目的:

- 每一個Thread都有一個唯一的變數,這個變數用來儲存測試過程中所有相關的訊息
- 這個訊息包含Device、Fixture和相關測量儀器的紀錄

方法:

- Equipment裡有4個Singleton Instance:
 - 1. folderPath->用來儲存Log存放資料夾的路徑,預設路徑是/vault/Equipment_Log.
 - 2. thread1EchoColectionStr->用來儲存thread1的Log ·
 - 3. thread2EchoColectionStr->用來儲存thread2的Log ·
 - 4. thread3EchoColectionStr->用來儲存thread3的Log ·
 - 5. thread4EchoColectionStr->用來儲存thread4的Log ·
- Equipment將會有以下幾個Class Method去存取這4個Singleton Instance:
 - 1. 設定存放資料夾的路徑:

```
+(void)setLogFolderPath:(NSString*)path
```

2. 將訊息儲存到指定Thread的Log:

```
+(NSString *)saveLogWithThread:(int)num withFileName:(NSString *) name;
```

3. 儲存指定Thread的Log:

```
+(NSString *)saveLogWithThread:(int)num withFileName:(NSString *) name;
```

4. 清空指定Thread的Log:

```
+(void)clearLogFileWithThread:(int)num
```

5. 讓指定的Thread睡眠,並將睡眠的秒數紀錄在Log:

```
+(void)delayWithThread:(int) num withSecond:(int) second
```

6. 同上,只是單位變成微秒:

```
+(void)delayWithThread:(int) num withMicorSecond:(int) mSecond
```

- 在Equipment宣告一個Property "myThreadIndex",用於儲存Thread_index:
 - 1. 如果是1v4,在ini.plist中,"EQUIPMENTS"欄位裡所有item的"USEDFOR"欄位須符合規則"THRD(Num)_(Equipment Name)",ex:THRD1_FixUART、THRD3_DevUART:
 - 透過PlistIO Class的"equipmentsInit" Method抓取"THRD(Num)_(Equipment Name)"字串當中的 Num作為myThreadIndex的值,假如是1up的話,myThreadIndex設為1.

- 將上述1、2、3 的Class Method 包成 Instance Method 方便繼承Equipment的Class使用:
 - 1. 設定存放資料夾的路徑:

```
-(void)setLogFolderPath:(NSString*)path
{
    [Equipments setLogFolderPath:path];
}
```

2. 將訊息儲存到Log:

```
-(void)attachLogFileWithTitle:(NSString)title withDate:(NSString)date with
Message:(NSString*)content
{
    [Equipments attachLogFileWithThread:myThreadIndex withTitle:title with
Date:date withMessage:content];
}
```

3. 儲存Log:

```
-(NSString *)saveLogWithFileName:(NSString *) name
{
   return [Equipments saveLogWithThread:myThreadIndex withFileName:name];
}
```

- 取代Device、Fixture...等繼承Equipment的Class當中的writeToDevice和readFromDevice的echoColectionStr:
 - 1. Device裡writeToDevice的Method:

2. Device裡readFromDevice的Method: