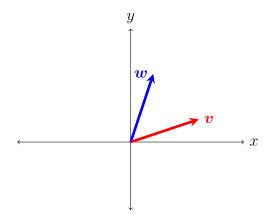
## SIT787: Mathematics for AI Practical Week 3

## Asef Nazari

- 1. For  $\boldsymbol{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , describe all points  $c\boldsymbol{v}$  with
  - $c \in \mathbb{I}$  an integer number
  - nonnegative real number  $c \ge 0$
- 2. Find scalars c and d so that the linear combination  $c\mathbf{v} + d\mathbf{w}$  equals  $\mathbf{b}$ :

$$\boldsymbol{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
  $\boldsymbol{w} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$   $\boldsymbol{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 

- 3. draw all combinations of  $c\mathbf{v} + d\mathbf{w}$ 
  - Restricted by  $c \ge 0$  and  $d \ge 0$
  - Restricted by  $0 \le c \le 1$  and  $0 \le d \le 1$



4. For the vectors

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
  $w = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

- ullet Test the Schwarz inequality:  $|oldsymbol{v}\cdotoldsymbol{w}| \leq ||oldsymbol{v}|||oldsymbol{w}||$
- $\bullet$  Test the Triangle inequality:  $||{\boldsymbol v} + {\boldsymbol w}|| \leq ||{\boldsymbol v}|| + ||{\boldsymbol w}||$
- Find the cosine of angle between them:  $\cos \theta = \frac{v \cdot w}{||v||||w||}$
- Knowing that for every angle  $\theta$ ,  $|\cos \theta| \le 1$ , can you show the Schwarz inequality?
- 5. Describe the vector space spanned by these three vectors and state a subspace of this vector space.

$$m{v} = egin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad m{w} = egin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad m{u} = egin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

1

6. Show that

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- $\bullet$  are linearly independent, hence, form a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3.$
- Are the vectors mutually orthogonal?
- Use Gram-Schmidt process and orthognalise them.