Giant Planet Atmospheres Do Not Have Stellar Composition

1. Processes that matter

- 0. Main carriers of CNOH as a function of time
- 1. Which snow lines and where are they
 - Assume nitrogen is mainly in N_2 and NH_3 ; assume hydrocarbons are primarily $CH_4 \rightarrow three$ cases:
 - (a) all nitrogen is N₂ and no CH₄
 - (b) 10% of nitrogen is NH_3 and no CH_4
 - (c) all nitrogen is N_2 and 5% of carbon is in CH_4
 - binding energy for $N_2 = 790 \pm 25$ K (Öberg et al. 2005)
 - N_2 abundance: look in Pontoppidan et al. (2003), papers cited in Bisschop et al. (2006)
 - NH₃ abundance: Lahuis & van Dishoeck (2000), Boogert et al. (2008), Dodson-Robinson et al. (2009)
 - make C/O and N/O ratio plots similar to Figure 1 in Öberg et al. (2011)
- 2. Snow line evolution with time
 - consider evolution both in terms of disk temperature and chemical composition
 - Garaud & Lin (2007), also papers by Scott Kenyon
- 3. Shape of snow line
 - include "cold finger effect", e.g. Stevenson & Lunine (1988), Cuzzi & Zahnle (2004), Ciesla & Cuzzi (2006)
 - Stevenson & Lunine (1988) derive an approximate cold finger solution for the size of the area where the surface density of water ice is enhanced near the orbit of Jupiter
- 4. Planetesimal build-up including drift
 - calculate drift rate as a function of the size of the planetesimal and compare to the evaporation rate; follow Weidenschilling (1977), Chiang & Youdin (2010) (which has all the correct coefficients) for the drift calculation

- also calculate desorption timescale and the distance traveled by the planetesimal as a function of radius (e.g., for the H₂O and CO snowlines)
- 5. Core accretion including migration
 - can derive analytic formula similar to equation (2) from Öberg et al. (2011) that takes into account different C/O ratio between different snow lines
 - discuss both Type I and Type II migration
- 6. Runaway atmospheric accretion
- 7. Late stage accretion
- 8. Core dredging
 - refs in Lodders (2009); also Stevenson (1985), Guillot et al. (2004)

Other things to consider:

- Potential planet formation locations
- Monte Carlo simulation including the processes that we find are relevant

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