Chieh-Yang Huang 黃介揚

Ph.D. Student Email: chiehyang@psu.edu
College of Information Sciences and Technology appleternity@gmail.com

Penn State University Website: http://chieh-yang.co

Education

• PhD. Student, Informatics
College of Information Sciences and Technology, Penn State University, 2019 – present

• PhD. Student, Computer Science (transferred to PSU) School of CIDSE, Arizona State University, 2017 – 2019

• B.S., Electrical Engineering
Dept. Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University, 2010 – 2014

Papers

- [P.11] Ting-Hao K. Huang, Chieh-Yang Huang, Chieh-Kuang Cornelia Ding, Yen-Chia Hsu, C Lee Giles. (2020). CODA-19: Reliably Annotating Research Aspects on 10,000+ CORD-19 Abstracts Using a Non-Expert Crowd. To appear in the NLP COVID-19 Workshop at ACL 2020.
- [P.10] Chieh-Yang Huang, Shih-Hong Huang, and Ting-Hao K. Huang. (2020). Heteroglossia: In-Situ Story Ideation with the Crowd. In Proceedings of the 2020 CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI 2020), 25 April 30 April, 2020, Honolulu, USA.
- [P.9] Chieh-Yang Huang, Yi-Ting Huang, Mei-Hua Chen and Lun-Wei Ku. (2019). From Receptive to Productive: Learning to Use Confusing Words through Automatically Selected Example Sentences. In the 14th Workshop on Innovative Use of NLP for Building Educational Applications (BEA 2019), 28 July 2 August, 2019, Florence, Italy.
- [P.8] Ting-Yao Hsu, Chieh-Yang Huang, Yen-Chia Hsu, and Ting-Hao K. Huang. (2019). Visual Story Post-Editing. In Proceedings of the 57th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics. (ACL 2019), 28 July 2 August, 2019, Florence, Italy.
- [P.7] Chieh-Yang Huang, Hanghang Tong, Jingrui He, and Ross Maciejewski. (2019). Location Prediction for Tweets. Frontiers in Big Data.
- [P.6] Chieh-Yang Huang and Lun-Wei Ku. (2018). EmotionPush: Emotion and Response Time Prediction towards Human-like Chatbots. In Proceedings of the 2018 of the IEEE Global Communications Conference (GLOBECOM 2018), 9-13 December, 2018, Abu Dhabi, UAE.
- [P.5] Chieh-Yang Huang, Tristan Labetoulle, Ting-Hao K. Huang, Yi-Pei Chen, Hung-Chen Chen, Vallari Srivastava, and Lun-Wei Ku. (2017). MoodSwipe: A Soft Keyboard that Suggests Messages Based on User-Specified Emotions. In the Demo track of the Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing 2017 (EMNLP Demo 2017), 7–11 September, 2017, Copenhagen, Denmark.
- [P.4] Chieh-Yang Huang, Mei-Hua, and Lun-Wei Ku (2018). Towards a Better Learning of Near-Synonyms: Automatically Suggesting Example Sentences via Filling in the Blank. In Proceedings

- of the 26th International Conference on World Wide Web Companion. (WWW 2017), 3-7 April, 2017, Perth, Australia.
- [P.3] Chieh-Yang Huang, Ting-Hao K. Huang, and Lun-Wei Ku. (2017). Challenges in Providing Automatic Affective Feedback in Instant Messaging Applications. In the Designing the User Experience of Machine Learning Systems symposium (AAAI 2017 Spring Symposium Series), 27-29 March, 2017, Palo Alto, USA.
- [P.2] Chieh-Yang Huang, Nicole Peinelt, and Lun-Wei Ku. (2016). Automatically Suggesting Example Sentences of Near-Synonyms for Language Learners. In Proceedings of COLING 2016, the 26th International Conference on Computational Linguistics: System Demonstrations. (COLING Demo 2016), 13-16 December, 2016, Osaka, Japan.
- [P.1] Chieh-Yang Huang and Lun-Wei Ku. (2016). GiveMeExample: Learning confusing words by example sentences. In the Demo Track of the Proceedings of the 2016 IEEE/ACM International Conference on Advances in Social Networks Analysis and Mining. (ASONAM Demo 2016), 18-21 August, 2016, San Francisco, USA.

Research Experience and Projects

• **Megagon Labs**, Mountain View, CA, USA, 06/2020 – 08/2020.

Research Intern, Mentors: Dr. Jinfeng Li, Dr. Nikita Bhutani, Alexander Whedon, Dr. Yoshi Suhara, and Dr. Wang-Chiew Tan.

Research Focuses: NLP, Deep Learning.

- Automatically Salient Facts Extraction

Reading reviews is an important way for people to gather information but a huge portion of reviews are subjective, long, and uninformative. In this task, we define salient facts to be sentences that contain unique, uncommon, and objective information toward an entity and propose several approaches to automatically extract salient facts from a large amount of reviews.

• Penn State University, State College, PA, USA, 01/2019 – present.

Research Assistant, Advisor: Dr. Ting-Hao K. Huang.

Research Focuses: Crowdsourcing, NLP, Deep Learning, HCI, Writing Support System.

- Forthcoming Semantic Frame Prediction

Automatic story plot generation can be hard. We propose a new intermediate representation to predict the story plots using semantic frames. Experiments suggest that compared to the existing works, our approach performs better on longer stories (more than 50 sentences).

- Mathify: Equation Generation for Novice Researchers

Writing equations is a way for researchers to communicate concepts without ambiguities but the conventions of writing equations are not clear for novices. This task aims at helping novices to write better equations by automatically generating equations using the foregoing paragraph.

- Heteroglossia: Modeling and Supporting Creative Writing

Heteroglossia aims at supporting creative writers by ideation. Creative writers can retrieve new ideas for their story drafts from Heteroglossia. We currently provide a "role-playing" strategy to stimulate crowd workers to generate ideas. A Mturk experiment and a deployment study have been conducted and the result shows that Heteroglossia can help creative writers in various aspects. [CHI 2020]

- Visual Story Post-Editing.

Editing plays an important role for humans. Needless to say, machines need post-editing. In this

task, we introduce the first Visual Story Telling Post-Editing dataset, VIST-Edit, and show that post-editing can improve the story quality. The result also suggests that new auto evaluation metrics are needed due to the low correlation between the human judgments and the existing auto metrics. [ACL 2019]

Learner-Like Agent.

We assume that learners will perform better when learning from good materials, and vice versa. Given this we build a model that mimics learner's behavior and utilize such behavior to select good materials automatically.

- SlowJimmy.

Voice assistants have been researched for decays but have not yet been smart enough to handle tasks spanning in our day-to-day life. We introduce SlowJimmy, a crowd-powered system embedded on Amazon Echo devices. Unlike the previous text-based crowd-powered conversational system, the unbalanced requirements from workers (text) and users (voice) can cause severe problems. In this task, we deploy SlowJimmy and investigate the potential issues.

- CaptionThis.

Image captioning system can only be applied on the whole image to generate the overview information. CaptionThis aims at exploring the possibility of a "navigable" image caption system, which may help visually impaired people have a better understanding of the image.

• Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ, USA, 05/2018 – 12/2018.

Research Assistant, Advisor: Dr. Hanghang Tong. Research Focuses: Text Mining, Deep Learning.

- Geographic Information Prediction on Twitter

Geographic Information plays an important role on both marketing and event mining, but is usually blocked due to the privacy issues. This project introduces a deep learning architecture taking the attention mechanism, the subword feature, and the location hierarchy structure into account to predict the geographic information for a given post on Twitter.

[Frontiers in Big Data.]

• Institute of Information Science, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan, 04/2015 – 06/2017.

Research Assistant, Advisor: Dr. Lun-Wei Ku.

Research Focuses: Computer-Assisted Language Learning, Deep Learning, Computer-Mediated Communication, Emotion Detection, Sentiment Analysis.

- GiveMeExample: Learning Synonyms by Example Sentences

GiveMeExample aims to suggest critical example sentences for language learner to clarify the confusion of synonym. Three main components, the sentence difficulty assessment built by a regression model, the word-sentence fitness estimator built by GMM and BiLSTM, and the heuristic clarification scoring function are introduced to solve this problem. Several websites are built for collecting data and holding evaluation tests.

GiveMeExample is available here: http://givemeexample.com.
[BEA 2019] [WWW 2017] [COLING Demo 2016] [ASONAM Demo 2016]

- EmotionPush: Color-Based Emotion Cues for Messaging Applications

EmotionPush provides a machine-learning-powered system that automatically conveys users' emotions in messages by color-based emotion cues to bridge the limitation of text-based chatting system in expressing rich emotion.

[AAAI Spring Symposia 2017]

- MoodSwipe: A Keyboard for Sentence Suggestion According to Emotions.

MoodSwipe is a mobile phone keyboard that suggests text messages according to the user-specified emotion. We aim to create a convenient user interface to enjoy the technology of emotion classification and text suggestion, and at the same time to collect labeled data automatically. Two emotion classifier models, CNN and LSTM, and two sentence suggestion models, BM25 and similarity of sentence embedding, are built for MoodSwipe.

[EMNLP Demo 2017]

- Response Time Prediction

This project aims to predict the response time of a given message sending on the instance message system. This task could be viewed as a measurement of the dialog generation system. A deep learning model integrating conversation and some user-specific information is proposed. [GLOBECOM 2018]

• Communication & Multimedia Lab, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan, 09/2013 – 06/2014. *Undergraduate Intern Student*, Advisor: Dr. Yung-Yu Chuang. Research Focuses: Digital Image Processing, Machine Learning.

- Light Field Image Multi-Label Assignment using Graph Cut.

The depth information is a unique feature of light field images. In this project, we aim to integrate the depth information into the multi-label assignment problem without calculating the depth explicitly. A light field image is then treated as a four dimensional image and a revised four dimensional graph cut algorithm is applied to solve this problem.

- Shape-Preserving As-Projective-As-Possible (APAP) Image Stitching.

APAP algorithm usually causes a distortion when stitching many images. Therefore, we aim to solve this problem by introducing an energy function containing deformation term, line preserving term, and APAP term on the mesh warping algorithm.

• Speech Processing Lab, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan, 09/2012 – 06/2014. *Undergraduate Intern Student*, Advisor: Dr. Lin-Shan Lee. Research Focuses: Speech Processing, Machine Learning.

- A Dialogue Game Framework with Personalized Training Using Reinforcement Learning. This project aims to help language learners practice speaking through a dialogue game framework. A reinforcement learning agent is proposed to select the path of the dialogue tree in order to maximize the learning efficiency. To improve the pronunciation scoring system, we

further integrated phonological features to a neural network model.

Activity and Leadership Experience

• Director, Senior Yearbook Editor

Dept. Electrical Engineering, Taipei, Taiwan, 09/2013 – 06/2014

- Familiar with Photoshop, Illustrator, and graphic design skills.
- Leaded a team of ten people to edit the yearbook.

• Director, Department of Art and Design

Electrical Engineering Student Association, Taipei, Taiwan, 09/2012 – 06/2013

- Leaded a ten-person team to do graphic design and build installed artworks.
- Supported activities such as Electrical Engineering Night, Christmas Prom, Freshmen Orientation Camp, Electrical Engineering Camp and so on.

References

• Lun-Wei Ku

Associate Research Fellow, Institute of Information Science, Academia Sinica, Taiwan. lwku@iis.sinica.edu.tw

• Ting-Hao K. Huang

Tenure-Track Assistant Professor, College of Information Sciences and Technology, Pennsylvania State University, USA txh710@psu.edu

Last updated: July 29, 2020