STATISTICS

MEAN

(1) Simple mean, $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$

(2) Weighted mean, $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$

(3) Short – cut method: $\overline{x} = A + \frac{\sum f_i d_i}{\sum f_i}$

(4) Step – deviation method: $\bar{x} = A + \frac{\sum f_i u_i}{\sum f_i} \times h$

(5) Mean of a composite sample = $\frac{n_1\overline{x_1} + n_2\overline{x_2}}{n_1 + n_2}$

where,

n = Total observations

 $x_i = Mid \ values \ of \ the \ class \ intervals$

 f_i = Frequencies of the class intervals

A = Assumed mean

 $d_i = x_i - A$

$$u_i = \frac{x_i - A}{h}$$

h = Width of each class

<u>MEDIAN</u>

$$Median = l + \frac{\frac{N}{2} - CF}{f_m} \times h$$

where,

l = Lower boundary of median class

N = Total frequency

CF = Cumulative frequency of the class preceeding to the median class

 $f_m = Frequency of the median class$

h = Width of the median class

Quartiles, Deciles & Percentiles