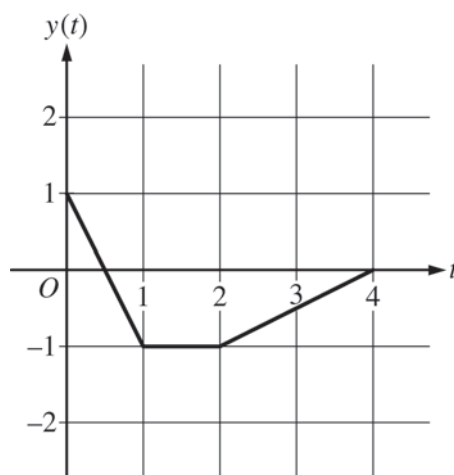
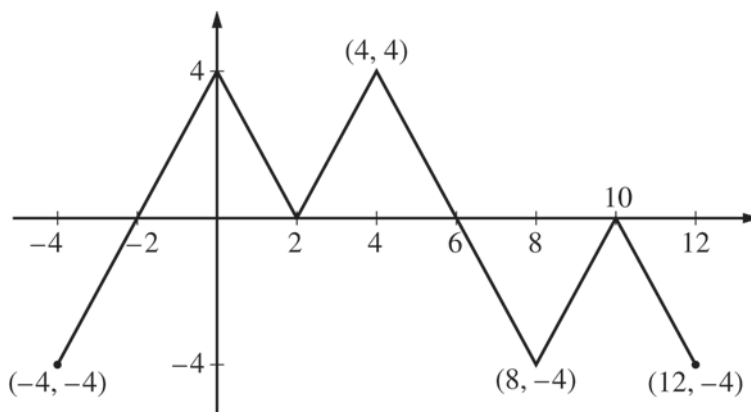


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2. At time t , the position of a particle moving in the xy -plane is given by the parametric functions $(x(t), y(t))$, where $\frac{dx}{dt} = t^2 + \sin(3t^2)$. The graph of y , consisting of three line segments, is shown in the figure above. At $t = 0$, the particle is at position $(5, 1)$.
- (a) Find the position of the particle at $t = 3$.
 - (b) Find the slope of the line tangent to the path of the particle at $t = 3$.
 - (c) Find the speed of the particle at $t = 3$.
 - (d) Find the total distance traveled by the particle from $t = 0$ to $t = 2$.
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END OF PART A OF SECTION II

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SECTION II, Part B****Time—60 minutes****Number of problems—4****No calculator is allowed for these problems.**Graph of f

3. The figure above shows the graph of the piecewise-linear function f . For $-4 \leq x \leq 12$, the function g is defined by $g(x) = \int_2^x f(t) dt$.
- (a) Does g have a relative minimum, a relative maximum, or neither at $x = 10$? Justify your answer.
 - (b) Does the graph of g have a point of inflection at $x = 4$? Justify your answer.
 - (c) Find the absolute minimum value and the absolute maximum value of g on the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 12$. Justify your answers.
 - (d) For $-4 \leq x \leq 12$, find all intervals for which $g(x) \leq 0$.
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