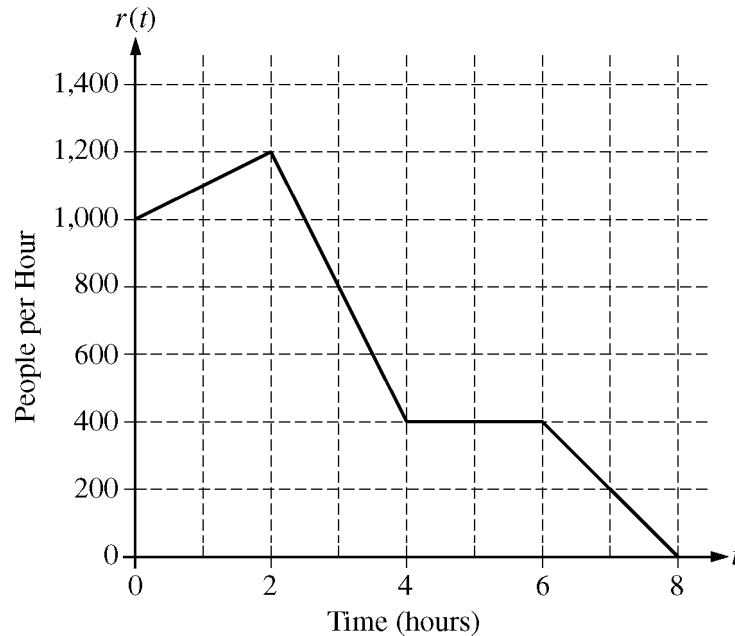


2010 AP[®] CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



3. There are 700 people in line for a popular amusement-park ride when the ride begins operation in the morning. Once it begins operation, the ride accepts passengers until the park closes 8 hours later. While there is a line, people move onto the ride at a rate of 800 people per hour. The graph above shows the rate, $r(t)$, at which people arrive at the ride throughout the day. Time t is measured in hours from the time the ride begins operation.
- How many people arrive at the ride between $t = 0$ and $t = 3$? Show the computations that lead to your answer.
 - Is the number of people waiting in line to get on the ride increasing or decreasing between $t = 2$ and $t = 3$? Justify your answer.
 - At what time t is the line for the ride the longest? How many people are in line at that time? Justify your answers.
 - Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression of r whose solution gives the earliest time t at which there is no longer a line for the ride.

WRITE ALL WORK IN THE PINK EXAM BOOKLET.

END OF PART A OF SECTION II

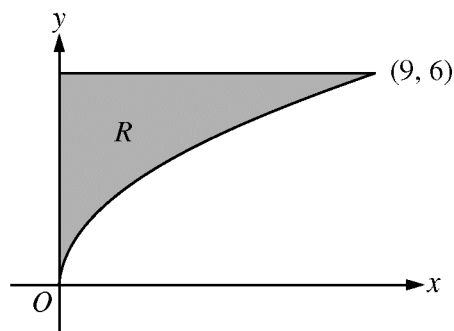
2010 AP[®] CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

CALCULUS AB
SECTION II, Part B

Time—45 minutes

Number of problems—3

No calculator is allowed for these problems.



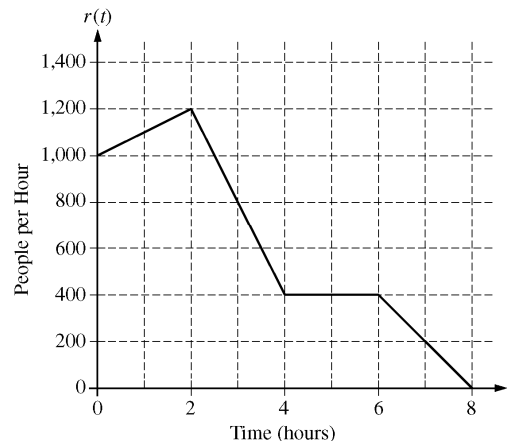
4. Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of $y = 2\sqrt{x}$, the horizontal line $y = 6$, and the y -axis, as shown in the figure above.
- (a) Find the area of R .
 - (b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the volume of the solid generated when R is rotated about the horizontal line $y = 7$.
 - (c) Region R is the base of a solid. For each y , where $0 \leq y \leq 6$, the cross section of the solid taken perpendicular to the y -axis is a rectangle whose height is 3 times the length of its base in region R . Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the volume of the solid.
-

WRITE ALL WORK IN THE PINK EXAM BOOKLET.

AP[®] CALCULUS AB
2010 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 3

There are 700 people in line for a popular amusement-park ride when the ride begins operation in the morning. Once it begins operation, the ride accepts passengers until the park closes 8 hours later. While there is a line, people move onto the ride at a rate of 800 people per hour. The graph above shows the rate, $r(t)$, at which people arrive at the ride throughout the day. Time t is measured in hours from the time the ride begins operation.



- (a) How many people arrive at the ride between $t = 0$ and $t = 3$? Show the computations that lead to your answer.
- (b) Is the number of people waiting in line to get on the ride increasing or decreasing between $t = 2$ and $t = 3$? Justify your answer.
- (c) At what time t is the line for the ride the longest? How many people are in line at that time? Justify your answers.
- (d) Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression of r whose solution gives the earliest time t at which there is no longer a line for the ride.

(a) $\int_0^3 r(t) dt = 2 \cdot \frac{1000 + 1200}{2} + \frac{1200 + 800}{2} = 3200$ people

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{integral} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$

- (b) The number of people waiting in line is increasing because people move onto the ride at a rate of 800 people per hour and for $2 < t < 3$, $r(t) > 800$.

1 : answer with reason

- (c) $r(t) = 800$ only at $t = 3$
 For $0 \leq t < 3$, $r(t) > 800$. For $3 < t \leq 8$, $r(t) < 800$.
 Therefore, the line is longest at time $t = 3$.
 There are $700 + 3200 - 800 \cdot 3 = 1500$ people waiting in line at time $t = 3$.

3 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{identifies } t = 3 \\ 1 : \text{number of people in line} \\ 1 : \text{justification} \end{cases}$

(d) $0 = 700 + \int_0^t r(s) ds - 800t$

3 : $\begin{cases} 1 : 800r \\ 1 : \text{integral} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$