Material Safety Data Sheet Rugby® 200 CS

MSDS #: 6044-A Revision Date: 2014-05-22

Version 1.02



This MSDS has been prepared to meet U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 And Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) requirements.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Rugby® 200 CS

Formula code 6044

Active Ingredient(s) Cadusafos

Alternate Commercial Name Apache®

Synonyms CADUSAFOS: S,S-di-sec-butyl O-ethyl phosphorodithioate; O-ethyl S,S-bis(1-methylpropyl)

phosphorodithioate

Chemical Family Organophosphate Pesticide

Recommended use: Insecticide, Nematicide

Manufacturer Emergency telephone number

FMC Corporation Medical Emergencies:

Agricultural Solutions 1 800 / 331-3148 (PROSAR - U.S.A. & Canada)

1735 Market Street 1 651 / 632-6793 (PROSAR - All Other Countries - Collect)

Philadelphia, PA 19103 For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call: General Information: 1 800 / 424 9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.)

Phone: (215) 299-6000 1 703 / 527 3887 (CHEMTREC - Collect - All Other Countries)

E-Mail: msdsinfo@fmc.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

AppearancesuspensionPhysical stateLiquid

Odor Slight mercaptan

Flammable properties Combustible liquid

Potential health effects

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Acute effects

Eyes May cause slight irritation.

SkinSubstance may cause slight skin irritation.InhalationMay cause irritation of respiratory tract.

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Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Expected to produce cholinesterase inhibition including headache,

lightheadedness, weakness, abdominal cramps, nausea, excessive salivation, perspiration and blurred vision. More severe signs of cholinesterase inhibition include tearing, pin-point pupils, excessive respiratory secretions, cyanosis, convulsions, generalized tremor and coma. Excessive cholinesterase

inhibition may result in death.

Chronic effects Prolonged exposure caused inhibition of red blood cell and brain cholinesterase, and decreased

motor activity.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
1,6-hexanediamine (70%)	124-09-4	1-5
Urea	57-13-6	5-10
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	1-5
Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (polymeric)	9016-87-9	5-10
Naphthalene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt	9084-06-4	1-5
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	19.3

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor

for further treatment advice.

Skin contact Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 (within the U.S. and Canada) or an ambulance,

then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control

center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Ingestion Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of

water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or

doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to physician This product contains a reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine sulfate is antidotal. Support

respiration as needed with removal of secretions, maintenance of a patent airway and, if necessary, artificial ventilation. If cyanosis is absent: Adults - start treatment by giving 2 mg atropine intravenously or intramuscularly, if necessary, and repeat with 0.4 - 2.0 mg atropine at 15 minute intervals until atropinization occurs (tachycardia, flushed skin, dry mouth, mydriasis); Children under 12 - initial dose = 0.05 mg/kg body weight and repeat dose = 0.02 - 0.05 mg/kg body weight. Start 2-PAM at the same time, following manufacturer's recommended dosages and administration. Morphine, reserpine, phenothiazines and theophylline are probably contraindicated. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Observe patient to insure that these symptoms do not recur as atropinization wears off. If in eyes, instill one drop of homatropine. Treatment is otherwise controlled removal of exposure followed by

symptomatic and supportive care.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties Combustible liquid

Flash Point 89 - 92 °C / 192-198 °F

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Method Tag Closed Cup

Sensitivity to Mechanical ImpactNot applicableSensitivity to Static DischargeNot applicable

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry powder. Water spray.

Protective equipment and precautions

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

NFPA

Health Hazard 1 Flammability 1 Stability 0 Special Hazards -

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions Isolate and post spill area. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves

and eye/face protection. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions Keep people and animals away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep material out of lakes, streams,

ponds, and sewer drains.

Methods for containmentDike to prevent runoff. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to

containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Clean and neutralize spill area, tools and equipment by washing with bleach water and soap. Absorb

rinsate and add to the collected waste. Waste must be classified and labeled prior to recycling or

disposal. Dispose of waste as indicated in Section 13.

Other For further clean-up instructions call FMC Emergency Hotline number listed in Section 1 "Product

and Company Identification" above.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources

of ignition. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original container only.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	Mexico
1,6-hexanediamine (70%) 124-09-4	TWA: 0.5 ppm			
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2	STEL 3 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1000 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³	Mexico: TWA 1 mg/m ³ Mexico: STEL 3 mg/m ³
Chemical Name	British Columbia	Quebec	Ontario TWAEV	Alberta
1,6-hexanediamine (70%) 124-09-4	TWA: 0.5 ppm	TWA: 0.5 ppm TWA: 2.3 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.5 ppm	TWA: 0.5 ppm TWA: 2.4 mg/m ³
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³
Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (polymeric) 9016-87-9				TWA: 0.005 ppm TWA: 0.07 mg/m ³

Occupational exposure controls

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Engineering measures Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. When working in

confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for breathing and

wear the recommended equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

General Information If the product is used in mixtures, it is recommended that you contact the appropriate protective

equipment suppliers. These recommendations apply to the product as supplied.

Respiratory protection For dust, splash, mist or spray exposures wear a filtering mask.

Eye/face protection For dust, splash, mist or spray exposure, wear chemical protective goggles or a face-shield.

Skin and body protection Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and gloves.

Hand protection Protective gloves

Hygiene measures Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin prior to

eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Shower or bathe at the end of working. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Launder work clothing separately from regular household

laundry.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance suspension
Color green
Physical state Liquid

Odor Slight mercaptan

pH 7.4-7.9

Melting Point/RangeNo information available.Freezing pointNo information available

Boiling Point/Range Not applicable

Flash Point 89 - 92 °C / 192-198 °F Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rateNot applicableFlammable propertiesCombustible liquidVapor pressureNo information availableVapor densityNo information available

Specific Gravity1.05 - 1.07Bulk density8.75 - 8.91 lb/galWater solubilityNo information availablePercent volatileNo information available

Partition coefficient Not applicable

Viscosity No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides, Phosphorous oxides, Sulfur dioxide.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute effects

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Acute Toxicity

Cadusafos is a cholinesterase-inhibiting pesticide, which elicits symptoms in humans typical of cholinesterase inhibition including headaches, light-headedness, weakness, abdominal cramps, nausea, excessive salivation, perspiration and blurred vision. More severe signs of cholinesterase inhibition include tearing, pin-point pupils, excessive respiratory secretions, cyanosis, convulsions, generalized tremor and coma. Excessive cholinesterase inhibition can result in death. Reduction of blood acetylcholinesterase levels can occur without symptoms of toxicity.

Eye contact Slightly or non-irritating (rabbit). **Skin contact** Slightly or non-irritating (rabbit).

LD50 Dermal > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

 LD50 Oral 1,097 mg/kg (Rat)

 LC50 Inhalation > 3.87 mg/L 4 hr (Rat)

Sensitization Non-sensitizer

Chronic effects

Chronic Toxicity Prolonged exposure caused inhibition of red blood cell and brain cholinesterase, and decreased

motor activity.

Carcinogenicity Cadusafos: No evidence of carcinogenicity from animal studies

Mutagenicity Cadusafos: Not genotoxic in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity Cadusafos: No toxicity to reproduction in animal studies.

Neurological Effects Cadusafos: Chronic exposure to animals caused decreased motor activity and decreased

cholinesterase activity in brain, red blood cells and plasma.

Developmental Toxicity Cadusafos: Not teratogenic in animal studies.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS), Peripheral Nervous System (PNS), Acetylcholinesterase Inhibition.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Cadusafos (95465-99-9)				
Active Ingredient(s)	Duration	Species	Value	Units
Cadusafos	48 h EC50	Crustacea	1.6	μg/L
	96 h LC50	Fish	0.13	mg/L
	72 h EC50	Algae	4.3	mg/L
	21 d NOEC	Crustacea	0.23	μg/L
	21 d NOEC	Fish	5.2	μg/L
	96 h NOEC	Algae	1.0	mg/L

Environmental Fate

Persistence and degradability Moderately persistent. Does not readily hydrolyze. Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation The substance does not have a potential for bioconcentration.

Mobility Moderately mobile. Has some potential to reach groundwater.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Waste disposal methods

Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is prohibited. If these wastes cannot

be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact appropriate disposal authorities for

guidance.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse or refill this container. Containers must be disposed of in accordance with local, state

and federal regulations. Refer to the product label for container disposal instructions.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>DOT</u> This material is a Combustible liquid and is, therefore, not subject to the hazardous materials

regulations when in non-bulk packages shipped within the USA per 49 CFR §173.150(f)(2).

Packaging Type Bulk

Proper shipping name Combustible liquid, n.o.s.

UN/ID No NA1993 Hazard Class Combustible

Packing group III

Description NA1993, Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (aromatic hydrocarbons), PGIII

TDG The "Marine Pollutant" marking is only applicable when shipped by vessel, and is not applicable

when shipped only by road or rail in Canada.

UN/ID No UN3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9 Packing group III

Marine pollutant Cadusafos.

Description UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Cadusafos), 9, PG III, Marine

Pollutant

ICAO/IATA

UN/ID No UN3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing group III
Marine pollutant Cadusafos

Description UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Cadusafos), 9, PG III, Marine

Pollutant

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID No UN3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing group III
EmS No. F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant Cadusafos

Description UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Cadusafos), 9, PG III, Marine

Pollutant

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (polymeric)	9016-87-9	5-10	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Yes
yes
yes
no
no

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs
Phosphoric acid	5000 lb	

TSCA Inventory (United States of America)

Component	U.S TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - Section 8(d) - 716.120(a) - Health and Safety Reporting - List of Substances
Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (polymeric) 9016-87-9 (5-10)	06/01/1987

International Regulations

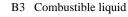
Mexico - Grade Slight risk, Grade 1

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Mexico
Phosphoric acid		Mexico: TWA 1 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 3 mg/m ³

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class





Component	NPRI
Phosphoric acid	X
7664-38-2 (1-5)	

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date: 2014-05-22

Reason for revision: (M)SDS sections updated.

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet