Data Mining and Analysis Course Project

Course Code: 18ECSC301

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Project ID : 5ADMACP14 Sina Weibo Interaction Prediction Challenge

Predict the forwarding, commenting and liking amount of a Weibo posted by a user based on the historical interaction data on Sina Weibo social platform.

Determining Statistical Factors

Authors: Apoorva Malemath, Arundati Dixit, Ashish Kar, Deepti Nadkarni

------Understanding The Data-----

Predict Dataset Analysis

Contribution: All

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%pylab inline
from googletrans import Translator
header = ['u id','m id','time','content']
predict dataset= pd.read fwf("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict data.txt",header=None,names=header,
                    encoding='utf-8',delimiter="\t")
# fixed width formatted lines.
pedict dataset.head(5)
translate_dataframe = pd.DataFrame(data=predict_dataset['content'].head(30))
translator = Translator()
translate dataframe["English content"] = translate dataframe['content'].map(lambda x: translator.tr
anslate(x, src="zh-CN", dest="en").text)
print(translate dataframe)
print("Predict Dataset has "+str(predict dataset.shape[0])+" records")
print("Predict Dataset has "+str(predict dataset.shape[1])+" attributes")
predict dataset2=pd.DataFrame(predict dataset.time.str.split(' ',1).tolist(),columns=['date','new t
```

```
predict_dataset3 = pd.concat([predict_dataset,predict_dataset2], axis=1)

del predict_dataset3['time']
predict_dataset3.rename(columns={'new_time':'time'},inplace=True)
predict_dataset3.head(5)
predict_dataset3.to_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_predict.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
```

1. Analysis of Train Dataset

Contribution: All

```
In [ ]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%pylab inline
import copy
from googletrans import Translator
import emoji
import re
Names = ['u id','m id','time','content']
train dataset= pd.read fwf("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo train data.txt",header=None,names=Names
,encoding='utf-8',delimiter="\t")
# fixed width formatted lines.
train dataset.head(10)
print("Predict_Dataset has "+str(train_dataset.shape[0])+" records")
print("Predict_Dataset has "+str(train_dataset.shape[1])+" attributes")
train content mix=train dataset['content']
train_content_split = pd.DataFrame(train_content_mix.str.split('\t',expand=True))
print(train content split.head(5))
train dataset2 = pd.concat([train dataset,train content split], axis=1)
print(train dataset2.head(5))
del train_dataset2['content']
train dataset2.rename(columns={0:'forward count'},inplace=True)
train dataset2.rename(columns={1:'comment count'},inplace=True)
train dataset2.rename(columns={2:'like count'},inplace=True)
train dataset2.rename(columns={3:'content'},inplace=True)
train_dataset2.head(5)
translate dataframe = pd.DataFrame(data=train dataset2['content'].head(10))
translator = Translator()
translate_dataframe["English_content"] = translate_dataframe['content'].map(lambda x: translator.tr
anslate(x, src="zh-CN", dest="en").text)
print(translate_dataframe)
train dataset2.head(30)
train_dataset2.forward_count.describe()
train dataset2.like count.describe()
train dataset3=pd.DataFrame(train dataset2.time.str.split(' ',1).tolist(),columns=['date','new time
'])
train dataset3.head()
train dataset4 = pd.concat([train dataset2,train dataset3], axis=1)
del train dataset4['time']
train dataset4.rename(columns={0:'forward count'},inplace=True)
train dataset4.rename(columns={1:'comment count'},inplace=True)
train dataset4.rename(columns={2:'like count'},inplace=True)
train_dataset4.rename(columns={'new_time':'time'},inplace=True)
train dataset4.head(5)
```

```
#Month vs Like_Count
train_dataset5=train_dataset4.sort_values('date',ascending=True)
train_dataset5['like_count']=train_dataset5['like_count'].astype(float)
train_dataset5['month']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train_dataset5['date']).month
plt.plot(train_dataset5['month'],train_dataset5['like_count'])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
```

```
#Month vs Forward Count
train_dataset5=train_dataset4.sort_values('date',ascending=True)
train dataset5['forward count']=train dataset5['forward count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['month']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['date']).month
plt.plot(train_dataset5['month'], train_dataset5['forward_count'])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
In [ ]:
#Month vs Comment Count
train dataset5=train dataset4.sort values('date',ascending=True)
train dataset5['comment count']=train dataset5['comment count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['month'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['date']).month
plt.plot(train dataset5['month'], train dataset5['comment count'])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
In [ ]:
#Year vs Like Count
\verb|train_dataset5| = \verb|train_dataset4.sort_values('date', ascending = \verb|True|)||
train dataset5['like count']=train dataset5['like count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['year']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['date']).year
plt.plot(train dataset5['year'], train dataset5['like count'])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
In [ ]:
#Hour vs Like Count
train_dataset5=train_dataset4.sort_values('time',ascending=True)
train_dataset5['like_count']=train_dataset5['like_count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['hour']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['time']).hour
plt.plot(train dataset5['hour'], train dataset5['like count'])
In [ ]:
#Hour vs forward Count
train dataset5=train_dataset4.sort_values('time',ascending=True)
train dataset5['forward count']=train dataset5['forward count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['hour']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['time']).hour
plt.plot(train dataset5['hour'], train dataset5['forward count'])
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,23,1),rotation='vertical')
In [ ]:
#Hour vs comment Count
train dataset5=train dataset4.sort values('time',ascending=True)
train_dataset5['comment_count']=train_dataset5['comment_count'].astype(float)
train dataset5['hour']=pd.DatetimeIndex(train dataset5['time']).hour
plt.plot(train dataset5['hour'], train dataset5['comment count'])
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,23,1),rotation='vertical')
Combine Dataset Analysis
```

Contribution: All

```
In [ ]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%pylab inline
import copy
from googletrans import Translator
import emoji

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib
dfl=pd.read_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_train1.csv")
df2=pd_read_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_train2.csv")
```

```
utz-pu.teau csv( u.//pmm thoubet//wetho ctathz.csv /
predict dataset=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
train dataset=pd.concat(frames)
train dataset.head(30)
predict_dataset.head(5)
#translateion
translator = Translator()
predict dataset["en-content"] = predict dataset['content'].head(10).map(lambda x: translator.transl
ate(x, src="zh-CN", dest="en").text)
predict dataset.head(10)
translator = Translator()
train dataset["en-content"] = train dataset['content'].head(10).map(lambda x: translator.translate(
x, src="zh-CN", dest="en").text)
train dataset.head(10)
train dataset.head(614809).to csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo train1 trans.csv",sep=',',index=False,enc
oding='utf-8')
train dataset.tail(614809).to csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo train2 trans.csv",sep=',',index=False,enc
oding='utf-8')
predict dataset.to csv("G://weibo predict trans.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train dataset=train dataset.drop(['uni-content'], axis=1)
tcount=train_dataset.groupby(by='u_id',as_index=False).agg({'content':pd.Series.nunique})
print(tcount)
tcount.to csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_count_uid.csv",index=False,encoding='utf-8')
query= "ffdd80d2f1023779e30956c34b044b25"
train_dataset[train_dataset['u_id']==query]
pcount=predict dataset.groupby(by='u id',as index=False).agg({'content':pd.Series.nunique})
print(pcount)
query= "ffdd80d2f1023779e30956c34b044b25"
predict dataset[predict dataset['u id']==query]
tdcount=train dataset.groupby(by='date',as index=False).agg(('content':pd.Series.nunique))
print(tdcount)
tdcount.to csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo train date content.csv",index=False,encoding='utf-8')
ttcount=train_dataset.groupby(by='time',as_index=False).agg({'content':pd.Series.nunique}
print(ttcount)
ttcount.to_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_train_time_content.csv",index=False,encoding='utf-8')
pcount.to_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_pcount_uid.csv",index=False,encoding='utf-8')
tlcount=train_dataset.groupby(by='u_id',as_index=False).agg({'like_count':pd.Series.nunique})
print(tlcount)
tccount=train dataset.groupby(by='u id',as index=False).agg({'comment count':pd.Series.nunique})
print(tccount)
tfcount=train dataset.groupby(by='u id',as index=False).agg({'forward count':pd.Series.nunique})
print(tfcount)
resultcount=pd.merge(tfcount,tccount,on='u id')
resultcount2=pd.merge(resultcount,tlcount,on='u_id')
print(resultcount2)
resultcount2.to csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo tcount fcl.csv",index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_dataset['content_media_count']=train_dataset['content'].str.count('http')
predict dataset['content media count']=predict dataset['content'].str.count('http')
train dataset.head(5)
```

Generate Best Statistical Factors

Contribution: Ashish Kar

Information on Loaded Modules

We will find Mean, Median, Max and Min of Forward, Comment and Likes for every unique UID in train dataset for our further statistical analysis

In []:

df=pd.read_csv("train_uid_stat.csv")

Example For UID stats

Say in train dataset, For UID x there are two MID(ie two posts):

Train Dataset:

UID Stats:

Now Consider that same user has 4 mids in predict dataset, so prediction of FCL by factor "mean" will be as follows:

Predict Dataset

Similary by factor "max" :

Predict Dataset

Predict with fixed Value

1. Default Values

About 80% of the training data are: 0 0 0 (forward_count,comment_count,like_count) and also, 96% of uid in predict dataset is present in train dataset, for remaining 4% which are new, we need some default values. inspired by this, we try some fixed value for all uid:

Function to take Fixed FCL Values, Give Accuracy and Generate Predicted FCL

```
In []:
@runTime
def predict_with_fixed_value(forward,comment,like,submission=True):
```

```
def predict_with_fixed_value(forward,comment,like,submission=True):
    # type check
    if isinstance(forward,int) and isinstance(forward,int) and isinstance(forward,int):
    pass
    else:
        raise TypeError("forward,comment,like should be type 'int' ")

        traindata,testdata = loadData()

#score on the training set
        train_real_pred = traindata[['forward_count','comment_count','like_count']]
        train_real_pred['fp'],train_real_pred['cp'],train_real_pred['lp'] = forward,comment,like
        print ("Score on the training set:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))

#predict on the test data with fixed value, generate submission file
    if submission:
        test pred = testdata[['u id','m id']]
```

```
test_pred['fp'], test_pred['cp'], test_pred['lp'] = forward, comment, like

result = []
filename = "weibo_predict_{}_{}_{}.txt".format(forward, comment, like)

for _, row in test_pred.iterrows():
    result.append("{0}\t{1}\t{2},{3},{4}\n".format(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[3], row[4]))
f = open(filename, 'w')
f.writelines(result)
f.close()
print ('generate submission file "{}"'.format(filename))
```

2. UID Statistics (Mean, Max, Min, Median)

Another wise solution is to predict respectively with uid's statistics(E.g mean, median), their score on the training data:

Function to take Statistical Factor, Give Accuracy and Generate Predicted FCL

```
@runTime
def predict with stat(stat="median", submission=True):
 string
 min, max, mean, median
stat dic = genUidStat()
traindata,testdata = loadData()
#get stat for each uid
forward,comment,like = [],[],[]
for uid in traindata['u id']:
 if uid in stat dic:
   forward.append(int(stat dic[uid]["forward "+stat]))
  comment.append(int(stat_dic[uid]["comment "+stat]))
  like.append(int(stat dic[uid]["like "+stat]))
  else:
  forward.append(0)
  comment.append(0)
  like.append(0)
#score on the training set
train real pred = traindata[['forward count','comment count','like count']]
train_real_pred['fp'],train_real_pred['cp'],train_real_pred['lp'] = forward,comment,like
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
 #predict on the test data with fixed value, generate submission file
if submission:
 test pred = testdata[['u id','m id']]
  forward,comment,like = [],[],[]
 for uid in testdata['u id']:
   if uid in stat dic:
    forward.append(int(stat dic[uid]["forward "+stat]))
    comment.append(int(stat dic[uid]["comment "+stat]))
   like.append(int(stat_dic[uid]["like_"+stat]))
   else:
    forward.append(0)
    comment.append(0)
   like.append(0)
  test pred['fp'], test pred['cp'], test pred['lp'] = forward, comment, like
 result = []
 filename = "weibo predict {}.txt".format(stat)
 for ,row in test pred.iterrows():
  result.append(((0)\t{1}\t{2}, (3), (4)\n''.format(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[3], row[4]))
  f = open(filename, 'w')
 f.writelines(result)
 f.close()
 print ('generate submission file "{}"'.format(filename))
```

```
if name == " main ":
  predict_with_stat(stat="median", submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
 predict_with_fixed_value(0,1,1,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
 predict_with_stat(stat="mean", submission=True)
In [ ]:
if __name__ == "__main__":
 predict_with_stat(stat="max",submission=True)
In [ ]:
if __name__ == "__main__":
 predict with stat(stat="min", submission=True)
In [ ]:
if __name__ == "__main__":
 predict with fixed value(0,0,0,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if __name__ == "__main__":
 predict_with_fixed_value(0,0,1,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if __name__ == "__main__":
 predict_with_fixed_value(0,1,0,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
 predict_with_fixed_value(1,0,0,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
 predict with fixed value(1,0,1,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
 predict_with_fixed_value(1,1,0,submission=True)
In [ ]:
if name == " main ":
  predict_with_fixed_value(1,1,1,submission=True)
```

Inference

Generate wore Factors from Content (wedia and Symbol Counts)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%pylab inline
import copy
from googletrans import Translator
import emoji
import regex
dfl=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo train1.csv")
df2=pd.read_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo train2.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
train dataset=pd.concat(frames)
predict_dataset=pd.read_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_predict.csv")
train dataset.head(10)
train dataset['content media count'].value counts()
train dataset['content media count'].value counts().plot(kind='bar')
train_dataset=train_dataset.sort_values('content_media_count',ascending=True)
train dataset['like count']=train dataset['like count'].astype(float)
plt.plot(train dataset['content media count'], train dataset['like count'])
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,10,1))
train_dataset=train_dataset.sort_values('content_media_count',ascending=True)
train dataset['forward count']=train dataset['forward count'].astype(float)
plt.plot(train_dataset['content_media_count'], train_dataset['forward_count'])
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,10,1))
train_dataset=train_dataset.sort_values('content_media_count',ascending=True)
train_dataset['comment_count']=train_dataset['comment_count'].astype(float)
plt.plot(train dataset['content media count'], train dataset['comment count'])
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,10,1))
train dataset['content # count'].value counts().plot(kind='bar')
train dataset['content # count']=train dataset['non emoji content'].str.count("#")
train dataset['content @ count']=train dataset['non emoji content'].str.count("@")
train dataset['content ? count']=train dataset['non emoji content'].str.count("\?")
train dataset['content ! count']=train dataset['non emoji content'].str.count("!")
train dataset.head(10)
train dataset['content length']=train dataset['content'].str.len()
train dataset.head(10)
train dataset['emoji count']=train dataset['non emoji content'].str.count(str(emoji.UNICODE EMOJI.k
evs()))
train dataset.head(30)
print(emoji.UNICODE EMOJI.keys())
import re
train dataset['emoji']=train dataset['content spchar'].str.replace(r'[\U0001F602-
\U0001F64F]','emoticon')
train dataset.head(30)
train dataset['emoji count']=train dataset['emoji'].str.count("emoticon")
train dataset.head(30)
train dataset.drop('content spchar',axis=1,inplace=True)
train dataset.drop('non emoji content',axis=1,inplace=True)
train dataset.drop('emoji',axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```
train_dataset.rename(columns={'emoj1_count':'content_emoj1_count'},inplace=True)
train_dataset.head(30)
train_dataset.head(614809).to_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_train1_cp.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_dataset.tail(614809).to_csv("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_train2_cp.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
```

Translation

In []:

Contribution: Arundati Dixit

```
In [ ]:

train_dataset= pd.read_fwf("G:\\weibo_train_data.txt", header=None, names=Names , encoding='utf-8', del
imiter="\t")
```

```
In []:

translate_dataframe = pd.DataFrame(data=train_dataset2['content'].head(30))
translator = Translator()
translate_dataframe["English_content"] = translate_dataframe['content'].map(lambda x: translator.tr
anslate(x, src="zh-CN", dest="en").text)
```

The data is split into 400 chunks and translated individually and concatenated back

```
for j in range(0,400):
    filename="G:\\concatfiles\\f"+str(j)+".txt"
    transname="G:\\translated\\ts"+str(j)+".zh-CN.en.txt"
    print(filename)
    print(transname)
    f=pd.read_csv(filename)
    t= pd.read_csv(transname, sep="5A09")
    frames = [f,t]

    df=(pd.concat(frames, join='outer', ignore_index=False, keys=None, levels=None, names=None, veri
fy_integrity=False, copy=True, axis=1))
    translated=translated.append(df)
```

Text Preprocessing

Contribution: Apoorva Malemath

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%pylab inline
import copy
from googletrans import Translator
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
import csv
import re
import jieba
import time
import json
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn.externals import joblib
from nltk.corpus import stopwords as e_stopwords
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import jieba
import sys

from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
```

In []:

```
train1= pd.read_csv("G:\\preprocessed_1.csv")
train2= pd.read_csv("G:\\preprocessed_2.csv")
frames=[train1,train2]
train=pd.concat(frames)
```

TEXT PREPROCESSING

REMOVAL OF NOISE - URL

```
def remurl(content):
    try:
        URLless_string = re.sub(r'\w+:\/{2}[\d\w-]+(\.[\d\w-]+)*(?:(?:\/[^\s/]*))*', '', content)
        return URLless_string
    except Exception as e:
        print(str(e))
        return content
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
df_urlrem = pd.DataFrame(columns=['en_contenturl','url_rem'])
for i in range(100000):
    non_emo=translated['en_content'].iloc[i]
    content=translated['en_content'].iloc[i]
    new_content=remurl(content)

    df_urlrem = df_urlrem.append({'en_contenturl': non_emo,'url_rem':new_content},
    ignore_index=True)
```

Removal of numbers

```
In [ ]:
```

```
df_remnum = pd.DataFrame (columns=['url_rem',])
for i in range(100000):
    content=df_urlrem['url_rem'].iloc[i]
    nonum=rem_num(df_urlrem['url_rem'].iloc[i])
    list1=[content,nonum]
    df_remnum = df_remnum.append({'url_rem': content, 'no_num': nonum}, ignore_index=True)
```

REMOVAL OF STOPWORDS

```
In [ ]:
remStopword=pd.DataFrame()
```

```
In []:

df_new = pd.DataFrame(columns=['no_num','Stopwrod_removed'])
for i in range(100000):
    non_emo=df_remnum['no_num'].iloc[i]
    letters_only = re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]"," ",str(df_remnum['no_num'].iloc[i]))
    remStopword=removeStopwords(letters_only)
    list1=[non_emo,remStopword]
    df_new = df_new.append({'no_num': non_emo, 'Stopword_removed': remStopword}, ignore_index=True)
```

STEMMING

```
In []:
import nltk
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
porter_stemmer = PorterStemmer()

In []:
```

```
In [ ]:

df stem = pd.DataFrame(columns=['en contentst','Stemming'])
```

```
for i in range(100000):
    content=df_new['Stopword_removed'].iloc[i]
    stem=stemming(df_new['Stopword_removed'].iloc[i])
    list1=[content,stem]
    df_stem = df_stem.append({'en_contentst': content, 'Stemming': stem}, ignore_index=True)
```

```
LEMMATIZATION
In [ ]:
###LEMMATIZATION
import nltk
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
In [ ]:
def lemmatization(tokens):
    wordnet_lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
    nltk tokens =tokens
    lem = []
    #Next find the roots of the word
    try:
        for w in nltk_tokens:
            l=wordnet lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)
           lem.append(1)
       return lem
    except Exception as e:
       print(str(e))
       return tokens
In [ ]:
df lem = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Stemmingle','lemmatization'])
for i in range(100000):
    content=df stem['Stemming'].iloc[i]
    lem=stemming(df stem['Stemming'].iloc[i])
    list1=[content,lem]
    df lem = df lem.append({'Stemmingle': content, 'lemmatization': lem}, ignore index=True)
```

Converting to lower case

```
def tolower(tokens):
    try:
        nltk_tokens=tokens
        x = [element.lower() for element in nltk_tokens]
        return x
    except Exception as e:
        print(str(e))
        return tokens
```

```
In []:

df_lower = pd.DataFrame(columns=['lemmatizationtl','lower'])
for i in range(100000):
    content=df_lem['lemmatization'].iloc[i]
    low=tolower(df_lem['lemmatization'].iloc[i])
    list1=[content,low]
    df_lower = df_lower.append({'lemmatizationtl': content, 'lower': low}, ignore_index=True)
```

REMOVE PUNTUATION

```
def rem punctuation(tokens):
        try:
            input text = ' '.join(tokens).lower()
            s = re.sub(r"[-()\"#/@;:<>{}`+=~|.!?,]", "", input text)
            #print(input text)
            words = word tokenize(s)
            return words
        except Exception as e:
           print(str(e))
            return tokens
In [ ]:
df rempunc = pd.DataFrame(columns=['lemmatizationtlp','no punc'])
for i in range(100000):
    content=df lower['lemmatizationtl'].iloc[i]
    nopun=rem punctuation(df lower['lemmatizationtl'].iloc[i])
    list1=[content, nopun]
    df rempunc = df rempunc.append({'lemmatizationtlp': content, 'no punc': nopun}, ignore index=Tr
ue)
4
In [ ]:
frames=[translated,df_urlrem, df_new, df_stem, df_lem, df_lower, df_remnum, df_rempunc]
In [ ]:
Train=(pd.concat(frames, axis=1))
```

-----MODEL BUILDING-----

BOW

Contribution: Apoorva Malemath

We convert text to a numerical representation called a feature vector. A feature vector can be as simple as a list of numbers.

The bag-of-words model is one of the feature extraction algorithms for text.

- 1. The first step in this model is defining the vocabulary
- 2. The second step is to convert sentences into a frequency vector based on the vocabulary.

```
In [ ]:
```

```
#Reading data from document
import pandas as pd

df_pre=pd.read_csv("E:\\DMA_PRE\\PREPROCESSED.csv")

df=pd.read_csv("E:\\DMA_PRE\\PREPROCESSED.csv")

#Adjustments to be done for the data

df['content']=df['content'].str.replace(",", "")

df['content']=df['content'].str.replace("'","")
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
#creating a list for all content
l=[]
for i in range(0,10000):
    l.append(df['content'].iloc[i])
1
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
#code for bag of words model
import numpy as np
import re
```

```
#for building vocabulary
def tokenize_sentences(sentences):
   words = []
   for sentence in sentences:
        w = extract words(sentence)
       words.extend(w)
    words = sorted(list(set(words)))
   return words
def extract_words(sentence):
   ignore words = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i','j','k','l','m','n','o','p','q','r','s','t',
'u','v','w<sup>'</sup>,'x','y','z','A','B','C','D','E','F','G','H','I','J','K','L','M','N','O','P','Q','R','S',
'T','U','V','W','X','Y','Z']
   words = re.sub("[^\w]", " ", sentence).split() #nltk.word_tokenize(sentence)
    words_cleaned = [w.lower() for w in words if w not in ignore_words]
    return words_cleaned
#function which returns feature vector
def bagofwords(sentence, words):
    sentence words = extract words(sentence)
    # frequency word count
   bag = np.zeros(len(words),dtype=int)
    for sw in sentence words:
       for i, word in enumerate(words):
           if word == sw:
                bag[i] += 1
    return np.array(bag)
                                                                                                  | |
4
In [ ]:
#building the vocabulary for the list created
vocabulary1 = tokenize sentences(1)
In [ ]:
11 = [x for x in vocabulary1 if not (x.isdigit() or x[1:].isdigit())]
In [ ]:
b=pd.DataFrame()
In [ ]:
#constructing bag of words
a=[]
for i in range(0,10000):
    #b.append(bagofwords(df['content'].iloc[i], vocabulary1),ignore index=True)
    a.append(bagofwords(df['content'].iloc[i], vocabulary1))
In [ ]:
bow=np.asarray(a)
In [ ]:
df pol=pd.read csv("E:\\DMA PRE\\weibo polarity.csv")
```

TIMPOT C TE

Linear Regression Model with BOW appened with other features

```
In [ ]:
bowl=np.insert(bow,16792,df_pol["content_media_count"],axis=1)
```

```
bow2=np.insert(bow1,16793,df_pol["forward_median"],axis=1)
bow3=np.insert(bow2,16794,df pol["comment median"],axis=1)
bow4=np.insert(bow3,16795,df_pol["like_median"],axis=1)
bow5=np.insert(bow4,16796,df_pol["polarity"],axis=1)
X train1=train bow
X test1=pred bow
Y train1=train df[["forward count","like count","comment count"]]
Y_test1=predict_df[["forward_count"]]
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train1,Y_train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward count,com
ment count, like count", comments="")
result=pd.read csv("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow.csv")
train real pred = Y test1
train_real_pred['fp']=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['cp']=result['comment_count'].values
train_real_pred['lp']=result['like_count'].values
train_real_pred=train_real_pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

BAG OF WORDS USING COUNTER VECTORIZER

Contribution: Apoorva Malemath

```
In []:

df1=pd.read_csv('E:\\DMA_PRE\\pre_bow.csv')
train_df=df1[0:8000]
train_df.shape
```

```
In []:

train_1=[]
for i in range(0,8000):
    train_1.append(df_pre['content'].iloc[i])
len(train_1)
pred_1=[]
for i in range(8001,10000):
    pred_1.append(df_pre['content'].iloc[i])
len(pred_1)
```

In []:

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
```

In []:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
```

Model 1

```
In [ ]:
```

```
off_train_data_features = vect.fit_transform(train_l)
off train data features = off train data features.toarray()
off_train_data_forward = train_df.forward_count
off_test_data_features = vect.fit_transform(pred_1)
off_test_data_features = off_test_data_features.toarray()
off test data forward = predict df.forward count
X train1=off train data features
X test1= off test data features
Y train1=dftrain[["forward count","like count","comment count"]]
Y_test1=dfcv[["forward_count","like_count","comment_count"]]
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train1,Y train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X_test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow1.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward count,cc
mment count, like count", comments="")
result1=pd.read csv("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow1.csv")
result1=result1.abs()
result1=result1.astype(int)
train real pred = Y test1
train_real_pred['fp']=result1['forward_count'].values
train real pred['cp']=result1['comment count'].values
train_real_pred['lp']=result1['like_count'].values
train_real_pred=train_real_pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
4
```

Model 2

In []:

```
train=df_pol[0:8000]
cv=df_pol[8001:10000]
```

```
off train data features = vect.fit transform(train 1)
off_train_data_features = off_train_data_features.toarray()
off train data features1=np.insert(off train data features,100,train["content media count"],axis=1
off_train_data_features2=np.insert(off_train_data_features1,101,train["forward_median"],axis=1)
off train data features3=np.insert(off train data features2,102,train["comment median"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features4=np.insert(off_train_data_features3,103,train["like median"],axis=1)
#off train data features5=np.insert(off train data features4,100,train["polarity"],axis=1)
off train data features6=np.insert(off train data features4,104,train["content emoji count"],axis=
#off_train_data_forward = train_df.forward_count
off test data features = vect.fit transform(pred 1)
off_test_data_features = off_test_data_features.toarray()
off\_test\_data\_features1 = np.insert (off\_test\_data\_features, 100, cv["content\_media\_count"], axis=1)
off_test_data_features2=np.insert(off_test_data_features1,101,cv["forward_median"],axis=1)
    test_data_features3=np.insert(off_test_data_features2,102,cv["comment_median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features4=np.insert(off_test_data_features3,103,cv["like median"],axis=1)
#off test data features5=np.insert(off test data features4,100,cv["polarity"],axis=1)
off test data features6=np.insert(off test data features4,104,cv["content emoji count"],axis=1)
#off test data forward = predict df.forward count
X train1=off train data features6
X test1= off test data features6
Y train1=dftrain[["forward count","like count","comment count"]]
Y_test1=dfcv[["forward_count","like_count","comment_count"]]
lm=linear model TinearRegression()
```

```
IN-ITHEAT MOUET. HITHEATINE GIESSION (
model=lm.fit(X_train1,Y_train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow3.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward count,cc
mment count, like count", comments="")
result3=pd.read csv("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow3.csv")
result3=result3.abs()
result3=result3.astype(int)
train real pred = Y test1
train real pred['fp']=result3['forward count'].values
train real pred['cp']=result3['comment count'].values
train real pred['lp']=result3['like count'].values
train real pred=train real pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Model 3

```
In [ ]:
```

```
off train data features = vect.fit transform(train 1)
off train data features = off train data features.toarray()
off train data features1=np.insert(off train data features,100,train["content media count"],axis=1
off_train_data_features2=np.insert(off_train_data_features1,101,train["forward median"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features3=np.insert(off_train_data_features2,102,train["comment_median"],axis=1)
    train data features4=np.insert(off train data features3,103,train["like median"],axis=1)
off train data features5=np.insert(off train data features4,104,train["polarity"],axis=1)
#off train data forward = train df.forward count
off test data features = vect.fit transform(pred 1)
off test data features = off test data features.toarray()
off test data features1=np.insert(off test data features,100,cv["content media count"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features2=np.insert(off_test_data_features1,101,cv["forward_median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features3=np.insert(off_test_data_features2,102,cv["comment_median"],axis=1)
off test data features4=np.insert(off test data features3,103,cv["like median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features5=np.insert(off_test_data_features4,104,cv["polarity"],axis=1)
#off test data forward = predict df.forward count
X train1=off train data features4
X_test1= off_test_data_features4
Y train1=dftrain["forward count"]
Y test1=dfcv["forward count"]
lm=linear_model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train1,Y train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow4.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward count",
comments="")
result4=pd.read_csv("E://DMA_PRE//weibo_predict_resultbow4.csv")
result4=result4.abs()
result4=result4.astype(int)
train real pred = Y test1
```

```
off_train_data_features = vect.fit_transform(train_1)
off_train_data_features = off_train_data_features.toarray()

off_train_data_features1=np.insert(off_train_data_features,100,train["content_media_count"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features2=np.insert(off_train_data_features1,101,train["forward_median"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features3=np.insert(off_train_data_features2,102,train["comment_median"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features4=np.insert(off_train_data_features3,103,train["like_median"],axis=1)
off_train_data_features5=np.insert(off_train_data_features4.100.train["polarity"].axis=1)
```

```
#off train data forward = train df.forward count
off_test_data_features = vect.fit_transform(pred_l)
off test data features = off test data features.toarray()
off test data features1=np.insert(off test data features,100,cv["content media count"],axis=1)
off test data features2=np.insert(off test data features1,101,cv["forward median"],axis=1)
off test data features3=np.insert(off test data features2,102,cv["comment median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features4=np.insert(off_test_data_features3,103,cv["like_median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features5=np.insert(off_test_data_features4,100,cv["polarity"],axis=1)
#off test data forward = predict df.forward count
X train2=off train data features4
X test2= off test data features4
Y_train2=dftrain["like_count"]
Y test2=dfcv["like count"]
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train1,Y train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow5.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="comment count",
comments="")
result5=pd.read csv("E://DMA_PRE//weibo_predict_resultbow5.csv")
result5=result5.abs()
result5=result5.astype(int)
```

In []:

```
off train data features = vect.fit transform(train 1)
off_train_data_features = off_train_data_features.toarray()
off train data features1=np.insert(off train data features,100,train["content media count"],axis=1
off_train_data_features2=np.insert(off_train_data_features1,101,train["forward median"],axis=1)
off train data features3=np.insert(off train data features2,102,train["comment median"],axis=1)
off train data features4=np.insert(off train data features3,103,train["like median"],axis=1)
off train data features5=np.insert(off train data features4,100,train["polarity"],axis=1)
#off train data forward = train df.forward count
off_test_data_features = vect.fit_transform(pred_1)
off test data features = off test data features.toarray()
off test data features1=np.insert(off test data features,100,cv["content media count"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features2=np.insert(off_test_data_features1,101,cv["forward median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features3=np.insert(off_test_data_features2,102,cv["comment_median"],axis=1)
off_test_data_features4=np.insert(off_test_data_features3,103,cv["like_median"],axis=1) off_test_data_features5=np.insert(off_test_data_features4,100,cv["polarity"],axis=1)
#off test data forward = predict df.forward count
X train3=off train data features4
X_test3= off_test_data_features4
Y train3=dftrain["comment count"]
Y test3=dfcv["comment count"]
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train1,Y_train1)
pred1=lm.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow6.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="like count",com
ments="")
result6=pd.read csv("E://DMA PRE//weibo predict resultbow6.csv")
result6=result6.abs()
result6=result6.astype(int)
```

```
train_real_pred = pd.concat([Y_test1,Y_test2,Y_test3],axis=1)
train_real_pred['fp']=result4['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['cp']=result5['comment_count'].values
train_real_pred['lp']=result6['like_count'].values
train_real_pred=train_real_pred.round()
print ("Score_on_the_training_set:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Films (bools on one stating bool(over) visings (Fiscision (statin_real_proavoards) issue)

Polarity

Contribution: Deepti

```
In [ ]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import re
from sklearn import linear model
from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from textblob import TextBlob
import statsmodels.api as sm
import import ipynb
from evaluation import precision
from runTime import runTime
df=pd.read csv("G://preprocessed1L.csv")
df new = pd.DataFrame(columns=['pol'])
for i in range(0,100000):
        a=TextBlob(df['no_punc'].iloc[i]).sentiment
        df new=df new.append({'pol':a[0]}, ignore_index=True)
    except Exception as e:
        print(str(e))
        df new=df new.append({'pol':999999}, ignore index=True)
df['polarity']=df new['pol']
```

Initial Modelling

Contribution: All

```
In [ ]:
```

```
dfl=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train1_cp.csv")
df2=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train2_cp.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
train_dataset=pd.concat(frames)
predict_dataset=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_cp.csv")
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
train_dataset['date']=pd.to_datetime(train_dataset['date'],errors='coerce')
train_month=[g for n, g in train_dataset.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M'))]
train_dataset['time']=pd.to_datetime(train_dataset['time'],errors='coerce')
train_hour=[g for n, g in train_dataset.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='time',freq='H'))]
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
train_month[0].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train_feb_cp.csv",sep=','
,index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_month[1].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train_march_cp.csv",sep='
,',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_month[2].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train_april_cp.csv",sep='
,',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_month[3].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train_may_cp.csv",sep=','
,index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_month[4].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model
Evaluation\\weibo_train_june_cp.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
train_month[5].to_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model
Evaluation\\weibo_train_july_cp.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
```

In []: i=0 for i in range(0,24): path="E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_train_hour_"+str(i)+"_cp.csv" train_hour[i].to_csv(path,sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8') In []:

```
frames1=[train_month[0],train_month[1],train_month[2],train_month[3],train_month[4]]
train=pd.concat(frames1)
predict=train_month[5]
```

4. Initial Predictions without Model and Analysis

Putting known values of stats in predict dataset without any computation and finding accuracy

Best Statistical Factors and Default Value

Model 1 (Factors: Media, #, @, ?, !, Length, Emoji)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X_train=train[["content_media_count","content_#_count","content_@_count","content_?_count","content
t_!_count","content_length","content_emoji_count"]]
Y_train=train[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
X_test=predict[["content_media_count","content_#_count","content_@_count","content_?_count","content
nt_!_count","content_length","content_emoji_count"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X_train.fillna(X_train.max(),inplace=True)
X_test.fillna(X_test.max(),inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
lm=linear_model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train,Y_train)
pred=lm.predict(X_test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_result2.csv",pred,delimiter=
',',header="forward_count,comment_count,like_count",comments="")
result=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_result2.csv")
train_real_pred = Y_test
forward=result['forward_count'].values
comment=result['forward_count'].values
like=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['fp'],train_real_pred['cp'],train_real_pred['lp'] = forward,comment,like
print ("Score on the training set:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Model 2 (Media, Length, Emoji)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X_train=train[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count"]]
Y_train=train[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
X_test=predict[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X_train.fillna(X_train.max(),inplace=True)
X_test.fillna(X_test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear_model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
pred=lm.predict(X_test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_result3.csv",pred,delimiter=
',',header="forward_count,comment_count,like_count",comments="")
result=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_result3.csv")
train_real_pred = Y_test
forward=result['forward_count'].values
comment=result['forward_count'].values
like=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['fp'],train_real_pred['cp'],train_real_pred['lp'] = forward,comment,like
print ("Score on the training set:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Model 3(Media)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X train=train[["content media count"]]
Y train=train[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
X_test=predict[["content_media_count"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
print(X train.shape, Y train.shape)
print(X_test.shape,Y_test.shape)
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X train.fillna(X train.max(),inplace=True)
X_test.fillna(X_test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train, Y train)
pred=lm.predict(X test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo predict result4.csv",pred,delimiter=
',',header="forward_count,comment_count,like_count",comments="")
result=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th Sem\\DMA Project\\Model Evaluation\\weibo_predict_result4.csv")
train real pred = Y test
train_real_pred['fp']=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['cp']=result['comment_count'].values
train_real_pred['lp']=result['like_count'].values
train real pred=train real pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Model 4 (Time) Pre-requisite

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X train=train[["hour","min","sec"]]
Y train=train[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
X test=predict[["hour", "min", "sec"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X train.fillna(X train.max(),inplace=True)
X test.fillna(X test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear_model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train,Y train)
pred=lm.predict(X test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result5.csv",pred,delimiter=',',header="forward count,cc
mment count, like count", comments="")
result=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result5.csv")
train real pred = Y test
train_real_pred['fp']=result['forward_count'].values
train real pred['cp']=result['comment count'].values
train real pred['lp']=result['like count'].values
train_real_pred=train_real_pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
4
```

Model 5 (Time: Hour)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X train=train[["hour"]]
Y_train=train[["forward_count","comment_count","like count"]]
X test=predict[["hour"]]
Y test=predict[["forward count","comment count","like count"]]
print(X train.shape, Y train.shape)
print(X test.shape, Y test.shape)
pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X train.fillna(X train.max(),inplace=True)
X test.fillna(X test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train,Y train)
pred=lm.predict(X test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("G://DMA_PROJECT//weibo_predict_result6.csv",pred,delimiter=',',header="forward_count,cc
mment_count, like_count", comments="")
result=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result6.csv")
train_real_pred = Y_test
train real pred['fp']=result['forward count'].values
train_real_pred['cp']=result['comment_count'].values
train real pred['lp']=result['like count'].values
train real pred=train real pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Model 6 Time: (Hour, Min, Sec), Media, Length, Emoji

```
In [ ]:
X_train=train[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count","hour","min","sec"]]
Y_train=train[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
X test=predict[["content media count", "content length", "content emoji count", "hour", "min", "sec"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X train.fillna(X train.max(),inplace=True)
X_test.fillna(X_test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train,Y_train)
pred=lm.predict(X test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
np.savetxt("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result7.csv",pred,delimiter=',',header="forward count,cc
mment_count, like_count", comments="";
result=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result7.csv")
train real pred = Y test
train_real_pred['fp']=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred['cp']=result['comment_count'].values
train real pred['lp']=result['like count'].values
train real pred=train real pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Model 7 Median, Time: (Hour, Min, Sec), Media, Length, Emoji

Only for Forward Count

pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X train.fillna(X train.max(),inplace=True)

```
In []:

X_train=train[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count","hour","min","sec","for
ward_median"]]

Y_train=train[["forward_count"]]

X_test=predict[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count","hour","min","sec","fo
rward_median"]]

Y_test=predict[["forward_count"]]

In []:
```

```
X test.fillna(X test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train,Y train)
pred=lm.predict(X test)
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0.))
In [ ]:
np.savetxt("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result8.csv",pred,delimiter=',',header="forward count,cc
mment count, like count", comments=""]
result=pd.read csv("G://DMA PROJECT//weibo predict result8.csv")
In [ ]:
train real pred=Y test
train_real_pred['fp']=result['forward_count'].values
train_real_pred=train_real_pred.round()
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision2(train real pred.values)*100))
Modelling with Polarity
-10000 tuples
Contribution: Deepti
In [ ]:
dfpol=pd.read_csv("E:\DMA_PRE\polarity\weibo_polarity.csv")
dfpol['date']=pd.to datetime(dfpol['date'],errors='coerce')
train month=[g for n, g in dfpol.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M'))]
train month[0]=pd.read csv("E:\DMA PRE\polarity\weibo train feb cpts10000.csv")
train month[1]=pd.read csv("E:\DMA PRE\polarity\weibo train march cpts10000.csv")
train month[2]=pd.read csv("E:\DMA PRE\polarity\weibo train april cpts10000.csv")
train month[3]=pd.read csv("E:\DMA PRE\polarity\weibo train may cpts10000.csv")
train_month[4]=pd.read_csv("E:\DMA_PRE\polarity\weibo_train_june_cpts10000.csv")
train month[5]=pd.read csv("E:\DMA_PRE\polarity\weibo_train_july_cpts10000.csv")
frames1=[train month[0],train month[1],train month[2],train month[3],train month[4]]
train=pd.concat(frames1)
predict=train month[5]
## Model 7: (Factors: Media, Length, Emoji, Median, Polarity)
X train1=train[["content media count", "content length", "forward median", "comment median", "like medi
an", "polarity"]]
Y train1=train[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
X test1=predict[["content media count", "content length", "forward median", "comment median", "like med
ian","polarity"]]
Y test1=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X train1.fillna(X train1.max(),inplace=True)
X test1.fillna(X test1.max(),inplace=True)
lm1=linear model.LinearRegression()
model1=lm1.fit(X_train1,Y_train1)
pred1=lm1.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
print(model1.coef )
print(model1.intercept )
np.savetxt("E:\DMA PRE\polarity\weibo predict result51.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward cou
nt,comment_count,like_count",comments="")
```

```
result1=pd.read_csv("E:\DMA_PRE\polarity\weibo_predict_result51.csv")
print(mean_squared_error(Y_test1,result1))

train_real_pred=Y_test1
train_real_pred['fp']=result1['forward_count']
train_real_pred['cp']=result1['comment_count']
train_real_pred['lp']=result1['like_count']
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Model (Factors: Media, Length, Emoji, Median, Polarity) with OLS

OLS is a type of linear least squures methods for estimating parameters in a linear regression model

```
In [ ]:
X_trainl=train[["content_media_count","content_length","forward_median","comment_median","like_medi
an", "polarity"]]
Y train1=train[["forward count","comment count","like count"]]
X_test1=predict[["content_media_count","content_length","forward_median","comment_median","like med
ian", "polarity"]]
Y test1=predict[["forward count","comment count","like count"]]
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X train1.fillna(X train1.max(),inplace=True)
X test1.fillna(X test1.max(),inplace=True)
model1=sm.OLS(Y train1, X train1).fit()
pred1=model1.predict(X_test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo_predict_result52.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward
count, comment count, like count", comments="")
result1=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo_predict_result52.csv")
train real pred=Y test1
train_real_pred['fp']=result1['forward_count']
train_real_pred['cp']=result1['comment_count']
train_real_pred['lp']=result1['like_count']
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Model: (Factors: Media, Length, Emoji, Median, Polarity) with Ridge regression

Ridge regression is used to prevent multicollinearity among variables by shrinking the parameters

```
In [ ]:
X train1=train[["content media count", "content length", "forward median", "comment median", "like medi
an", "polarity"]]
Y train1=train[["forward count","comment count","like count"]]
X_test1=predict[["content_media_count","content_length","forward_median","comment_median","like median","content_media_count","content_length","forward_median","comment_media_count","like media_count","content_length","content_length","content_media_count","content_length","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_length","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_length","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count","content_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count_media_count
ian", "polarity"]]
Y test1=predict[["forward count","comment count","like count"]]
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X train1.fillna(X train1.max(),inplace=True)
X test1.fillna(X test1.max(),inplace=True)
lm1=linear_model.Ridge(alpha=3)
model1=lm1.fit(X_train1,Y_train1)
pred1=lm1.predict(X test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo predict result53.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward
 _count,comment_count,like_count",comments="")
result1=pd.read csv("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo predict result53.csv")
 train real pred=Y test1
```

```
train real pred['fp']=result1['forward count']
train_real_pred['cp']=result1['comment_count']
train_real_pred['lp']=result1['like count']
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
4
```

Model (Factors: Media, Length, Emoji, Median, Polarity) with Lasso regression

Lasso regression does automatic feature selection that means if some features are correlated then lasso will pick only one feature

```
In [ ]:
X train1=train[["content media count", "content length", "forward median", "comment median", "like medi
an", "polarity"]]
Y train1=train[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
X test1=predict[["content media count","content length","forward median","comment median","like med
ian","polarity"]]
Y test1=predict[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X train1.fillna(X train1.max(),inplace=True)
X_test1.fillna(X_test1.max(),inplace=True)
lm1=Lasso(alpha=0.01)
model1=lm1.fit(X train1,Y train1)
pred1=lm1.predict(X_test1)
pred1=pred1.round()
pred1=(np.maximum(pred1,0.))
np.savetxt("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo predict result54.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward
count, comment count, like count", comments="")
result1=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo_predict result54.csv")
np.savetxt("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo predict result54.csv",pred1,delimiter=',',header="forward
count, comment count, like count", comments="")
result1=pd.read csv("C:/Users/user/Downloads/weibo predict result54.csv")
```

Modelling with Normalized Polarity

Contribution: Apoorva Malemath

```
In [ ]:
def normalize(df):
   result = df.copy()
    for feature name in df.columns:
       result[feature_name] = (df[feature_name] - min_value) / (max_value - min_value)
    return result
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
dfl=pd.read csv("E://DMA PRED//polarityL1.csv")
max value = df1['polarity'].max()
min value = df1['polarity'].min()
df1['pnorm'] = (df1['polarity'] - min value) / (max value - min value)
df=df1.drop(['Unnamed: 0'], axis=1)
df = sklearn.utils.shuffle(df)
uid stat=pd.read csv("E:\\DMA PRE\\train uid stat.csv")
df = pd.merge(df,uid_stat , on=['u_id'])
df.columns
train=df[0:80000]
predict=df[80001:100000]
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
features_train=train[['content_media_count', 'pnorm', 'forward_min', 'forward_max', 'forward_median'
, 'forward mean',
      'comment min', 'comment max', 'comment median', 'comment mean',
```

```
'like min', 'like max', 'like median', 'like mean']]
features test=predict[['content media count', 'pnorm', 'forward min', 'forward max',
'forward median', 'forward mean',
       'comment min', 'comment max', 'comment median', 'comment mean',
       'like_min', 'like_max', 'like_median', 'like_mean']]
labels train=train[['forward count', 'comment count', 'like count']]
labels test=predict[['forward count', 'comment count', 'like count']]
x = features train
y = labels train
x1 = features test
y1 = labels test
regr = RandomForestRegressor(max depth=50, random state=0,n estimators=100)
regr.fit(x, y)
pred2 = regr.predict(x1)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from records(pred2)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
temp=temp.abs()
temp=temp.astype(int)
train_real_pred=y1
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train real pred['cp']=temp[1].values
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(x,y)
pred1=lm.predict(x1)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from records(pred1)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
train real pred=y1
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train_real_pred['cp']=temp[1].values
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Ensemble - Averaging

Contribution: Apoorva Malemath

```
df1=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th-Sem\\DMA Project\\Project\\weibo_train1_cpts.csv")
df2=pd.read_csv("E:\\5th-Sem\\DMA Project\\Project\\weibo_train2_cpts.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
train_all=pd.concat(frames)
train=train_all[0:983694]
predict=train all[983695:1229618]
```

Model 1 - Linear Regression

```
In [ ]:
```

train.columns

```
X_train=train[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count","hour","min","sec","for
ward_median","comment_median","like_median"]]
Y_train=train[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
X_test=predict[["content_media_count","content_length","content_emoji_count","hour","min","sec","fo
rward_median","comment_median","like_median"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
print(X_train.shape,Y_train.shape)
print(X_train.shape,Y_test.shape)

pd.options.mode.use_inf_as_na = True
X_train.fillna(X_train.max(),inplace=True)
X_test.fillna(X_test.max(),inplace=True)
```

```
lm=linear_model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X_train,Y_train)
predl=lm.predict(X_test)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from_records(pred1)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
train_real_pred=Y_test
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train_real_pred['cp']=temp[1].values
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Model 2 - Random Forest

```
In [ ]:
```

```
## Spliting of training dataset into 70% training data and 30% testing data randomly
features train=train[["content media count", "content # count", "content length", "content emoji count
", "forward median", "comment median", "like median"]]
features_test=predict[["content_media_count","content_#_count","content_length","content_emoji_cour
t", "forward_median", "comment_median", "like_median"]]
labels train=train[['forward count', 'comment count', 'like count']]
labels_test=predict[['forward_count', 'comment_count', 'like_count']]
x = features train
y = labels train
x1 = features_test
y1 = labels test
regr = RandomForestRegressor(max depth=50, random state=0,n estimators=100)
regr.fit(x, y)
pred2 = regr.predict(x1)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from_records(pred2)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
temp=temp.abs()
temp=temp.astype(int)
train_real_pred=Y_test
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train real pred['cp']=temp[1].values
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
                                                                                                  |
```

Model 3 - OLS

```
In [ ]:
```

```
model3=sm.OLS(Y_train,X_train).fit()
pred3=model3.predict(X_test)
```

Model 4- Ridge

```
In [ ]:
```

```
lm1=linear_model.Ridge(alpha=3)
model4=lm1.fit(X_train,Y_train)
pred4=lm1.predict(X_test)
```

Model 5- Lasso

```
In [ ]:
```

```
lm1=Lasso(alpha=0.01)
model5=lm1.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
pred5=lm1.predict(X_test)
```

Ensemble - Averaging

```
In [ ]:
```

```
pred=(pred1+pred2+pred3+pred4+pred5)/5
pred=pred.round()
pred=(np.maximum(pred,0))
pred=pred.abs()
pred1=pred.absype(int)
train_real_pred=Y_test
train_real_pred['fp']=pred1[0]
train_real_pred['cp']=pred1[1]
train_real_pred['lp']=pred1[2]
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

Mapping UID

Coontribution: Apoorva Malemath

```
In [ ]:
```

```
unique_id=train_all['u_id'].unique().tolist()
uid_df = pd.DataFrame({'u_id':unique_id})
from sklearn import preprocessing
le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
le.fit(unique_id)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
l=[]
l=le.transform(unique_id)
df = pd.DataFrame({'u_id':1})
uid_df['id']=df['u_id']
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
train_all=train_all.set_index('u_id').join(uid_df.set_index('u_id'))
train=train_all[0:983694]
predict=train_all[983695:1229618]
```

```
X train=train[["id","content media count","content length","content emoji count","hour","min","sec"
,"forward median", "comment median", "like median"]]
Y train=train[["forward count", "comment count", "like count"]]
X test=predict[["id","content media count","content length","content emoji count","hour","min","sec
","fo
                rward median", "comment median", "like median"]]
Y_test=predict[["forward_count","comment_count","like_count"]]
print(X train.shape, Y train.shape)
print(X test.shape, Y test.shape)
pd.options.mode.use inf as na = True
X_train.fillna(X_train.max(),inplace=True)
X test.fillna(X test.max(),inplace=True)
lm=linear model.LinearRegression()
model=lm.fit(X train,Y train)
pred1=lm.predict(X test)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from records(pred1)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
temp=temp.abs()
temp=temp.astype(int)
train_real_pred=Y_test
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train real pred['cp']=temp[1].values
```

```
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
```

In []:

```
## Spliting of training dataset into 70% training data and 30% testing data randomly
features_train=train[["id","content_media_count","content_#_count","content_length","content_emoji]
count", "forward median", "comment median", "like median"]]
features test=predict[["id","content media count","content # count","content length","content emoji
count", "forward median", "comment median", "like median"]]
labels train=train[['forward count', 'comment count', 'like count']]
labels_test=predict[['forward_count', 'comment_count', 'like_count']]
x = features train
y = labels train
x1 = features test
y1 = labels_test
regr = RandomForestRegressor(max depth=50, random state=0,n estimators=100)
regr.fit(x, y)
pred2 = regr.predict(x1)
temp = pd.DataFrame.from records(pred2)
temp=temp.round()
temp=(np.maximum(temp,0))
temp=temp.abs()
temp=temp.astype(int)
train_real_pred=Y_test
train_real_pred['fp']=temp[0].values
train_real_pred['cp']=temp[1].values
train_real_pred['lp']=temp[2].values
print("Score:{0:.2f}%".format(precision(train real pred.values)*100))
```

Best F C L Match Model

Contribution: Ashish Kar

```
In [ ]:
```

```
import _pickle as cPickle
import import_ipynb
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from genUidStat import loadData,genUidStat
from evaluation import precision
from runTime import runTime
from pathos.pools import ProcessPool
from multiprocess.pool import Pool
df1=pd.read_csv("weibo_train1.csv")
df2=pd.read_csv("weibo_train2.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
traindata=pd.concat(frames)
def splitDataFrameIntoSmaller(df, chunkSize = 10000):
   listOfDf = list()
    numberChunks = len(df) // chunkSize + 1
    for i in range(numberChunks):
       listOfDf.append(df[i*chunkSize:(i+1)*chunkSize])
    return listOfDf
uid stat=pd.read csv("train uid stat.csv")
uid = splitDataFrameIntoSmaller(uid stat, chunkSize = 500)
uid[0].shape[0]
# Generation of Best Scoring F C L for each UID
def search all uid(stat dic,file):
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
def _deviation(predict, real, kind):
 t = 5.0 if kind=='f' else 3.0
 return abs(predict - real) / (real + t)
def _precision_i(fp, fr, cp, cr, lp, lr):
 return 1 - 0.5 * deviation(fp, fr, 'f') - 0.25 * deviation(cp, cr, 'c') - 0.25 * deviation(lp,
lr, 'l')
def sgn(x):
 return 1 if x>0 else 0
def count i(fr, cr, lr):
 x = fr + cr + lr
 return 101 if x>100 else (x+1)
def precision(real_and_predict):
 numerator, denominator = 0.0, 0.0
 for fr, cr, lr,fp, cp, lp in real_and_predict:
  numerator += _count_i(fr, cr, lr) * _sgn(_precision_i(fp, fr, cp, cr, lp, lr) - 0.8)
  denominator += count i(fr, cr, lr)
 return (numerator / denominator)
def score(uid_data,pred):
 uid data:
  pd.DataFrame
 pred:
  list, [fp,cp,lp]
 uid real pred = uid data[['forward count','comment count','like count']]
 uid real pred['fp'] = pred[0]
 uid real pred['cp'] = pred[1]
 uid_real_pred['lp'] = pred[2]
 return precision(uid_real_pred.values)
def search(uid data, target, args):
 args = list(args)
 target index = ['forward count','comment count','like count'].index(target)
 target min,target median,target max = args[3*target index:3*target index+3]
 del args[3*target_index:3*target_index+3]
 pred = (args[1], args[4])
 best_num = [target_median]
 best pred = list(pred)
 best pred.insert(target index, target median)
 best score = score(uid data,best pred)
 for num in range(target min, target max+1):
  this_pred = list(pred)
  this pred.insert(target index, num)
  this_score = score(uid_data,this_pred)
  if this_score >= best_score:
   if this score > best score:
    best num = [num]
    best score = this score
    best num.append(num)
 return best num[np.array([abs(i - target median) for i in best num]).argmin()]
uid best pred = {}
pool = ProcessPool()
uids,f,c,l = [],[],[],[]
m=1
for uid in stat dic:
 print ("search uid:{}".format(uid),m)
 uid data = traindata[traindata.u id == uid]
 arguments = stat dic[uid][['forward min','forward median','forward max','comment min',\
     'comment_median','comment_max','like_min','like_median','like_max']]
 arguments = tuple([int(i) for i in arguments])
 f.append(pool.apply async(search,args=(uid data,'forward count',arguments)))
 c.append(pool.apply async(search, args=(uid data, 'comment count', arguments)))
 l.append(pool.apply async(search,args=(uid data,'like count',arguments)))
 uids.append(uid)
pool.close()
pool.join()
f = [i.get() for i in f]
c = [i.get() for i in c]
l = [i.get() for i in l]
for i in range(len(uids)):
 uid best pred[uids[i]] = [f[i],c[i],l[i]]
 #cPickle.dump(uid_best_pred,open('uid_best_pred'+str(file)+'.pkl','ab'))
label = ['forward count','comment count','like count']
pd.DataFrame.from dict(data=uid best pred,orient='index').to csv("G:\\Anconda Prog\\BestPred\\wei
```

```
bo_uidbest"+str(file)+".csv",header=label)
print("Written to file")
```

In []:

```
uid_stat=pd.read_csv("train_uid_stat.csv")
uid_stat=uid_stat.set_index('u_id')
uid = splitDataFrameIntoSmaller(uid_stat, chunkSize = 100)
n=368
while n<373:
    df=uid[n].T
    stat=df.to_dict('series')
    n=n+1
    search_all_uid(stat,n)</pre>
```

```
i = 0
for i in range (0,373):
st[i]=pd.read csv("weibo uidbest"+str(i)+".csv")
for i in range (0,373):
string=string+"st["+str(i)+"],"
string=string[:-1]
frames=[string]
uid best pred=pd.concat(frames)
uid_best_pred.rename(columns={uid_best_pred[0]:"u_id"})
uid_best_pred.to_csv("train_best_pred.csv",sep=',',index=False,encoding='utf-8')
# FILES GENERATED..... NOW RESULT GENERATION
@runTime
def predict_by_search(submission=True):
traindata,testdata = loadData()
ub=pd.read csv("train best pred.csv")
ub=ub.set index('u id')
df=ub.T
uid best pred=df.to dict('series')
#uid_best_pred = search_all_uid()
#print ("search done, now predict on traindata and testdata...")
 #predict traindata with uid's best fp,cp,lp
forward,comment,like = [],[],[]
for uid in traindata['u id']:
 if uid in uid_best_pred:
  forward.append(int(uid best pred[uid][0]))
  comment.append(int(uid best pred[uid][1]))
  like.append(int(uid_best_pred[uid][2]))
  forward.append(0)
  comment.append(0)
  like.append(0)
 #score on the traindata
train real pred = traindata[['forward count','comment count','like count']]
train_real_pred['fp'],train_real_pred['cp'],train_real_pred['lp'] = forward,comment,like
print ("Score on the training set: {0:.2f}%".format(precision(train_real_pred.values)*100))
if submission:
  test_pred = testdata[['u_id','m_id']]
  forward,comment,like = [],[],[]
 for uid in testdata['u id']:
  if uid in uid_best_pred:
   forward.append(int(uid best pred[uid][0]))
   comment.append(int(uid_best_pred[uid][1]))
   like.append(int(uid_best_pred[uid][2]))
  else:
   forward.append(0)
   comment.append(0)
   like.append(0)
  test pred['fp'], test pred['cp'], test pred['lp'] = forward, comment, like
  #generate submission file
  result = []
  filename = "weibo predict search.txt"
  for _,row in test_pred.iterrows():
  f = open(filename,'w')
```

```
f.writelines(result)
f.close()
print ('generate submission file "{}"'.format(filename))
predict_by_search()
```

-----Performance Analysis and Lederboard Ranking-----

-

Leaderboard Ranked Model Analysis

Contribution: All

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import linear model
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import statsmodels.api as sm
# Best Model Evaluation
## Model 1: UID FCL Median Model
## Train Score: 32.73 Official Score: 29.38989214 Rank: 241
df3=pd.read csv("weibo train1 cpts.csv")
df4=pd.read csv("weibo train2 cpts.csv")
frames=[df3,df4]
train dataset=pd.concat(frames)
print(mean_squared_error(train_dataset['forward_count'],train_dataset['forward_median']))
print(mean squared error(train dataset['comment count'],train dataset['comment median']))
print(mean squared error(train dataset['like count'], train dataset['like median']))
print(accuracy score(train dataset['forward count'], train dataset['forward median']))
print(accuracy_score(train_dataset['comment_count'],train_dataset['comment_median']))
print(accuracy score(train dataset['like count'], train dataset['like median']))
## Model 2: UID FCL Best Match Model
## Train Score: 34.76 Official Score:29.67695154 (29.68) Rank:218
df1=pd.read csv("weibo_train1.csv")
df2=pd.read csv("weibo train2.csv")
frames=[df1,df2]
train dataset=pd.concat(frames)
stat=pd.read csv("train best pred.csv")
trainstat=pd.merge(train dataset, stat, on=['u id'], how='left')
trainstat.shape
trainstat.head(614809).to csv("weibo train1 final.csv", sep=',',index=False, encoding='utf-8')
trainstat.tail(614809).to csv("weibo train2 final.csv", sep=',',index=False, encoding='utf-8')
df3=pd.read csv("weibo train1 final.csv")
df4=pd.read csv("weibo train2 final.csv")
frames=[df3,df4]
train dataset=pd.concat(frames)
print(mean squared error(train dataset['forward count x'], train dataset['forward count y']))
print(mean squared error(train dataset['comment count x'], train dataset['comment count y']))
print(mean_squared_error(train_dataset['like_count_x'], train_dataset['like_count_y']))
print(accuracy_score(train_dataset['forward_count_x'],train_dataset['forward_count_y']))
print(accuracy_score(train_dataset['comment_count_x'], train_dataset['comment_count_y']))
print(accuracy_score(train_dataset['like_count_x'], train_dataset['like_count_y']))
```

httiin (accorded) score (cratii accaser[tive coniir v], cratii accaser[tive coniir v])
Summary

-----Conclusions-----

We built models to predict the number of forwards, comments and likes for a weibo. We followed an iterative KDD process to refine the pre-processing of data and improve the performance of model. As the crucial part of our data is text, we apply text preprocessing techniques namely removal of noise, stop words, stemming and lemmatization.

We found that using the algorithmic approach where we defined the best possible value for each user based the UID yielded good result. The model used statistical factors and yielded a score of 29.82% and got a rank of 218 on leaderboard.

Also computing polarity of the text and performing a min max normalization on it yielded a score of 78.92% on the cross validation.