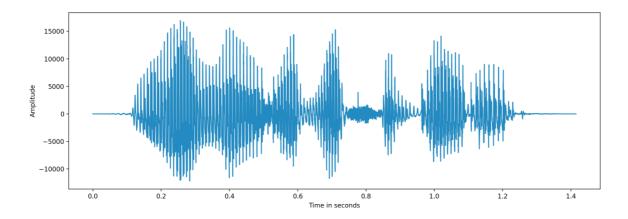
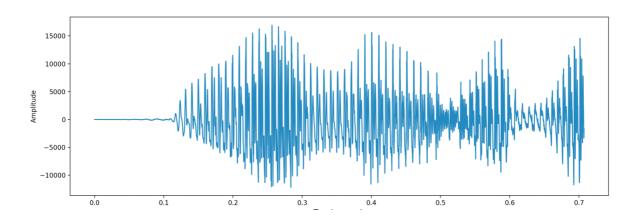
# **Task 7.1P**

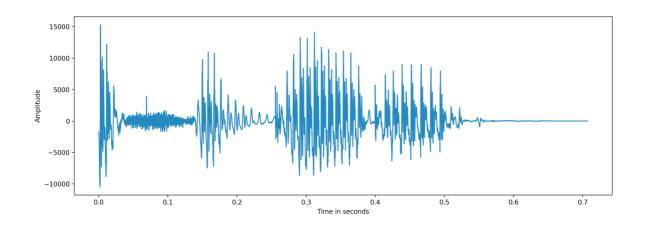
# Original audio sample



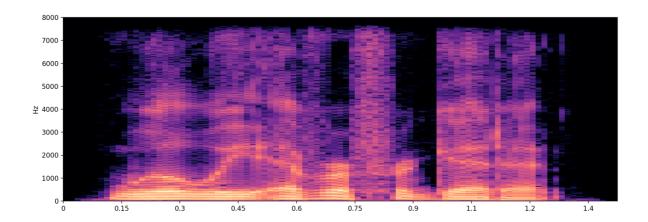
### **X1**



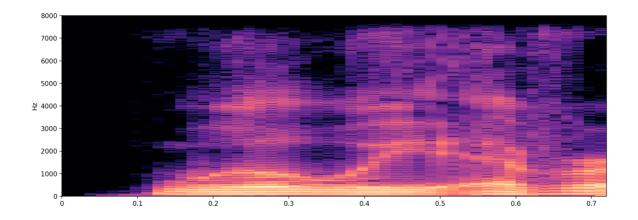
### **X2**



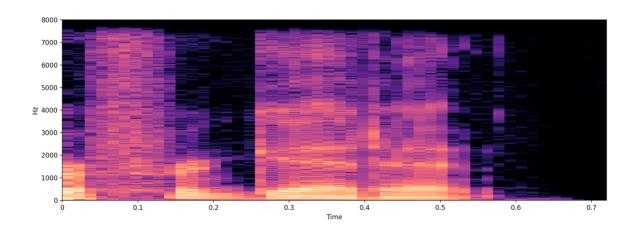
## **Original spectrogram**



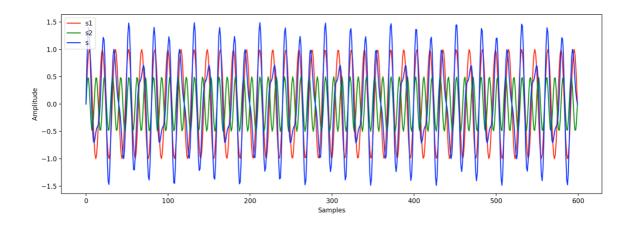
## X1 spectrogram



## X2 spectrogram

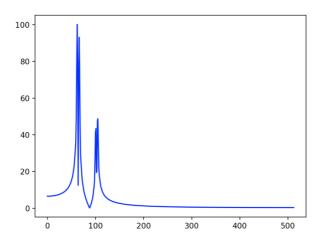


## **S1, S2, S (S1+S2)**

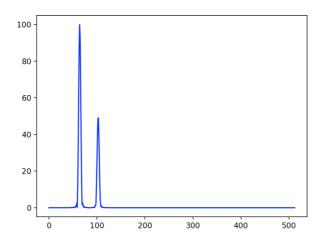


## Hann window technique

### Longer window frame

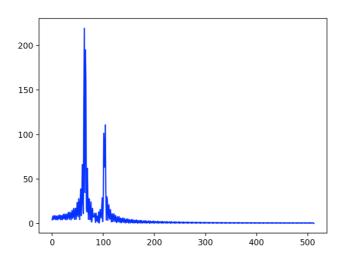


#### **Shorter window frame**

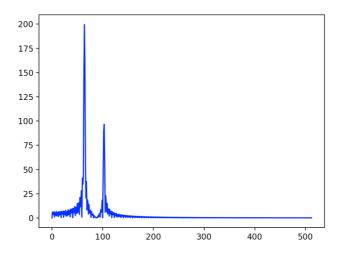


### **Boxcar window technique**

#### Longer window frame

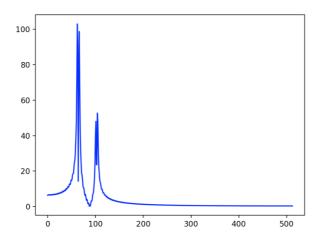


#### **Shorter window frame**

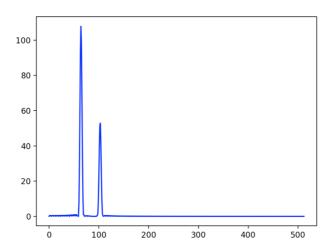


#### Hamming window technique

#### Longer window frame



#### **Shorter window frame**



With respect to the Hann Window and Hamming Window techniques respectively, when the window length was shortened, the 2 sinusoidal signals s1(t) and s2(t) of different frequencies were clear and there was close to no disturbance of other signals as seen in both graphs.

With respect to the Boxcar Window technique, when the window length was shortened, the 2 sinusoidal signals s1(t) and s2(t) of different frequencies were clear but the disturbance of other signals were very visible. This means that this technique was not able to truncate signals properly.