RxJS + Signals: Better Together

Deborah Kurata
Developer

https://www.youtube.com/@deborah_kurata

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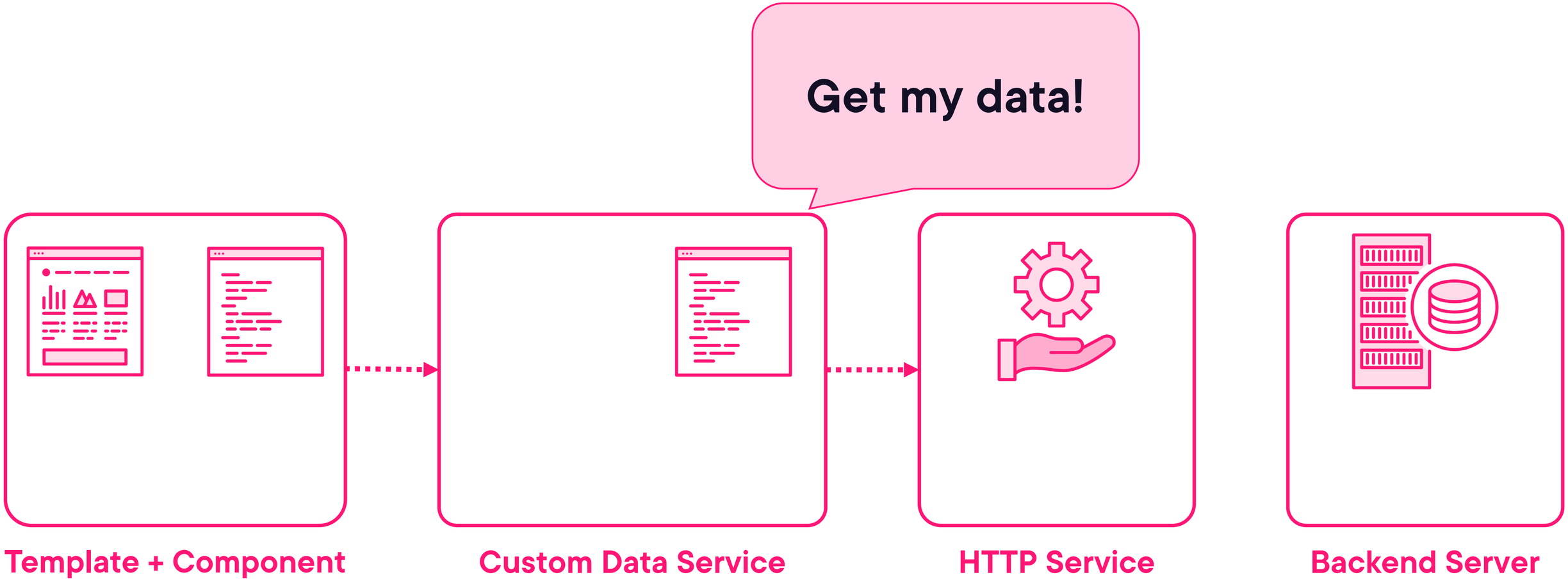
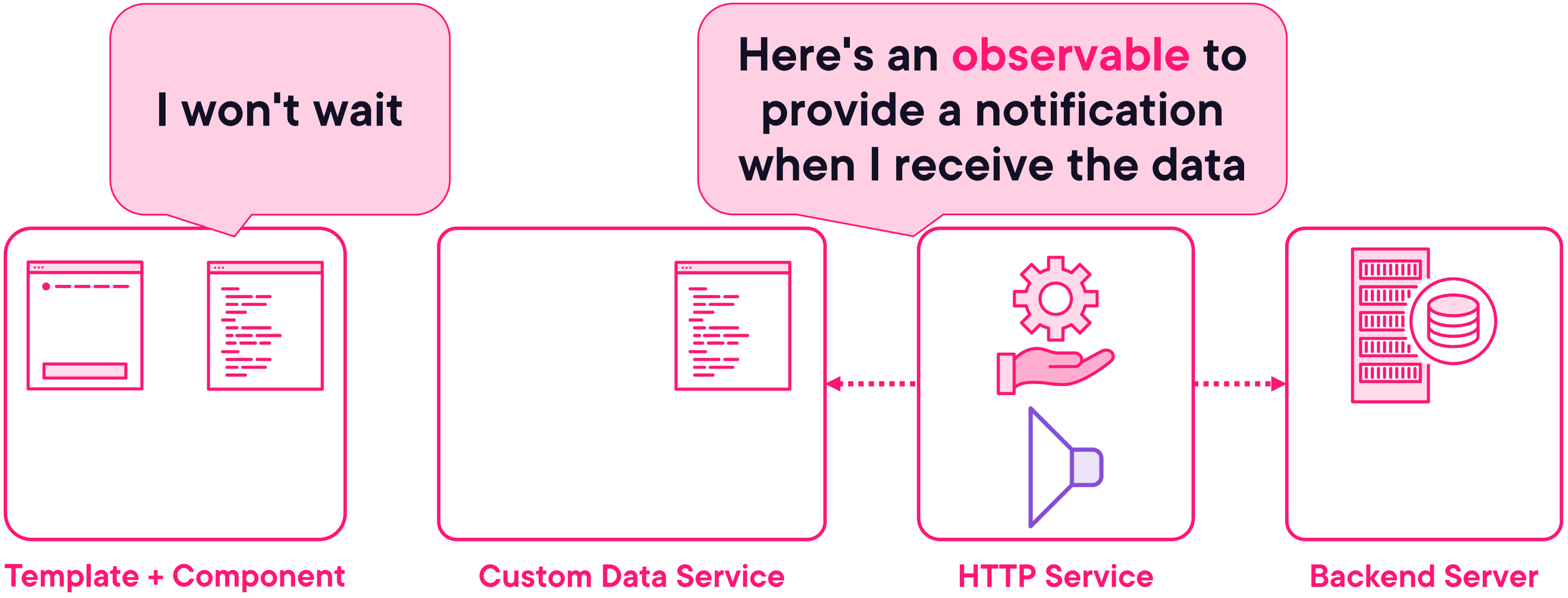
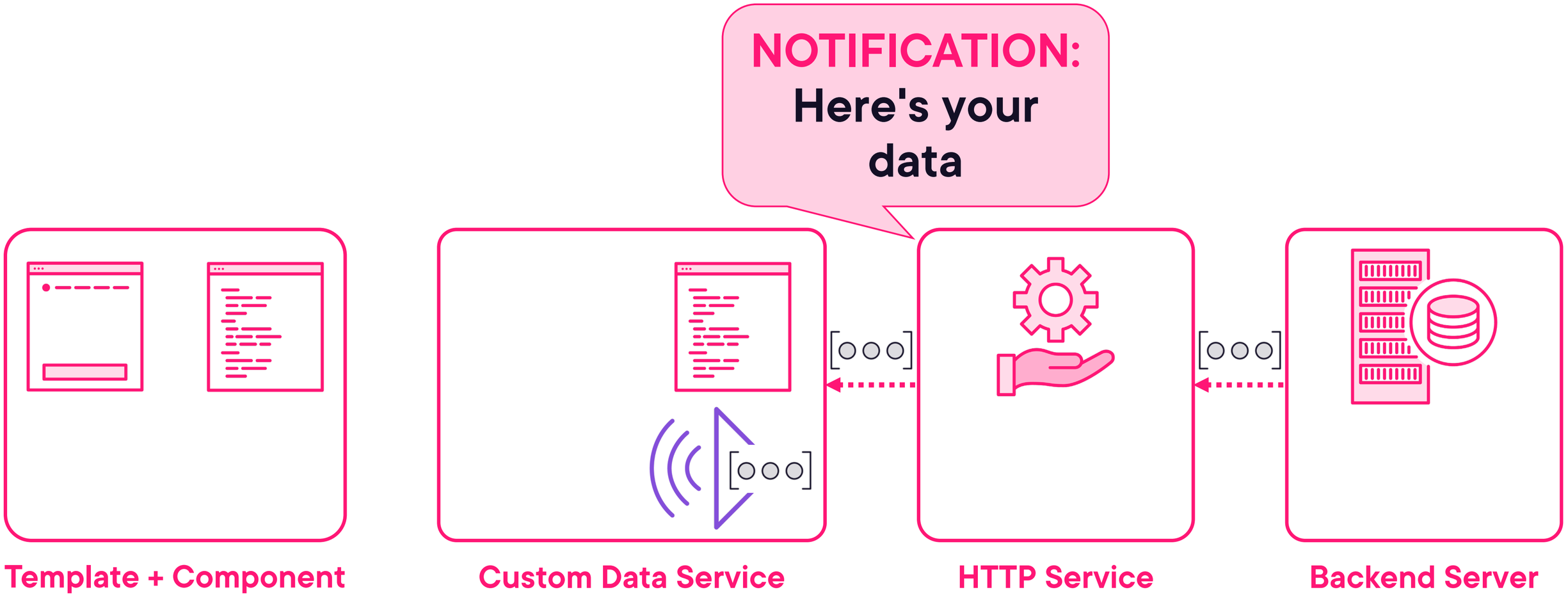


RxJS + Signals: Better Together

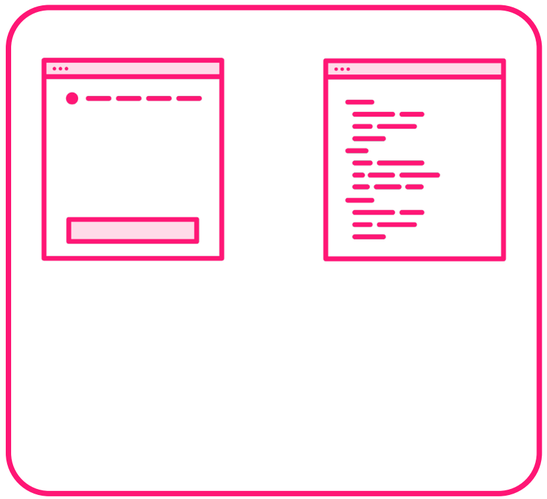


RxJS + Signals: Better Together

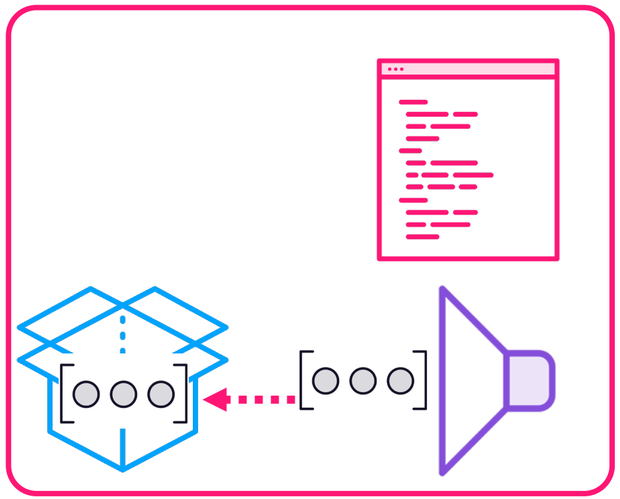


RxJS + Signals: Better Together

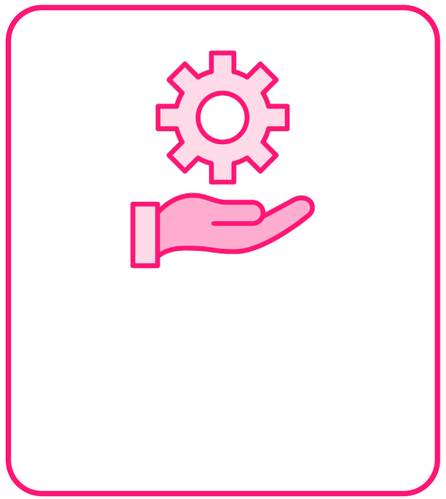
REACTION:
Create a signal



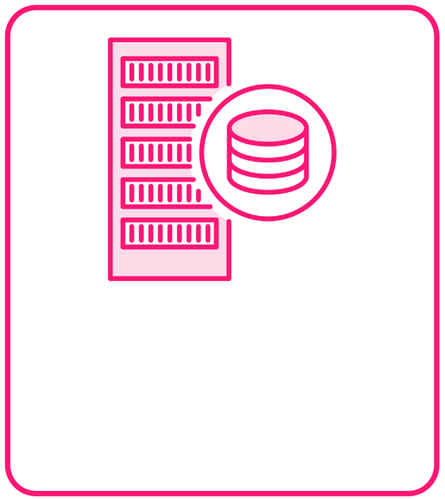
Template + Component



Custom Data Service

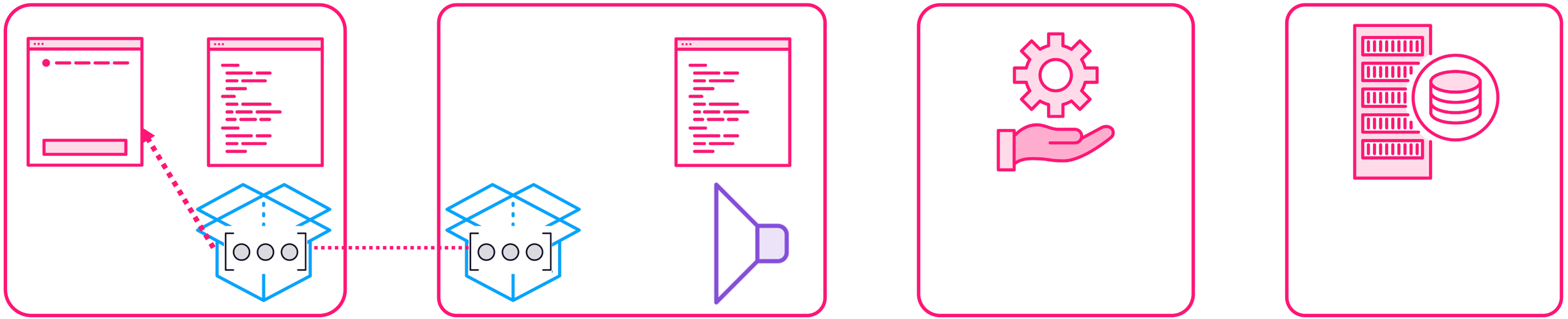


HTTP Service



Backend Server

RxJS + Signals: Better Together



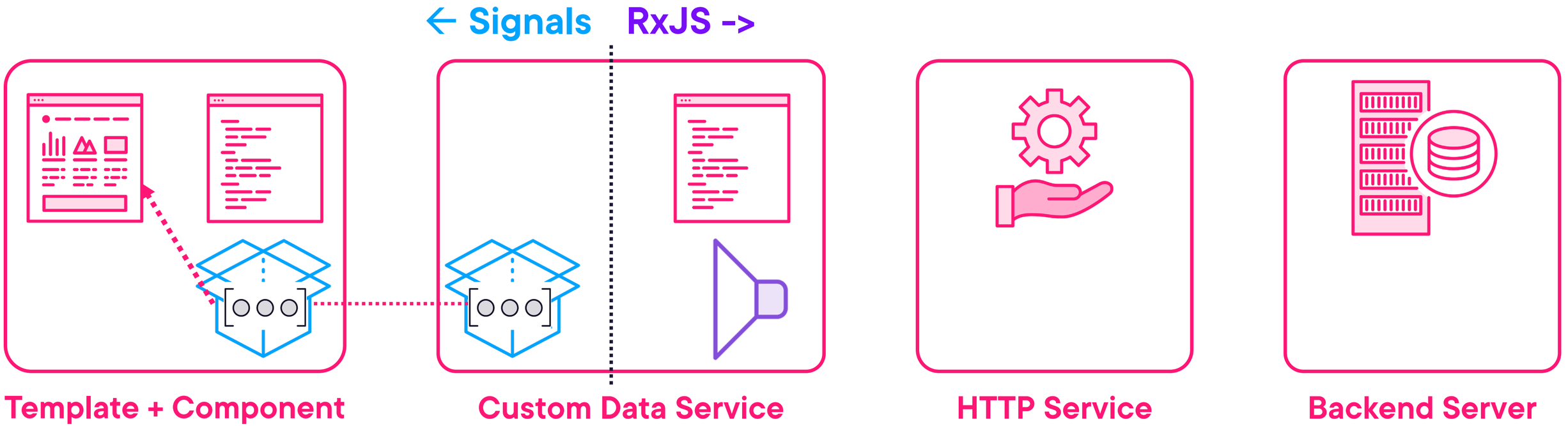
Template + Component

Custom Data Service

HTTP Service

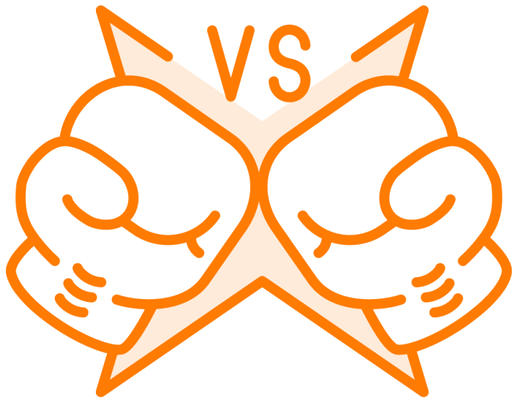
Backend Server

RxJS + Signals: Better Together



Basic state management	Async operations / HTTP requests
Reactivity: Computed signals	Operations on the response
Improved change detection / performance	Reactivity: User actions and other events, when we need every notification

RxJS + Signals: Better Together



Signals vs. Observables

Better together

Overview

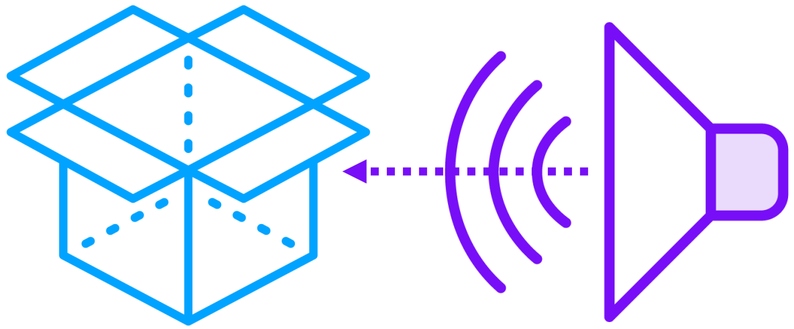
Create a readonly signal from an observable

Error handling

Compare a Subject with a signal

Create an observable from a signal

Create a Signal from an Observable: `toSignal`



Holds the emitted value from the provided observable

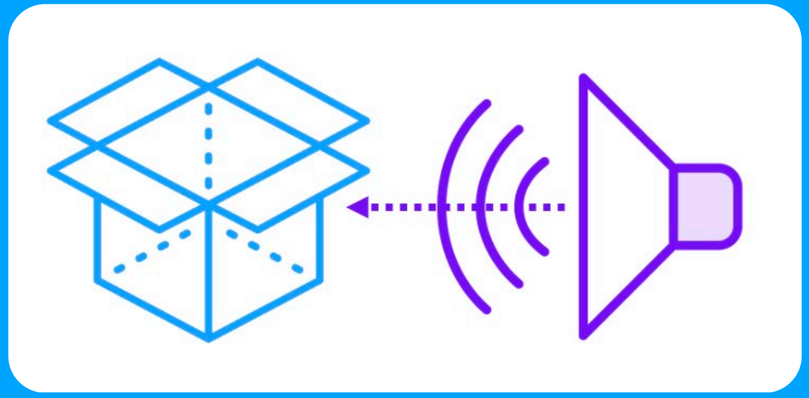
```
product = toSignal(this.products$);
```

Provides synchronous access to the values emitted from that observable

Always contains the most recent emitted value

Automatically subscribes and unsubscribes

Signals created using `toSignal` are read only!



toSignal

```
product = toSignal(this.products$);
```

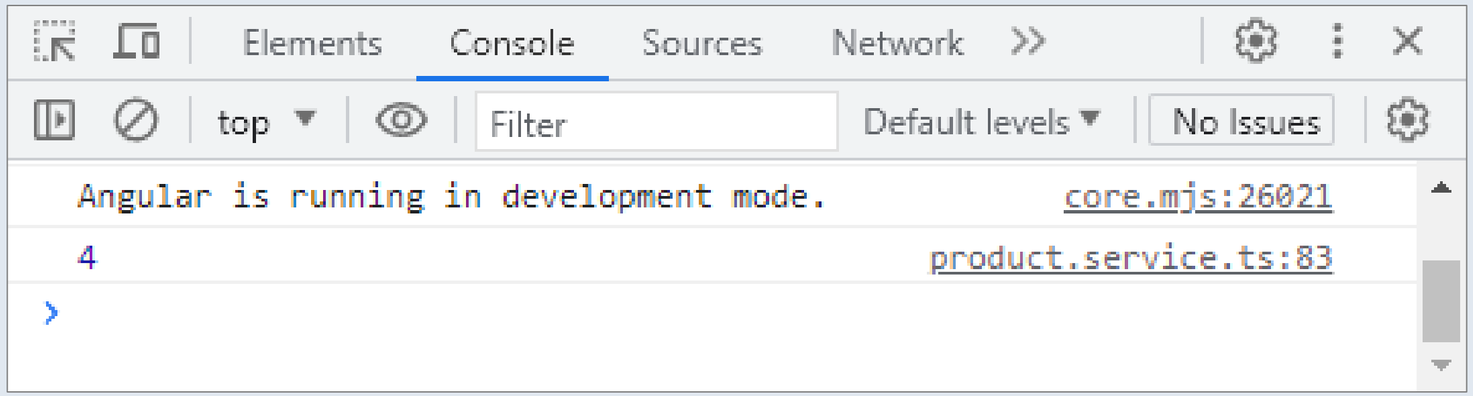
```
product = toSignal(this.products$,
   { initialValue: [] as Product[] });
```

toSignal

```
o$ = of(1, 2, 3, 4);

s = toSignal(this.o$, { initialValue: 0 });

e = effect(() => console.log(this.s()));
```

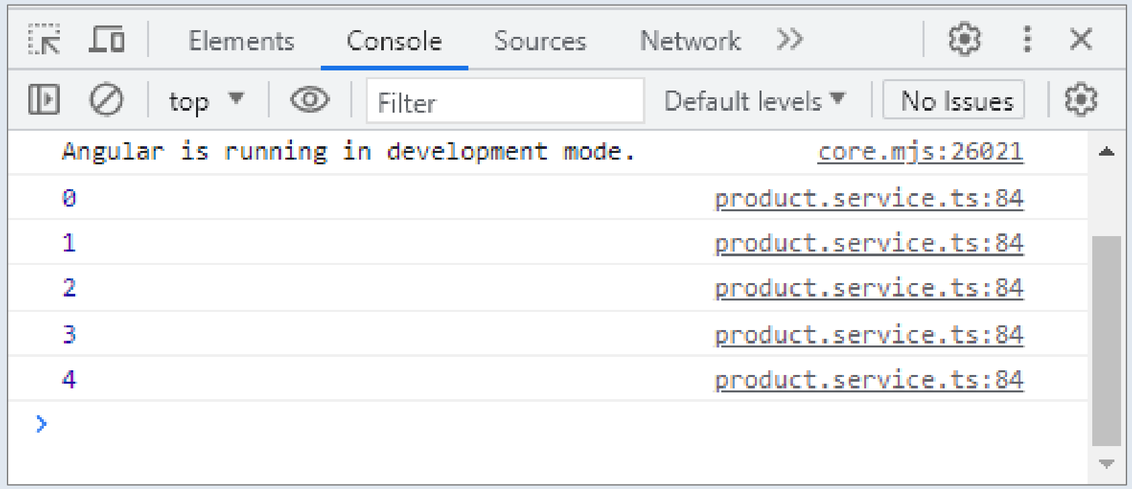


toSignal

```
o$ = of(1, 2, 3, 4)
        .pipe(delay(this.randomDelay()));

s = toSignal(this.o$, { initialValue: 0 });

e = effect(() => console.log(this.s()));
```



Demo

Use `toSignal` to create a signal from an observable

Use that signal in the template

If signals are just simple containers for values, how can they generate an error?

Signal Errors: toSignal

```
private products$ = this.http.get<Product[]>(this.productsUrl)
  .pipe(
    catchError(err => this.handleError(err))
  );

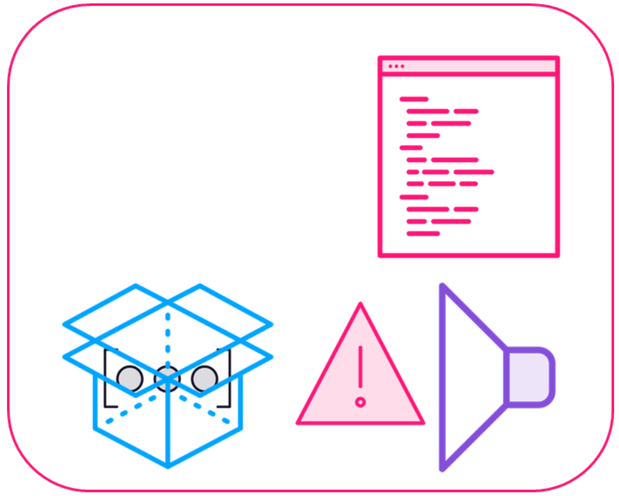
products = toSignal(this.products$,
                    { initialValue: [] as Product[] });
```

```
handleError(err: HttpErrorResponse): Observable<never> {
  const formattedMessage = this.errorService.formatError(err);
  return throwError(() => formattedMessage);
}
```

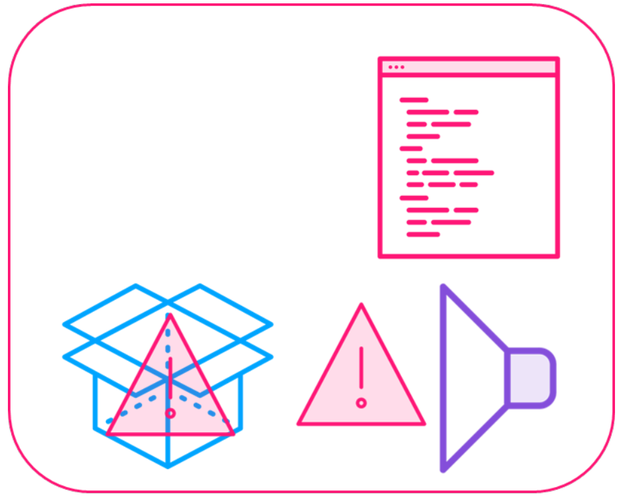
Signal Errors: computed

```
count = signal(3);
validate = computed(() => {
  if (this.count() === 3) {
    throw 'Validation error!';
  }
});
```

Error Handling Options



Catch in the observable pipeline, create a replacement observable, pass valid data to the signal



Catch using try...catch

Demo

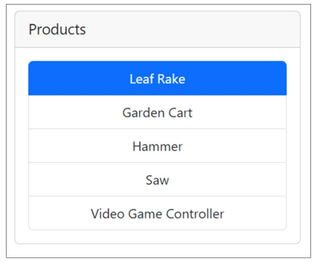
Handle errors using try...catch

Demo

Handle errors using the RxJS pipeline

Reacting to User Actions with a Subject

Product List



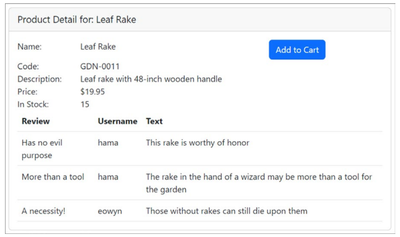
I'll style the selected row blue

I'll call the service to get the product

I notify when the user selects a product

Id

Product Detail

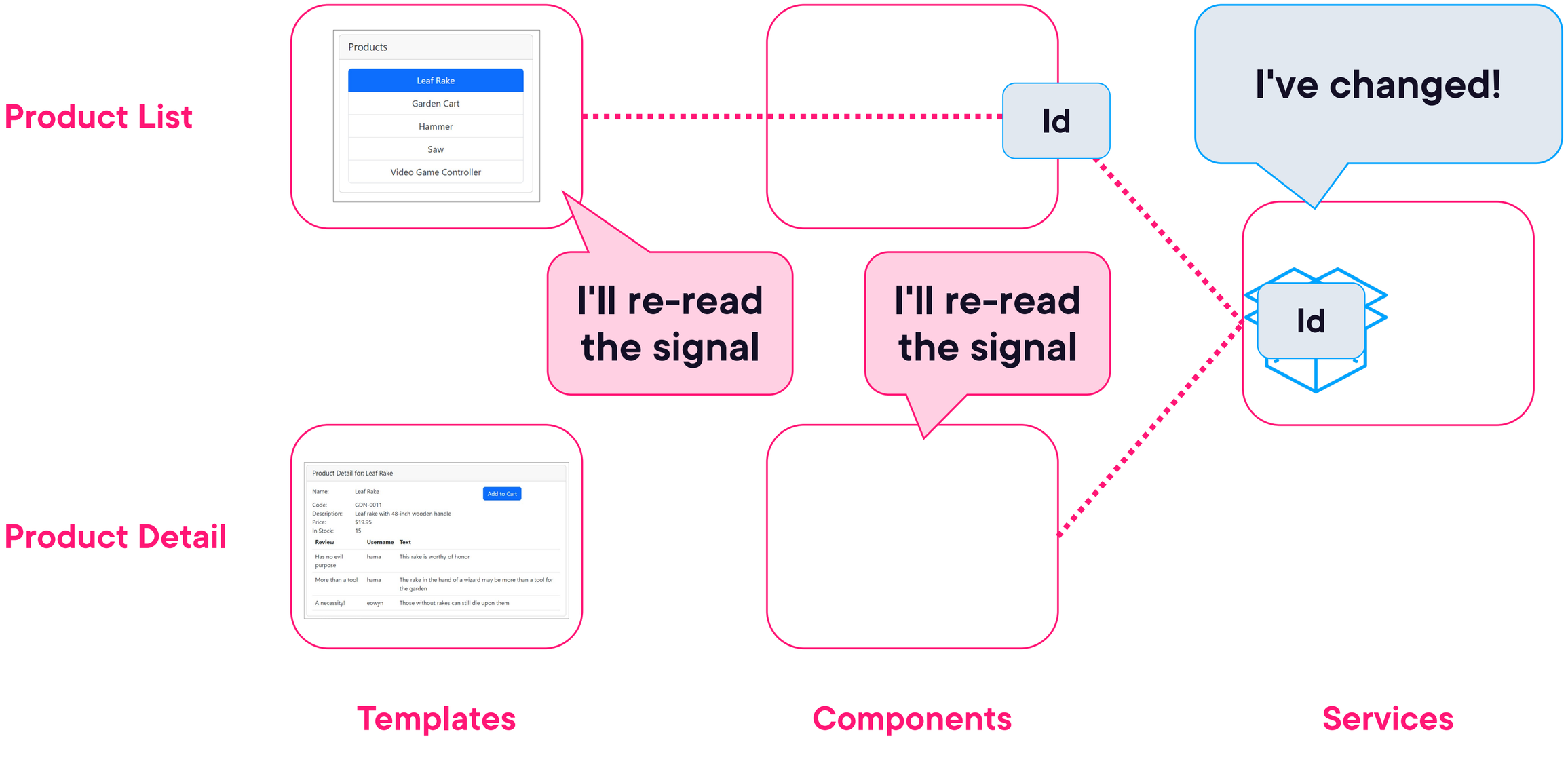


Templates

Components

Services

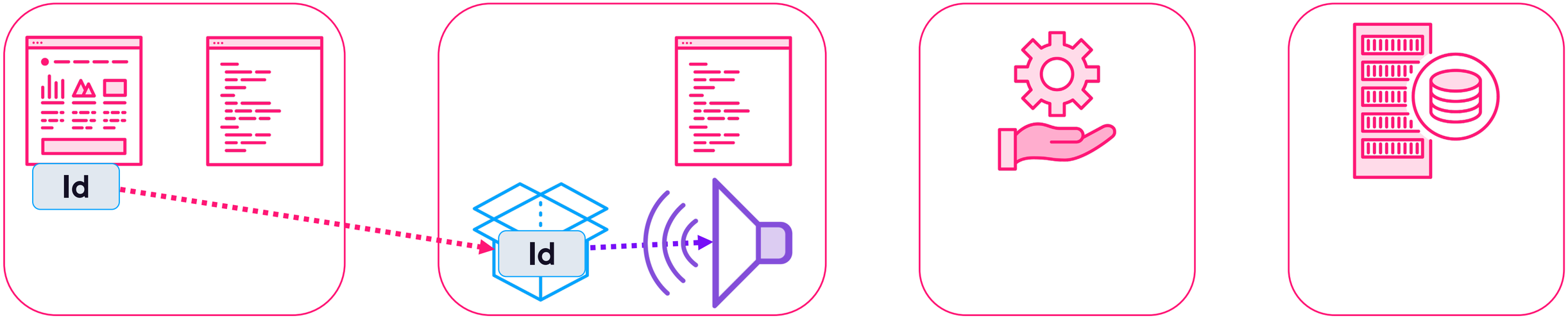
Reacting to User Actions with a Signal



Demo

Replace a BehaviorSubject with a signal

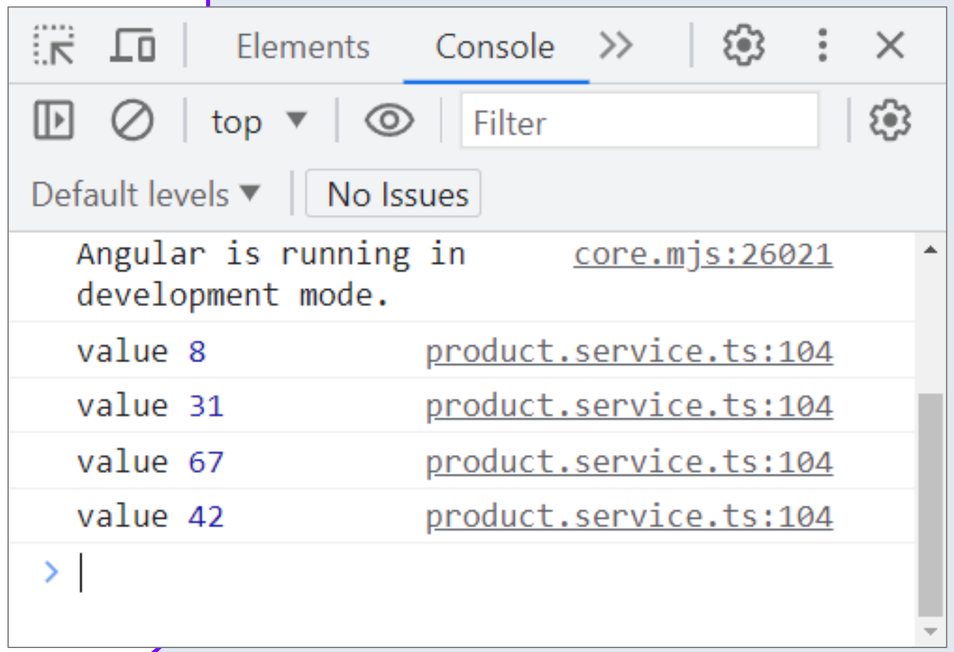
Creating an Observable from a Signal (`toObservable`)



With Subject, Notifications Are Asynchronous

```
valuesSubject = new BehaviorSubject(8);
values$ = this.valuesSubject.asObservable()
  .pipe(
    tap(x => console.log('value', x))
  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
  this.valuesSubject.next(31);
  this.valuesSubject.next(67);
  this.valuesSubject.next(42);
}
```



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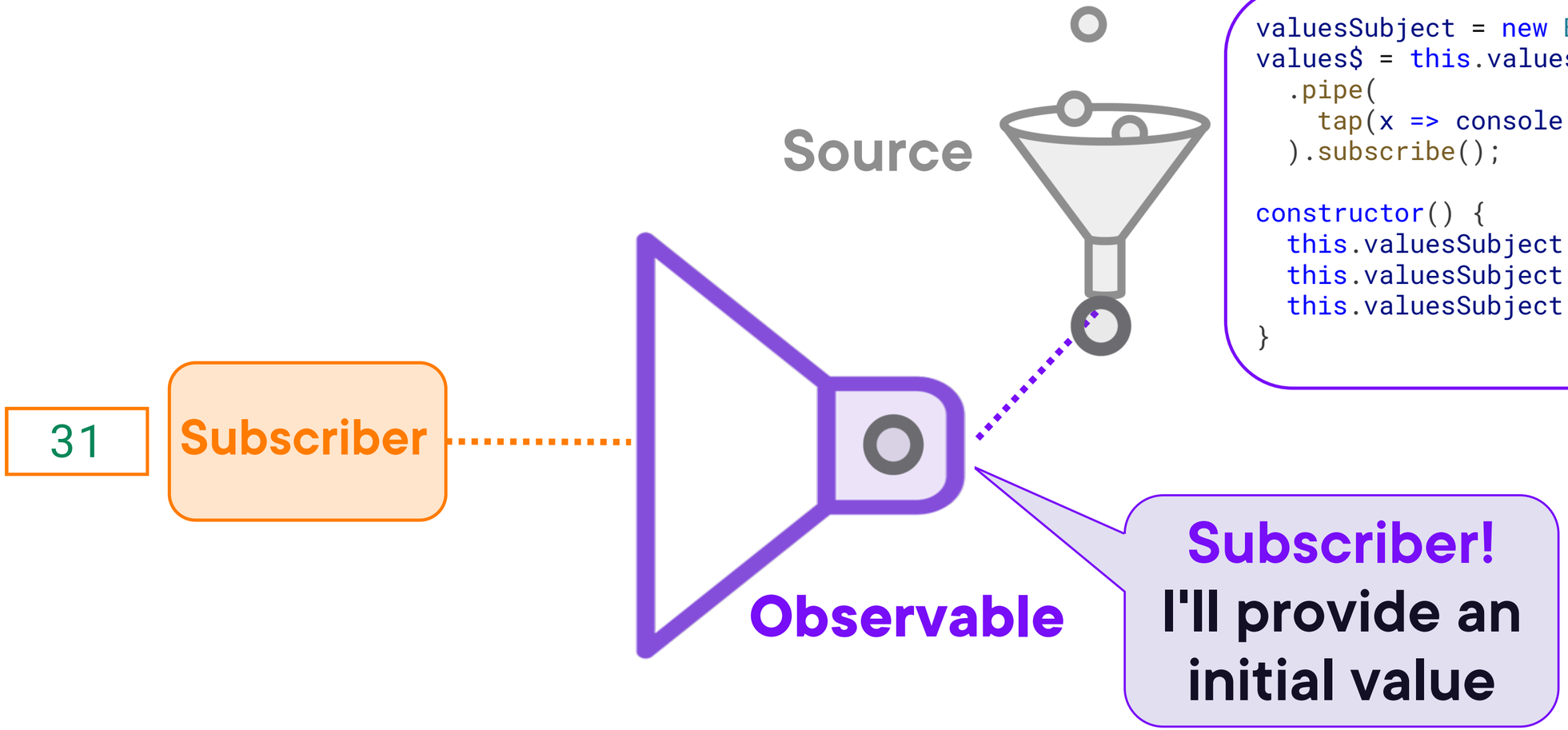


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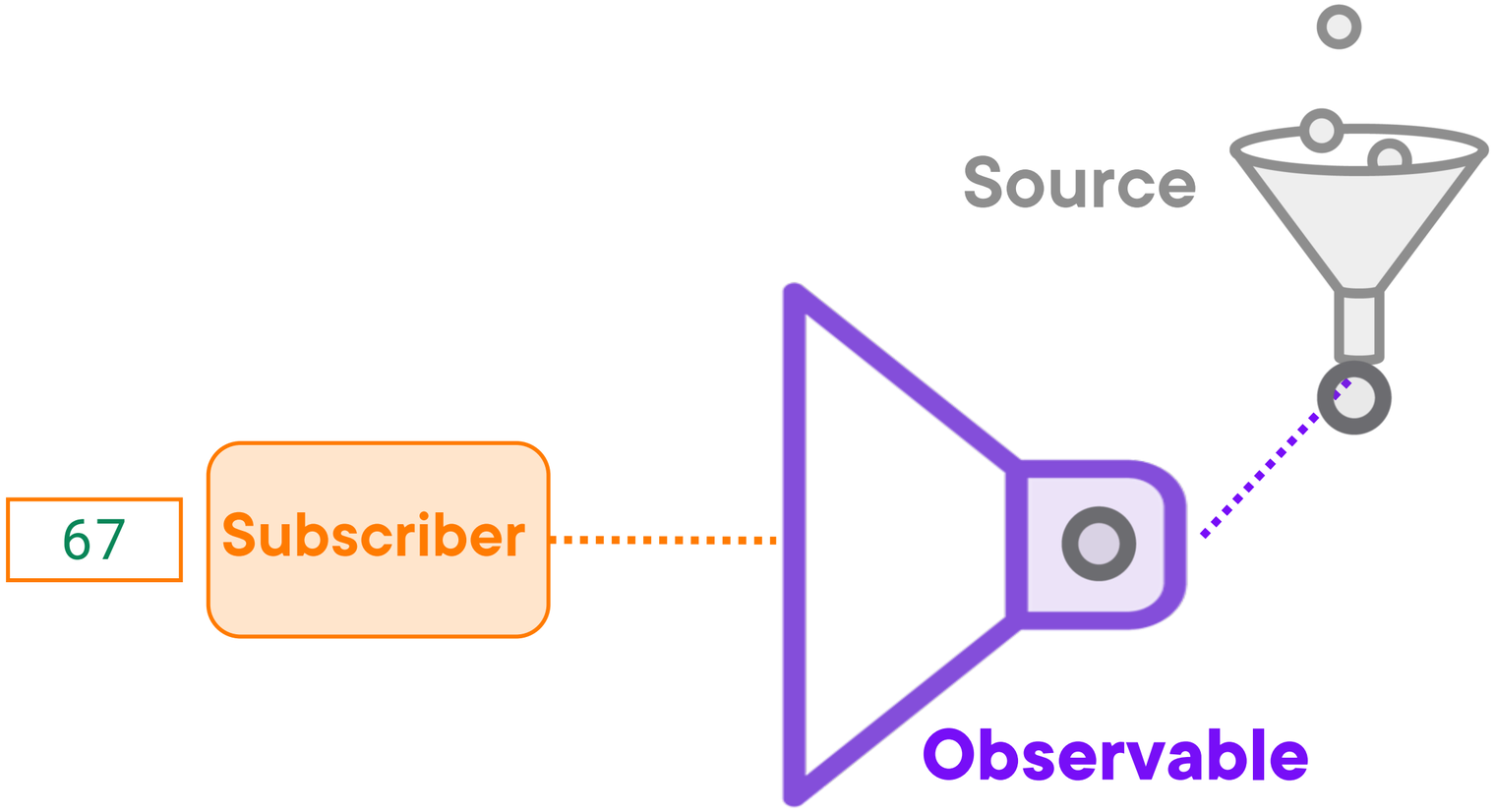


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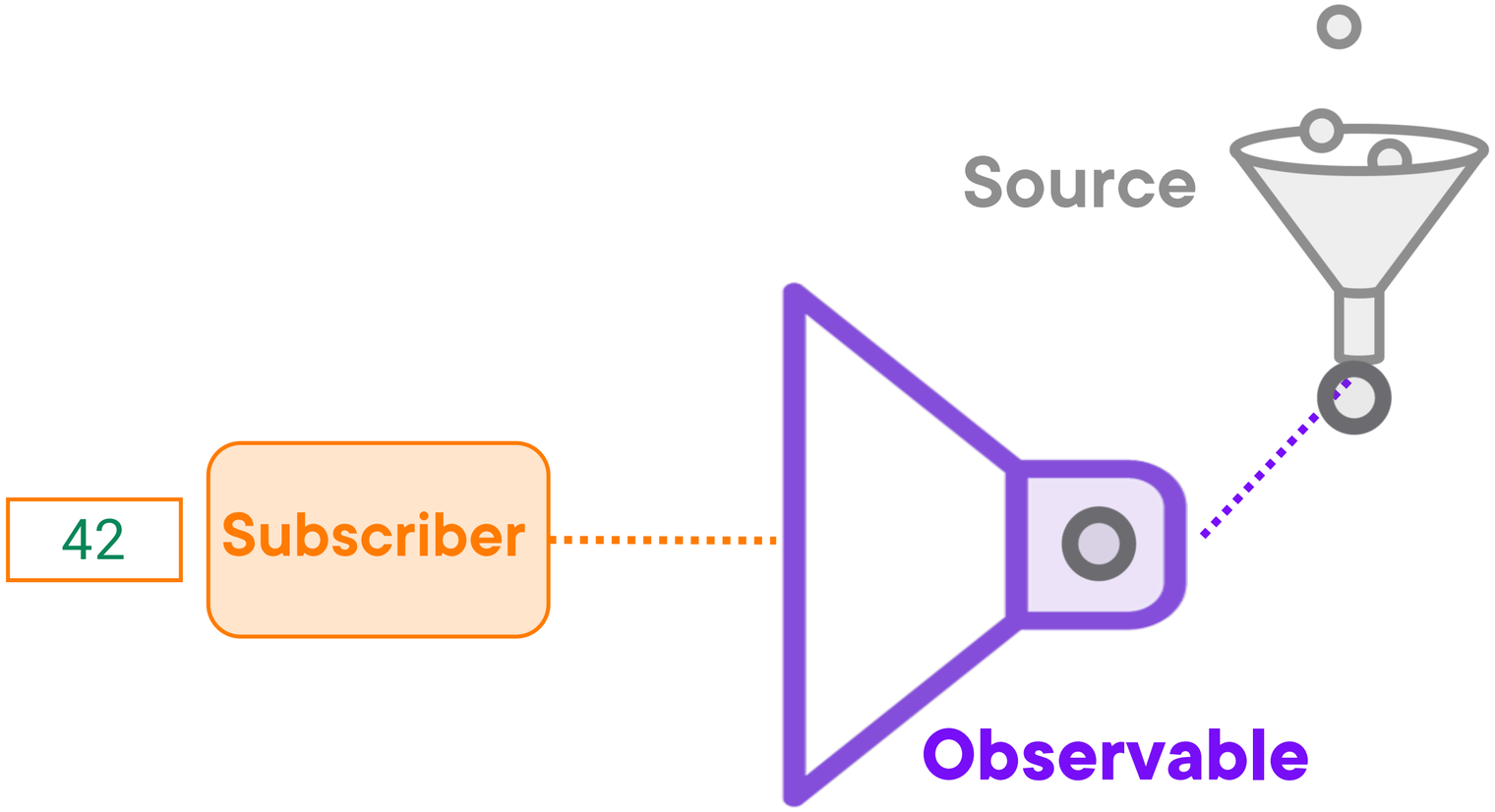
With Subject, Notifications Are Asynchronous

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  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
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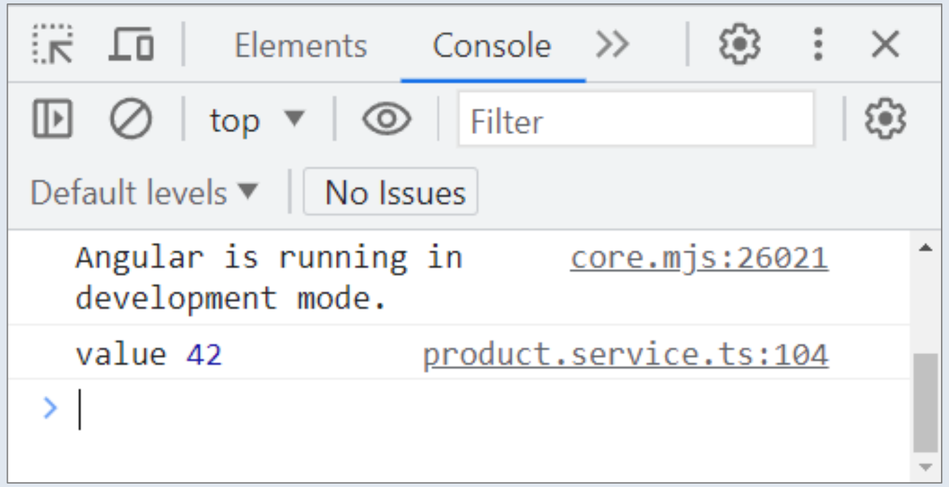
  this.valuesSubject.next(67);
  this.valuesSubject.next(42);
}
```

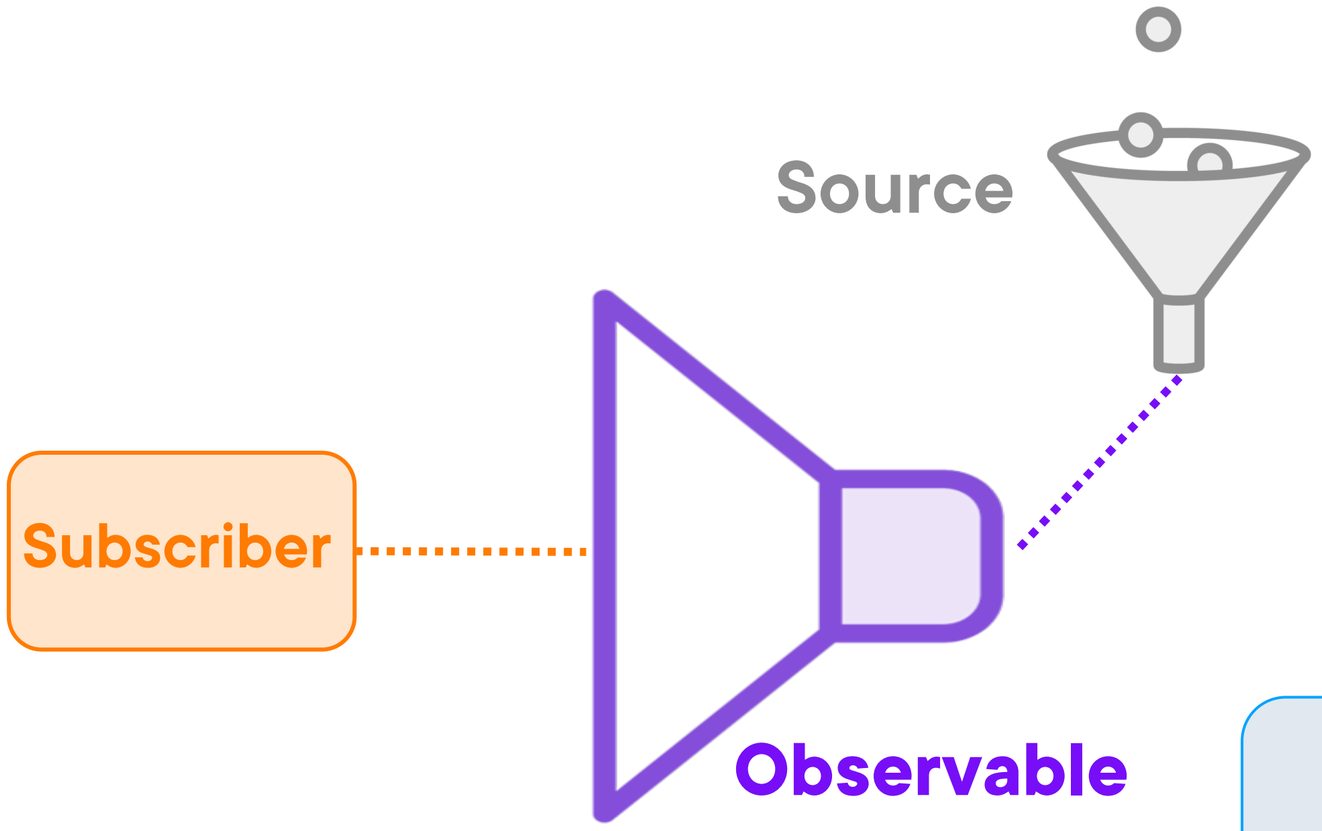
With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled

```
values = signal(8);
values$ = toObservable(this.values)
  .pipe(
    tap(x => console.log('value', x))
  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
  this.values.set(31);
  this.values.set(67);
  this.values.set(42);
}
```



With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled

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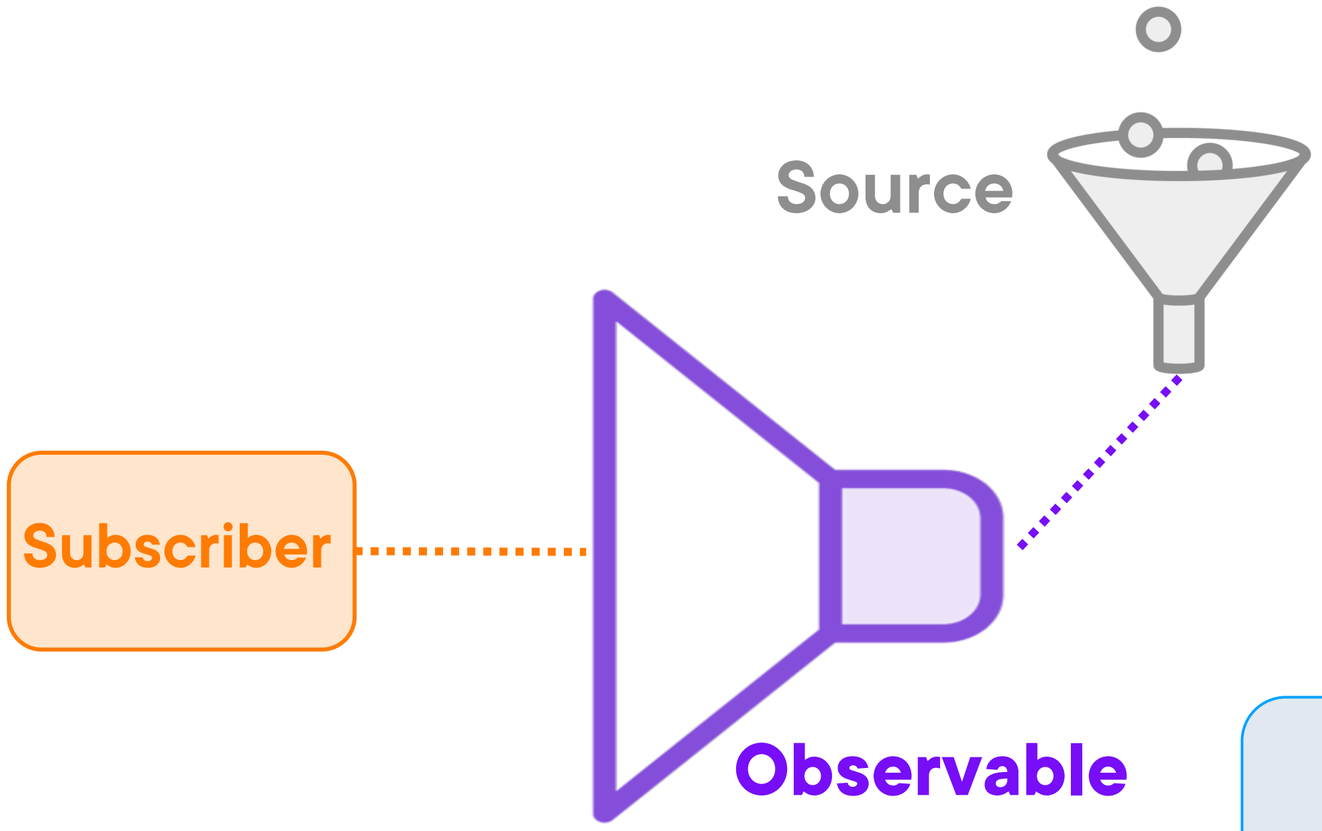
  .pipe(
    tap(x => console.log('value', x))
  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
  this.values.set(31);
  this.values.set(67);
  this.values.set(42);
}
```

8 **Signal**

Yeah,
I see you have a value
I'll deal with it when I can

With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled

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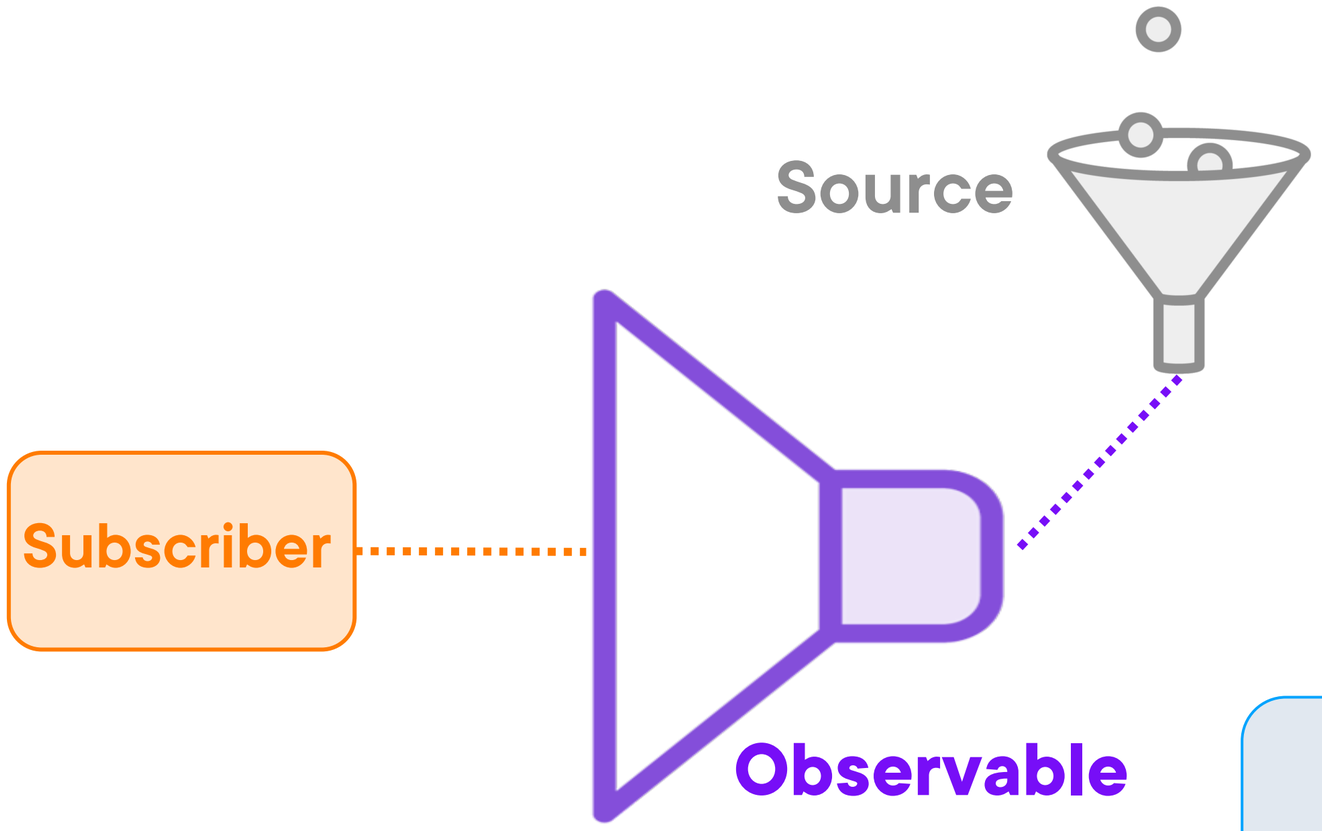
constructor() {
  this.values.set(31);
  this.values.set(67);
  this.values.set(42);
}
```

31 **Signal**

Yeah,
I see you've changed
I'll deal with it when I can

With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled

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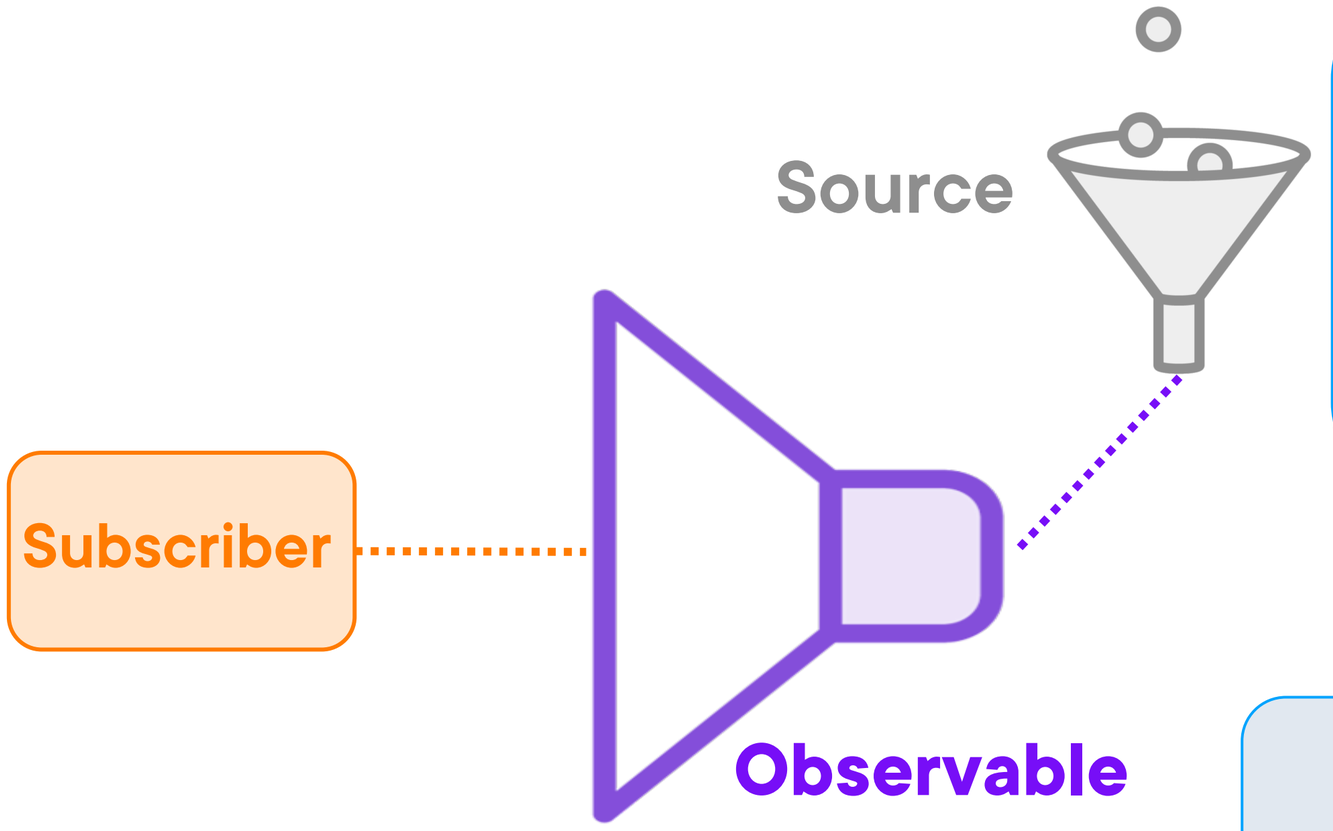
}
```

67 **Signal**

Yeah,
I see you've changed
I'll deal with it when I can

With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled

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  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
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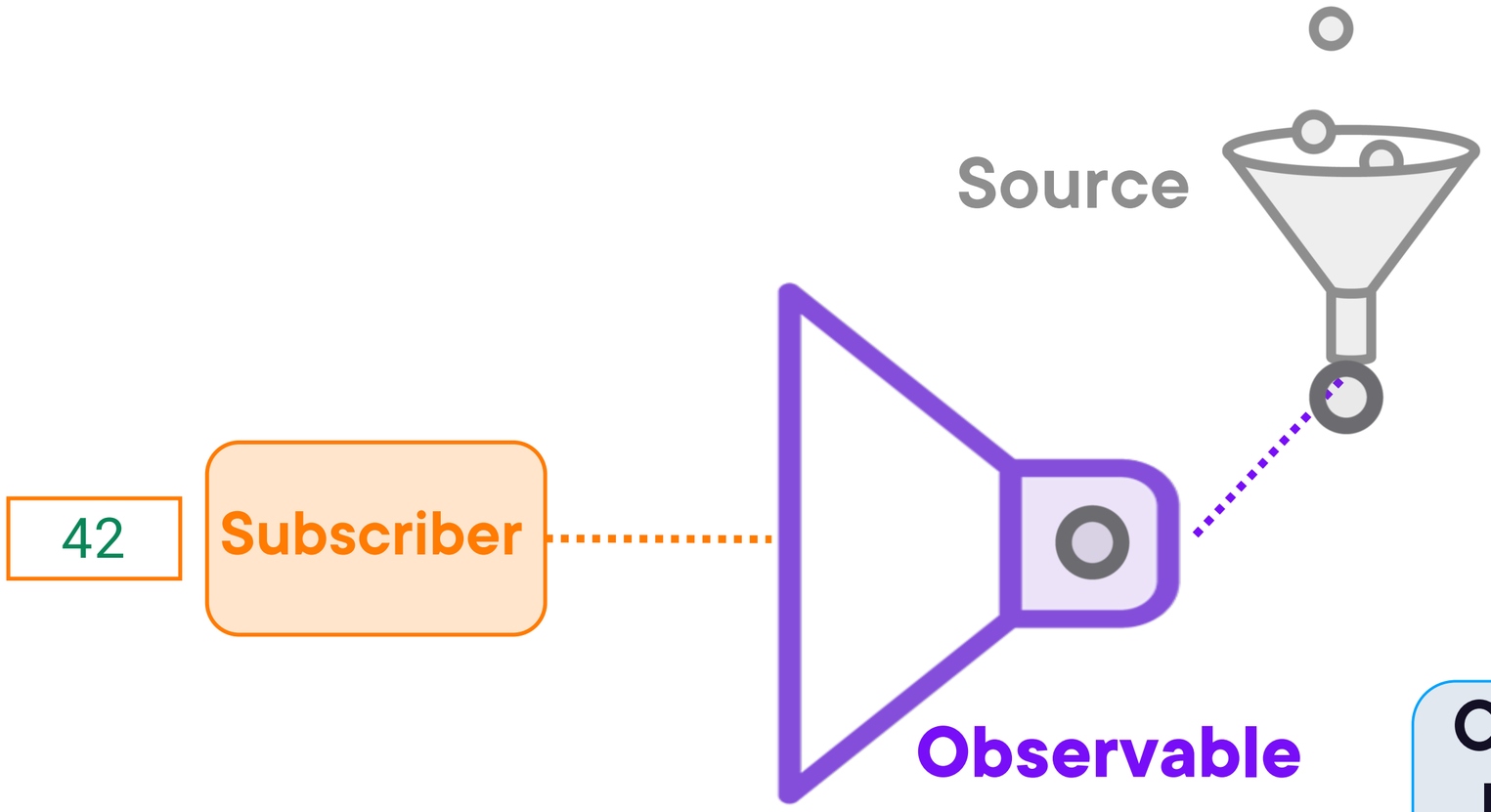
  this.values.set(67);
  this.values.set(42);
}
```

42 **Signal**

Yeah,
I see you've changed
I'll deal with it when I can

With `toObservable`, Notifications Are Scheduled




```
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  .pipe(
    tap(x => console.log('value', x))
  ).subscribe();

constructor() {
  this.values.set(31);
  this.values.set(67);
  this.values.set(42);
}
```

42 **Signal**

Oh, it's my time to execute
I'll emit the current value
of the signal

Demo

Use `toObservable` to react to changes in a signal

Demo

Expose only signals from the service

Demo

Only read signals from the service

Type Narrowing with Objects

Key Point

```
product?: Product;
title = '';
...
constructor() {
  if (this.product) {
    this.title = `Detail: ${this.product.name}`;
  } else {
    this.title = 'Detail';
  }
  console.log(this.title);
}
```

I'm checking here if it's undefined

So here it must be defined

That means I can dot into the product's name

Type Narrowing with Signals

Key Point

```
product = signal<Product | undefined>(undefined);
title = '';
...
constructor() {
  if (this.product()) {
    this.title = `Detail: ${this.product().name}`;
  } else {
    this.title = 'Detail';
  }
  console.log(this.pageTitle);
}
```

I'm **reading** the signal here
if it has a value,
I'll execute the if block

But here
I'm **reading it again**
and it could be undefined

Type Narrowing with Signals

Key Point

```
product = signal<Product | undefined>(undefined);
title = '';

constructor() {
  if (this.product()) {
    this.title = `Detail: ${this.product().name}`;
  } else {
    this.title = 'Detail';
  }
  console.log(this.pageTitle);
}
```

```
Object is possibly 'undefined'. ts(2532)
```

How do we fix it??

Type Narrowing with Signals

Key Point

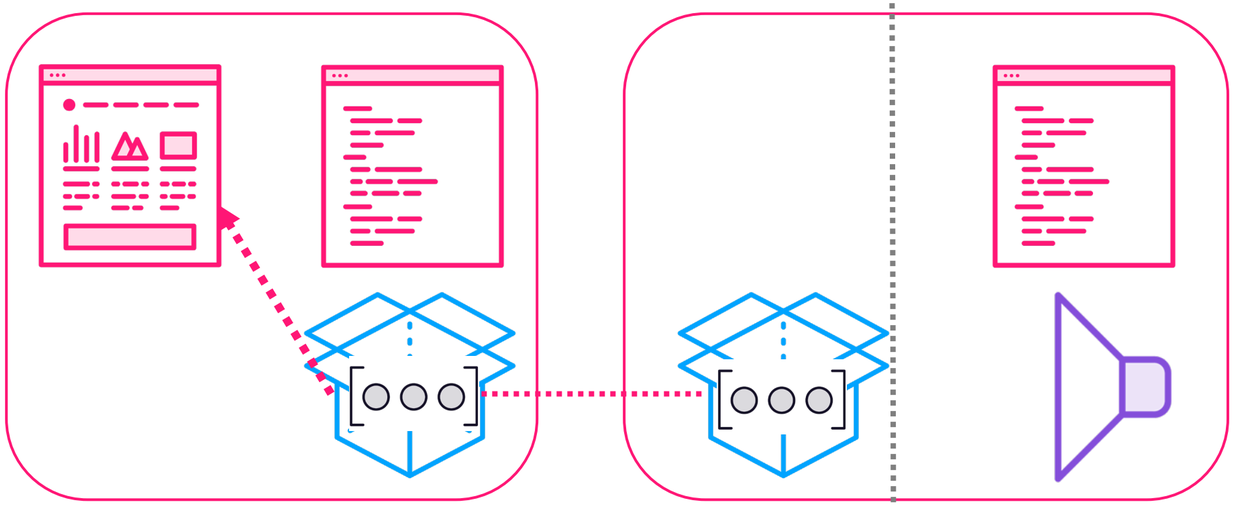
```
product = signal<Product | undefined>(undefined);
title = '';

constructor() {
  const p = this.product();
  if (p) {
    this.title = `Detail: ${p.name}`;
  } else {
    this.title = 'Detail';
  }
  console.log(this.pageTitle);
}
```

I'm reading the signal here

RxJS + Signals: Better Together

← Signals | RxJS ->



Signals	RxJS
Basic state management	Async / HTTP requests
Reactivity: Computed signals	Operations on the response
Improved change detection/ performance	Reactivity: User actions and other events when we need every notification

Handle Errors

Writable signals hold a value and won't generate an error

Handle errors in

- Computed signals
- Signals created from `toSignal`
- Effects

Use try...catch

Use the observable pipeline

Wrapper Object for Error Handling

```ts
export interface Result<T>
{
  data: T | undefined;
  error?: string;
}
```

```ts
private products$ = this.http.get<Product[]>(this.url)
  .pipe(
    map(p => ({ data: p } as Result<Product[]>)),
    catchError(err => of({
      data: [],
      error: err
    } as Result<Product[]>))
  );
```

toSignal
toObservable
Subject

toSignal creates a signal

- Holds the latest value from an observable

```
product = toSignal(this.products$,
  { initialValue: [] as Product[] });
```

toObservable creates an observable

- Emits the current value of the signal
- When the signal changes, `toObservable` is scheduled to run
- It may not emit notification of every change

```
result$ = toObservable(this.selectedProductId)
    .pipe(...);
```

Use a Subject if you need every notification

For More Information

Demo code

- https://github.com/DeborahK/angular-rxjs-signals-fundamentals

Code from the slides

- https://stackblitz.com/edit/rxjs-signals-m12-deborahk

"Unlocking the Power of Angular Signals + RxJS"

- https://youtu.be/nXJFhZdbWzw

https://youtube.com/@deborah_kurata