

CA#1 Requirements & Marking Scheme

Overview.

A Java Swing application that can display, move, and rotate filled and outlined shapes. Implementation will involve the concepts of Inheritance, Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces.

Notes:

Java Swing Requirements can be satisfied using a JFrame containing a JPanel1, with a MouseAdapter listener that handles mousePressed events (and overriding the paintComponent() method for Shape and String drawing). There are no requirements for additional UI elements such as JButtons.

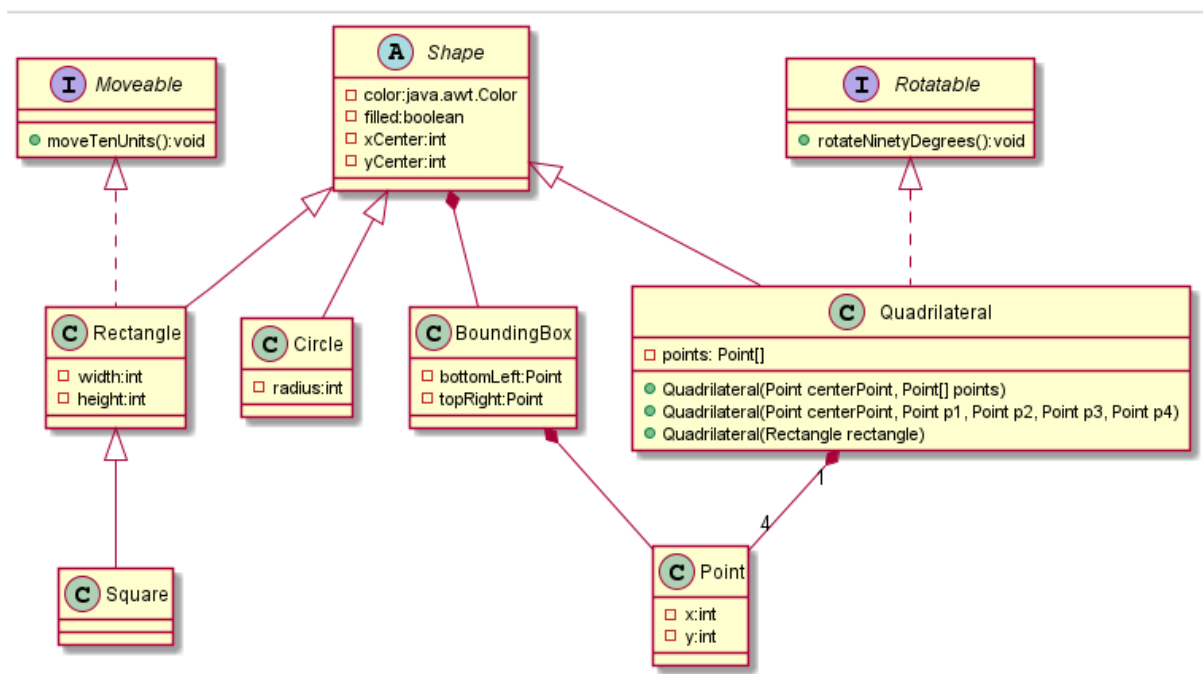


Figure 1: UML Class Diagram

Marking Scheme

The following is an indicative marking scheme. It's possible the, due to oversights, I may have neglected to incorporate something into this marking scheme. Therefore, some of the mark allocations may possibly change, but changes should be relatively small (if that is actually the case).

Correct display of standard shapes – Circle, Rectangle, Square [25 Marks]

Correct display of Quadrilaterals [12 Marks]

Ability to “select” and toggle filled/outline of shapes based on mousePressed events. [5 Marks]

Ability to move relevant shapes based on right-mouse-button pressed on selected shapes. [6 Marks]

Ability to rotate relevant shapes based on right-mouse-button pressed on selected shapes. [13 Marks]

Show the Shape's ClassName if ShapesManager displayName Boolean is set to true. [5 Marks]

Show each Shape's BoundingBox based on a Boolean variable (initialised at compile-time) [10 Marks]

Tester App and Non-functional Requirements:

JavaDoc commenting is supplied and adequate: [4 Marks]

Code – elegance of solutions; avoiding redundancy; well-structured; [12 Marks]

Code – Demo Application should display at least one of each of the following shapes: circle, rectangle, square.

Additionally, at least two quadrilaterals should be displayed: one of these should be initialised/constructed via a Rectangle object, and one should be a non-regular quadrilateral.

The displayed shapes should ideally display the attributes associated with the shapes, i.e. some should be filled and some unfilled; different coloured shapes should also be displayed.

See the following screenshot for an example (I've turned on the display of Shape names for clarity). In addition, I've supplied *some* of the code used to create some of the shapes shown. [8 Marks]

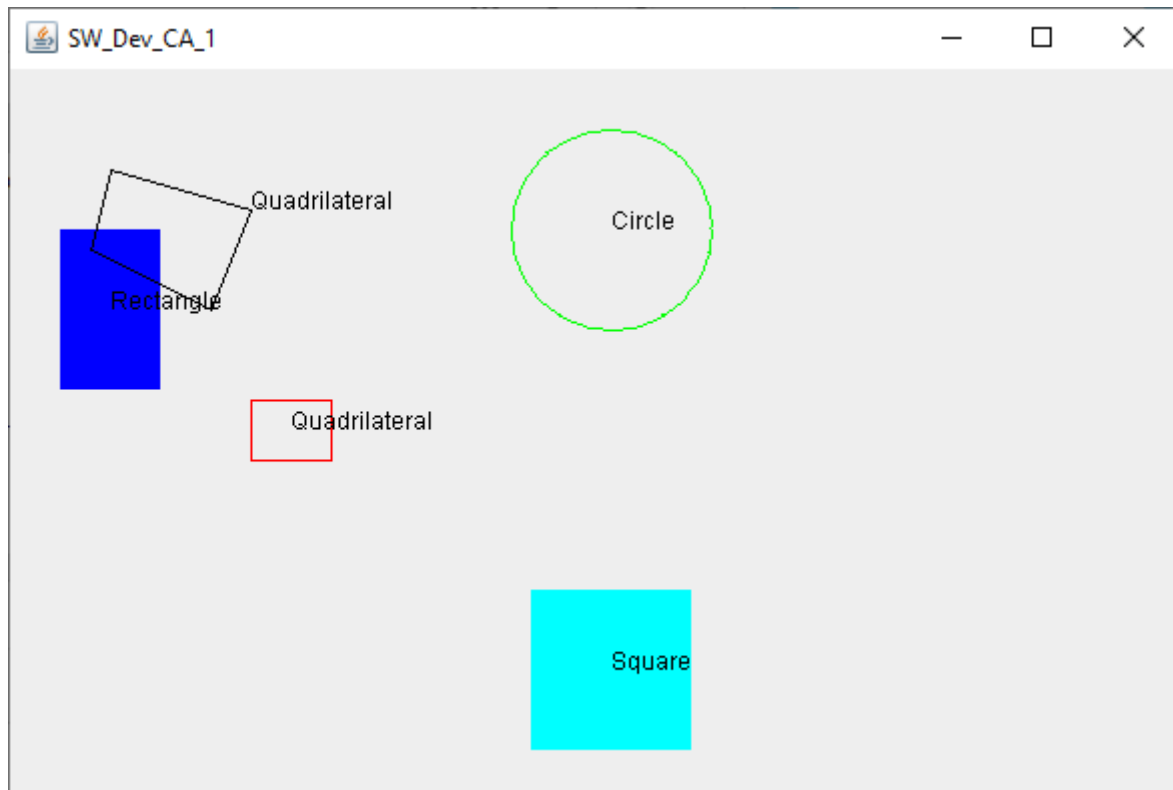


Figure 2: Screenshot of Sample Application

```
public class TesterApp {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShapesManager shapesManager = new ShapesManager();

        shapesManager.setDisplayName(true);
        shapesManager.setDisplayBoundingBox(false);

        shapesManager.addShape(new Circle(Color.green, 300, 80, 50));

        Rectangle rect = new Rectangle(Color.blue, 50, 120, true, 50, 80);
        shapesManager.addShape(rect);

        //Note: I don't display this rectangle - I merely use it to initialise a quadrilateral
        Rectangle rect2 = new Rectangle(Color.red, 140, 180, 40, 30);

        Quadrilateral quad = new Quadrilateral(rect2);

        shapesManager.addShape(quad);
        //ADDITIONAL CODE OMMITED.
    }
}
```

Code Listing 1: Example (partial) of Application initialisation used to produce Figure 2 Screenshot