## Homework Sheet 3

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## Task 4

The idea is we are going to define a set  $S_i$  for each i from 0 to n where  $S_i$  contains all the states that can be reached after reading the first i characters of the input string x. For example  $S_0$  would only contain the starting state (assuming there are no epslion transitions). We can construct these sets iteratively as follows:

- Initialize  $S_0$  to contain only the start state of the NFA M and the states with epsilon transitions if exists any.
- For each i from 1 to n:
  - Initialize  $S_i$  to be an empty set.
  - For each state p in  $S_{i-1}$ :
    - \* Determine the set of all states q such that there is a transition from p to q labeled with the character  $x_i$ .
    - \* Add all such states q to  $S_i$ .

At the end we would check if any of the states in  $S_n$  is an accepting state. If yes then the NFA accepts the input string x otherwise it doesnt accept it.

**Running Time:** We iterate over each character. So our algorithm runs in linear time with respect to n.

And in the inner loop we iterate over states (linear in time with respect to s) in the current set and then we decide if there is an arc between two states which is linear with respect to s (this is given in the problem). So the overall time complexity of the algorithm is  $O(n \cdot s^2)$ .