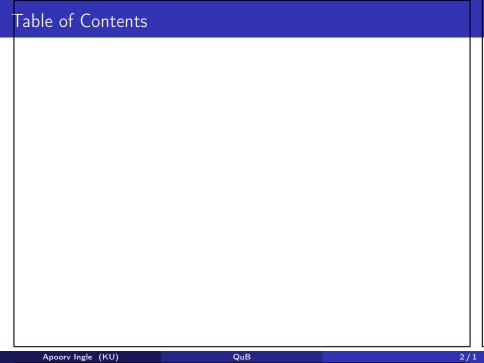
QuB

A Resource Aware Functional Programming Language

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ntroduction and Motivation

- Hard problem: Resource management in evolving production code
- Resources: Files, database connections, anything that represents a shared state in the program

Modified File Handling API in Haskell

```
openFile :: FilePath \rightarrow IO FileHandle closeFile :: FileHandle \rightarrow IO () readLine :: FileHandle \rightarrow IO (String, FileHandle) writeFile :: String \rightarrow FileHandle \rightarrow IO ((), FileHandle) upper :: String \rightarrow String
```

• File Handling in Haskell

File Handling in Haskell Gone Wrong (Part I)

```
do f ← openFile "sample.txt"
   (s, f) \leftarrow readLine f
   let c = upper s
   ((), f) \leftarrow writeLine f c
   () ← closeFile f
   () ← closeFile f
   return c
```

File Handling in Haskell Gone Wrong (Part I)

```
do f ← openFile "sample.txt"
   (s, f) \leftarrow readLine f
   let c = upper s
   ((), f) \leftarrow writeLine f c
  () ← closeFile f
  () ← closeFile f
   return c
```

• File is closed twice: Run time crash

• File Handling in Haskell Gone Wrong (Part II)

```
do f ← openFile "sample.txt"
  (s, f) ← readLine f
  let c = upper s
  ((), f) ← writeLine f c
   .
   .
   .
   return c
```

• File Handling in Haskell Gone Wrong (Part II)

File not closed: Memory leak

Resource Management: Exception Handling

• MonadError(?) in Haskell

```
class Monad m \Rightarrow MonadError e m | m \rightarrow e where throwError :: e \rightarrow m a catchError :: m a \rightarrow (e \rightarrow m a) \rightarrow m a
```

- throwError starts exception processing
- catchError exception handler

Resource Management: Exception Handling

• Using MonadError in Haskell

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ullet Execution path for exception $\ensuremath{\mathcal{D}}$ file not closed $\ensuremath{\mathcal{D}}$ Memory leak

ntroduction and Motivation

'Well typed programs do not go wrong.'

Robin Milner

ntroduction and Motivation

'Well typed programs do not go wrong.'

Robin Milner

• Can we do better? Can types guide us?

Background Work: Simply Typed Lambda Calculus (STLC)

Types and Typing Context

$$t, u \in \mathsf{Type} \ \mathsf{Variables}$$

$$\mathsf{Types} \quad \tau, v \coloneqq t \mid \iota \mid \tau \to \tau$$

$$\mathsf{Typing} \ \mathsf{Scheme} \quad \sigma \coloneqq \tau \mid \forall \, t.\tau$$

$$\mathsf{Typing} \ \mathsf{Context} \quad \Gamma \coloneqq \epsilon \mid \Gamma, x : \sigma$$

Language

Expressions
$$M, N := x$$

 $| \lambda x.M | MN$
 $| \text{let } x = M \text{ in } N$

Background Work: Hindley-Milner Type System

Hindley-Milner (*HM*) type system Type inferencing and Type checking:

- Algorithm M(?)
- Algorithm $\mathcal{W}(?)$

Type unification:

• Robinson's Algorithm $\mathcal{U}(?)$

Background Work: Typing Rules STLC

$$\frac{x : \sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \sigma} [VAR] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad \Gamma_{x}, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{let } x = M \text{ in } N) : \tau} [LET]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad t \notin fvs(\Gamma)}{\Gamma \vdash M : \forall t . \sigma} [\forall I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad (\sigma' \subseteq \sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma'} [\forall E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{x}, x : \tau \vdash M : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x . M : \tau \to \tau'} [\to I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau \to \tau' \qquad \Gamma \vdash N : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash MN : \tau'} [\to E]$$

Background Work: Algorithm ${\mathcal W}$

$$\mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau) = S$$

$$\mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash x : \tau) = \mathcal{U}(\tau, [\vec{u}/\vec{t}]v)$$
where $\forall \vec{t}.v = \Gamma(x)$

$$\mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.M : \tau) = S \circ S'$$
where $S = \mathcal{U}(\tau, u_1 \to u_2)$

$$S' = \mathcal{M}(S\Gamma, x : Su_1 \vdash M : Su_2)$$

$$\mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash (\texttt{let} \ x = M \ \texttt{in} \ N) : \tau) = S \circ S'$$

$$\mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash MN : \tau) = S \circ S' \qquad \text{where} \qquad S = \mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash M : u)$$

$$S = \mathcal{M}(\Gamma \vdash M : u \to \tau) \qquad \qquad \sigma = \texttt{Gen}(S\Gamma, Su)$$

$$S' = \mathcal{M}(S\Gamma \vdash N : Su) \qquad \qquad S' = \mathcal{M}(S\Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau)$$

Background Work: Curry-Howard Correspondence

- Types are Propostions
- Programs are Proofs

HM type system ≡ Second Order Propositional Logic

Background Work: Second Order Propositional Logic

Language:

Propostions & connectives
$$A,B,C := x \mid A \supset B \mid \forall x.B \mid ...$$

Context $\Gamma,\Delta := \epsilon \mid \Gamma,A$

Logic Rules:

$$\frac{A \vdash A}{A \vdash A} [Ax]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B \quad x \notin \Gamma}{\forall x.B} [\forall I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \forall x.B \quad \Gamma \vdash A}{B[x/A]} [\forall E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \supset B} [\supset I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \supset B \quad \Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash B} [\supset E]$$

Background Work: Substructural Logic

• Two implicit rules in Propositional Calculus

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma, A \vdash B}$$
 [WKN]

$$\frac{\Gamma, A, A \vdash B}{\Gamma, A \vdash B} [CTR]$$

Background Work: Substructural Logic

• Two implicit rules in Propositional Calculus

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma, A \vdash B} [WKN] \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A, A \vdash B}{\Gamma, A \vdash B} [CTR]$$

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• Control the use of [WKN] and [CTR]

Certain contexts cannot undergo weakening or contraction(??)

Context
$$\Gamma, \Delta := \epsilon \mid \Gamma, \langle A \rangle \mid \Gamma, [A]$$

$$\Gamma, \langle A \rangle \not\vdash \Gamma$$

 $\Gamma, \langle A \rangle \not\vdash \Gamma, \langle A \rangle, \langle A \rangle$
 $\Gamma, [A] \vdash \Gamma$
 $\Gamma, [A] \vdash \Gamma, [A], [A]$

Language

Context
$$\Gamma$$
, $\Delta := \epsilon \mid \Gamma$, $\langle A \rangle \mid \Gamma$, $[A]$
Propostions A , B , $C := X \mid !A \mid A \multimap B \mid A \& B \mid A \otimes B \mid A \oplus B$

Structural Rules

$$\frac{1}{[A] \vdash A} [\mathsf{ID}_{[]}] \qquad \frac{1}{\langle A \rangle \vdash A} [\mathsf{ID}_{\langle \rangle}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash A}{\Delta, \Gamma \vdash A} [\mathsf{EXCH}] \quad \frac{\Gamma, [A], [A] \vdash B}{\Gamma, [A] \vdash B} [\mathsf{CTRN}] \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma, [A] \vdash B} [\mathsf{WKN}]$$

$$\frac{[\Gamma] \vdash A}{[\Gamma] \vdash !A} [!!] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash !A \qquad \Delta, [A] \vdash B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash B} [!E]$$

Connective Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B} \left[\multimap I \right]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B \quad \Delta \vdash A}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash B} [\multimap E]$$

Connective Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B} [\multimap I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash B} [\multimap E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \& B} [\&I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash A} [\&E_1] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash B} [\&E_2]$$

Connective Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B} \left[\multimap I \right] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash B} \left[\multimap E \right]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \& B} \left[\& I \right] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash A} \left[\& E_1 \right] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash B} \left[\& E_2 \right]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash A \otimes B} \left[\otimes I \right] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \otimes B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash C} \left[\otimes E \right]$$

Connective Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B} [\multimap I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \multimap B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash B} [\multimap E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \& B} [\&I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash A} [\&E_1] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \& B}{\Gamma \vdash B} [\&E_2]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash A \otimes B} [\otimes I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \otimes B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash C} [\otimes E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \oplus B} [\oplus I_1] \qquad \frac{\Delta \vdash B}{\Delta \vdash A \oplus B} [\oplus I_2]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \oplus B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash C} \qquad \Delta, B \vdash C \qquad (\oplus E)$$

Apoorv Ingle (KU)

Propositions act like Resources

"A consumed to give B" $A, A \multimap B \vdash B$ "Both A and B" $A \otimes B$ "Choice between A and B" $A \otimes B$ Cannot create new copies $A \not\vdash A \otimes A$ Fall back to intuistionstic logic $A \multimap B = A \supset B$

Propositions act like Resources

"A consumed to give B" $A, A \multimap B \vdash B$ "Both A and B" $A \otimes B$ "Choice between A and B" $A \otimes B$ Cannot create new copies $A \not\vdash A \otimes A$ Fall back to intuistionstic logic $A \not\vdash A \supset B$

- Curry-Howard Corresondence: Type systems based on Linear Logic
- Active Area of research: L³(?), F°(?), Linear Haskell(?), Quill(?)
- Resources are first class values

Downside: Asymmetry between implication and conjunction Multiplicative Fragment:

$$A \otimes B \vdash C \text{ iff } A \vdash B \multimap C$$

Additive Fragment:

$$|A \& |B \vdash C \text{ iff } |A \vdash |B \multimap C$$

Modality is necessary to avoid over-restriction

Background Work: Qualified Types

General framework to incorporate predicates into type language

$$P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma$$

"Type of M is σ when predicates in P are satisfied and free variables in M are specified in Γ "?

Background Work: Typing Rules with Qualified Types

HM system with qualified Types:

$$\frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma}\,[\mathsf{VAR}] \quad \frac{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\sigma}{P,\,Q\,|\,\Gamma\vdash(\mathsf{let}\,\,x=M\,\,\mathsf{in}\,\,N):\tau} \,[\mathsf{LET}]$$

$$\frac{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\sigma}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\forall\,t.\sigma} \, t\notin \mathsf{fvs}(\Gamma)\cup \mathsf{fvs}(P)}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\forall\,t.\sigma} \,[\forall\,\,\mathsf{I}] \quad \frac{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\forall\,t.\sigma}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:[\tau/t]\sigma} \,[\forall\,\,\mathsf{E}]$$

$$\frac{P\,|\,\Gamma_x,x:\tau\vdash M:\tau'}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash \lambda x.M:\tau\to\tau'} \,[\to\,\mathsf{I}] \quad \frac{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\tau\to\tau'}{P\,|\,\Gamma\vdash M:\tau} \,[\to\,\mathsf{E}]$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} P,\pi \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \rho \\ \hline P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \pi \Rightarrow \rho & P \Rightarrow \pi \\ \hline \pi \Rightarrow \rho : \pi \text{ qualifies } \rho & P \Rightarrow \pi : P \text{ entails } \pi \\ \end{array} [\Rightarrow E]$$

Background Work: Quill

Quill(?): Language with qualified types for linear types and first class polymorphism

Three Predicates:

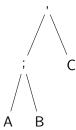
- \bullet Un τ $\,$ If τ does not have resources or can be copied or dropped easily.
- Fun au If au is a function type
- $\tau \geq \tau'$ If τ less restricting than τ'

Background Work: Quill

- Unrestricted Types: Un Int, Un Bool
- Restricted or Linear Types: FileHandle
- Function Types: Fun (Int \rightarrow Int), Fun (String \rightarrow String)

Background Work: Logic of Bunched Implications (BI)

- Contexts as trees, called bunches(?)
- Two connective used to combine contexts: A; B or A, B



Background Work: Logic of *BI*

• Context connective guides choice of implication

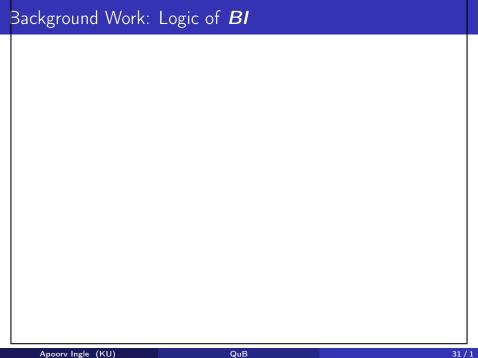
$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \twoheadrightarrow B} [\twoheadrightarrow I] \qquad \qquad \frac{\Gamma; A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \twoheadrightarrow B} [\twoheadrightarrow I]$$

Contraction

$$A; B \vdash A$$
 $A; B \vdash B$
 $A, B \not\vdash A$ $A, B \not\vdash B$

Weakening

$$A; B \vdash A; B; B$$
 $A; B \vdash A; A; B$
 $A, B \not\vdash A, B, B$ $A, B \not\vdash A, A, B$



Background Work: $lpha\lambda$ -calculus

Curry-Howard interpretation of logic of *BI*(?)

Language

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{Context} & \Gamma, \Delta \coloneqq \{\}_m \,|\, \{\}_a \,|\, x : \tau \,|\, \Gamma, \Delta \,|\, \Gamma; \Delta \\ & \mathsf{Types} & \tau, \upsilon \coloneqq t \,|\, \iota \,|\, \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau \,|\, \tau \nrightarrow \tau \\ & \mathsf{Expressions} & \mathit{M}, \mathit{N} \coloneqq x \,|\, \lambda x. \mathit{M} \,|\, \alpha x. \mathit{M} \,|\, \mathit{MN} \\ \end{array}$$

Typing rules

$$\frac{x : \tau \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} [VAR] \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Gamma \vdash M : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau} [CTR] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash M : \tau} [WKN]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{x}, x : \tau \vdash M : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x M : \tau * \tau'} [*I] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau * \tau'}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash MN : \tau'} [*E]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{x}; x : \tau \vdash M : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \alpha x. M : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau'} \left[\twoheadrightarrow I \right] \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \qquad \Delta \vdash N : \tau}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash MN : \tau'} \left[\twoheadrightarrow E \right]$$

QuB

- Quill: Qualified types for type system based on linear logic
- QuB: Qualified types for type system based on logic of BI

QuB: Types and Predicates

Types
$$au, v, \phi \coloneqq t \mid \iota \mid \tau \to \tau$$
 where $\to \in \{ \stackrel{\downarrow}{\to}, \stackrel{\star}{\to}, \stackrel{\star}{\to}, \stackrel{\star}{\to} \}$ Predicates $\pi, \omega \coloneqq \text{Un } \tau \mid \text{SeFun } \tau \mid \text{ShFun } \tau \mid \tau \geq \tau'$ Qualified Types $\rho \coloneqq \tau \mid \pi \Rightarrow \rho$ Type schemes $\sigma \coloneqq \rho \mid \forall t.\sigma$

- ullet SeFun au: au is a function that is separate from its argument
- ullet ShFun au: au is a function that is in sharing with its argument
- Un τ : τ does not have resources or they can be copied/dropped easily

QuB: Types and Predicates

Types
$$au, v, \phi \coloneqq t \mid \iota \mid \tau \to \tau$$
 where $\to \in \{ \stackrel{\downarrow}{\to}, \stackrel{\star}{\to}, \stackrel{\star}{\to}, \twoheadrightarrow \}$ Predicates $\pi, \omega \coloneqq \text{Un } \tau \mid \text{SeFun } \tau \mid \text{ShFun } \tau \mid \tau \geq \tau'$ Qualified Types $\rho \coloneqq \tau \mid \pi \Rightarrow \rho$ Type schemes $\sigma \coloneqq \rho \mid \forall t.\sigma$

- →: Function type that is separate with its argument
- -->: Function type that is in sharing with its argument
- $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$: unrestriced versions of $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$

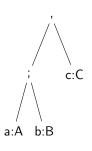
QuB: Language

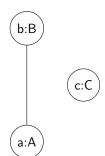
Term Variables $x, y, z \in \text{Var}$ Expressions $M, N := x \mid \lambda^{-*}x.M \mid \lambda^{-*}x.M \mid MN \mid \text{let } x = M \text{ in } N$

- $\lambda^* x.M$: Introduces \rightarrow function
- λ^{-} x.N: Introduces \rightarrow function

QuB: Typing Environmnet

- Logic of BI: Contexts are trees
- QuB: Contexts are flattened sharing graphs





 \bullet Sharing relation Ψ

$$\forall_{x \in dom(\Psi)} \ x \in \Psi(x)$$

(reflexive)

$$\forall_{x,y \in \text{dom}(\Psi)} \text{ if } y \in \Psi(x) \text{ then } x \in \Psi(y)$$

(symmetric)

 $\forall_{x,y,z \in \text{dom}(\Psi)}$ if $y \in \Psi(x)$ and $z \in \Psi(y) \implies z \in \Psi(x)$ (non-transitive)

QuB: Typing Environment

"
$$x$$
 of type σ is in sharing with \vec{y} " $(x,\sigma,\vec{y})\in\Gamma$

Typing Context $\Gamma,\Delta:=\epsilon\mid\Gamma,x^{\vec{y}}:\sigma$

$$\operatorname{Vars}(\Gamma,x^{\vec{y}}:\tau)=\operatorname{Vars}(\Gamma)\cup\{x\}$$

$$\operatorname{Shared}(\Gamma,x^{\vec{y}}:\tau)=\operatorname{Shared}(\Gamma)\cup\{\vec{y}\}$$

$$\operatorname{Used}(\Gamma)=\operatorname{Vars}(\Gamma)\cup\operatorname{Shared}(\Gamma)$$

$$(\Gamma,x^{\vec{y}}:\tau)^{[a\mapsto\vec{b}]}=\begin{cases} a\notin\vec{y}& (\Gamma^{[a\mapsto\vec{b}]},x^{\vec{y}}:\tau)\\ a\in\vec{y}& (\Gamma^{[a\mapsto\vec{b}]},x^{(\vec{y}\setminus a)\cup\vec{b}}:\tau) \end{cases}$$

$$\Gamma^{[\vec{a}\mapsto\vec{b}]}=(\dots((\Gamma^{[a_1\mapsto\vec{b}]})^{[a_2\mapsto\vec{b}]})^{\dots})^{[a_n\mapsto\vec{b}]}$$

$$\begin{split} \Gamma \otimes \Gamma' &= \Gamma \sqcup \Gamma' & \quad \text{if } Vars(\Gamma) \ \# \ Used(\Gamma') \land Vars(\Gamma') \ \# \ Used(\Gamma) \\ \Gamma \oplus \Gamma' &= \Gamma \sqcup \Gamma' & \quad \text{if } Used(\Gamma) = Used(\Gamma') \end{split}$$

QuB: Typing Rules

$$\frac{}{P \mid x^{\vec{y}} : \sigma \vdash x : \sigma} [\mathsf{ID}]$$

$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \otimes \Delta \otimes \Delta \vdash M : \sigma}{P \mid \Gamma \otimes \Delta \vdash M : \sigma} P \vdash \Delta \text{ un}}{P \mid \Gamma \otimes \Delta \vdash M : \sigma} [CTR-UN] \frac{P \mid \Gamma \oplus \Delta \oplus \Delta \vdash M : \sigma}{P \mid \Gamma \oplus \Delta \vdash M : \sigma} [CTR-SH]$$

$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma} P \vdash \Delta \text{ un}}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma} [WKN-UN]$$

$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad P \vdash \Delta \text{ un}}{P \mid \Gamma \circledast \Delta \vdash M : \sigma} \text{ [WKN-UN]} \qquad \frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma}{P \mid \Gamma \oplus \Delta \vdash M : \sigma} \text{ [WKN-SH]}$$

QuB: Typing Rules

Connective Rules

$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad P' \mid \Gamma'_x, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau}{P \cup P' \mid \Gamma \sqcup \Gamma' \vdash (\texttt{let } x = M \texttt{ in } N) : \tau} \texttt{ [LET]}$$

$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \qquad t \notin \mathtt{fvs}(\Gamma) \cup \mathtt{fvs}(P)}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \forall t.\sigma} \left[\forall \ \mathsf{I} \right] \qquad \frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \forall t.\sigma}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : [\tau \backslash t]\sigma} \left[\forall \ \mathsf{E} \right]$$

$$\frac{P,\pi \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \rho}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \pi \Rightarrow \rho} \; [\Rightarrow 1] \qquad \qquad \frac{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \pi \Rightarrow \rho \qquad P \vdash \pi}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \rho} \; [\Rightarrow E]$$

$$\frac{P\Rightarrow \operatorname{ShFun}\;\phi \quad P\vdash \Gamma \geq \phi}{P\mid \Gamma^{[\emptyset\mapsto \{x\}]}, x^{\operatorname{Vars}(\Gamma)}: \tau\vdash M:\tau'} \left[\twoheadrightarrow 1\right] \frac{P\Rightarrow \operatorname{ShFun}\;\phi}{P\mid \Gamma\vdash M: \phi\tau\tau' \quad P\mid \Gamma'\vdash N:\tau} \left[\twoheadrightarrow E\right]$$

$$\frac{P \Rightarrow \operatorname{SeFun} \phi \qquad P \vdash \Gamma \geq \phi}{P \mid \Gamma, \chi^{\varnothing} : \tau \vdash M : \tau'} \begin{bmatrix} * & \mathsf{I} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \frac{P \Rightarrow \operatorname{SeFun} \phi}{P \mid \Gamma \vdash M : \phi \tau \tau' \qquad P \mid \Gamma' \vdash N : \tau} \begin{bmatrix} * & \mathsf{E} \end{bmatrix}$$

QuB: Typing Terms

$$[ID] = \frac{ \left[[D] \right] }{ \varnothing \mid y^{\varnothing} : \tau' \vdash y : \tau' } = \frac{ \left[[D] \right] }{ \varnothing \mid x^{\varnothing} : \tau \vdash x : \tau } = \frac{ \left[[D] \right] }{ \varnothing \mid f^{\varnothing} : \tau + \tau' + v \vdash f : \tau + \tau' + v } = \left[[AE] \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[[AE] \right] }{ \varnothing \mid y^{\varnothing} : \tau' \uplus x^{\varnothing} : \tau \uplus f^{\varnothing} : \tau + \tau' + v \vdash fx : (\tau' + v) } = \left[[AE] \right] }{ \left[[AE] \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[[AE] \right] }{ \varnothing \mid x^{\varnothing} : \tau \uplus y^{\varnothing} : \tau' \uplus f^{\varnothing} : \tau + \tau' + v \vdash fxy : v } = \left[[AE] \right] }{ \left[[AE] \right] }$$

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QuB: Typing Terms

$$[ID] = \frac{ \left[D \right] }{ \varnothing \mid x^{fy} : \tau \vdash x : \tau } = \frac{ \left[D \right] }{ \varnothing \mid f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash f : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon } = \frac{ \left[D \right] }{ \varnothing \mid f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash f : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon } = \frac{ \left[E \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{xy} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fx : (\tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon)) - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau' \oplus x^{yf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau' \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash fxy : \upsilon - (\pi E) \right] }{ \left[\# E \right] }$$

$$= \frac{ \left[(x^{yf} : \tau \oplus y^{xf} : \tau \oplus f^{xy} : \tau \twoheadrightarrow \tau' \twoheadrightarrow \upsilon \vdash$$

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Term structure ↔ Typing Rule

QuB: Syntax Directed Typing Rules

$$\frac{P \vdash \Gamma_{\vec{y}} \text{ un } (P \Rightarrow \tau) \sqsubseteq \sigma}{P \mid \Gamma, x^{\vec{y}} : \sigma \vdash^{s} x : \tau} [VAR^{s}]$$

$$\frac{P \mid (\Gamma'_x \oplus \Gamma''_x) \otimes \Delta \vdash^{\mathfrak s} M : v \quad P \vdash \Delta \text{ un}}{P \mid (\Gamma_x, x^{\varnothing} : \sigma) \oplus \Gamma''_x \otimes \Delta \vdash^{\mathfrak s} N : \tau \quad \sigma = \operatorname{Gen}(\{\Gamma' \oplus \Gamma''_x \otimes \Delta\}, Q \Rightarrow v)} \quad [\operatorname{Let}^{\mathfrak s}]$$

$$\frac{P \mid (\Gamma_x, x^{\varnothing} : \sigma) \oplus \Gamma''_x \otimes \Delta \vdash^{\mathfrak s} N : \tau \quad \sigma = \operatorname{Gen}(\{\Gamma' \oplus \Gamma''_x \otimes \Delta\}, Q \Rightarrow v)}{P, Q \mid (\Gamma \otimes \Gamma') \oplus \Gamma'' \otimes \Delta \vdash^{\mathfrak s} (\operatorname{let} x = M \text{ in } N) : \tau} \quad [\operatorname{Let}^{\mathfrak s}]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} VAR^s \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} ID \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \forall E \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \Rightarrow E \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} LET^s \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} LET \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \forall I \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \Rightarrow I \end{bmatrix}$$

QuB: Syntax Directed Typing Rules

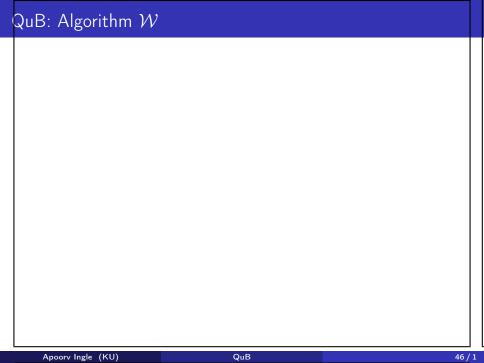
$$\frac{P\Rightarrow\operatorname{SeFun}\;\phi\quad P\vdash\Gamma\geq\phi}{P\mid\Gamma\otimes x^\varnothing:\tau\vdash^{\mathfrak s}M:\upsilon} \left[-\star\mathsf{I}^{\mathfrak s}\right] \quad \frac{P\Rightarrow\operatorname{ShFun}\;\phi\quad P\vdash\Gamma\geq\phi}{P\mid\Gamma\vdash^{\mathfrak s}\lambda^{-\!\star}x.M:\phi\tau\upsilon} \left[-\star\mathsf{I}^{\mathfrak s}\right] \quad \frac{P\mid\Gamma^{[\varnothing\mapsto\{x\}]}\oplus x^{\operatorname{Vars}(\Gamma)}:\tau\vdash^{\mathfrak s}M:\upsilon}{P\mid\Gamma\vdash^{\mathfrak s}\lambda^{-\!\star}x.M:\phi\tau\upsilon} \left[-\star\mathsf{I}^{\mathfrak s}\right]$$

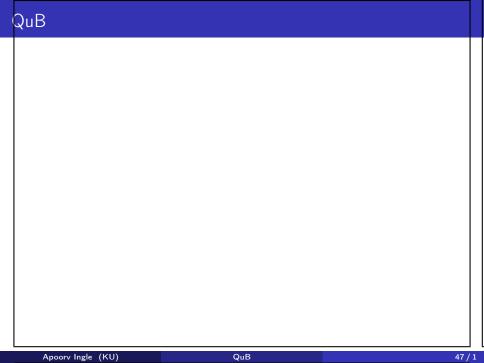
$$\frac{P \mid \Gamma \otimes \Delta \vdash^{s} M : \phi v \tau \qquad P \mid \Gamma' \otimes \Delta \vdash^{s} N : v \qquad P \vdash \Delta \text{ un}}{\left(\Gamma \overset{\sim}{\oplus} \Gamma' \land (P \Rightarrow \text{ShFun } \phi)\right) \lor \left(\Gamma \overset{\sim}{\otimes} \Gamma' \land (P \Rightarrow \text{SeFun } \phi)\right)}{P \mid \Gamma \sqcup \Gamma' \otimes \Delta \vdash^{s} MN : \tau} \left[\text{App}^{s}\right]$$

Context Operations

$$\begin{split} \Gamma & \begin{tabular}{l} \widetilde{\oplus} \ \Delta = \mathtt{Used}(\Gamma) \ \# \ \mathtt{Vars}(\Delta) \land \mathtt{Used}(\Delta) \ \# \ \mathtt{Vars}(\Gamma) \\ \Gamma & \begin{tabular}{l} \widetilde{\oplus} \ \Delta = \mathtt{Used}(\Gamma) = \mathtt{Used}(\Delta) \end{split}$$

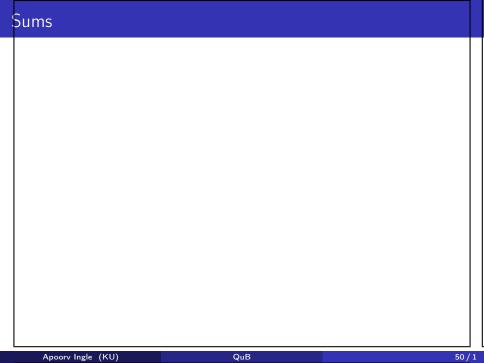
$$[\twoheadrightarrow I] \equiv [\twoheadrightarrow I]$$
 $[\twoheadrightarrow I] \equiv [\twoheadrightarrow I]$
 $[APP^s] \equiv [\twoheadrightarrow E] + [\twoheadrightarrow E]$

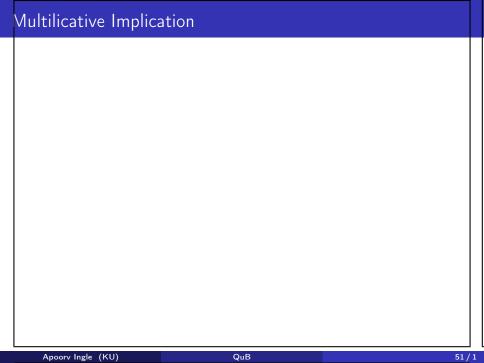


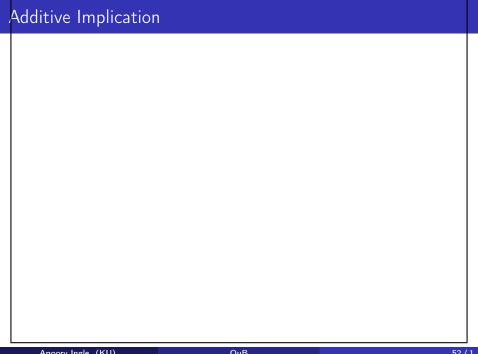


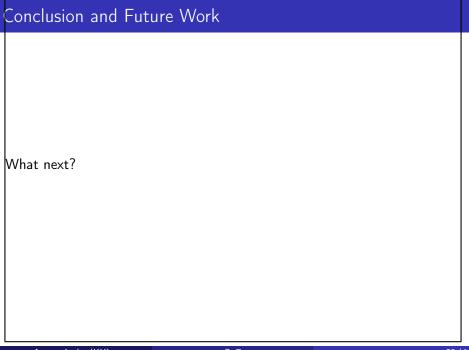












Conclusion and Future Work

Thank You!

Conclusion and Future Work

Q & A