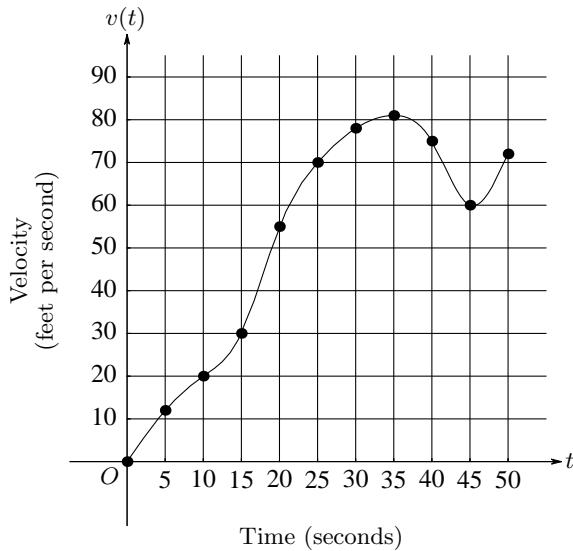


1998 AP Calculus AB Free-Response Questions



t (seconds)	$v(t)$ (feet per second)
0	0
5	12
10	20
15	30
20	55
25	70
30	78
35	81
40	75
45	60
50	72

3. The graph of the velocity $v(t)$, in ft/sec, of a car traveling on a straight road, for $0 \leq t \leq 50$, is shown above. A table of values for $v(t)$, at 5 second intervals of time t , is shown to the right of the graph.
- During what intervals of time is the acceleration of the car positive? Give a reason for your answer.
 - Find the average acceleration of the car, in ft/sec^2 , over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 50$.
 - Find one approximation for the acceleration of the car, in ft/sec^2 , at $t = 40$. Show the computations you used to arrive at your answer.
 - Approximate $\int_0^{50} v(t) dt$ with a Riemann sum, using the midpoints of five subintervals of equal length. Using correct units, explain the meaning of this integral.
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1998 AP Calculus AB Free-Response Questions

4. Let f be a function with $f(1) = 4$ such that for all points (x, y) on the graph of f the slope is given by $\frac{3x^2 + 1}{2y}$.
- Find the slope of the graph of f at the point where $x = 1$.
 - Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at $x = 1$ and use it to approximate $f(1.2)$.
 - Find $f(x)$ by solving the separable differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2 + 1}{2y}$ with the initial condition $f(1) = 4$.
 - Use your solution from part (c) to find $f(1.2)$.
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