CS 171 Final Project Process Book

College Basketball Visualized

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**Initial Project Proposal**

**Background and motivation**

We like college basketball. We follow it on TV, on the Web and in newspapers. We read game summaries and analysis, pore over box scores, fret over the standings and chew on statistics.

The season is soon ending. Before long, we'll have an entire season to look back on and try to make sense of. As fans, we're interested in performance--of players, teams, conferences. And we're interested in comparing performance.

**Project objectives**

College basketball junkies love statistics. But data, as found on popular sites like ESPN.com, Yahoo! Sports and Sports-Reference.com, as well as in newspapers, have one thing in common: They're tabular. Apparently, that's by convention. We'd like to reinvent descriptive statistics for college basketball as visualizations.

For this project, we'd like visually contextualize the week-to-week performance of all 351 Division-1 teams, 32 conferences, and more than 4,000 players in the 2013-14 season.

For player entities, attributes include routine statistical categories like points per game, rebounds, assists. For team entities, the attributes can include those as well as, across the course of the season, winning percentage, position in polls, RPI ratings, winning streaks, conference standing. For conferences, we can look at points and other usual statistical categories, in addition to winning percentage, poll representation, RPI ratings and record against other conferences.

The question we want to answer: How does the performance of this team, this player, this conference measure up?

**Data**

For player, team, conference and game data, we can scrape ESPN.com and Sports-Reference.com. The [latter](http://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/schools/) looks especially promising because it makes many tables available as csv files. We anticipate getting a good portion of our player, team and conference data there. One of ESPN.com's strengths is its excellent [play-by-play data](http://espn.go.com/ncb/playbyplay?gameId=400543735), which we may tap for visualizing a game's lead changes.

We found and tested some Python scripts on Github for scraping Sports-Reference.com. We may fork [the repo](https://github.com/yankovai/College-Basketball-Prediction) and adapt the scripts to our needs.

For every team, we are interested in tracking through the season its overall RPI and strength-of-schedule RPI. We would also like to track conference RPI and conference strength-of-schedule RPI. RPI ratings for all 351 teams and 32 conferences, for each day of the season, are available at <http://www.teamrankings.com/ncb/rpi/>.

The site uses an Ajax call to retrieve these values by calendar day. Using curl, we can retrieve the RPI rating on a given day as an HTML table, which we can then scrape. Here's a curl command to retrieve the table of the RPI ratings for all 351 teams, for instance, on Dec. 11, 2013:

curl --data "type=detail&league=ncb&rating\_id=514&season\_id=311&cat\_type=2&view=team\_v2&view\_type=team&table\_view=team\_v2&force\_period\_id=&is\_rpi\_ranking=1&date=12%2F11%2F2013" http://www.teamrankings.com/ajax/league/v3/rankings\_controller.php

Similar methods can be used on this site to get strength-of-schedule ratings, for teams and conferences.

Because the season is not yet over, we may use 2012-13 season data so we don't have to worry about rescraping as this season plays out.

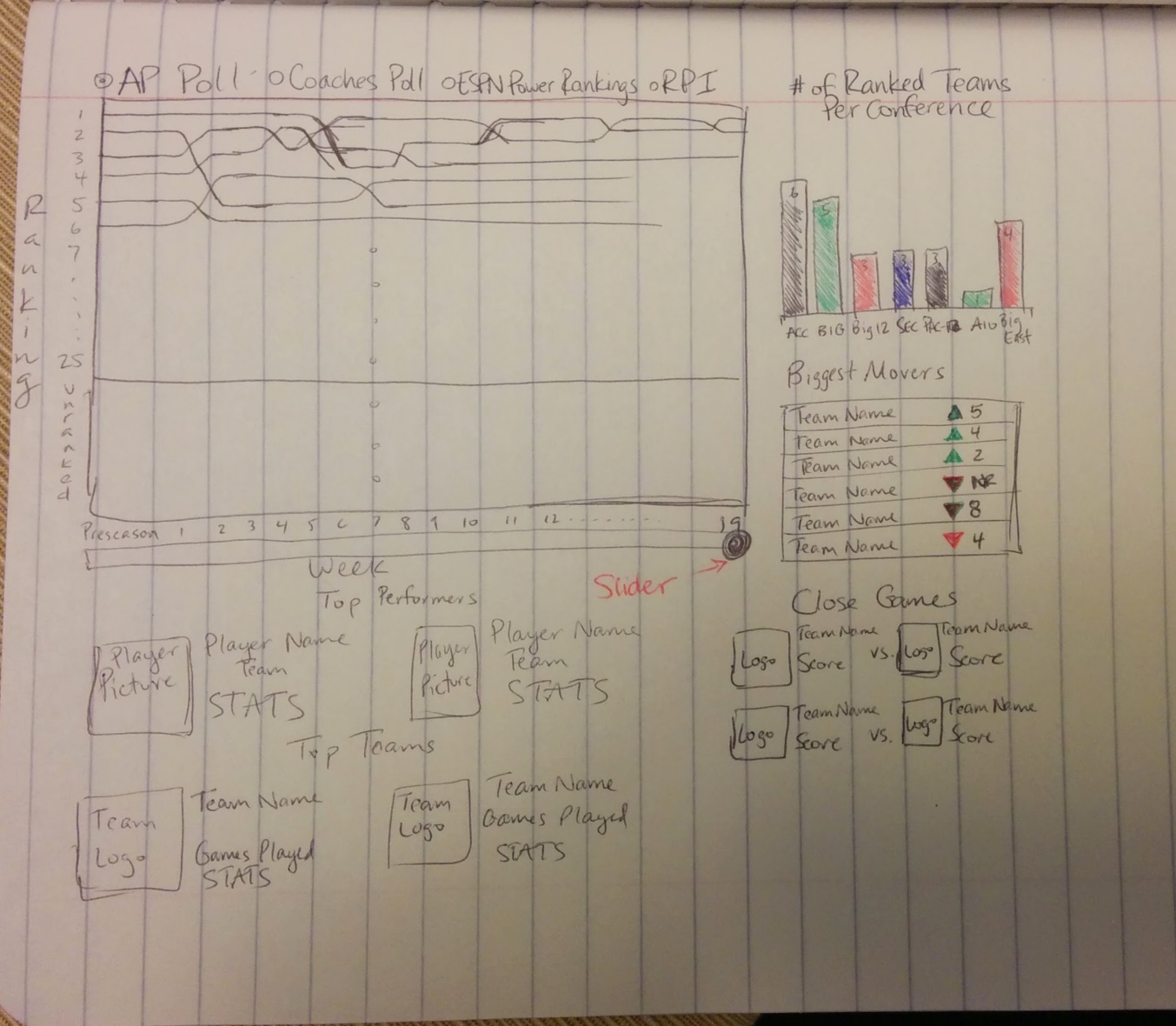
**Data processing**

We don't expect to need to clean the data substantially. From our initial tests, our data sources appear to be structured consistently. We expect to spend more time writing scripts to scrape the data than cleaning it. Although if the need arises, we will look to Excel, [csvkit](http://csvkit.readthedocs.org/en/latest/) and regular-expression find-change operations in our text editors.

We believe all of the data--the player, team and conference statistics we're interested in--will be available on ESPN.com, Sports-Reference.com and TeamRankings.com, as described above.

**Visualization**

The main visualization will have a simple line graph that shows a weekly ranking of the top 25 teams with a selector for the poll (AP, Coaches/USA Today, ESPN Power Rankings, RPI, etc). A slider will be used to select the desired week. For each week, a separate column chart will display the number of ranked teams per conference. The biggest gainers and losers (# of places moved up/down in the poll versus previous week) will be listed. Top teams and players for that given week will be displayed below the polls graph. Any close or interesting games will be highlighted as well.

[](https://github.com/pjsinco/project-proposal/blob/f96abded2c1682eb8f1b23ca3f65b67d0f035e7c/images/sketch.jpg)

From the main visualization, a user should be able to click on a team or conference and access their relevant stats. The same goes for accessing a particular player.

**Must-have features**

We must be able to display information for every college basketball team, conference, and player. The ability to step through a season at least on a weekly basis is a must as well for the main visualization.

**Optional features**

An optional feature we might want to add is the ability to import and visualize previous seasons. We might want to go back to the introduction of the Coaches Poll in 1993-94 or perhaps back to the introduction of a 64-team NCAA Tournament format in 1985.

**Project schedule**

A tentative schedule (subject to change) is as follows:

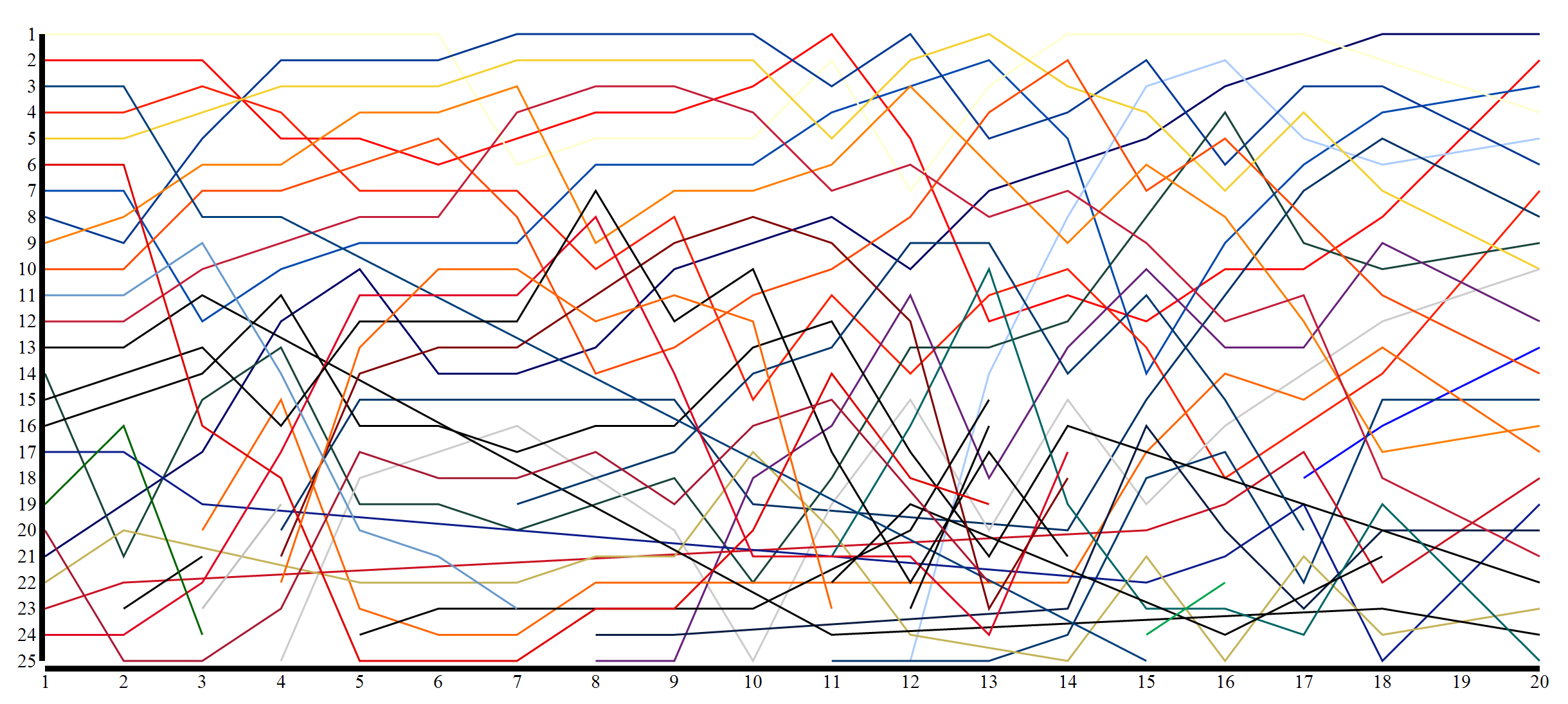
* Sunday March 23 - Have data downloaded and in repository, sketch visualizations for display of conference/team/player
* Sunday March 30 - Create main visualization
* Sunday April 6 - Conference/Team/Player visualizations created
* Thursday April 10 - Functional Prototype Due
* Thursday April 17
* Thursday April 24
* Thursday May 1

**Detailed Process**

**March 23**

Juancarlos – Created the initial poll graph. It currently shows the 2012-13 Associated Press poll data. I found a spreadsheet linked that contains schools and their team colors at (<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheet/ccc?key=0Agb4DJOM-AsTdFNBMjl1ODRaQkNMMmp1Z3dEUnFmdWc&hl=en#gid=0>). I noted that some of the team names don’t match up with what is in the poll data, this should be cleaned up at a later date, but it is not imperative. For now, any missing data or colors that correspond to white (same color as current background) are interpolated as black, for ease of use. Currently, when a team goes in and out of the rankings the line starts/stops, which creates a lot of stray lines in the middle of the graph, although this does show how crazy the college basketball season can be. There should be some way of showing that a team falls out of the ranking, instead of just ending the line.

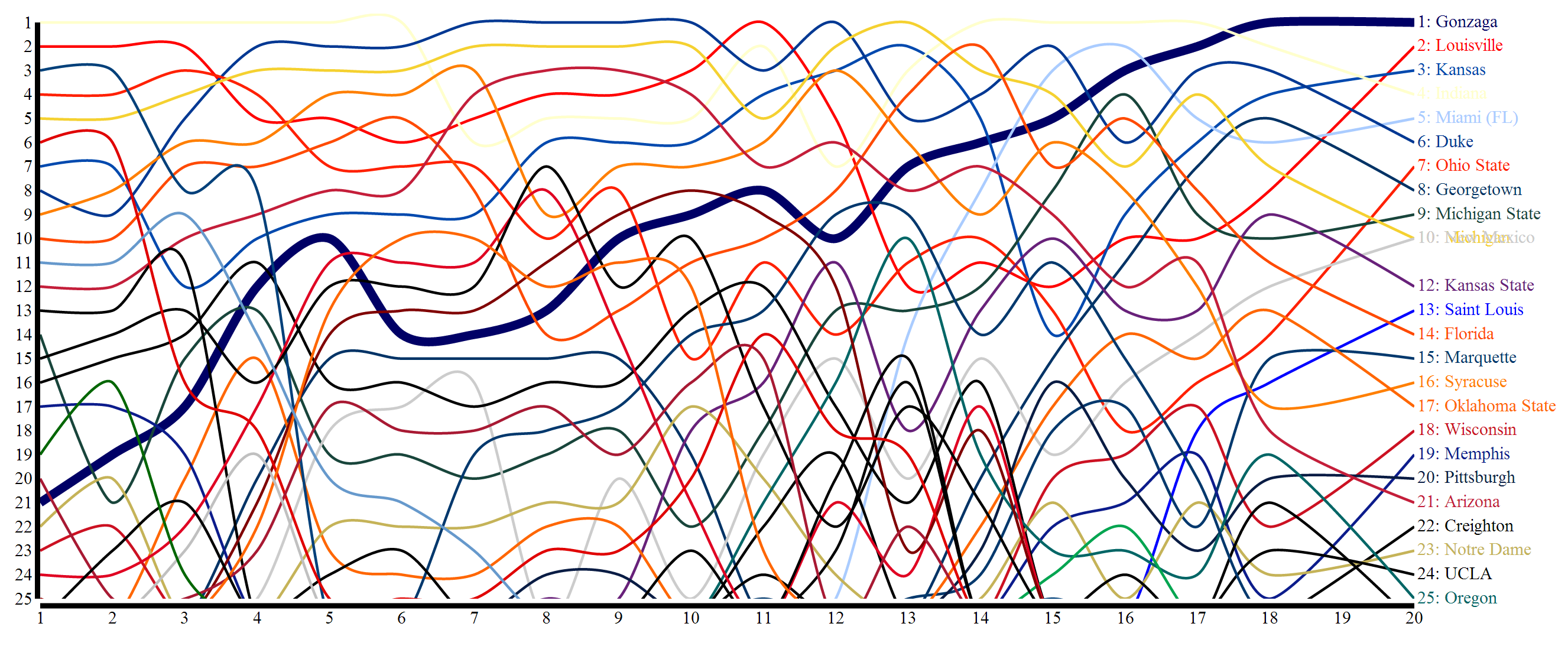
**March 24**



Patrick – There is an issue with differing id’s on ESPN and Sports-Reference websites. Reconciled by creating a csv file with rows for each school along with the various id’s, added team-rankings id’s.

**March 25**

Juancarlos – I added some code to interpolate missing ranking data. When a team that is previously ranked falls out of the top 25, there is no entry. The code searches for any missing data and interpolates it as being a rank of 26 for the week that the team is unranked. Adding linear interpolation of “cardinal” to the graph changes the lines to curved lines and allows teams to flow smoothly out of the graph when unranked. I also added functionality to bold a team’s line when hovering over it.



**March 26**

Juancarlos – I changed the hover functionality so that it makes all other lines more transparent along with bolding the selected line. The line thicknesses were also changed to remove some of the cluttered areas where many teams are overlapping.

Patrick – Works on grabbing box scores.

**March 27**

Patrick – Downloads RPI data and parses it to only include data for each Monday of the season (this is the day that the Associated Press and Coaches Polls are released).

**March 28**

Juancarlos – Created a new master list of schools to correlate the different id’s on different websites as well as listing a friendly, human-readable school and team name. Added a javascript file containing functions for loading the data into the viz as well as getting the missing data based on existing data (e.g. only have espn-id, get all other id’s and friendly names).

I edited the existing code to provide functionality for displaying the different polls and radio buttons to select the poll. The code as is does not work properly as it does not remove the old poll, instead just appends new lines over the old ones. I asked Patrick for some help in remedying this situation.

Patrick – Offers suggestions and edits code to remove the old lines when updating the poll graph with a different poll.

**March 29**

Patrick – Begins to scrape gameplay data following a method suggested by Juancarlos wherein you first scrape the individual team’s schedule page on espn for the gameid’s and then scrape each game recap page for the play-by-play data, loading it into a json object and then outputting to a file.

**March 30**

Juancarlos – Found a d3 plugin called d3-slider that provides neat slider bars that allow you to run any function as you slide across.

**March 31**

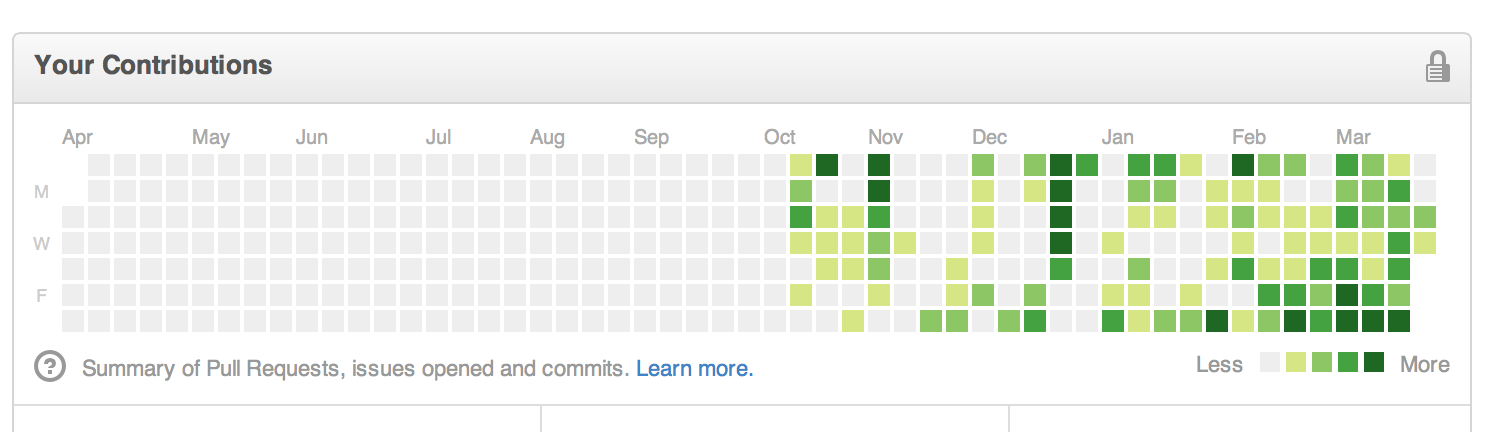
Patrick – Suggests that the slider is potentially overkill. Suggests instead that mousing over the individual week numbers on the graph’s X axis could potentially perform the same function. Notes that the RPI data contains information for all 351 schools for every week of the season and that somehow we need to account for this excess of data, potentially by just removing it from our view.

**April 1**

Juancarlos – Suggesting implementing a d3 brush instead of the slider to act on the poll graph to highlight a specific portion of the season. This would help to de-clutter some portions of the graph which currently have many overlapping lines. We still have no idea what to do with all of our game data or where it fits in in our visualization. Our proposal offers to highlight top games for a week, upset games, etc, but perhaps a method of visualizing a box score would be preferable. Not sure how to fit it in with our current setup.

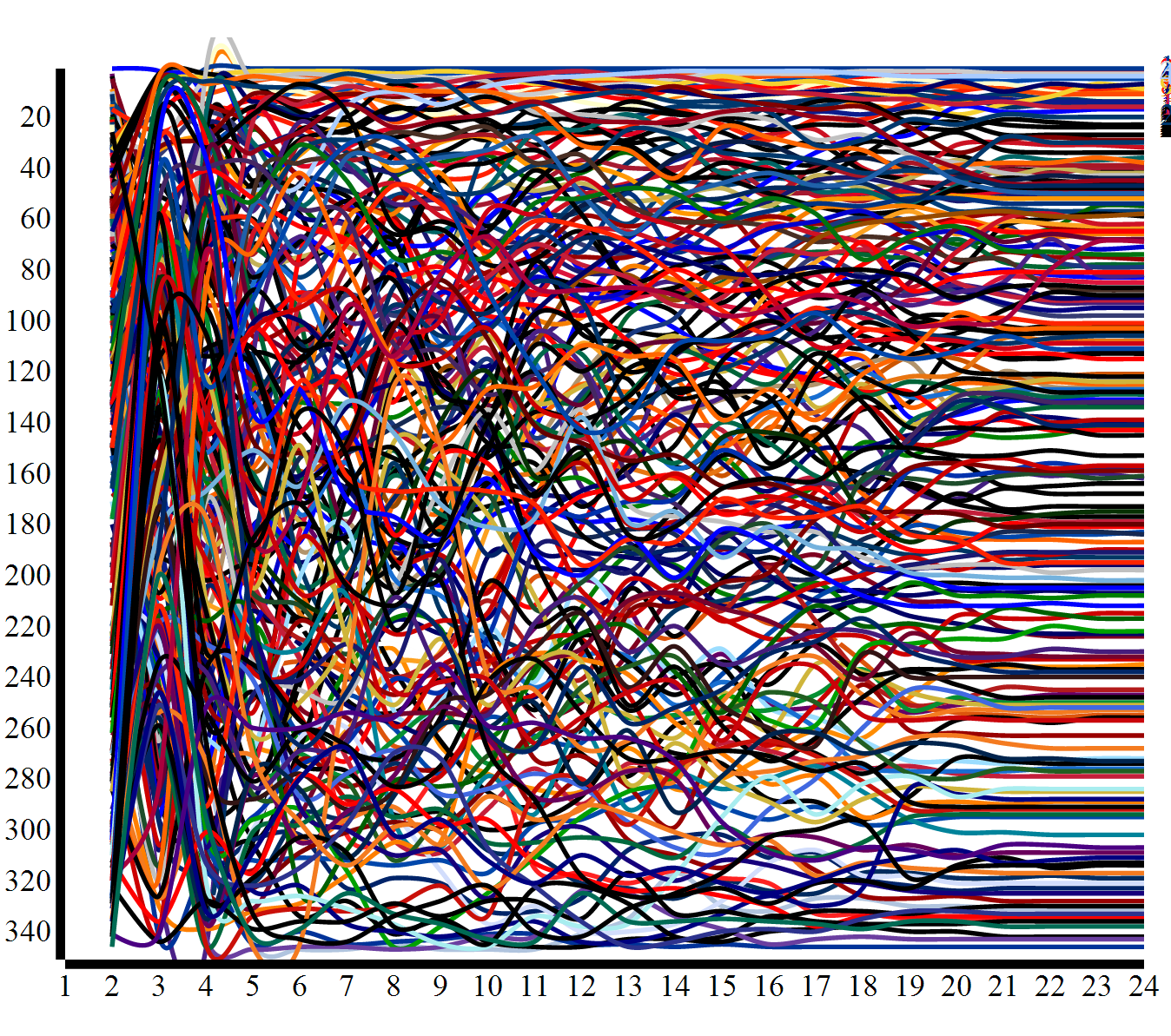
**April 2**

Patrick – Suggests showing every day of the season in a visualization. Suggests using something similar to the contribution activity heatmap on the Github profile page.



Works on improving the play-by-play scraping. Suggests one way of handling the excess RPI data by changing the Y scale of the graph to go from 1 to 351 instead of 1 to 25.

Juancarlos – Adapts poll graph to change the Y scale as per Patrick’s suggestion to 1-351. See below for new graph.

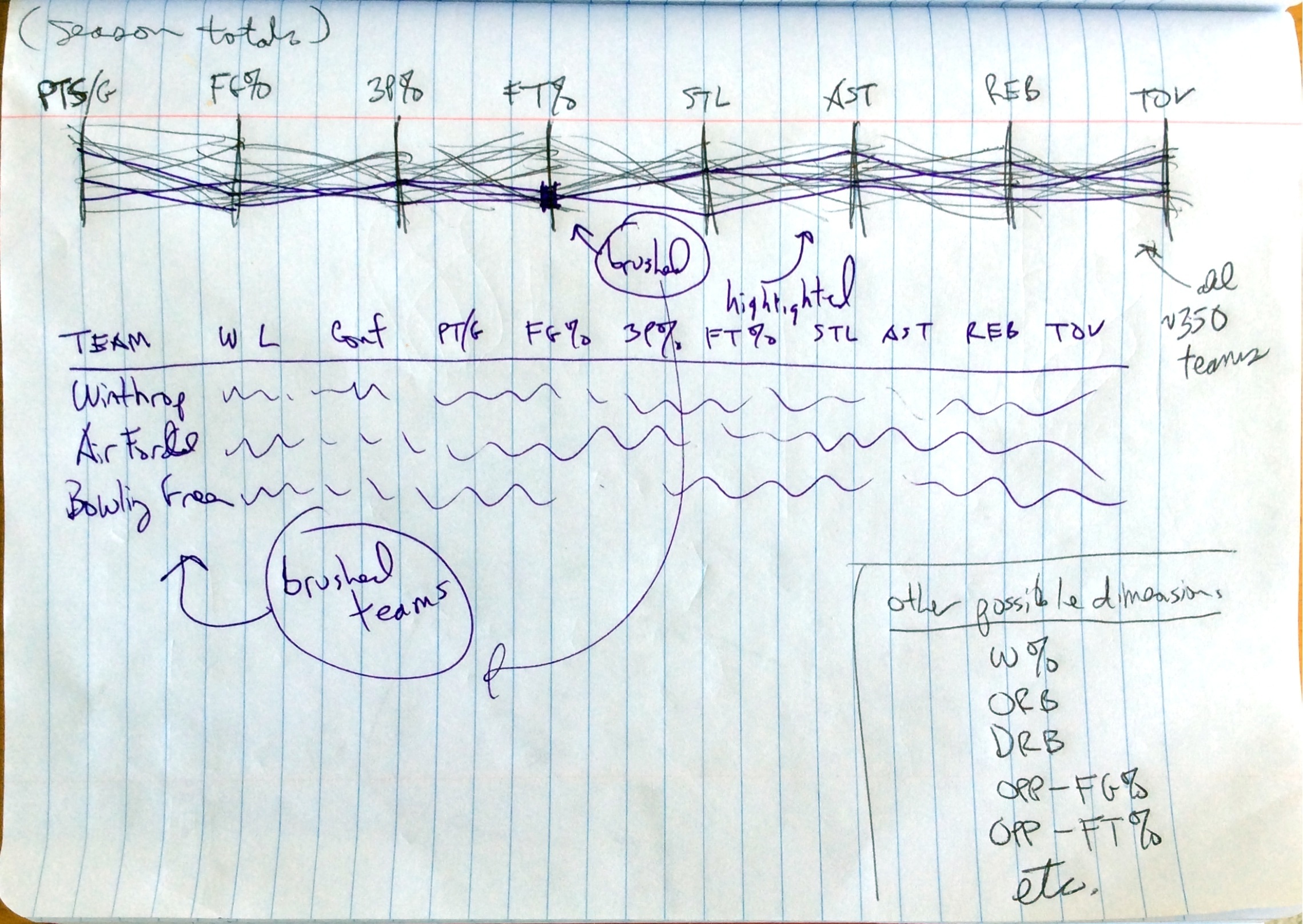
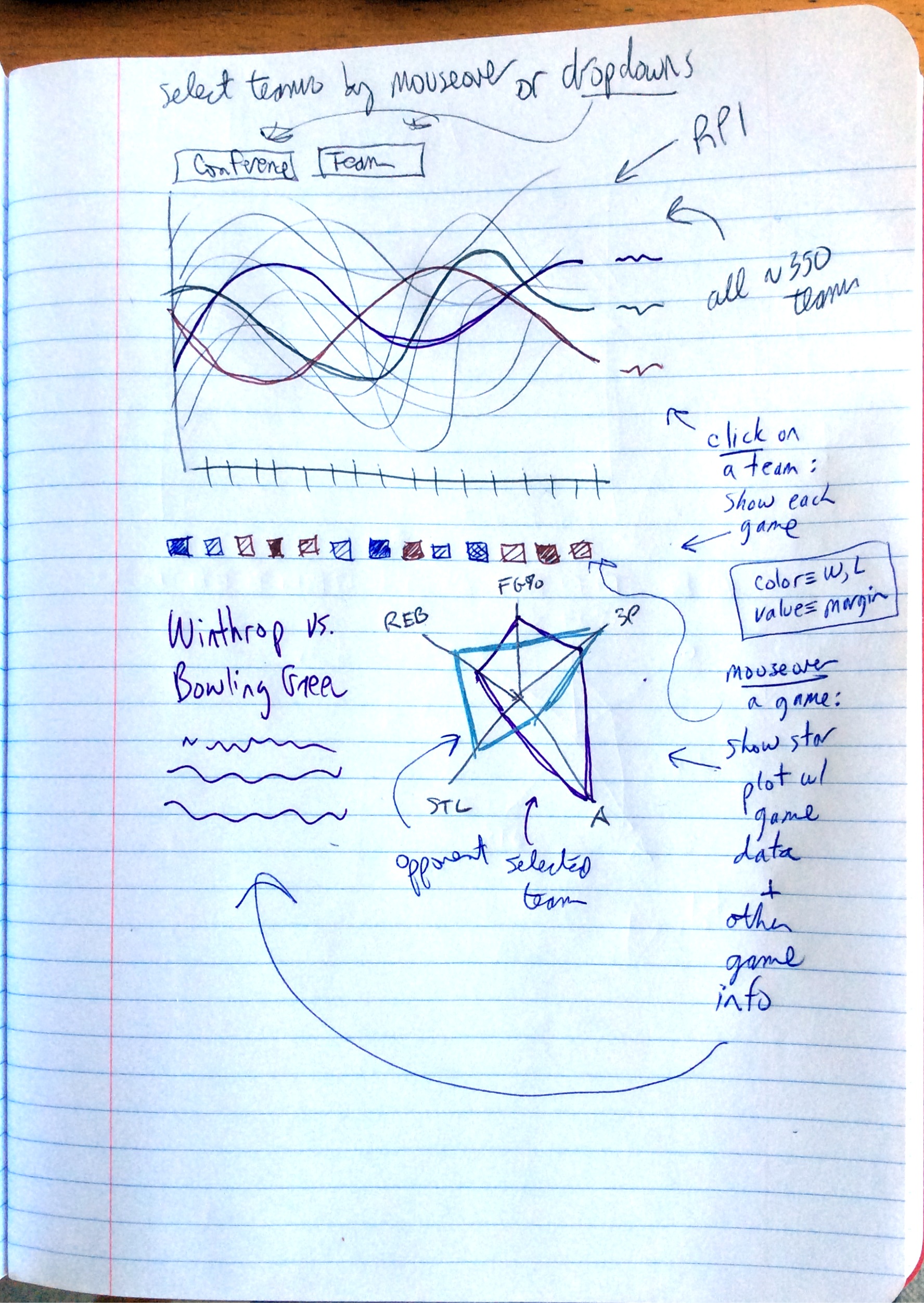


This is a nearly impossible view to absorb and interact with. It does do a neat job of showing how the RPI data is more objective – most teams swing a large amount in either direction week-to-week – whereas the polls, which are voted on, are more subjective and teams don’t move around quite as much.

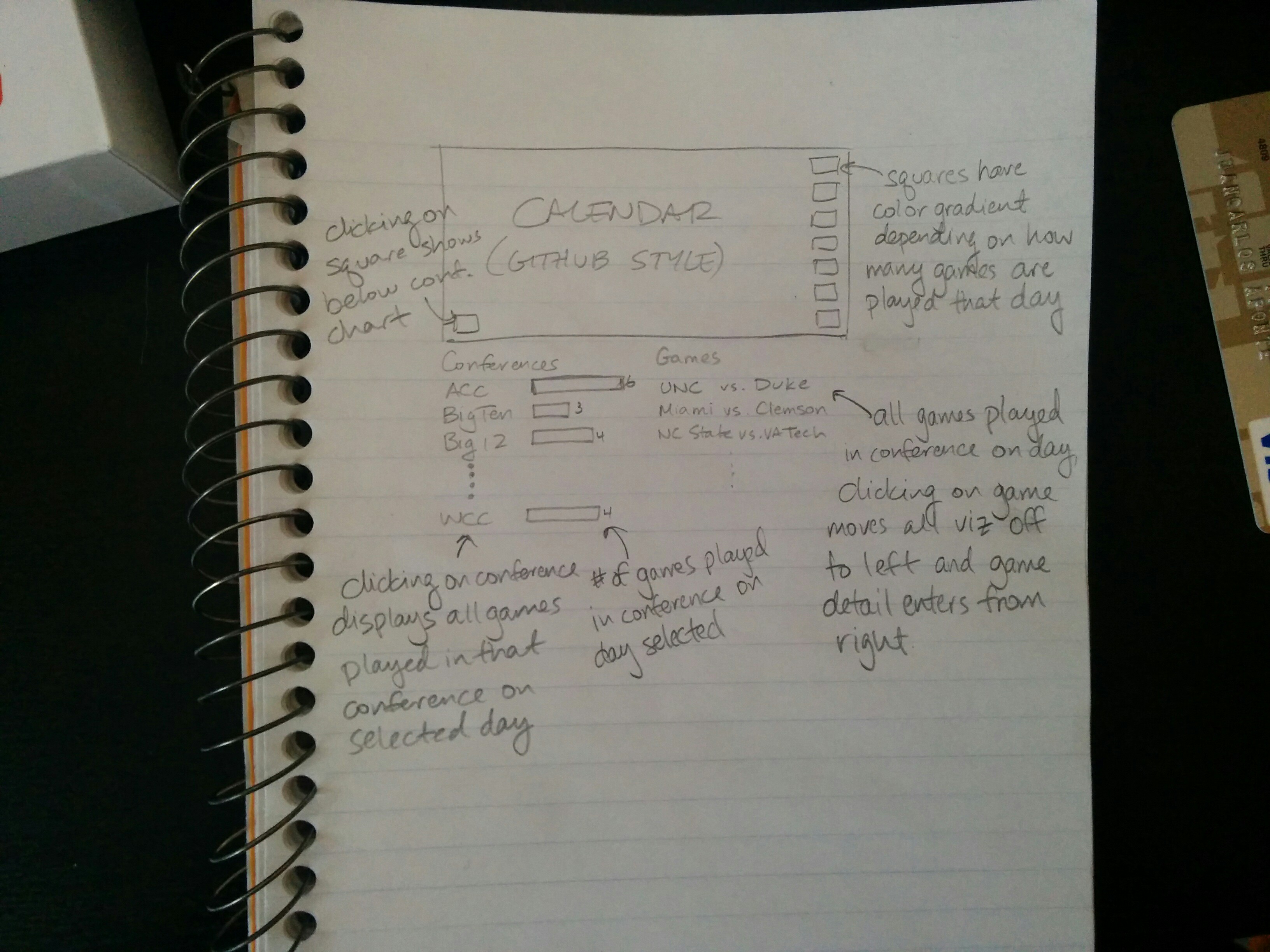
Also edited the RPI data and the new-master-id file to have all teams match the team names given on the ESPN website.

**April 5**

Patrick – Offers two new design ideas.



Juancarlos – Created a sketch-up of what the previously mentioned heatmap calendar view might look like.



Patrick – Offers to skip the poll graph originally in the proposal and worked on since the beginning of the project in lieu of either the heatmap or parallel coordinates view.

**April 6**

Juancarlos – I let Patrick know that his parallel coordinates view was good but alone was not enough for the project unless expanded on. I then suggested combining the separate visualizations we’ve created and melding them into a single coherent visualization. The heatmap calendar could serve as the focal point of the visualization allowing a user to drill down by day and then conference to see games played and then selecting a game to see a visualized box score and play-by-play data.

A “Season Overview” view would contain the poll graph and the parallel coordinates graph and would be linked to from the main view.

I also gathered gameid’s for all 351 team’s schedules and then scraped all ~5-6k games for relevant data and outputted that into a csv file.

**April 7**

Patrick suggests that the calendar view is not interesting. I suggest that we then ditch the calendar view and focus on fleshing out the poll graph and parallel coordinates view. Patrick works on re-creating the github style calendar.

Patrick edited the all-games csv file to include friendly names for home and away teams along with what conference the game is played in. It is incomplete and contains some values as NULL.

**April 8**

Disagreement over which views should be our top priority for the functional prototype.

Patrick – Works on the heatmap calendar view. Stuck on formatting and data wrangling.

Juancarlos – Fixes the issues in the heatmap and is able to display a color scaled calendar of the number of games played per day. There are latent design issues which prevent the calendar from displaying in the right order, November and December of 2012 display to the right of January-April of 2013.

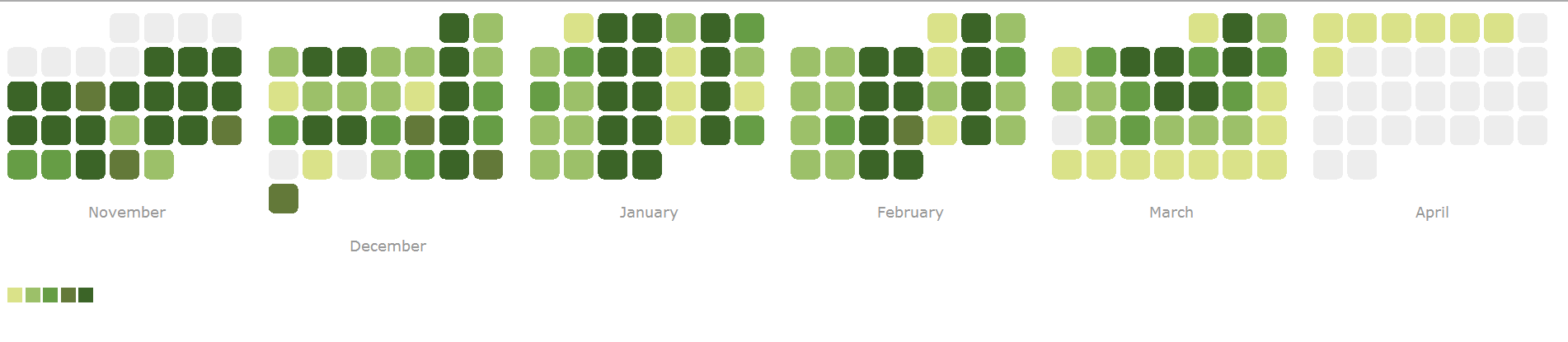
**April 9**

At this point, Patrick informs me that he wishes to continue the project solo.

I cleaned up the poll graph and added a table view on the right column below the conference bar chart that shows the biggest “movers” for the selected week.

**April 10, 2014**

I found a javascript plugin called cal-heatmap that creates heatmaps in a more concise code blob. There are some issues with using objects from variables as the data source, but it does work if I save the data and then input as a json file. The plugin does solve the issue from before where the calendar was laid out a little backwards. All months are now in order.



**April 12, 2014**

I was able to fix the existing gameplay scraping script and was able to download data for all 5,815 games.

**April 14, 2014**

At this point, I wrote down a list of all the goals for the remainder of the project, which follows.

* Scrape box scores for all games
* Clean up poll graph layout
* Design game detail viz
* Finish designing calendar view
  + Choose between cal-heatmap and regular calendar view (This decision rests on whether I can do mouseover events with the cal-heatmap)
* Add conference views to calendar page
* Find way to link different views with transitions
* Clean up team colors and fill in missing data
* Redesign poll graph to contain one main svg and nested group elements
* Try to download school logos
* Fix the overlapping school names on the right side of graph

**April 16, 2014**

After carefully considering the time constraints and the number of things to complete before the due date, I decided to scrap the calendar view altogether. This axed a number of previously listed goals and allowed me to maintain focus on the poll graph. I decided that to make the poll graph more compelling, I should add in previous year’s data. This would give the user the ability to cycle through the years and see the differences in the data.

**April 17, 2014**

To that end, I downloaded data from Sports-reference.com all the way back to 1970. There was additional data beyond that year, but additional conferences and teams were introduced that overcomplicated the dataset. For the schools that had differences between the school name listed on sports-reference and what was in my master-id list, I created a javascript object to map the former to the latter. Prior to the 1988-89 season, the top 25 was actually a top 20, so the code needs to be modified to account for this change. I previously had a magic number in place for the max rank, so this was changing to get the max rank from the current data. I also had to change the “rank” used for displaying an unranked team, from 26 to max rank + 1. There were some errors in parsing the data due to some formatting issues in the sports-reference data, I added two checks to search for the problem childs and fix them.

**April 18, 2014**

I worked on fixing up the team colors csv file to match the team’s actual colors as well as fill in data where it was missing. For those schools with primary colors of white or other very light colors, I opted to use their secondary color as the primary.

**April 19, 2014**

I met with Julie over Skype today and she discussed with me the steps I needed to take going forward. Her first suggestion was that using linear interpolation on the paths to smooth the lines does not look as good as a non-interpolated layout. The hover effect that I currently have implemented makes it seem like the graph is flashing as you mouse over multiple lines. It would be better to have them all start greyed out and thinner. There needs to be an about me blurb and labels need to be added to all the graphs. Code should be cleaned up. The slider shows every other week on her computer as well as my MacBook, which does not show up on my PC. Going forward, I should add one more interactive element.

**April 23, 2014**

I found a webpage [www.sportslogos.net](http://www.sportslogos.net) that provided the logos for all current NCAA schools. I wrote a couple of lines of code that would scrape the pages and download the logos. I added those logos into my repository. I then modified the existing tooltip in my poll graph to include the logo of the school. This offered me the opportunity to locate the logos whose filenames did not match what was in the master-id list.

**April 24, 2014**

Today, I modified the poll graph to include nodes at each week/rank intersection along each of the paths in the graph. The tooltip invoked on path hover was removed and replaced with a tooltip invoked by hovering on a single node. This solved the issue I had where the original tooltip was created offset from the top of the path and not where the user mouses over. Hovering over the node to invoke the tooltip also allows me to display the week and rank for that node.

The previous hover behavior over the paths was not playing nice with hovering over the nodes and there are some major usability issues that arise because of it. This will need to be fixed at a later time.

**April 27, 2014**

I decided to remove the slider as its implementation was not as clean as I would have liked. Instead, I opted to use the x axis tick labels as the selectors for changing the bar chart and table on the right side. I also decided to add a brush over the x axis so the user could zoom in on a portion of the season and be better able to see any overlapping lines. I utilized Mike Bostock’s example for brush snapping so that the user did not brush over points between weeks of the season. The brush is always snapped to whole week numbers.