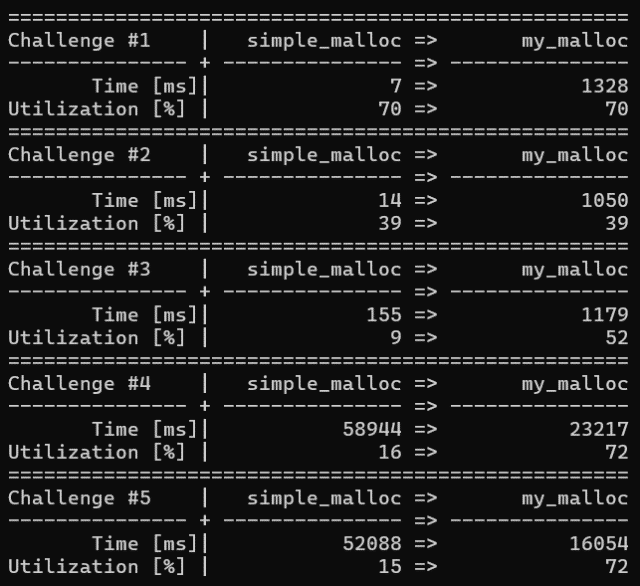
Malloc Challenge

Naho Yokoyama

**Implementing best-fit**

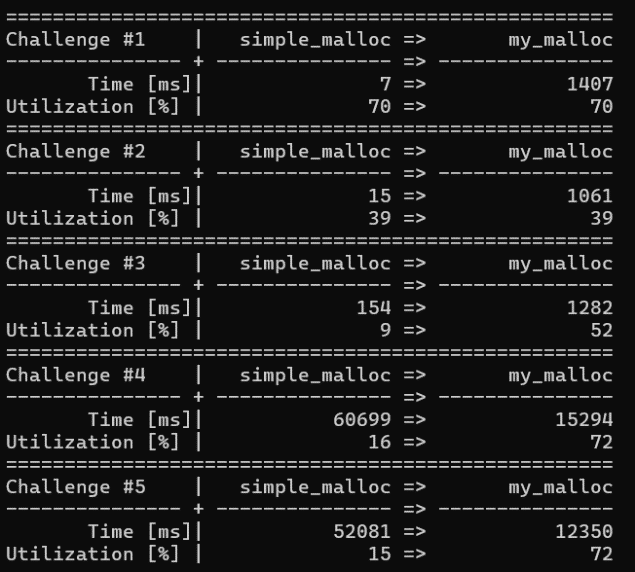
Instead of choosing first slot (that has its size greater than or equals to the size we are looking for), I modified the program so that it chooses the slot that has the size closest to the size we are looking for (of course, its value should be greater, not less). The result are as follows, and it is clear that the utilization increased but since we have to go through all slots, the time increased a lot.



**Implementing free list bin**

Since the time of the best-fit version was long, I implemented free list bin to reduce the required for the program to find best-fit slot. First, I implemented a simple free list having a length 4 and grouping slots based on whether they are less than 1000, 2000, 3000, or more.

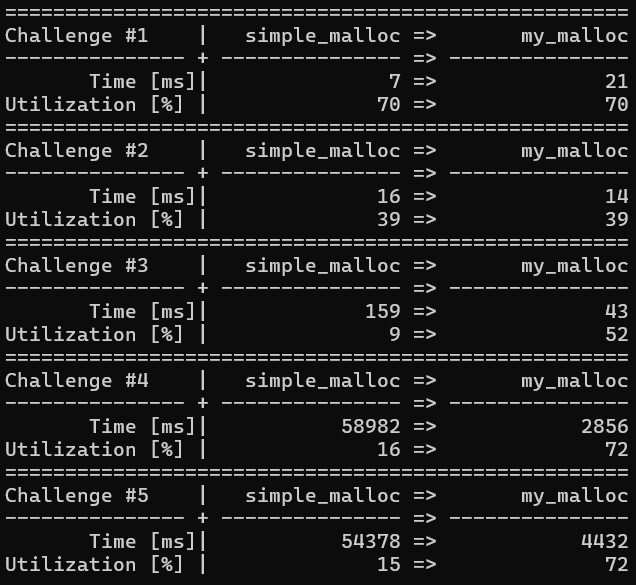
The example on the slide uses “dummy” slot, but I thought that this would work without dummy so I deleted the dummy.



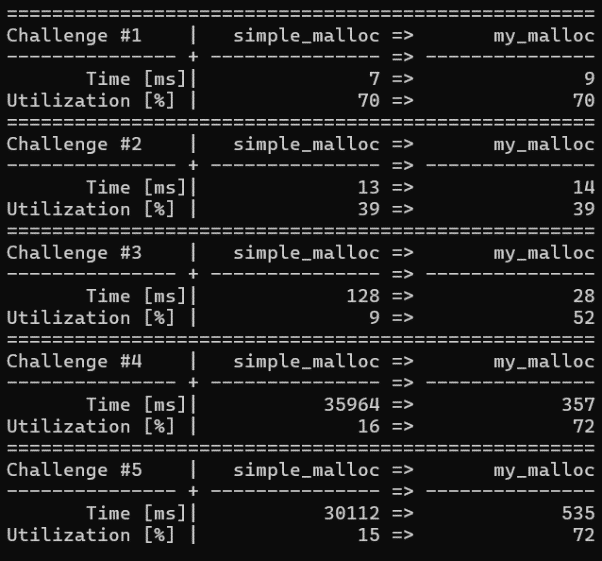
The reason why the time increased for challenge 1 to 3 is that the slots used in these challenges may all have the same size, so adding an index just requires more work. On the other hand, for challenge 4 and 5, since there are more varieties of sizes for slot, indexing worked better.

**Improving free list bin#1**

I noticed that when searching best-fit slot, the program searches all of the slots in the bin even if it already find the best fit. I thought that there are cases which I can stop searching in the middle, which is when I find the slots that has the difference of zero. Therefore, I implemented this, and the result shows that the time has been reduced a lot.

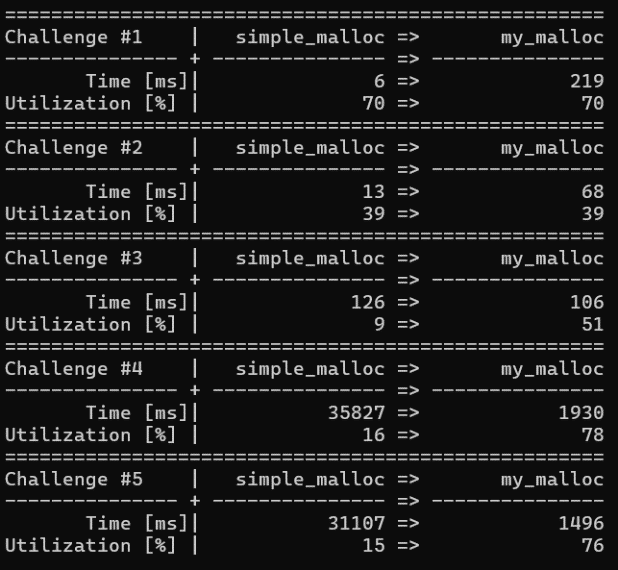


**Improving free list bin#2**

****To improve the effectiveness of the free list bin, I modified the size of the bin and how it group different slots. I experimented so that what is the best free list bin size. Here, I evenly divide the slots to the bin.

**Merging slots**

For the next step, I tried to merge different slots if they are neighbors. However, I realized if I implement free list bin, it is difficult to implement this because neighboring slots may be present at different bin. Therefore, I implemented the merge of slots in a different file and see whether which is better. The result was as follows, and I noticed that the execution time increased because I have to go through the list to find the place to insert slots to the list, but because I merged different slots, the utilization improved (I wonder why the utilization for the challenge#2 get worsened though…)



**Return unused pages**

I tried to return unused pages to the OS when there is an empty slot having size more than 4096. I realized that the utilization improved a lot.

