Homework Sheet 3

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Exercise 3

We can do something similar to LsdRadix sort we saw in the lecture.

Pseduocode:

```
function SortGridPoints(A[1..n]) {
    redefine key(point) := point.y
    CountingSort(A)

    redefine key(point) := point.x
    CountingSort(A)
}
```

Correctness:

- The first CountingSort sorts the points by their y coordinates.
- The second CountingSort sorts the points by their x coordinates, but since CountingSort is stable, the order of points with the same x coordinate is preserved.
- Therefore after both sorts the points are sorted lexicographically by (x, y).
- Thats also what we did in the lecture for LSDRadixSort we started from the least significant digit to the most significant digit. The same idea applies here.

Running Time Analysis:

- Each CountingSort runs in time O(n + k) where k is the range of the keys.
- Here the keys are the x and y coordinates of the points.
- Since the points are connected, the range of x coordinates is at most n and the range of y coordinates is also at most n.
- Therefore each CountingSort runs in time O(n + n) = O(n).
- Since we perform two CountingSorts, the total running time is O(n) + O(n) = O(n).