим N1 ; ! "scientist"	kaz	и, у, ю	/wej, əw, jəw/ /wej, we, je/	′ қию ′ кию	д <mark>а</mark> 'chopping down д <mark>e</mark> 'getting dressed'	, 		
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kum ë, ю /jø, jy/ гезлер 'eyes' пореклер 'hearts' енколер 'darlings' полдузлар 'stars' елимр 'roads'  solution: hairy twol rules for majority of cases unaccounted-for words marked harmony-forcing charadjust rules for harmony-forcing characters	τατ	e		елла егет	ap 'years' 'лən 'bovs'			
kum ë, ю /jø, jy/ rearres resume resume represent back vowels in Russian words  native word example kaz елдің 'country's' tat галимнар 'scientists' kum cëзлер 'words'  solution: separate continuation lexicon (messy rules)  LEXICON N1-RUS :%{¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬			<u> </u>					
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Палим: галим N1; ! "scientist"	LEXICON Nouns							
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30-дан 'from 30', 5-тен 'from 5' solution: phonology-triggering characters 4:4%{э%}%{с%} NUM-DIGIT; ! "төрт"								
solution: phonology-triggering characters 4:4%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "T\text{Opt"}	no phonological triggers available in numerals (etc.)							
4:4%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "τθρτ"								
·	solut	tion: phor	nology-trigge	ring ch	aracters			
·	4:49	%{3%}%{C	%} NUM-DIG	IT ; !	"төрт"			
5:5%{3%}%{c%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "бес"					<u>-</u>			

3%0:3%0%{a%}%{3%} NUM-DIGIT ; ! "отыз"

RdYotVow =  $\ddot{e}$   $\ddot{b}$   $\ddot{b}$  ; AbstractVow =  $%\{a\%\}$   $%\{y\%\}$   $%\{o\%\}$  ;

 $[[%{3\%}:0|%{\gamma\%}:0]:Cns*]/[[:0 - AbstractVow:]$ 

"A front unrounded harmony"

%{A%}:e <=>

..... A resulting messy twol rule......

[ [:FrontVow | [:Vow:ь]]:Cns:Cns\*]/:0 \_;

[ [ [ \ [ .#. | :Vow ] ] :RdYotVow ] :Cns :Cns\* ]/:0 \_ ;

[ :RdYotVow й:0 :RdYotVow :Cns :Cns\* ]/[ :0 - й:0 ] \_ ;

:RdYotVow :Cns\* %{¾%}:0 :Cns\* ]/[ :0 - %{¾%}:0 ] \_ ;

[ :Cns :p %{¾%}: %>: :Cns\* ]/:0 \_ ; [ [ :Vow - :RdYotVow ] :RdYotVow :Cns :Cns\* ]/:0 \_ ;

[ [ :RdVow :ь ] :Cns :Cns\* ]/:0 \_ ;

[:Vow]/[[:0-й:0]|%>:]\_;

	(Eyew	vitness/Rece	ent)	(Pas	t) il noun (Past)				
•	Number of stems								
	Part o	of speech _	Number of stems						
		r specen =	Kazakh	Kazakh Tatar K					
	Noun		2640	2795	2568				
	Verb	, •	1470	1143	386				
	Adject	tive	754 5701	816 5261	219 1443				
	Propei Adver		171	5361 177	63				
	Nume	_	63	63	44				
	Conju		46	45	13				
	Postpo		50	43	12				
	Prono		32 39	28 34	17				
	Deterr Total:	1111161	11224	10737	<u>4845</u>				
		т	est corp						
_	Wiki	pedia News	•	Religion					
_			k.org		Quran + Bible				
	tat Wiki kum —	L.	ar-inform.ru sh.etnosmi.r		New Testament - New Testament				
<ul> <li>Naïve coverage - percentage of surface forms in a give corpus receiving ≥ 1 analysis</li> <li>Mean ambiguity - average number of analyses for easurface form found in analysed corpus</li> <li>Precision - of a form's analyses, % correct</li> <li>Recall - % of analyses provided by transducer that a correct for a form, by comparing against a gold standard</li> </ul>									
•					<u></u> .				
_		<b>^</b>			(%) <b>Amb.</b>				
		Wikipedia	25.6M	$85.61 \pm 1$ $92.12 \pm 2$	1.37 2.43 2.72 2.88				
	Kazakh	News Religion	3.8M 851K	$92.12 \pm 2$ $92.49 \pm 1$					
_	(r50547)	Average		$90.07 \pm 1$					
		Wikipedia	159K	$86.35 \pm 2$					
	Tatar	News Religion	5.2M 382K	$89.75 \pm 0$ $91.25 \pm 2$					
	(r50260)	Average	J02IX	$89.12 \pm 1$					
_	Kumyk	News Religion	286K 227K	$91.10 \pm 0$ $92.47 \pm 1$					
	(r50300)	Average	22/11	$91.78 \pm 0$					
•	selected & proofed union  Language Form		e random su	rface forms fr	rom news corpora				
•			s Precis	sion (%)	Recall (%)				
	Kazakh	1000	)	98.61	57.98				
	Tatar	1000		95.03	85.65				
	Kumyk	500	)	96.57	69.11				

- Disambiguation, more stems
- Machine translation between these languages
- Other Turkic lgs.: Nogay, Bashqort, Uzbek, Chuvash