# **RESTFul Services In Java Using Jersey**

Architecture

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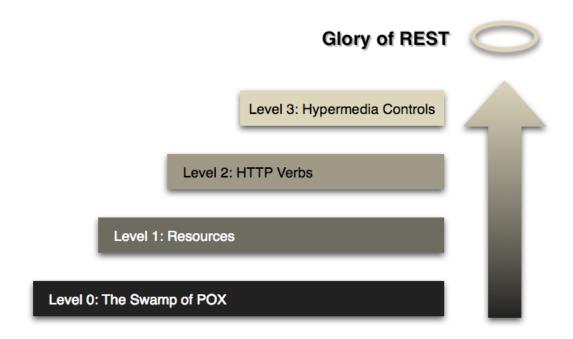


### **Architecture**



# **Richardson Maturity Model**

4 Levels of Maturity - we are focusing on level 2:



## **Richardson Maturity Model**

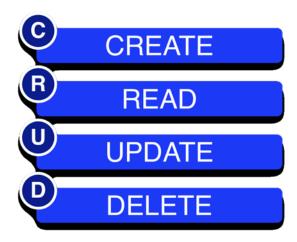
- Level 2 focuses on the HTTP Verbs
- Create, Read, Update, and Delete
- Post, Get, Put, and Delete
- The web really doesn't use Put and Delete
- Level 3 includes level 2, but puts a focus on Discoverability
  - HATEOS Hypertext As The Engine Of Application State

#### **HATEOAS**

- Hypermedia as the Engine of Application State
- The client interacts with the server through hypermedia
- The concept is to decouple client and server allowing them to evolve
  - Interaction begins with a fixed URL
  - Future interactions are determined by the server
- The concepts of HATEOAS are to help promote long term design
  - Can make short term design/productivity more difficult.

#### **CRUD Functions**

- Level 2 of the RMM is about matching services with their HTTP Verbs
- The CRUD functions are mapped to their HTTP equivalents
  - Create = POST
  - □ Read = GET
  - Update = PUT
  - Delete = DELETE
- Often times people will use POST for Create and Update



#### **JSON**

- JavaScript Object Notation
- BTW, it's pronounced "Jason"
- Preferred when working with JavaScript clients
- Looser way to represent data
- Flexible and easy to work with
- Often preferred because it is not XML
- Difficult to validate

@Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION\_JSON)



#### **XML**

- Often associated with SOAP
- Still a great solution for REST
- REST doesn't mean unstructured
- Easy to validate, confirm well formed

@Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION\_XML)



## **Binary**

- Not necessarily an alternative to JSON or XML
- Used to serve objects
  - Files
  - Images
  - PDFs

@Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION\_OCTET\_STREAM)



# **Summary**

- Richardson Maturity Model
- HATEOAS
- CRUD Functions
- JSON
- XML
- Binary