

AP[®] Calculus BC 2010 Free-Response Questions Form B

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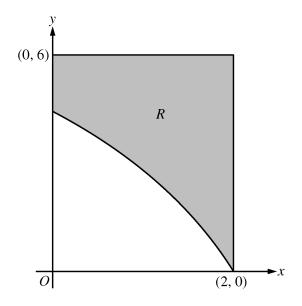
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CALCULUS BC SECTION II, Part A

Time—45 minutes
Number of problems—3

A graphing calculator is required for some problems or parts of problems.



- 1. In the figure above, R is the shaded region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of $y = 4\ln(3 x)$, the horizontal line y = 6, and the vertical line x = 2.
 - (a) Find the area of R.
 - (b) Find the volume of the solid generated when R is revolved about the horizontal line y = 8.
 - (c) The region *R* is the base of a solid. For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the *x*-axis is a square. Find the volume of the solid.

WRITE ALL WORK IN THE EXAM BOOKLET.

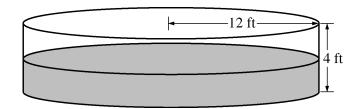
2. The velocity vector of a particle moving in the xy-plane has components given by

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 14\cos(t^2)\sin(e^t) \text{ and } \frac{dy}{dt} = 1 + 2\sin(t^2), \text{ for } 0 \le t \le 1.5.$$

At time t = 0, the position of the particle is (-2, 3).

- (a) For 0 < t < 1.5, find all values of t at which the line tangent to the path of the particle is vertical.
- (b) Write an equation for the line tangent to the path of the particle at t = 1.
- (c) Find the speed of the particle at t = 1.
- (d) Find the acceleration vector of the particle at t = 1.

t	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
P(t)	0	46	53	57	60	62	63



- 3. The figure above shows an aboveground swimming pool in the shape of a cylinder with a radius of 12 feet and a height of 4 feet. The pool contains 1000 cubic feet of water at time t = 0. During the time interval $0 \le t \le 12$ hours, water is pumped into the pool at the rate P(t) cubic feet per hour. The table above gives values of P(t) for selected values of t. During the same time interval, water is leaking from the pool at the rate P(t) cubic feet per hour, where $P(t) = 25e^{-0.05t}$. (Note: The volume t of a cylinder with radius t and height t is given by t is given by t in the pool t in the pool t in the pool t is given by t in the pool t in
 - (a) Use a midpoint Riemann sum with three subintervals of equal length to approximate the total amount of water that was pumped into the pool during the time interval $0 \le t \le 12$ hours. Show the computations that lead to your answer.
 - (b) Calculate the total amount of water that leaked out of the pool during the time interval $0 \le t \le 12$ hours.
 - (c) Use the results from parts (a) and (b) to approximate the volume of water in the pool at time t = 12 hours. Round your answer to the nearest cubic foot.
 - (d) Find the rate at which the volume of water in the pool is increasing at time t = 8 hours. How fast is the water level in the pool rising at t = 8 hours? Indicate units of measure in both answers.

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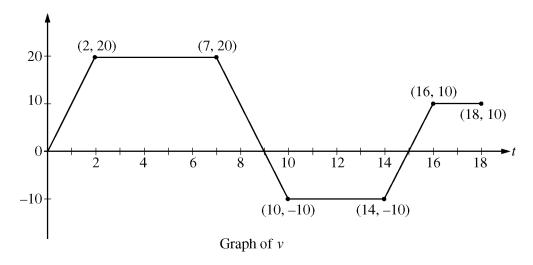
END OF PART A OF SECTION II

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CALCULUS BC SECTION II, Part B

Time—45 minutes
Number of problems—3

No calculator is allowed for these problems.



- 4. A squirrel starts at building A at time t = 0 and travels along a straight, horizontal wire connected to building B. For $0 \le t \le 18$, the squirrel's velocity is modeled by the piecewise-linear function defined by the graph above.
 - (a) At what times in the interval 0 < t < 18, if any, does the squirrel change direction? Give a reason for your answer.
 - (b) At what time in the interval $0 \le t \le 18$ is the squirrel farthest from building A? How far from building A is the squirrel at that time?
 - (c) Find the total distance the squirrel travels during the time interval $0 \le t \le 18$.
 - (d) Write expressions for the squirrel's acceleration a(t), velocity v(t), and distance x(t) from building A that are valid for the time interval 7 < t < 10.

WRITE ALL WORK IN THE EXAM BOOKLET.

- 5. Let f and g be the functions defined by $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{4x}{1+4x^2}$, for all x > 0.
 - (a) Find the absolute maximum value of g on the open interval $(0, \infty)$ if the maximum exists. Find the absolute minimum value of g on the open interval $(0, \infty)$ if the minimum exists. Justify your answers.
 - (b) Find the area of the unbounded region in the first quadrant to the right of the vertical line x = 1, below the graph of f, and above the graph of g.
- 6. The Maclaurin series for the function f is given by $f(x) = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2x)^n}{n-1}$ on its interval of convergence.
 - (a) Find the interval of convergence for the Maclaurin series of f. Justify your answer.
 - (b) Show that y = f(x) is a solution to the differential equation $xy' y = \frac{4x^2}{1 + 2x}$ for |x| < R, where R is the radius of convergence from part (a).

WRITE ALL WORK IN THE EXAM BOOKLET.

END OF EXAM