

Name: _____

SHOW YOUR WORK FOR CREDIT! **No Calculators**

1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} -x^2 + 4x$

- a) 0 b) 12 c) 4 d) -12 e) None of these

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{5x+10}}{x-3}$

- a) indeterminate b) does not exist c) 25 d) 1 e) None of these

3) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\tan x}$

4) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} 1 + \frac{1}{x}$

- a) 1 b) $-\infty$ does not exist c) ∞ does not exist d) 1 e) None of these

5) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sin \pi x$

- 6) True or False: If f is undefined at $x = c$, then the limit of $f(x)$ as x approaches c does not exist.

- 7) True or False: If the $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = L$ then $f(c) = L$.

8) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$ when $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3x + 6 & \text{when } x < 2 \\ -x^2 + 3x + 2 & \text{when } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$

9) Find a c such that $f(x)$ is continuous on the entire real line.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{when } x \leq 4 \\ \frac{c}{x} & \text{when } x > 4 \end{cases}$$

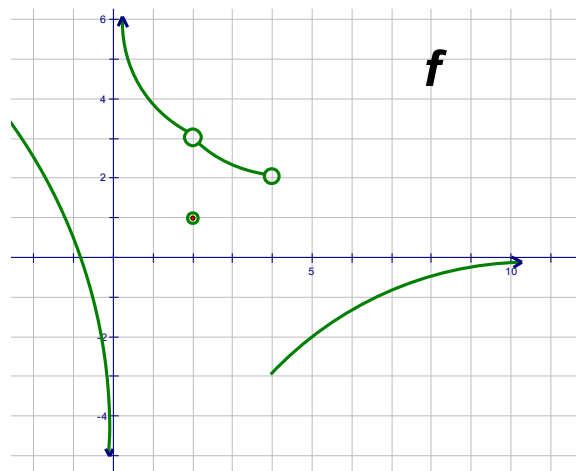
Use the graph at the right to answer questions 10 – 13.

10) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$

11) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} f(x) =$

12) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} f(x) =$

13) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$



14) Find the x-values (if any) at which f is discontinuous. Label as removable or non-removable.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x+6}{2x^2-18}$$

- a) $x = 3$ only....Non-removable
- b) $x = -3$ only....Non-removable
- c) $x = 3$ and $x = -3$...Both non-removable
- d) $x = -3$...Removable, $x = 3$...Non-removable
- e) There are no discontinuities

15) Determine all of the vertical asymptotes of $f(x)$:

$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x^2-4}$$

- a) V.A at $x = 2$ only
- b) V.A. at $x = -2$ only
- c) V.A. at $x = -2$ and $x = 2$
- d) No V.A's
- e) None of these

16) AP TEST QUESTION: If $a \neq 0$, then $\lim_{x \rightarrow -a} \frac{x^2 - a^2}{x^4 - a^4}$ is:

a) $\frac{1}{6a^2}$

b) 0

c) $\frac{1}{a^2}$

d) $\frac{1}{2a^2}$

e) Does not exist

17) AP TEST QUESTION: If the function f is continuous on the closed interval $[0, 2]$ and has values that are given in the table below, then the equation $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}$ must have at least TWO solutions in the interval $[0, 2]$ if $k = ?$ Hint! Draw a picture!

x	0	1	2
f(x)	1	k	2

a) 0

b) $\frac{1}{2}$

c) 1

d) 2

e) 3

18) AP TEST QUESTION: The graph of the function f is shown to the right.

Which of the following statements is false?

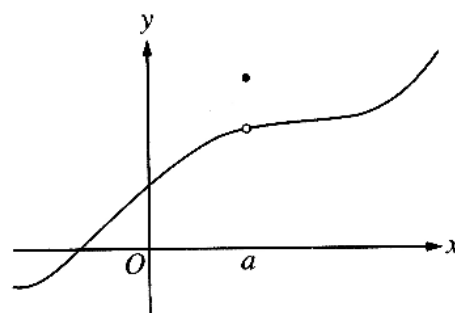
a) $x = a$ is in the domain of f .

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)$ is equal to $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x)$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ exists

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ is not equal to $f(a)$

e) f is continuous at $x = a$



AP Calculus AB

Name:

Chapter One Test

Period:

SHOW YOUR WORK FOR CREDIT! Calculators are okay!

- 1) Mr. Cook drops his calculus book off of the top of a 220-meter building.
- Write a position function.
 - When will the book hit the ground? (Round to three decimal places)
 - Using the velocity function below, find the velocity of the book when $t = 2$.

Velocity function: $\lim_{t \rightarrow a} \frac{s(a) - s(t)}{a - t}$

- 2) Approximate the limit *numerically* by completing the table:

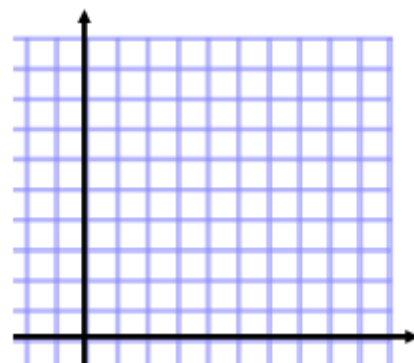
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2}{x-2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

x	1.9	1.99	1.999	2	2.001	2.01	2.1
f(x)							

- 3) Find a function $f(x)$ such that $f(x)$ has a gap at $x = 7$ and a vertical asymptote at $x = -4$.

- 4) On the graph to the right, draw a function that has the following properties:

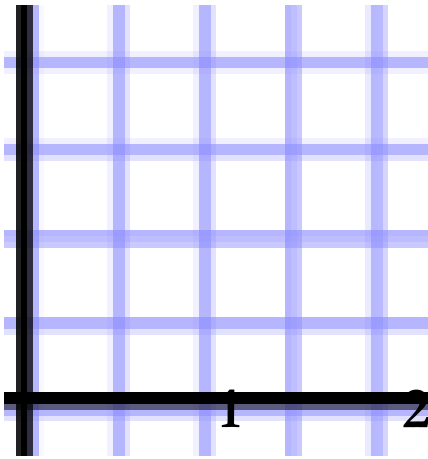
- A step (or jump) discontinuity at $x = 5$
- $f(5) = 6$.



- 5) Find the limit: $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - 2(x + \Delta x) + 1 - (x^2 - 2x + 1)}{\Delta x}$

6) Find the limit: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos \frac{1}{x}$

- 7) On the graph below, draw the function $y = 4 - x^2$ in the first quadrant. Then draw four *circumscribed* rectangles of equal width. Use these four rectangles to approximate the area of the region bounded by the function, the x-axis, and the y-axis.



- 8) Create a function such that the $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5}$ does not exist because it is approaching $+\infty$ from both the left and the right. Show both the function and the graph.