Simplify. Show the work that leads to your answer.

1.
$$\frac{x-4}{x^2-3x-4}$$

2.
$$\frac{x^3-8}{x-2}$$

$$3. \qquad \frac{5-x}{x^2-25}$$

4.
$$\frac{x^2 - 4x - 32}{x^2 - 16}$$

II. Complete the following identities.

1.
$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x =$$

2. 1 +
$$tan^2x =$$

3.
$$\cot^2 x + 1 =$$

III. Simplify each expression.

$$1. \ \frac{1}{x+h} - \frac{1}{x}$$

2.
$$\frac{\frac{2}{x^2}}{\frac{10}{x^5}}$$

3.
$$\frac{\frac{1}{3+x} - \frac{1}{3}}{x}$$

4.
$$\frac{2x}{x^2-6x+9} - \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{8}{x^2-2x-3}$$

IV. Solve for z:

1.
$$4x + 10yz = 0$$

2.
$$y^2 + 3yz - 8z - 4x = 0$$

V. If
$$f(x) = \{(3,5), (2,4), (1,7)\}$$
 $g(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$

$$h(x) = \{(3,2), (4,3), (1,6)\}$$
 $k(x) = x^2 + 5$

$$(x) = x^{-} + 5$$

2.
$$(k-g)(5) =$$

1. (f + h)(1) = _____

7.
$$\frac{1}{f(x)} =$$

VI. Miscellaneous: Follow the directions for each problem.

1. Evaluate
$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$$
 and simplify if $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$.

- 2. Expand $(x + y)^3$
- 3. Simplify: $x^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+x^{\frac{5}{2}}-x^2)$
- * 4. Eliminate the parameter and write a rectangular equation for $x = t^2 + 3$

VII. Expand and simplify

* 1.
$$\sum_{n=0}^{4} \frac{n^2}{2}$$

VIII. Simplify

1.
$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

2.
$$e^{\ln 3}$$

3.
$$e^{(1+\ln x)}$$

5.
$$\ln e^7$$
 6. $\log_3(1/3)$

7.
$$\log_{1/2} 8$$
 8. $\ln \frac{1}{2}$

9.
$$e^{3\ln x}$$

$$10. \frac{4xy^{-2}}{12x^{-\frac{1}{3}}y^{-5}}$$

12.
$$(5a^{2/3})(4a^{3/2})$$

13.
$$(4a^{5/3})^{3/2}$$
 * 14. $\frac{3(n+1)!}{5n!}$

* 14.
$$\frac{3(n+1)}{5n!}$$

IX. Using the point-slope form
$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$
, write an equation for the line

* X. Given the vectors
$$\mathbf{v} = -2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$$
 and $\mathbf{w} = 3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$, determine

1.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
v

XI. Without a calculator, determine the exact value of each expression.

2.
$$\sin \frac{\pi}{2}$$

2.
$$\sin \frac{\pi}{2}$$
 _____ 3. $\sin \frac{3\pi}{4}$ _____

5.
$$\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

4.
$$\cos \pi$$
 _____ 5. $\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}$ _____ 6. $\cos \frac{\pi}{3}$ _____

7.
$$\tan \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

8. tan
$$\frac{\pi}{6}$$

7.
$$\tan \frac{7\pi}{4}$$
 _____ 8. $\tan \frac{\pi}{6}$ _____ 9. $\tan \frac{2\pi}{3}$ _____

10.
$$\cos(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{2})$$

10.
$$\cos(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{2})$$
 _____ 11. $\sin^{-1}(\sin\frac{7\pi}{6})$ _____

XII. For each function, determine its domain and range.

1.
$$y = \sqrt{x-4}$$

2.
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4}$$

3.
$$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

4.
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$$

XIII. Determine all points of intersection.

1. parabola
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 4$$
 and line $y = 5x + 11$

1. parabola
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 4$$
 and $y = \sin x$ in the line $y = 5x + 11$ 2. $y = \cos x$ and $y = \sin x$ in the first quadrant

XIV. Solve for x, where x is a real number. Show the work that leads to your solution.

1.
$$x^2 + 3x - 4 = 14$$

$$2. \ \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^3} = 0$$

3.
$$(x-5)^2 = 9$$

4.
$$2x^2 + 5x = 8$$

Solve for x, where x is a real number. Show the work that leads to your solution.

5.
$$(x + 3)(x - 3) > 0$$

6.
$$x^2 - 2x - 15 \le 0$$

7.
$$12x^2 = 3x$$

8.
$$\sin 2x = \sin x$$
, $0 \le x \le 2\pi$

* 9.
$$|x-3| < 7$$

10.
$$(x + 1)^2(x - 2) + (x + 1)(x - 2)^2 = 0$$

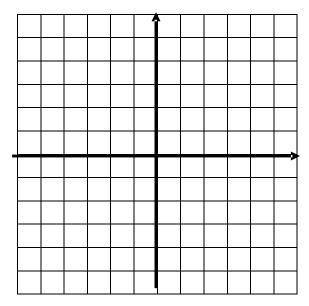
11.
$$27^{2x} = 9^{x-3}$$

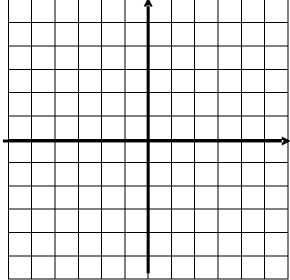
12.
$$\log x + \log(x - 3) = 1$$

XV. Graph each function. Give its domain and range.

1.
$$y = \sin x$$







Domain_____

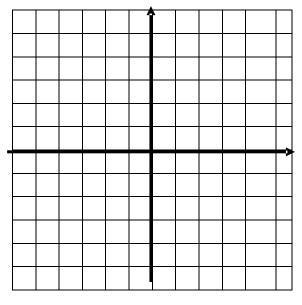
Domain_____

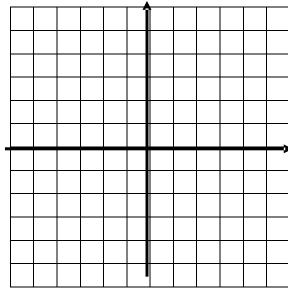
Range _____

Range _____

3.
$$y = \sqrt{x}$$

4. y =
$$\sqrt[3]{x}$$





Domain_____

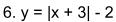
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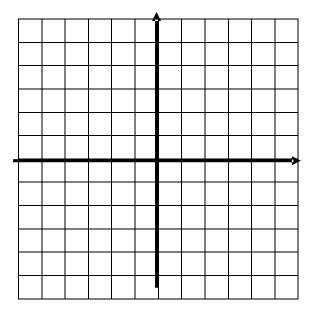
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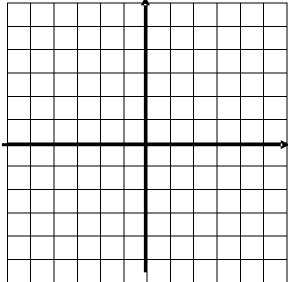
Range _____

Graph each function. Give its domain and range.

5.
$$y = \ln x$$







Domain_____

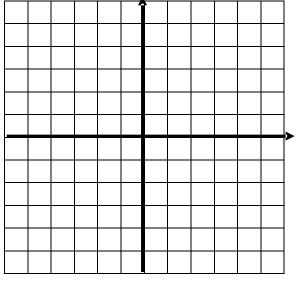
Domain____

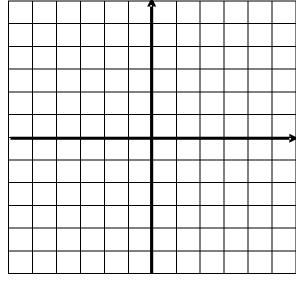
Range _____

Range _____

$$7. y = \frac{1}{x}$$

8.
$$y = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x + 2 & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 3 \\ 4 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$





Domain_____

Domain_____

Range _____

Range _____

| graph (e.g. radi etc.) | , by name, each polar graph. Give at least one characteristic of each ius, location, length of petal, point (other than the pole) on the graph, |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1. r = 2 | |
| 2. r = 3sec θ | |
| $3. r = 1 + \sin \theta$ | |
| 4. r = 2cos 3θ | |
| | |
| | ns ! You have finished the calculus summer packet. Please use the you would like to make some comments to your calculus teacher packet. |
| space below if | you would like to make some comments to your calculus teacher |
| space below if | you would like to make some comments to your calculus teacher |

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