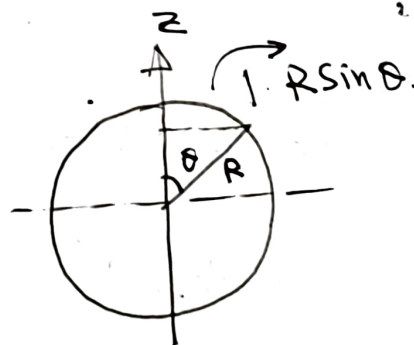
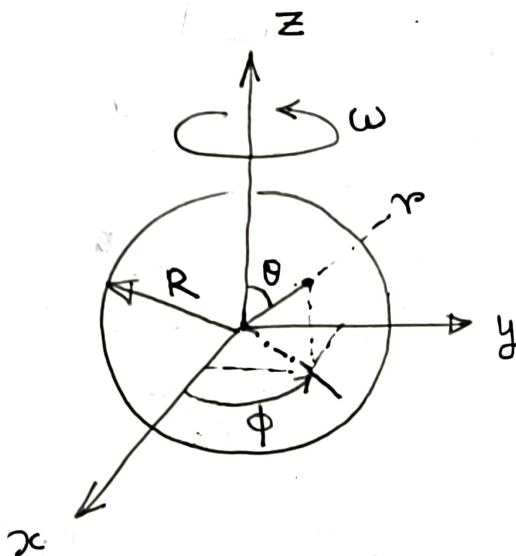


1. (a)



①

(b) $v_r = 0$; $v_\theta = 0$; Creeping flow:

$$v_\phi = f(r) \sin \theta$$

B.c: @ $r = R$: $v_r = 0$; $v_\theta = 0$; $v_\phi = R\omega \sin \theta$

@ $r = \infty$: $v_r = 0$, $v_\theta = 0$, $v_\phi = 0$.

(c) ϕ Component:

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi \sin \theta}{\partial \theta} \right) = 0$$

(Analysis of other components together with the information $v_r = v_\theta = 0$ yields ϕ to be constant).
[Must be shown]

(d) Assume $f(r) = r^n$ & substitute:

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left\{ r^2 \cdot n r^{n-1} \right\} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (r^n \sin^2 \theta) \right) = 0$$

$$\text{or } \frac{n(n+1)}{r^2} r^n + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{r^n}{\sin \theta} 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right) = 0$$

$$\text{or } \frac{n(n+1) r^{n-2}}{\sin \theta} - \frac{2 r^n}{r^2} \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\text{or } n(n+1) - 2 = 0 \quad \text{or } n = 1, -2$$

$$\therefore f = c_1 r + c_2 / r^2$$

Using B.C:

(2)

$$v_{\phi} = \left(C_1 r + \frac{C_2}{r^2} \right) \sin \theta$$

$$@ r \rightarrow \infty \quad v_{\phi} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0$$

$$\therefore v_{\phi} = \frac{C_2 \sin \theta}{r^2}$$

$$@ r \rightarrow R \quad v_{\phi} = R \omega \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{C_2 \sin \theta}{R^2} = R \omega \sin \theta$$

$$\therefore C_2 = R^3 \omega \quad \therefore v_{\phi} = \frac{R^3 \omega \sin \theta}{r^2}$$
$$= \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^2 (r \omega \sin \theta)$$

2. This is the same creeping flow problem considered in class. Hence this is a 2D problem with v_r & v_θ . Inertial part of the N.S. eqn is set to zero since this is a creeping flow. Also, there is ϕ symmetry. Hence, using N.S. eqns:

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial r} - \rho g_r = \mu \left[\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (r^2 v_r) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right) \right] \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} - \rho g_\theta = \mu \left[\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (v_\theta \sin \theta) \right) + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right] \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

(a) Using the given expressions for v_r & v_θ :

$$(i) \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} \right) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$$

$$(ii) \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (r^2 v_r) = \frac{v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(2 + \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$(iii) \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} = - \frac{2 v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \left[1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right]$$

$$(iv) \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right) = - \frac{2 v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left[1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right]$$

$$(v) \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (v_\theta \sin \theta) \right) = \frac{2 v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

Substituting in (1):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} - \rho g_r &= \mu \frac{v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left[2 + \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 - 2 + 3 \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right] \\ &= \frac{3 \mu v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right). \quad \text{--- (3)} \end{aligned}$$

Substituting in (2)

(2)

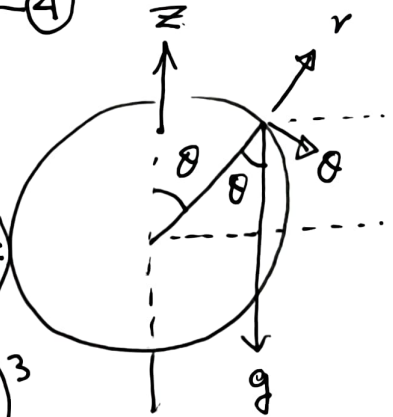
$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} - p g_{\theta} = \mu \frac{v_{\infty} \sin \theta}{r^2} \left[\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 + 2 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 - 2 + 3 \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \mu \frac{v_{\infty} \sin \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) \quad (4)$$

(b) From 3:

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial r} - p (-g \cos \theta) = 3 \mu \frac{v_{\infty} \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + p g \cos \theta = 3 \mu \frac{v_{\infty} \cos \theta}{R^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$$



$$\begin{aligned} g_{\theta} &= g \sin \theta \\ g_r &= -g \cos \theta \end{aligned}$$

Define

$$\mathcal{P} = p + p g r \cos \theta \quad (5)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + p g \cos \theta$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial r} = 3 \left(\frac{\mu v_{\infty}}{R^2} \right) \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \cos \theta}$$

From 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \theta} &= \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} - p g r \sin \theta = \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} - p g_{\theta} \cdot r \\ &= r \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} - p g_{\theta} \right) \end{aligned}$$

From 4

$$= r \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \mu \frac{v_{\infty} \sin \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) \right\}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \theta} = \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\mu v_{\infty}}{R} \right) \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^2 \sin \theta}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} \right)$$

$$v_\theta = -v_\infty \sin \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} = -v_\infty \sin \theta \left(-\frac{3}{4} R \cdot \frac{(-1)}{r^2} - \frac{1}{4} R^3 \frac{(-3)}{r^4} \right)$$

$$r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} = -v_\infty \sin \theta \left(\frac{3}{4} \frac{R}{r^2} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{R^3}{r^4} \right) r^2$$

$$= -\frac{3}{4} v_\infty \sin \theta \left(R + \frac{R^3}{r^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} \right) = -\frac{3}{4} v_\infty \sin \theta \left(R^3 \cdot \frac{(-2)}{r^3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} v_\infty \sin \theta \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} \right) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \cdot \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (r^2 v_r) \quad v_r = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$r^2 v_r = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(r^2 - \frac{3}{2} R r + \frac{1}{2} \frac{R^3}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} () = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(2r - \frac{3}{2} R + \frac{R^3}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{r^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} () = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(2 - \frac{R^3}{2} \frac{(-2)}{r^3} \right)$$

$$= v_\infty \cos \theta \left(2 + \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (r^2 v_r) = \frac{v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(2 + \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta}$$

$$= \frac{2}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left[v_\infty \cos \theta \cdot f(r) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2 v_\infty f(r)}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \cos \theta$$

$$= - \frac{2 v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} f(r)$$

$$= - \frac{2 v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \left[1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right) \quad v_r = v_\infty \cos \theta \underbrace{\left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)}_{f(r)}$$

$$\frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} = -v_\infty \sin \theta f(r)$$

$$\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} = -v_\infty \sin^2 \theta f(r)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right) = -v_\infty 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta f(r)$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right) = - \frac{2 v_\infty \cos \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)}{r^2}$$

(3)

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (v_\theta \sin \theta) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (-v_\infty \sin^2 \theta f(r)) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} (-v_\infty f(r)) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \sin^2 \theta \right)$$

$$= \frac{-v_\infty f(r)}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\cancel{\sin \theta}} \cdot \cancel{2 \sin \theta} \cos \theta \right)$$

$$= \frac{-2v_\infty f(r)}{r^2} \cdot (-\sin \theta)$$

$$= \frac{2v_\infty \sin \theta}{r^2} \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 v_r}{\partial \phi^2} = 0$$

\therefore Add: $\frac{2v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} + \frac{v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$

$$- \frac{2v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} + \frac{3v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right) - \frac{v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)^3$$

$$= \frac{3v_\infty \cos \theta}{r^2} \cdot \left(\frac{R}{r} \right)$$