SOFTWARE DESIGN DOCUMENT

for

Shared Password Manager System

Release 1.0

Version 1.0 approved

Prepared by The Better Team

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Revision History

Date	Description	Revised by
11-08-2024	Initial draft	James A. Jerkins
11-19-2024	Second draft	James A. Jerkins

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The Software Design Document (SDD) for the Shared Password Manager application offers a comprehensive overview of the architecture and system design to securely manage user stored credentials.

1.2 Scope

The Shared Password manager system design will make use of a website application environment to provide functionality for three types of users to interact with the system: admin, regular, and view-only. To use the application, a user will first login to their account. The Application will then display options dependent on their privilege level. For admin users, they will have the ability to add/remove users, while regular users will have the functionality to view, add, and edit entered credentials. Additionally, View-only users will only have privilege to view credentials. The User Data will be stored securely in an SQLite database using a server.

1.3 Overview

This documents contains sections that describes the necessary components and sections that describe sub systems for the Shared password Manager system. This document should be used to understand the underlying components to communicate the intention of each systems with stakeholders. This document also serves as a troubleshooting guide to developers tasked with modifying and maintaining availability of the software.

1.4 References

[1] WT documentation, "A hands-on introduction to Wt::Dbo by Matthias," https://www.webtoolkit.eu, 2024. (accessed Oct. 21, 2024) https://www.webtoolkit.eu/wt/doc/tutorial/dbo.html

1.5 Definitions and Acronyms

1.6 Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
enum	enumerated type
MVC	Model-View-Controller Architecture

2 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The Shared Password manager system is an application with the purpose of storing user's password credentials. A user can log into their account and access the logged credentials so the user is not burdened with remembering password credentials. The system requires an admin user to control and manage user groups.

3 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

3.1 Architectural Design

The Shared Password manager system will use a Model-View Controller (MVC) Architecture style as presented in figure 4.1. This Model is responsible for handling the logic upon the data and interacts with the database. The View is responsible displaying. Lastly, the Controller is responsible for only handling request flows from the view and model logical units.

3.2 Decomposition Description

The Model-View Architecture chosen has been broken down into several components as presented in figure 3.2. The View Component of the system is responsible for connecting the User interface to a client request to the model. The Model component of the diagram is responsible for handling the user's request and making the necessary database request to the SQLite database.

3.3 Design Rationale

The Model View Architecture is a commonly used to create web based applications. No other architecture styles were considered due to chosen style has already proven viable for web applications. A design trade off with the chosen architecture, is the model module will handle the user request to the view and model.

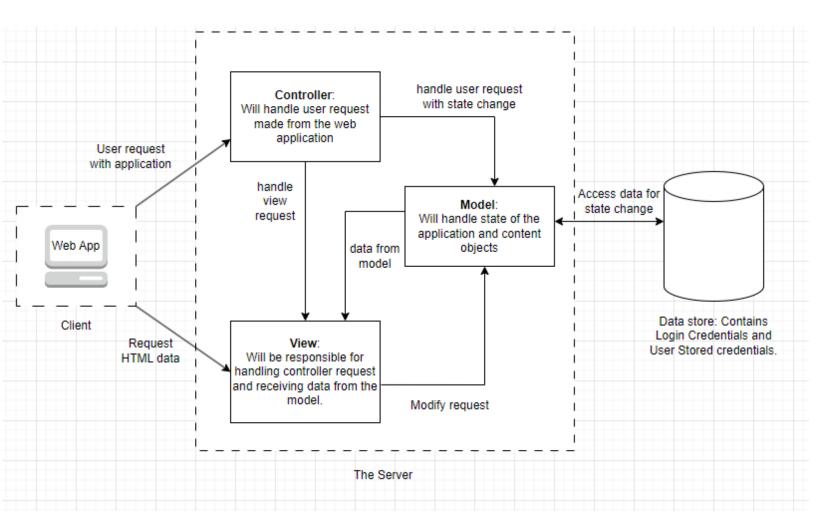


Figure 3.1: MVC Architecture diagram

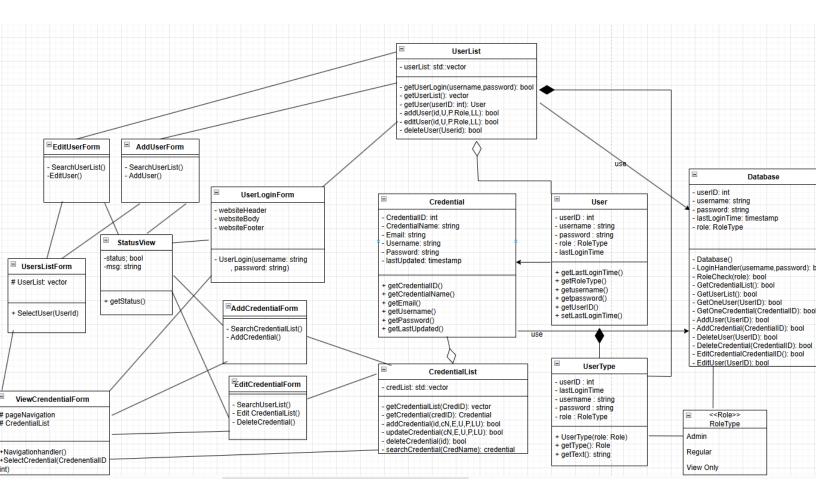


Figure 3.2: Class diagram

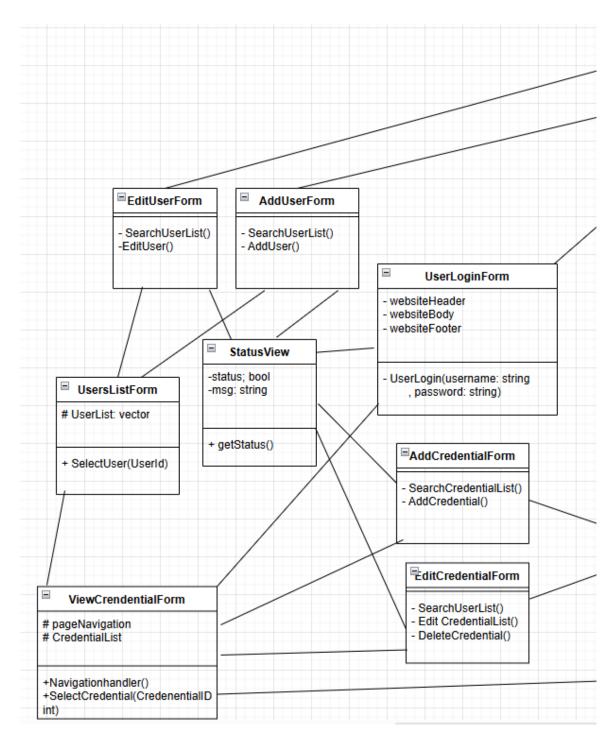


Figure 3.3: View - Class diagram

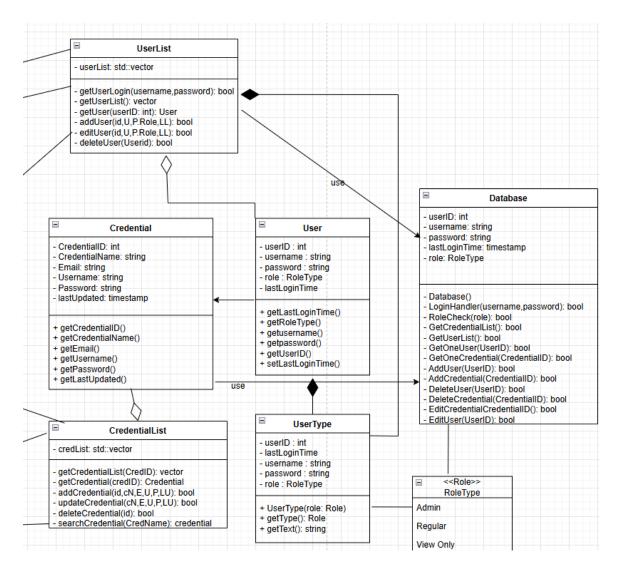


Figure 3.4: Model - Class diagram

4 DATA DESIGN

4.1 Data Description

The data design for the Shared password manager is centered about User Data and User Credential data storage. The Entity-Relation(E/R) diagram 4.1 depicts how the data is stored and logically separated between user types.

4.2 Data Dictionary

Credential:

- -ID
- -name
- -email
- -username
- -password
- -description

User:

- -ID
- -username
- -password
- -last login time

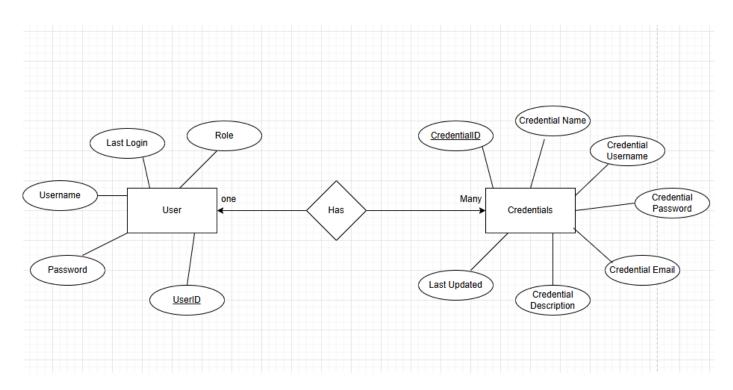


Figure 4.1: E/R diagram

5 COMPONENT DESIGN

The UML classes discussed in this section are depicted in figure 3.2. The View component is shown in figure 3.4. The model and database components are shown in figure 3.4.

5.1 Model

The model is comprised of five classes: User, UserType, UserList, Credential, CredentialList, and Role.

5.1.1 User

The User Class contains information about a selected User made by a currently logged in User. This Class includes functionality for the admin user to make changes and view user with accounts.

5.1.2 UserType

The User Manager is a helper class that will be used by Admins. Methods include adding, editing, deleting, and viewing users. Adding a user will instantiate a User class and store it in the database. Editing a user will retrieve a User from the database, change the desired fields, and store the User. Deleting a user will remove a specified User from the database. Viewing users will request all current Users from the database.

5.1.3 Role

The Role is an enumerated class to specify the type of user: Admin, Regular, or View-Only. This is used as a field in the UserType class.

5.1.4 UserList

The User List will be responsible for retrieving user login information for all three types of users at the login screen. The User List will also contain methods for the admin user to delete, edit, add Users.

5.1.5 Credential

The Credential class contains information about a selected Credential. It contains getters and setters for the User type to view, edit, and add credentials to the database.

5.1.6 CredentialList

The Credential List class contains functionality for users to view, add, edit, and search a credential by name.

5.2 View

The view is handled by a driver that is responsible for handling the different views the view model provides. The View first provides a UserLoginForm which will serve as the default screen for the application.

5.2.1 UserLoginForm

This form should prompt the user for a username and password to enter to access the credential List. It should use the credential List class to fetch authenticate the login from the database. If the login failed the StatusView class should show a status fail, otherwise the credential list should display. See the first screen in figure ??.

5.2.2 ViewCredentialForm

The Credential form shall display the Credential List using the model, see screens figure 6.3 through figure 6.5.

5.2.3 UserListForm

The User List form shall display the User List for the admin user, See figure 6.6.

5.2.4 EditCredentialForm

This form class should display a form to edit a Credential to the database. It should make use of the CredentialList class to access the database.

5.2.5 EditUserForm

This form class should display a form to add a user to the database. It should make use of the UserList class to access the database.

5.2.6 AddUserForm

This form class should display a form to Edit a user to the database. It should make use of the UserList class to access the database.

5.2.7 StatusView

This class outputs a status depending on if an operation was successful or not. This functionality can be used by a class to indicate failure or success.

5.3 Database

The database class shall be responsible for handling queries to the database for the User List and Credential List. It shall also handle the user login queries.

6 HUMAN INTERFACE DESIGN

6.1 Overview of User Interface

A user of the system should expect the system to behave as the use case diagram presents behavior in figure 6.1.

6.2 Screen Designs

An Illustration of the proposed system was constructed using Axure Software. The illustration of the login screen for all classes of users is displayed in Figure 6.2. The illustration of an individual credential screen for the view-only user class is displayed in Figure 6.8. The illustration of an individual credential screen for both the admin and regular user classes is displayed in Figure 6.7. An illustration of the stored credentials list for a view-only user is displayed in Figure 6.4. An illustration of the stored credentials list for a regular user is displayed in Figure 6.3. An illustration of the stored credentials list for a admin user is displayed in Figure 6.5. The illustration of the user management screen to allow an admin user to create, edit, and delete users is displayed in Figure 6.6.

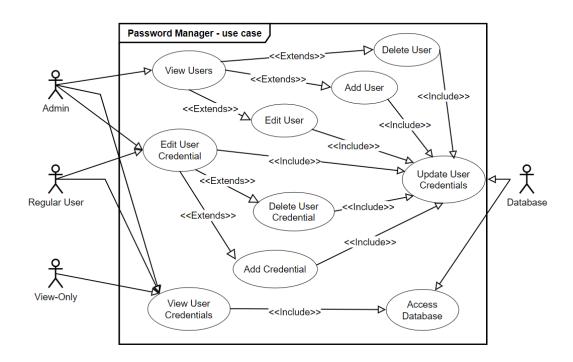


Figure 6.1: User perspective use case diagram.

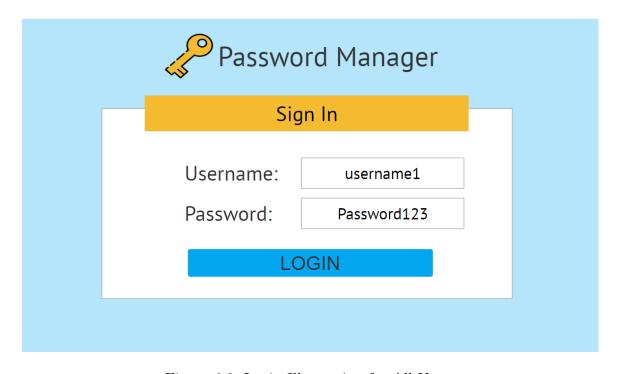


Figure 6.2: Login Illustration for All Users



Figure 6.3: Credentials List Illustration for Regular User Class



Figure 6.4: Credentials List Illustration for View User Class



Figure 6.5: Credentials List Illustration for Admin User Class

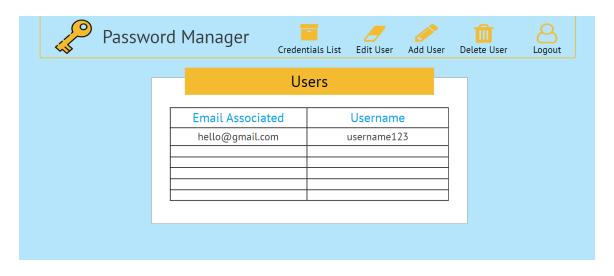


Figure 6.6: User Management Page Illustration for Admin User Class

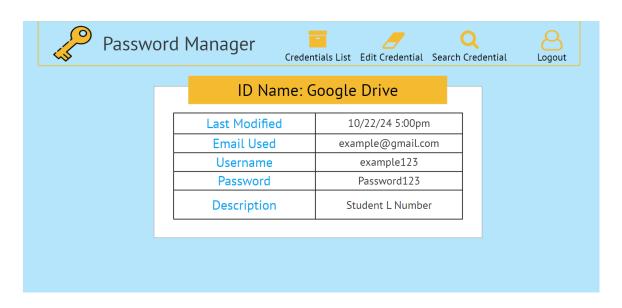


Figure 6.7: Individual Credential Illustration for Regular and Admin User Classes

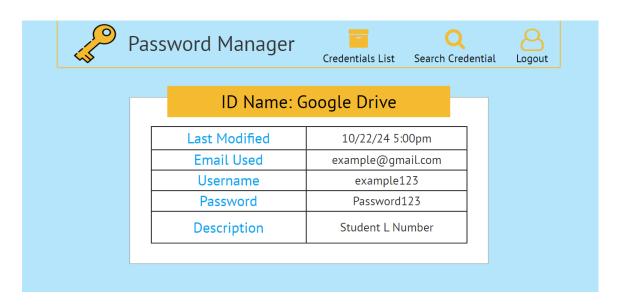


Figure 6.8: Individual Credential Illustration for View User Class

7 REQUIREMENTS MATRIX

Requirement-ID	Requirement Description	Design Component	Test-Case #
Performance Req	_	Hene	
R1.1	The software shall	Cyatom Anabitactura	T1
Λ 1.1		System Architecture	11
	support 10 users		
	while maintaining a		
	maximum response		
	time of 2 seconds.		
R1.2	The software shall	User Interface	T2
	exhibit response		
	times of between 0-2		
	seconds after user		
	input.		
R1.3	Unplanned extended	Server Infrastructure	Т3
	downtime shall not		
	exceed 1 minute each		
	week.		
R1.4	The software shall	Authentication Mod-	T4
	support a minimum	ule	
	of two users alter-		
	ing credentials at the		
	same time.		

Table 7.1: Requirements Traceability Verification Matrix - Performance Requirements

Requirement-ID	Requirement Description	Design Component	Test-Case #
Security Requires	ments		
R3.1	Admin passwords shall not be obtainable by any user but that specific admin.	Encryption Module	Т5
R3.2	Data log access shall only be available to Admin users.	Access Control	Т6
R3.3	All data transfers containing user data shall be encrypted.	Encryption Module	Т7
R3.4	Sessions shall expire after an inactivity of 30 minutes.	Session Manager	T8
R3.5	The software shall enforce password authentication requirements following the NIST Digital Identity Guidelines (SP 800-63B).	Compliance Module	Т9
R3.6	Accounts shall lock after three repeated failed login attempts.	Authentication Module	T10
R3.7	For any database login, a minimum of AES encryption shall be used before authentication.	Database Security	T11
R3.8	The software shall prevent data loss of user credentials by completing daily backups of all files to a secondary location.	Backup System	T12
R3.9	All interactions with the database shall access the database with the least privi- lege possible for the least amount of time.	Database Access Control	T13

Table 7.2: Requirements Traceability Verification Matrix - Security Requirements

Requirement-ID	_	Design Compo-	Test-Case #				
	scription	nent					
Software Quality Attributes							
R4.1	The software shall	Modular Design	T14				
	be divided into a						
	minimum of 2 com-						
	ponents that can be						
	modified individu-						
	ally.						
R4.2	Components shall al-	Modular Design	T15				
	low the ability to up-						
	date without affect-						
	ing other parts of the						
	system.						
R4.3	Software shall be ac-	Documentation	T16				
	companied by docu-						
	mentation.						
R4.4	The software shall	Security Framework	T17				
	protect against						
	unauthorized access						
	and data breaches.						

Table 7.3: Requirements Traceability Verification Matrix - Software Quality Attributes