

Question 4

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

“Quisquis es, armatus qui nostra ad flumina tendis,
fare age, quid venias, iam istinc et comprime gressum.
Umbrarum hic locus est, somni noctisque soporae:
Line corpora viva nefas Stygia vectare carina.
5 Nec vero Alciden me sum laetatus euntem
accepisse lacu, nec Thesea Pirithoumque,
dis quamquam geniti atque invicti viribus essent.
Tartareum ille manu custodem in vincla petivit
ipsius a solio regis traxitque trementem;
10 hi dominam Ditis thalamo deducere adorti.”

Aeneid 6. 388-397

Answer the following questions **in English** unless the question specifically asks you to write out Latin words.
Number your answer to each question.

1. Translate in context comprime gressum (line 2).
2. Write out **all** of line 4 (corpora . . . carina) and mark the scansion.
3. **(A)** Translate in context euntem (line 5), **and (B)** identify its tense.
4. Lines 5-7 (Nec vero . . . essent) contain a description of people who have traveled to the Underworld. **(A)** Name **one and only one** characteristic of these people stated in these lines. **(B)** Write out the specific Latin words for that characteristic.
5. Name the dominam Ditis (line 10).
6. What deceased crew member does Aeneas encounter in the Underworld before crossing the Styx?

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

Question 5

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

Quibus rebus cognitis, principes Britanniae, qui post proelium ad Caesarem
convenerant, inter se collocuti, cum equites et naves et frumentum Romanis deesse
intellegenter et paucitatem militum ex castrorum exiguate cognoscerent, quae hoc
erant etiam angustiora quod sine impedimentis Caesar legiones transportaverat,
optimum factu esse duxerunt, rebellione facta, frumento commeatuque nostros
prohibere et rem in hiemem producere, quod eis superatis aut reditu interclusis
neminem postea belli inferendi causa in Britanniam transiturum confidebant.
Line 5

Bellum Gallicum 4. 30

Answer the following questions **in English** unless the question specifically asks you to write out Latin words. Number your answer to each question.

1. (A) Translate in context Quibus rebus cognitis (line 1), and (B) identify the grammatical construction of the phrase.
2. Identify **one and only one** thing that the leaders of the Britons learned about the Roman army in lines 2-4 (cum equites . . . transportaverat).
3. Translate in context factu (line 5).
4. To whom or what does eis (line 6) refer?
5. According to lines 6-7 (quod eis . . . confidebant), what do the leaders of the Britons hope to achieve?
6. Which queen of the Britons led the resistance against the Roman occupation of Britain during the reign of Nero?

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.