1 环境准备

在虚拟机安装Cent OS 6.x的操作系统(我这里是CentOS 6.6)。

1.1 修改主机名

修改主机名为spark1234,并修改配置文件确保重启后主机名依然生效。 在配置文件/etc/sysconfig/network修改主机名为spark1234。

```
# hostname spark1234
# vim /etc/sysconfig/network
NETWORKING=yes
HOSTNAME=spark1234
```

配置主机名解析:

在/etc/hosts配置主机ip和主机名的解析

```
[root@spark1234 ~] # vim /etc/hosts
```

```
127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4 ::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6 192.168.9.14 spark1234
```

1.2 关闭防火墙

关闭iptables:

```
1 # service iptables stop
2 # chkconfig iptables off
3 # chkconfig --list | grep iptables
4 iptables 0:关闭 1:关闭 2:关闭 3:关闭 4:关闭 5:关闭 6:关闭
5
```

关闭selinux:

```
1 # setenforce 0

2 # vim /etc/sysconfig/selinux

[root@spark1234 ~]# vim /etc/sysconfig/selinux

# This file controls the state of SELinux on the system.

# SELINUX= can take one of these three values:

# enforcing - SELinux security policy is enforced.

# permissive - SELinux prints warnings instead of enforcing.

# disabled - No SELinux policy is loaded.

SELINUX-disabled

# SELINUXTYPE= can take one of these two values:

# targeted - Targeted processes are protected,

# mls - Multi Level Security protection.

SELINUXTYPE=targeted
```

1.3 安装jdk

1) 首先卸载openjdk

```
1 --查看java版本
2 [root@spark1234 ~]# java -version
3 java version "1.7.0_45"
4 OpenJDK Runtime Environment (rhel-2.4.3.3.el6-x86_64 u45-b15)
5 OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 24.45-b08, mixed mode)
6
7 --查看安装源
8 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -qa | grep java
9 java-1.7.0-openjdk-1.7.0.45-2.4.3.3.el6.x86_64
10 tzdata-java-2013g-1.el6.noarch
11 java-1.6.0-openjdk-1.6.0.0-1.66.1.13.0.el6.x86_64
12
13 -- 卸载
14 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps java-1.7.0-openjdk-1.7.0.45-2.4.3.3.el6.x86_64
15 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps tzdata-java-2013g-1.el6.noarch
16 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps java-1.6.0-openjdk-1.6.0.0-
1.66.1.13.0.el6.x86_64
17
18
```

```
19 --验证是否卸载成功
20 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -qa | grep java
21 [root@spark1234 ~]# java -version
22 -bash: /usr/bin/java: 没有那个文件或目录
```

2) 安装java

```
1 -- 下载并解压java源码包
2 [root@spark1234 java]# mkdir /usr/local/java
3 [root@spark1234 java]# mv jdk-7u79-linux-x64.tar.gz /usr/local/java
4 [root@spark1234 java]# cd /usr/local/java
5 [root@spark1234 java]# tar xvf jdk-7u79-linux-x64.tar.gz
6 [root@spark1234 java]# ls
7 jdk1.7.0_79 jdk-7u79-linux-x64.tar.gz
8 [root@spark1234 java]#
```

3) 设置环境变量

```
1 [root@spark1234 java]# vim /etc/profile
2 [root@spark1234 java]# tail /etc/profile
3 export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/java/jdk1.7.0_79
4 export JRE_HOME=/usr/local/java/jdk1.7.0_79/jre
5 export
CLASSPATH=.:$JAVA_HOME/lib/dt.jar:$JAVA_HOME/lib/tools.jar:$JRE_HOME/lib:$CLASSPATH export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
6 export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
7
8 -- 生效环境变量
9 [root@spark1234 ~]# source /etc/profile
```

4)验证

```
1 -- 验证
2 [root@spark1234 ~]# java -version
3 java version "1.7.0_79"
4 Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.7.0_79-b15)
5 Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 24.79-b02, mixed mode)
6 [root@spark1234 ~]# javac -version
7 javac 1.7.0_79
```

1.4 创建hadoop用户并配置免密码认证

(1)、创建hadoop用户

```
1 -- 创建hadoop用户
2 [root@spark1234 ~]# useradd hadoop
3 -- 设置hadoop用户的密码为hadoop
4 [root@spark1234 ~]# echo "hadoop" | passwd --stdin hadoop
```

(2)配置免密码登陆

如果不配置密码也可以 ,但是每次启动hadoop服务都需要输入密码 ,建议配置

```
1 -- 切換到hadoop用户
2 [root@spark1234 ~]# su - hadoop
3
4 -- 生成公钥,一路回车
5 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ /usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -N ""
6
7 -- 将公钥内容写入文件authorized_keys
8 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
9
10 -- 验证authorized_keys文件的权限,必须是644,如果不是,需要修改,否则免密失败
11 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ 11 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
12 - rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop 398 11月 14 21:32 /home/hadoop/.ssh/authorized_keys
13 -- 修改authorized_keys文件的权限
14 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ chmod 644 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
15
16 -- 验证免密
17 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ ssh spark1234
18 Last login: Tue Nov 14 21:33:59 2017 from spark1234
19 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$
```

2. 大数据相关组件安装

2.1 软件清单

软件	版本
hadoop	hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
hive	hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0
spark	spark-1.6.3-bin-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
mysql	mysql-5.6

(1) hadoop、hive、spark可从cdh的官网下载,链

接:<u>http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/cdh/5/</u>

(2) mysql采用rpm包安装

下载链接: https://cdn.mysql.com//Downloads/MySQL-5.6/MySQL-5.6.38-1.el6.x86_64.rpm-

bundle.tar

2.2 hadoop安装

(1)解压安装包

```
1 $ tar -xzf hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0.tar.gz -C /home/hadoop/app/
```

(2)设置环境变量

在hadoop用户下,在~/.bashrc文件增加两行:

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ vim ~/.bashrc
2 增加如下两行内容:
3 export HADOOP_HOME=/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
4 export PATH=$HADOOP_HOME/bin:$HADOOP_HOME/sbin:$PATH
```

生效:

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ source ~/.bashrc
```

(3)、修改core-site.xml文件

切换到目录: \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop

编辑core-site.xml,增加配置:

新建配置文件里面配置的目录:

一定要在hadoop用户下创建,或者hadoop用户有权限操作这个目录

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]# mkdir /home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/tmp
```

(4) 修改配置文件hdfs-site.xml

切换到目录: \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop

编辑hdfs-site.xml,增加配置:

(5) 修改配置文件hadoop-env.sh

切换到目录: \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop

修改JAVA HOME的配置:

export JAVA_HOME=\${JAVA_HOME} 修改为: export

JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/java/jdk1.7.0_79

```
# optional. When running a distributed configuration it : # set JAVA_HOME in this file, so that it is correctly def: # remote nodes.

# The java implementation to use.

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/java/jdk1.7.0_79

# The jsvc implementation to use. Jsvc is required to run
```

The jsvc implementation to use. Jsvc is required to run # that bind to privileged ports to provide authentication

(6) 修改配置文件mapred-site.xml

切换到目录: \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 hadoop]$ cp mapred-site.xml.template mapred-site.xml
2 [hadoop@spark1234 hadoop]$
3 [hadoop@spark1234 hadoop]$ vim mapred-site.xml
```

编辑mapred-site.xml,增加配置:

(7) 修改配置文件yarn-site.xml

增加如下配置:

(8)格式化

1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]\$ hdfs namenode <mark>-format</mark>

```
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.threshold-pct = 0.9990000128746033
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.min.datanodes = 0
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.extension = 30000
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO materics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache on namenode is enabled
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache will use 0.03 of total heap and retry cache entry expiry time is 600000 millis
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.GSet: Computing capacity for map NameNodeRetryCache
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.GSet: Wf type — 64-bit
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.GSet: 0.02999999329447746% max memory 966.7 MB - 297.0 KB
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.GSet: capacity — 2°15 - 32768 entries
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.NNConf: ALSt enabled? false
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.NNConf: ALSt enabled? true
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.NNConf: Kattrs enabled? true
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.SFlamage: Allocated new BlockPoolId: BP-1078578980-192.168.9.14-1510673620265
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.NNStorageRetentionManager: Going to retain 1 images with txid >- 0
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.Extituti: Extiting with status 0
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO util.Extituti: Extiting with status 0
7/11/14 23:33:40 INFO namenode.NameNode: SHUTDOWN_MSG:
SHUTDOWN_MSG: Shutting down NameNode at spark1234/192.168.9.14
```

(9) 启动服务

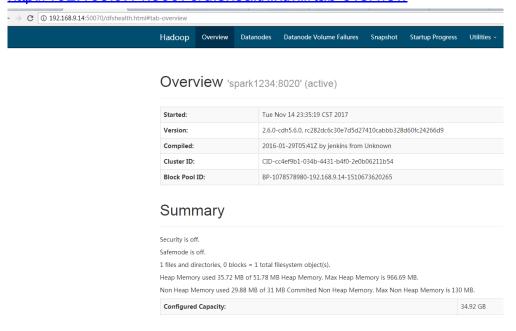
```
1 -- 启动hdfs服务
2 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ start-dfs.sh
3 -- 启动yarn服务
4 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ start-yarn.sh
5 -- 验证服务
6 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ jps
```

使用jps查看进程:

[hadoop@spark1234 ~]\$ jps 8040 NameNode 8328 SecondaryNameNode 8133 DataNode 8470 ResourceManager 8569 NodeManager 8882 Jps

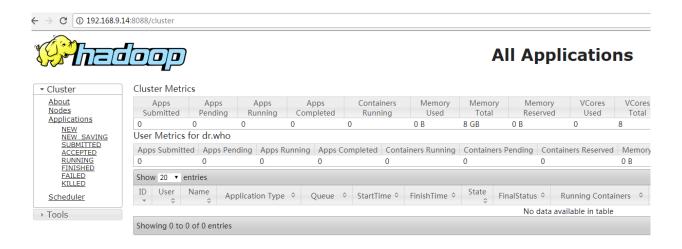
查看hdfs的web ui:

http://192.168.9.14:50070/dfshealth.html#tab-overview



查看yarn的web ui:

http://192.168.9.14:8088/cluster



2.3 MySQL安装

(1) 卸载现有的mysql

```
1 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -qa | grep mysql
2 mysql-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
3 mysql-libs-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
4 mysql-devel-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
5 [root@spark1234 ~]#
6 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps mysql-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
7 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps mysql-libs-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
8 [root@spark1234 ~]# rpm -e --nodeps mysql-devel-5.1.73-3.el6_5.x86_64
```

(2)、将下载的MySQL-5.6.38-1.el6.x86 64.rpm-bundle.tar上次到主机

```
1 --解压
  # tar -xf MySQL-5.6.38-1.el6.x86_64.rpm-bundle.tar
   [root@spark1234 test]# 11
  总用量 445708
6 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 228198400 11月 14 13:52 MySQL-5.6.38-1.el6.x86_64.rpm-
   bundle.tar
7 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 19045216 9月 14 19:00 MySQL-client-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86_64.rpm
8 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 3391312 9月 14 19:00 MySQL-devel-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86_64.rpm
9 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 90407828 9月 14 19:01 MySQL-embedded-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86_64.rpm
10 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 57551568 9月 14 19:01 MySQL-server-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86_64.rpm
11 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 1964616 9月 14 19:01 MySQL-shared-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86 64.rpm
12 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 3969744 9月 14 19:01 MySQL-shared-compat-5.6.38-
   1.el6.x86 64.rpm
13 -rw-r--r-- 1 7155 31415 51861916 9月 14 19:01 MySQL-test-5.6.38-1.el6.x86_64.rpm
15 -- 安装
16 [root@spark1234 test]# rpm -ivh MySQL*.rpm
18 -- 修改配置文件的位置
  [root@spark1234 test]# cp /usr/share/mysql/my-default.cnf /etc/my.cnf
```

(3)初始化MySQL并设置密码

```
1 -- 初始化mysql
2 [root@spark1234 test]# /usr/bin/mysql_install_db
3
4 -- 启动mysql
5 [root@spark1234 test]# service mysql start
6
7 -- 查看root账号的密码
8 [root@spark1234 test]# cat /root/.mysql_secret
9 # The random password set for the root user at Tue Nov 14 22:01:34 2017 (local time): KAxcgzc3R_qVJTB7
10
11 -- 进入MySQL,并修改密码
12 [root@spark1234 test]# mysql -uroot -pKAxcgzc3R_qVJTB7
13
14 -- 设置初始密码为123456
15 mysql> SET PASSWORD = PASSWORD('123456');
16 Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
17
18 mysql> exit
19
```

设置权限:

```
mysql> grant all privileges on *.* to root@'localhost' identified by '123456' with
grant option;
mysql> grant all privileges on *.* to root@'127.0.0.1' identified by '123456' with
grant option;
mysql> grant all privileges on *.* to root@'%' identified by '123456' with grant
option;
mysql> flush privileges;
```

(4)设置开机启动

```
1 [root@spark1234 test]# chkconfig mysql on
2 [root@spark1234 test]# chkconfig --list | grep mysql
3 mysql 0:关闭 1:关闭 2:启用 3:启用 4:启用 5:启用 6:关闭
```

2.4 hive的安装

(1)解压安装包

```
1 $ tar -xzf hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0.tar.gz -C /home/hadoop/app/
```

(2)设置环境变量

在hadoop用户下,在~/.bashrc文件增加两行:

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ vim ~/.bashrc
2 增加如下两行内容:
3 export HIVE_HOME=/home/hadoop/app/hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0
4 export PATH=$HIVE_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

生效:

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ source .bashrc
```

(3)、在mysql创建hive使用的表

```
1 -- 创建hive数据库
2 mysql> create database hive;
3 -- 设置编码, 一定要设置成latin1, 否则hive建表和删表会卡住
4 mysql> alter database hive character set latin1;
```

```
Inadoop@spark[234 ~[5
[hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ mysql -uroot -p123456
Warning: Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \gray{g}.
Your MySQL connection id is 10
Server version: 5.6.38 MySQL Community Server (GPL)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> create database hive;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> alter_database hive character set latin1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

(4) 修改hive的配置文件

在 \$HIVE HOME/conf 目录创建文件hive-site.xml

配置如下:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <!--Autogenerated by Cloudera Manager-->
   <configuration>
       cproperty>
           <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>
           <value>jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/hive?
     </property>
       cproperty>
           <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
           <value>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</value>
      </property>
       cproperty>
           <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName
           <value>root</value>
      </property>
      cproperty>
         <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword</name>
         <value>123456</value>
      </property>
24 </configuration>
```

(5) 将mysql的jdk驱动包复制到hive的lib目录下

```
1 $ cp mysql-connector-java-5.1.44-bin.jar $HIVE_HOME/lib/
```

(6) 进入hive

abc

hive>

Time taken: 0.43 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)

进入hive,并验证可用:

```
[hadoop@spark1234 soft]$ hive
             hive> show tables;
             hive> create table test(id int, name string);
              hive> insert into test values (1, "abc");
             hive> select * from test;
[hadoop@spark1234 soft]$ hive
which: no hbase in (/home/hadoop/app/hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0/bin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-
\verb|in:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/bin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/sbin:/home/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cdh5.6.0-cd
usr/local/bin:/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/sbin:/sbin:/home/hadoop/bin)
Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/hadoop/app/hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0/li
WARNING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended.
hive>
         > show tables;
Time taken: 1.127 seconds
hive> create table test(id int, name string);
OK
Time taken: 1.173 seconds
hive>
 > insert into test values (1, "abc");
Query ID - hadoop_20171114235050_aacb55f1-1786-46bf-8880-dbdde924630e
 Total jobs = 3
 Launching Job 1 out of 3
 Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
 Starting Job = job 1510673764000 0001, Tracking URL = http://spark1234:8088/pro
 Kill Command = /home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/bin/hadoop job -kill job
 Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 0
 2017-11-14 23:50:33,599 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
 2017-11-14 23:50:48,872 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.91 s
 MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 1 seconds 910 msec
 Ended Job = job_1510673764000_0001
 {\tt Stage-4} is selected by condition resolver.
 Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
 Stage-5 is filtered out by condition resolver.
 Moving data to: hdfs://spark1234:8020/user/hive/warehouse/test/.hive-staging hi
 Loading data to table default.test
 Table default.test stats: [numFiles-1, numRows-1, totalSize-6, rawDataSize-5]
 MapReduce Jobs Launched:
 Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 1.91 sec HDFS Read: 3421 HDFS Write:
 Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 1 seconds 910 msec
 Time taken: 45.14 seconds
        > select * from test;
 OK
```

2.5 spark安装

(1)解压安装包

```
1 $ tar -xzf spark-1.6.3-bin-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0.tgz -C /home/hadoop/app/
```

(2)设置环境变量

在hadoop用户下,在~/.bashrc文件增加两行:

```
1 export SPARK_HOME=/home/hadoop/app/spark-1.6.3-bin-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
 2 export PATH=$SPARK HOME/bin:$SPARK HOME/sbin:$PATH
[hadoop@spark1234 ~] cat .bashrc
# .bashrc
# Source global definitions
if [ -f /etc/bashrc ]; then
        . /etc/bashrc
fi
# User specific aliases and functions
export HADOOP HOME=/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
export PATH=$HADOOP HOME/bin:$HADOOP HOME/sbin:$PATH
export HIVE HOME=/home/hadoop/app/hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0
export PATH=$HIVE HOME/bin:$PATH
export SPARK HOME=/home/hadoop/app/spark-1.6.3-bin-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0
export PATH=$SPARK HOME/bin:$SPARK HOME/sbin:$PATH
[hadoop@spark1234 ~]$
```

环境变量生效:

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 ~]$ source .bashrc
```

(3) 修改配置文件

进入目录: \$SPARK_HOME/conf目录

```
1 [hadoop@spark1234 conf]$ cp spark-env.sh.template spark-env.sh
```

增加指定hadoop配置文件的配置:

export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/home/hadoop/app/hadoop-2.6.0-cdh5.6.0/etc/hadoop

(4) 将hive的配置文件复制到spark的配置目录下 这样spark就可以直接读取hive中的表

```
[hadoop@spark1234 conf]$ cp $HIVE_HOME/conf/hive-site.xml $SPARK_HOME/conf/
```

(5) 进入spark

\$ spark-shell --master yarn --jars /home/hadoop/app/hive-1.1.0-cdh5.6.0/lib/mysqlconnector-java-5.1.44-bin.jar

```
mave its own datastore table.
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO DataNucleus.Query: Reading in results for query "org.datanucleus.store.rdbms.query.SQLQ
s closing
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore.MetaStoreDirectSql: Using direct SQL, underlying DB is MYSQL
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore.ObjectStore: Initialized ObjectStore
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore. HiveMetaStore: Added admin role in metastore
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore. HiveMetaStore: Added public role in metastore
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore. HiveMetaStore: No user is added in admin role, since config is empty
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO metastore.HiveMetaStore: 0: get_all_databases
17/11/15 00:33:59 INFO HiveMetaStore.audit: ugi=hadoop ip=unknown-ip-addr
                                                                                                                                                                                             cmd=get all databases
17/11/15 00:34:00 INFO metastore.HiveMetaStore: 0: get_functions: db=default pat=*
17/11/15 00:34:00 INFO HiveMetaStore.audit: ugi=hadoop ip=unknown-ip-addr
                                                                                                                                                                                           cmd=get functions: db=default
17/11/15\ 00:34:00\ {\tt INFO\ DataNucleus.Datastore:\ The\ class\ "org.apache.hadoop.hive.metastore.model.MResourceUri"}
s not have its own datastore table.
17/11/15 \ 00:34:00 \ \texttt{INFO} \ \texttt{session.SessionState:} \ \texttt{Created local directory:} \ / \texttt{tmp/5b1487fc-e731-4b4d-8346-0c3aad8e21c} \ \texttt{Created local directory:} \ \ \texttt{Created local di
17/11/15 00:34:00 INFO session.SessionState: Created local directory: /tmp/hadoop/5b1487fc-e731-4b4d-8346-0c3a
17/11/15 00:34:00 INFO session.SessionState: Created HDFS directory: /tmp/hive/hadoop/5b1487fc-e731-4b4d-8346-
17/11/15 00:34:00 INFO repl.SparkILoop: Created sql context (with Hive support)...
SQL context available as sqlContext.
scala>
scala>
scala>
```

测试读取hive中的表:

```
1 scala> sqlContext.sql("select * from test").show
```

```
17/11/15 00:34:54 INFO sc

+---+---+

| id|name|

+---+---+

| 1| abc|

+---+---+
```

3. 开发工具搭建

3.1 下载IDE开发工具idea

从官网下载,如果有教育网邮箱,可以申请免费注册使用。

软件:

软件	版本
IDEA	idealU-2017.1
Scala的IDEA插件	scala-intellij-bin-2017.1.20

将两个软件上传到主机

3.2 安装IDEA,配置Scala插件

(1) 启动idea

(2)配置idea向导

redist







spark-1. 6. 3-**p1**n-2. 6. U-can5. 6. U





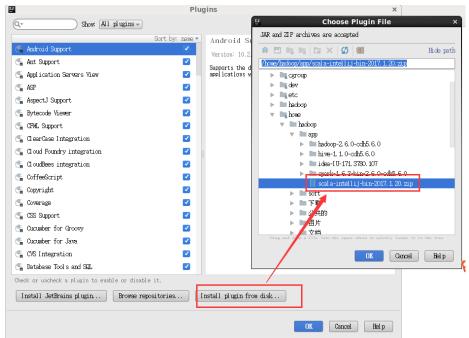


(3)配置scala插件

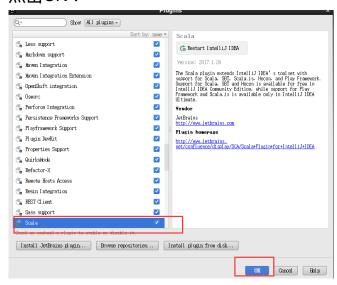
选择Plugins:



选择前面上传的scala插件压缩包:



点击OK:



重启:

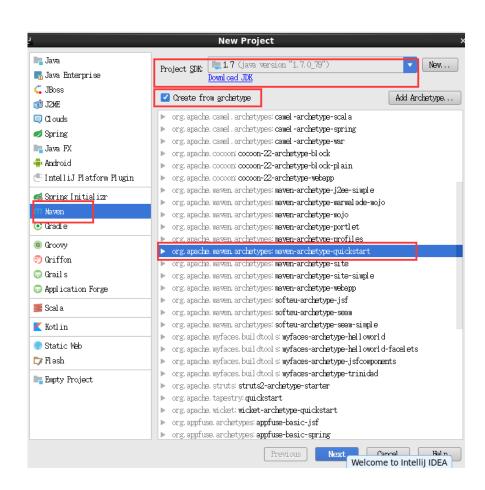


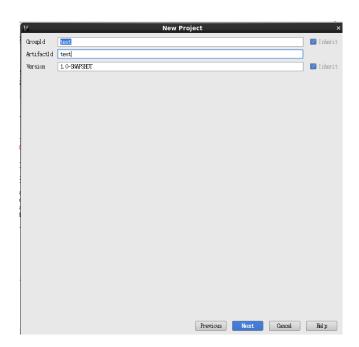
3.3 创建、配置测试的Spark项目

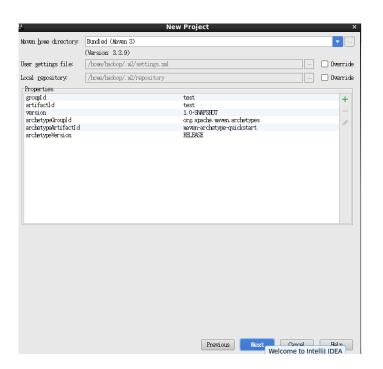
点击第一个, 创建测试项目



创建Maven工程,第一次创建功能需要选择JDK的安装路径:









(5) 修改pom文件,增加项目需要的依赖

```
<packaging>jar</packaging>
    <name>JSDPI</name>
    <url>http://maven.apache.org</url>
    <repositories>
        <repository>
            <id>cloudera</id>
            <url>https://repository.cloudera.com/artifactory/cloudera-
repos/</url>
        </repository>
    </repositories>
    cproperties>
        cproject.build.sourceEncoding>UTF-8</project.build.sourceEncoding>
        <spark.version>1.6.0-cdh5.7.0</spark.version>
        <jedis.version>2.8.2</jedis.version>
        <hadoop.version>2.6.0-cdh5.7.0</hadoop.version>
        <fastjson.version>1.2.14</fastjson.version>
        <jetty.version>9.2.5.v20141112</jetty.version>
        <container.version>2.17</container.version>
        <java.version>1.8</java.version>
        <scala.version>2.10.6</scala.version>
    </properties>
    <dependencies>
        <dependency>
            <groupId>redis.clients/groupId>
            <artifactId>jedis</artifactId>
            <version>${jedis.version}</version>
        </dependency>
            <groupId>org.apache.hadoop</groupId>
            <artifactId>hadoop-common</artifactId>
            <version>${hadoop.version}</version>
            <exclusions>
                <exclusion>
                    <groupId>javax.servlet
                    <artifactId>*</artifactId>
                </exclusion>
            </exclusions>
        </dependency>
        <dependency>
            <groupId>org.apache.hadoop</groupId>
            <artifactId>hadoop-hdfs</artifactId>
```

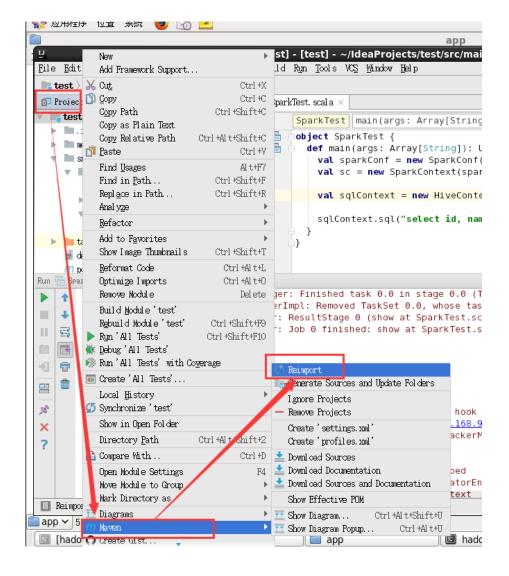
```
<version>${hadoop.version}</version>
   <exclusions>
       <exclusion>
           <groupId>javax.servlet
           <artifactId>*</artifactId>
       </exclusion>
   </exclusions>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.hadoop</groupId>
   <artifactId>hadoop-client</artifactId>
   <version>${hadoop.version}</version>
   <exclusions>
       <exclusion>
           <groupId>javax.servlet
           <artifactId>*</artifactId>
       </exclusion>
   </exclusions>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark
   <artifactId>spark-core_2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark
   <artifactId>spark-sql_2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark
   <artifactId>spark-streaming_2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark
   <artifactId>spark-yarn 2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark
   <artifactId>spark-hive_2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.google.guava
```

```
<artifactId>guava</artifactId>
   <version>18.0</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.alibaba/groupId>
   <artifactId>fastjson</artifactId>
   <version>${fastjson.version}
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>junit
   <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
   <version>3.8.1
   <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.spark-project.hive
   <artifactId>hive-jdbc</artifactId>
   <version>0.12.0/version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>log4j
   <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
   <version>1.2.14
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core
   <artifactId>jackson-core</artifactId>
   <version>2.5.3
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core
   <artifactId>jackson-annotations</artifactId>
   <version>2.5.3
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.codehaus.jackson
   <artifactId>jackson-mapper-asl</artifactId>
   <version>1.9.0
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.apache.spark</groupId>
   <artifactId>spark-streaming-kafka_2.10</artifactId>
   <version>${spark.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>mysql
```

```
145
               <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
               <version>5.1.34
           </dependency>
       </dependencies>
       <build>
                   <artifactId>maven-assembly-plugin</artifactId>
                   <version>2.3</version>
                   <configuration>
                       <classifier>dist</classifier>
                       <appendAssemblyId>true</appendAssemblyId>
                       <descriptorRefs>
                           <descriptor>jar-with-dependencies</descriptor>
                       </descriptorRefs>
                   </configuration>
                   <executions>
                       <execution>
                           <id>make-assembly</id>
                           <phase>package</phase>
                               <goal>single</poal>
                           </goals>
                       </execution>
                   </executions>
               </plugin>
                   <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                       <source>1.7</source>
                       <target>1.7</target>
                   </configuration>
               </plugin>
                   <groupId>net.alchim31.maven
                   <artifactId>scala-maven-plugin</artifactId>
                   <version>3.2.2
                   <executions>
                       <execution>
                           <id>scala-compile-first</id>
                           <phase>process-resources</phase>
                               <goal>compile</goal>
                           </goals>
```

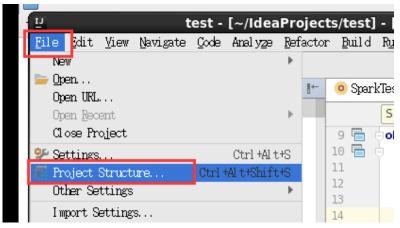
```
</execution>
            </executions>
            <configuration>
                <scalaVersion>${scala.version}</scalaVersion>
                <recompileMode>incremental</recompileMode>
                <useZincServer>true</useZincServer>
                <args>
                    <arg>-unchecked</arg>
                    <arg>-deprecation</arg>
                    <arg>-feature</arg>
                </args>
                <jvmArgs>
                    <jvmArg>-Xms1024m</jvmArg>
                    <jvmArg>-Xmx1024m</jvmArg>
                </jvmArgs>
                <javacArgs>
                    <javacArg>-source</javacArg>
                    <javacArg>${java.version}</javacArg>
                    <javacArg>-target</javacArg>
                    <javacArg>${java.version}</javacArg>
                    <javacArg>-Xlint:all,-serial,-path</javacArg>
                </javacArgs>
        </plugin>
    </plugins>
</build>
```

在项目上右键 , 选择Maven-》Reimport, idea会自动从资源库下载需要的依赖jar包 : 整个过程可能需要很久(几个小时或者更久)。



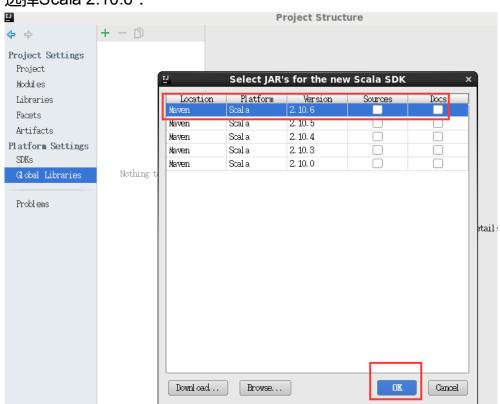
(6)增加项目的Scala支持

pom文件的依赖包下载完毕后 , 增加项目的Scala支持。





选择Scala 2.10.6:



(7) 创建项目目录结构

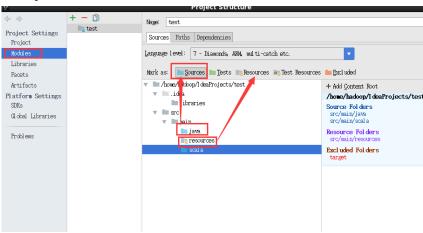
在项目下面, 创建如下层次的目录:

------| java ------| resources -----| scala



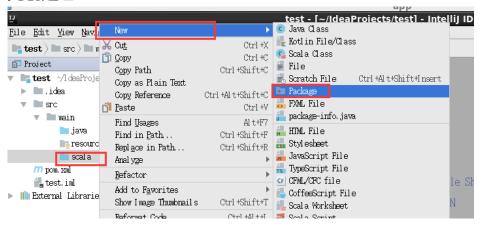
设置每个目录的模块功能:

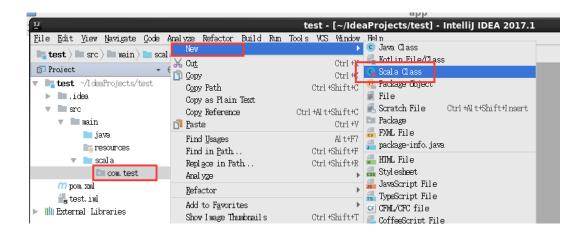
选择java,设置为Sources。选择resources目录,设置为Resources。如下:

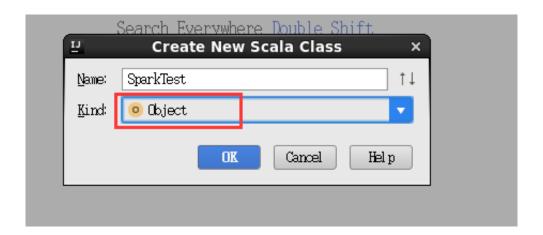


(8) 创建scala测试程序

先创建包:







测试代码:

```
package com.test

import org.apache.spark.sql.hive.HiveContext

import org.apache.spark.{SparkConf, SparkContext}

/**

created by hadoop on 17-11-15.

*/
object SparkTest {

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {

val sparkConf = new SparkConf().setMaster("local[2]").setAppName("testSpark"))

val sc = new SparkContext(sparkConf)

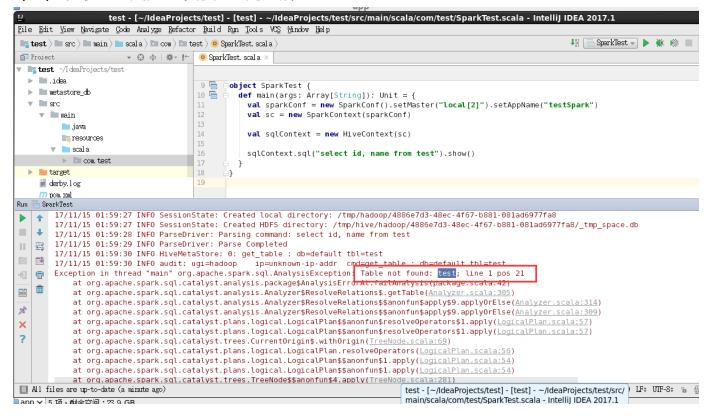
val sqlContext = new HiveContext(sc)

sqlContext.sql("select id, name from test").show()

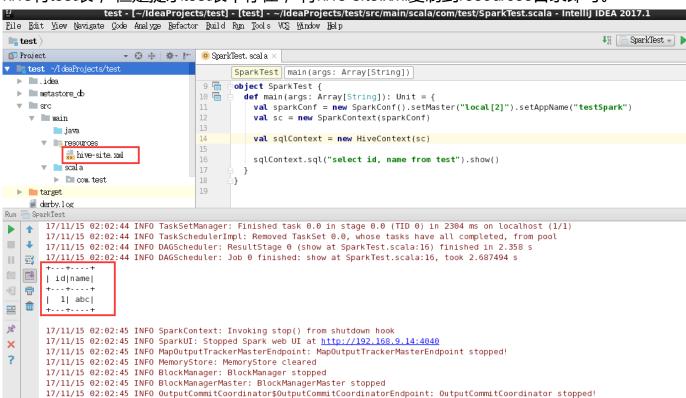
sqlContext.sql("select id, name from test").show()

}
```

(9) 读取hive表提示不存在的问题解决



hive有test表, 但是提示test表不存在, 将hive-site.xml复制到resources目录即可。

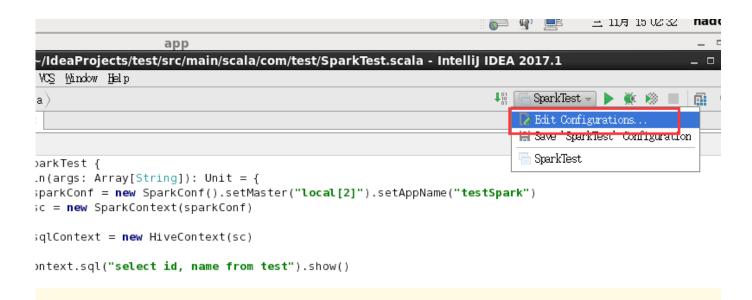


如果在idea操作hdfs,需要将hadoop的core-site.xml复制到resources目录。

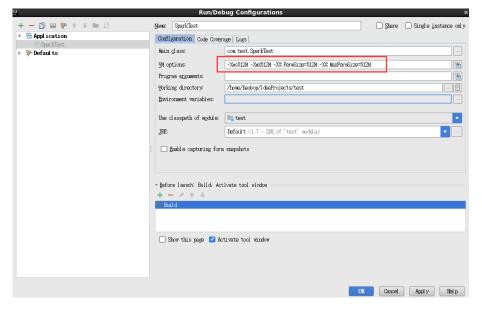
(9) 如果报内存溢出错误,需要修改下IDEA的配置:

```
at org.apache.spark.sql.hive.HiveContext.<init>(<u>HiveContext.scala:101</u>) at com.test.SparkTests.main(<u>SparkTest.scala:14</u>) at com.test.SparkTest.main(<u>SparkTest.scala)</u>
Caused by: java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: PermGen space
     \blacktriangleright
                       1
                     +
   11 53
                                                                 at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.metadata.Hive.rethloatbases(Hive.java:1236) at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.metadata.Hive.getAllDatabases(Hive.java:1236) at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.metadata.Hive.rethoadFunctions(Hive.java:174) at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.metadata.Hive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.rethive.reth
   0
                       -10
                       at org.apache.spark.sql.hive.client.ClientWrapper.<init>(ClientWrapper.scala:204)
     16
                                          Exception in thread "Thread-3" java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: PermGen space
     ×
                                                                 at java.lang.ClassLoader.defineClass(ClassLoader.java:806)
at java.security.SecureClassLoader.defineClass(SecureClassLoader
at java.net.URLClassLoader.defineClass(URLClassLoader.java:449)
at java.net.URLClassLoader.access$100(URLClassLoader.java:47)
   at java.net.URLClassLoader$1.run(URLClassLoader.java:361)

All files are up-to-date (a minute ago)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              test - [~/IdeaProjects/test] - [test] - ~/IdeaProjects/test/src/ LF: UIF main/scala/com/test/SparkTest.scala - Intellij IDEA 2017.1
■app ∨ 5 项,剩余空间:23.9 GB
```



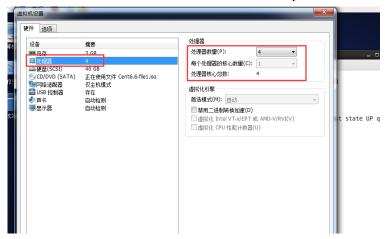
在VM options设置内存:-Xms512M -Xmx512M -XX:PermSize=512M -XX:MaxPermSize=512M



4. 其他

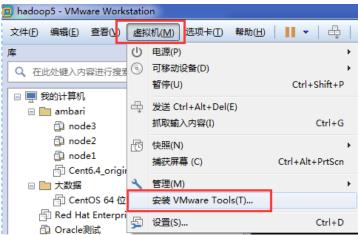
4.1 设置较大的虚拟机内存和CPU

内存和CPU尽量多分点 ,内存过小会导致spark作业提交失败。 CPU核心数太小会导致两个线程提交spark作业无法运行。



4.2 虚拟机和物理机无缝相互复制/粘贴

(1) 选择安装VMware Tools



(2) 挂载光盘

[root@spark1234 ~]# [root@spark1234 ~]# mount /dev/cdrom /mnt

(3) 进入挂载目录,解压到/root/目录

```
[root@spark1234 /] tcd /mnt
[root@spark1234 mnt] tar -xzf VMwareTools-10.0.6-3595377.tar.gz /root/
```

(4) 进入vmware-tools的解压目录,一路回车即可:

```
[ root@spark1234 ~]#
[ root@spark1234 ~]# cd vmware-tools-distrib/
[ root@spark1234 vmware-tools-distrib]#
[ root@spark1234 vmware-tools-distrib]# ls
bin doc FILES installer vgauth vmware-install.real
caf etc INSTALL lib vmware-install.pl
[ root@spark1234 vmware-tools-distrib]#
[ root@spark1234 vmware-tools-distrib]# perl vmware-install.pl
```

安装完成后,重启虚拟机,物理机和虚拟机可以无缝复制粘贴。