



Note: Higher scores on the corruption perceptions index indicate less corruption.  
Lower scores on the HDI indicate lower levels of human development.

2. (a) Using the data in the graph, identify the country that is the SECOND least corrupt.
- (b) Using the data in the graph, describe a similarity or difference for Russia and Nigeria in terms of the Human Development Index (HDI) score or Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) score.
- (c) Describe one component of the Human Development Index.
- (d) Using the data in the graph and your knowledge of AP Comparative Government and Politics, draw a conclusion about how perceived corruption relates to HDI.
- e) Explain how the United Kingdom's regime type is related to the CPI score.

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**Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet  
and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.**

## Question 2: Quantitative Analysis

5 points

- (a) Using the data in the graph, identify the country that is the SECOND least corrupt. **1 point**

**An identification includes the following:**

- China

- (b) Using the data in the graph, describe a similarity or difference for Russia and Nigeria in terms of the Human Development Index (HDI) score or Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) score. **1 point**

**Acceptable descriptions include:**

- Russia and Nigeria have similar CPI scores.
- Russia is perceived as slightly less corrupt than Nigeria according to the CPI.
- Russia is more developed than Nigeria according to the HDI.
- Nigeria is less developed than Russia according to the HDI.

- (c) Describe one component of the Human Development Index. **1 point**

**Acceptable descriptions include:**

- The HDI is an index that includes indicators of per capita income, life expectancy, and education (or average years of schooling), which are predictors of greater human development.
- Per capita income is one of the measures in the HDI because higher incomes are associated with greater human development.
- Life expectancy is one of the measures in the HDI because longevity is an indicator of higher quality of life.
- Educational attainment is one of the measures in the HDI because higher levels of education are related to greater human development.

- (d) Using the data in the graph and your knowledge of AP Comparative Government and Politics, draw a conclusion about how perceived corruption relates to HDI. **1 point**

**Acceptable conclusions include:**

- Despite comparably high levels of corruption in Mexico, Russia, and China on the CPI scores, there is also a similarly high level of human development in these countries according to their HDI score; it would seem there is a weak relationship between CPI and development.
- There is a strong relationship between high-HDI countries and CPI score because the UK has a high CPI score and the other countries, which are not developed, have much lower CPI scores.
- There is a strong relationship between low-HDI countries and CPI scores because Nigeria has a low CPI score and other countries that are more developed have higher HDI scores.

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(e) Explain how the United Kingdom's regime type is related to the CPI score. **1 point**

**Acceptable explanations include:**

- Consolidated democracies tend to have lower levels of corruption because they can punish corruption via elections.
- Consolidated democracies tend to have less corruption (or perception of corruption) because policymaking in consolidated democracies is more transparent.
- Because consolidated democracies have strong protections of civil rights (like freedom of the press), corruption is usually brought to light and eliminated.
- Consolidated democracies tend to have lower perceptions of corruption because the judicial system usually has a great deal of autonomy, which enables it to effectively prosecute corruption.

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**Total for question 2    5 points**