

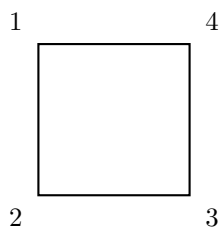
# Mathematics Homework Sheet 1

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## Problem 1

Symmetry group  $S$  will consist of rotations and reflections.

- Rotations:  $R_{90}, R_{180}, R_{270}$
- Reflections:  $T_x, T_y, T_d, T_{d'}$
- Identity:  $I$



$R_i$  rotates  $i$  degrees clockwise.

$T_x$  reflects over the x-axis,  $T_y$  reflects over the y-axis,  $T_d$  reflects diagonally, and  $T_{d'}$  reflects over the other diagonal.

When we take a look at  $S_4$ ,  $S_4$  has  $4! = 24$  elements.

Our group  $S$  has 8 elements.

Lets start with identity  $I$ .

- $()$

Rotations:

- $R_{90} = (1, 2, 3, 4)$
- $R_{180} = (1, 3)(2, 4)$
- $R_{270} = (1, 4, 3, 2)$

Reflections:

- $T_x = (1, 2)(3, 4)$
- $T_y = (1, 4)(2, 3)$
- $T_d = (1, 3)$
- $T_{d'} = (2, 4)$

So, when combined,  $S$  can be identified with this subset of  $S_4$ :

$$\{(), (1, 2, 3, 4), (1, 3)(2, 4), (1, 4, 3, 2), (1, 2)(3, 4), (1, 4)(2, 3), (1, 3), (2, 4)\}$$

## Problem 2

### Problem 2(i)

$$f_{a,b}(x) = ax + b$$

$$(G, \diamond) = \{f_{a,b} : a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}, b \in \mathbb{R}\}, f_{a,b} \diamond f_{c,d} = f_{ac, ad+b}$$

We want to show  $(G, \diamond)$  is a group. To do that, we need to show that  $(G, \diamond)$  satisfies the properties of group.

Associativity:

$$f_{a,b} \diamond (f_{c,d} \diamond f_{e,f}) = f_{a,b} \diamond f_{ce, cf+d} = f_{ace, acf+ad+b}$$

$$(f_{a,b} \diamond f_{c,d}) \diamond f_{e,f} = f_{ac, ad+b} \diamond f_{e,f} = f_{ace, acf+ad+b}$$

Thus  $f_{a,b} \diamond (f_{c,d} \diamond f_{e,f}) = (f_{a,b} \diamond f_{c,d}) \diamond f_{e,f}$ .

Existence of a neutral element:

$$f_{1,0} \diamond f_{a,b} = f_{1,0} \diamond f_{a,b} = f_{a,b}$$

$f_{1,0}$  is the neutral element.

Existence of inverses:

$$f_{a,b} \diamond f_{1/a, -b/a} = f_{a*(1/a), (-ab/a)+b} = f_{1,0}$$

Thus,  $f_{1/a, -b/a}$  is the inverse of  $f_{a,b}$ .

Therefore,  $(G, \diamond)$  is a group.

### Problem 2(ii)

$$H = \{f_{1,b} : b \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

We want to show  $(H, \diamond)$  is a subgroup of  $(G, \diamond)$  which is isomorphic to  $(\mathbb{R}, +)$ .

We need to show identity element of  $(G, \diamond)$  is in  $H$ :

$$f_{1,0} \in H$$

We need to show  $H$  is closed under  $\diamond$  that is  $x_1, x_2 \in H \implies x_1 \diamond x_2 \in H$ :

$$f_{1,b_1} \diamond f_{1,b_2} = f_{1, b_1+b_2}$$

Thus,  $f_{1,b_1} \diamond f_{1,b_2} \in H$ .

We need to show  $H$  is closed under inverses that is  $x \in H \implies x^{-1} \in H$ :

$$f_{1,b} \diamond f_{1,-b} = f_{1,0}$$

Thus,  $f_{1,-b} \in H$ .

### Problem 3

We are given  $(X, \cdot)$  is a group. We are also given that

- (i)  $e \in X$  satisfies  $e.x = x$  for all  $x \in X$
- (ii) for each  $x \in X$ , there exists  $x^{-1} \in X$  such that  $x^{-1}.x = e$

We want to show  $x.e = x$  and  $x.x^{-1} = e$  for all  $x \in X$