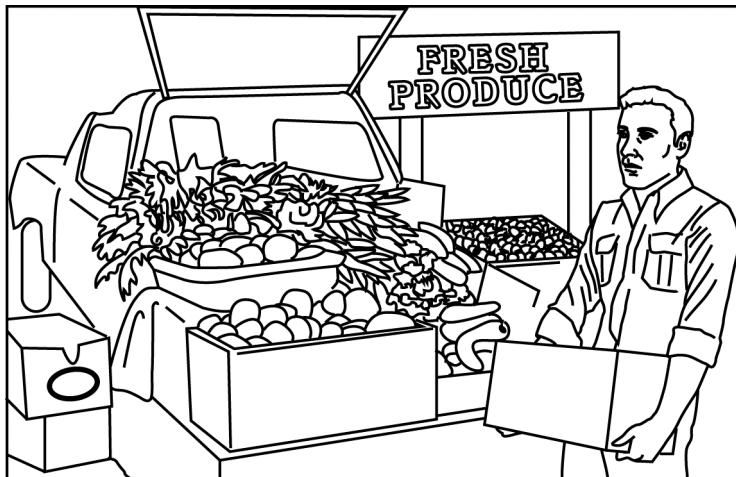


2007 AP® HUMAN GEOGRAPHY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



X



Y

1. The drawings above reflect agricultural activities in the hinterland of a large urban area.
 - A. Apply the underlying principles of von Thünen's agricultural land-use model to predict the locations of the activities shown in X and Y relative to a large urban area.
 - B. Choose either activity X or activity Y and apply the underlying principles of von Thünen's agricultural land-use model to explain the location of the activity.
 - C. Discuss two factors that explain why agricultural land-use patterns today differ from those developed by von Thünen's model in 1826.

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2. At the same time that English is solidifying its role as the world's premier lingua franca, lesser-used minority languages (such as Welsh, Basque, and Inuktitut) are undergoing revival.

Discuss three distinct factors promoting the revival of minority languages in the face of globalization.

3. Economic restructuring is transforming the world economy.

- A. Define and discuss the key features of the new international division of labor (also known as global division of labor).
- B. Explain an impact of the new international division of labor on the socioeconomic structure of the United States.
- C. Explain an impact of the new international division of labor on the socioeconomic structure of developing countries such as Mexico, China, and India.

STOP

END OF EXAM

AP® HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2007 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 1

PART A (1 Point)

Apply the underlying principles of von Thünen's agricultural land-use model to predict the locations of the activities shown in X and Y relative to a large urban area.

Must identify the location of **BOTH** agricultural activities relative to the city.

- **X** is located closer to the city, or in the city, and **Y** is located farther from the city.

PART B (2 Points: 1 point for identifying a concept, and 1 point for explanation)

Choose either activity X or activity Y and apply the underlying principles of von Thünen's agricultural land-use model to explain the location of the activity.

1 point: Must identify a concept that relates to the location of the agricultural activity at either X or Y.

- X—intensive agriculture, higher-value land, perishable goods, accessibility to market, where the farmer can maximize profit
- Y—extensive agriculture, lower-value land, fewer perishable goods, less accessibility to market, where the farmer can maximize profit

1 point: Explanation of why the concept caused this type of farming to locate at X or Y.

PART C (4 Points: 1 point for the identification of each of two factors, and 1 point for each of two discussions)

Discuss two factors that explain why agricultural land-use patterns today differ from those developed by von Thünen's model in 1826.

1 point: Must identify and briefly explain a factor that results in agricultural land-use patterns different than those proposed in von Thünen's model:

- refrigeration and food preservation
- improved transportation
- regional, global markets; corporate decision making
- government policy
- agricultural products used for purposes other than food (multiple use)
- forests no longer occupy a zone close to the market

1 point: The discussion must relate to today's spatial pattern of agricultural land use compared to the pattern suggested by von Thünen's model of 1826 (pattern-based discussion).