Pandoc Markdown Paper Shell*

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Date

Abstract

This paper does amazing things

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1 Overview

Introduce paper

2 Pandoc incantations

configure sublime build systems for these so that ctrl+b builds the file

2.1 Markdown to pdf

pandoc -o \$file_base_name.pdf -s \$paper.md --filter=pandocciteproc

2.2 Markdown to tex (to fiddle with tex settings / packages)

pandoc -o \$file_base_name.tex -s \$paper.md --filter=pandocciteproc

3 Pandoc Markdown incantations

3.1 Citations

cite a paper (Manning et al. (1987)) by using (@citekey) syntax.

3.2 Footnotes

Here is a footnote reference,¹ and² another.³. Inline footnotes are easier to handle⁴. This paragraph won't be part of the note, because it isn't indented.

3.3 Images

to import images: ![image](luminosity_grid.png "Figure caption")

¹Footnotes are the mind killer. Footnotes are the little-death that brings total obliteration. I will face my footnotes.

²Here is the 2nd footnote.

³Here's one with multiple blocks.

Subsequent paragraphs are indented to show that they belong to the previous footnote.

[{] some.code }

The whole paragraph can be indented, or just the first line. In this way, multi-paragraph footnotes work like multi-paragraph list items.

⁴like so

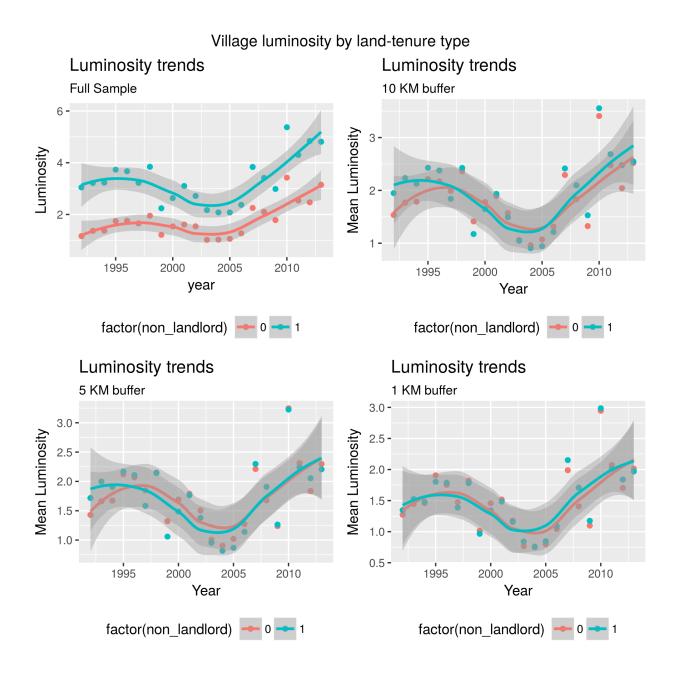


Figure 1: image

4 Empirics

4.1 Estimation output embedding

 $\textbf{latex input command for estimation output} \setminus \texttt{input} \{\texttt{texfile.tex}\}$

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Linear	Quadratic	Spline	Interaction
	b/se	b/se	b/se	b/se
Population Growth	0.054^{*}	0.180^{*}		0.085*
-	(0.0017)	(0.0043)		(0.0053)
Population Growth Squared		-0.053*		
-		(0.0017)		
pop_growth: below median			0.097^{*}	
			(0.0023)	
pop_growth: above median			-0.071*	
			(0.0049)	
above_median=1 \times Population Growth				-0.025*
				(0.0042)
Constant	-0.045*	-0.096*	-0.072*	-0.054^{*}
	(0.0016)	(0.0023)	(0.0019)	(0.0023)
Observations	1182563	1182563	1182563	1182563
R^2	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001

blah blah blah

5 Conclusion

blah blah

Bibliography

Manning, Willard G., Joseph P. Newhouse, Naihua Duan, Emmett B. Keeler, and Arleen Leibowitz. 1987. "Health Insurance and the Demand for Medical Care: Evidence from a Randomized Experiment." *The American Economic Review*, 251–77.