PROJECT REPORT ON

"IoT-Based Water Level Monitoring System"

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Abstract

This report details the development of an IoT-based water level monitoring system, a project spearheaded by Vedant Kumar with contributions from Vishal Singh. This innovative system leverages the power of Internet of Things (IoT) technology to tackle the critical issue of water management. By providing real-time water level data and timely notifications, the system empowers users across diverse applications – households, small-scale agriculture, and potentially even industrial settings – to optimize water usage and prevent wastage in tanks.

Introduction

Water scarcity is a growing threat on a global scale, demanding efficient management strategies. The United Nations estimates that by 2050, nearly 5 billion people will face water scarcity (UN-Water, 2023). This project presents a practical solution – an IoT-based water level monitoring system designed for diverse applications. The system empowers users with real-time data on water levels, enabling informed decision-making and promoting responsible water consumption.

System Design and Components

At the heart of the system lies the ESP32 microcontroller, a versatile unit programmed to collect sensor data and facilitate communication between components. An ultrasonic sensor, typically the HC-SR04, plays a critical role. It employs the time-of-flight measurement principle to determine the distance to the water surface, effectively translating this distance into a water level measurement. An OLED display, commonly the SSD1306 model, offers a user-friendly visual representation of the current water level within the tank. Additionally, LEDs can be integrated to provide status indications (e.g., green for normal water level, red for critically low level) while a buzzer can be used for audible alarms in case of critical water levels.

System Operation and User Interface

The system operates efficiently through a series of steps:

- Data Collection: The ESP32 microcontroller triggers the ultrasonic sensor at regular intervals. The sensor transmits a sound wave and measures the time it takes for the echo to return. Based on this time, the distance to the water surface is calculated.
- 2. Data Processing: The ESP32 then processes this data and converts it into a water level measurement.
- 3. **Local Monitoring:** This information is subsequently displayed on the OLED display for local monitoring, providing users with immediate visual feedback.
- 4. Remote Monitoring and Notifications: The system leverages the power of IoT by utilizing a cloud platform like Blynk. The ESP32 transmits the water level data to the Blynk cloud, enabling remote monitoring and

data storage. Users can access the Blynk app on their smartphones or tablets from anywhere with an internet connection to view real-time water level data and historical trends. The Blynk app also serves as a communication channel for the notification system. If the water level falls below a predefined threshold set by the user, an alert is sent to the user's smartphone, prompting them to take necessary actions to prevent water wastage or potential overflows.

Benefits and Future Enhancements

The IoT-based water level monitoring system offers several advantages:

- Real-time Data and Informed Decisions: Users can make informed decisions regarding water usage,
 minimizing wastage and optimizing water management practices.
- Early Warnings and Prevention: Timely notifications from the system prevent potential overflows or critically low water levels, protecting against water damage and ensuring a consistent water supply.
- Sustainable Water Management: The system promotes responsible water consumption, contributing to environmental conservation by reducing water waste.
- Reduced Costs: By preventing water leaks and overflows, the system can potentially lead to reduced water bills for users.

Looking towards the future, there's immense potential for further development:

- Additional Sensors: Integrating sensors to monitor water quality (e.g., pH, chlorine levels) or temperature
 would provide a more holistic view of the water resource, allowing for more comprehensive water
 management strategies.
- Remote Control: Implementing remote control capabilities for pumps or valves could allow users to adjust
 water levels directly through the Blynk app, offering greater control and flexibility.
- Predictive Maintenance: Data analytics could enable predictive maintenance, prompting users to address
 potential issues with the system before they arise, ensuring its continued functionality and reliability.
- Machine Learning Integration: Machine learning algorithms could be incorporated to analyze historical
 water usage data and predict future needs. This could allow for automated adjustments to water levels or
 trigger alerts based on anticipated water scarcity situations.

Conclusion

This project, spearheaded by Vedant Kumar with contributions from Vishal Singh, demonstrates the effectiveness of IoT technology in addressing real-world challenges like water scarcity. The developed IoT-based water level monitoring system empowers users with real-time data and functionalities to promote responsible water consumption.

The system presents a scalable solution with the potential to be adapted for various applications, contributing significantly to sustainable water management practices. As we continue to explore and