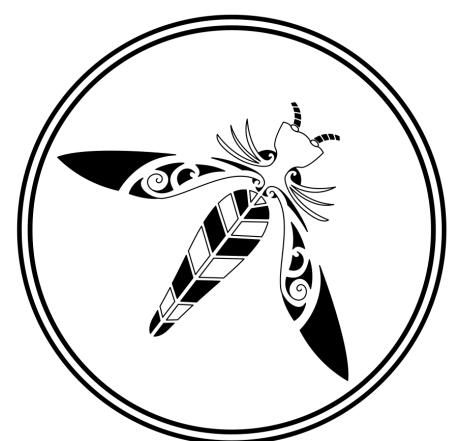


WHY DO WE EVEN NEED OAUTH ANYWAY?

AARON PARECKI
@AARONPK

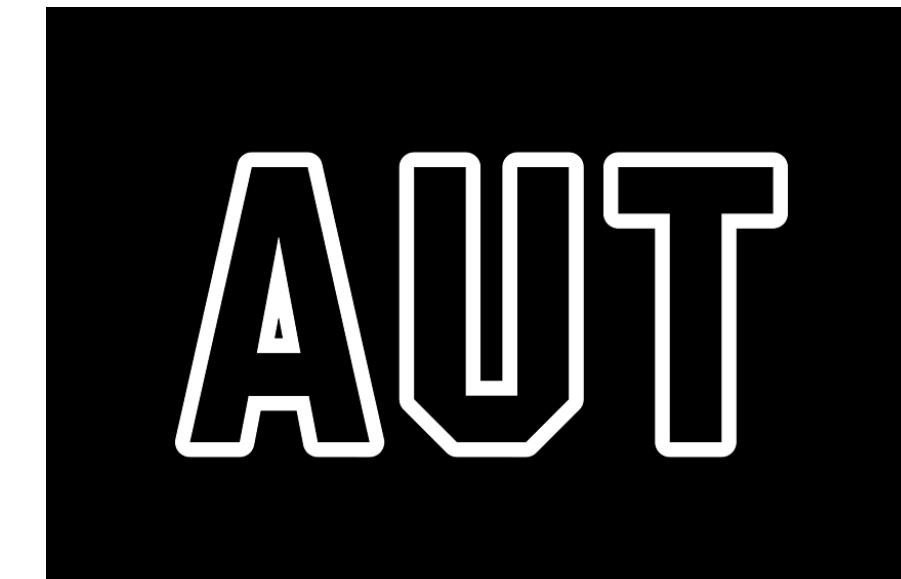
Thank You to Our Sponsors and Hosts!



OWASP
NEW
ZEALAND
owasp.org.nz



QUANTUM
—
SECURITY



CyberCX DATA COM

 CyberCX DATA COM



Auth0

Checkmarx



HCL AppScan

 kordia®



LATERAL
SECURITY



MICRO
FOCUS®



Pulse Security
www.pulsesecurity.co.nz

 RedShield



SEQA™
Information Security



LACEWORK

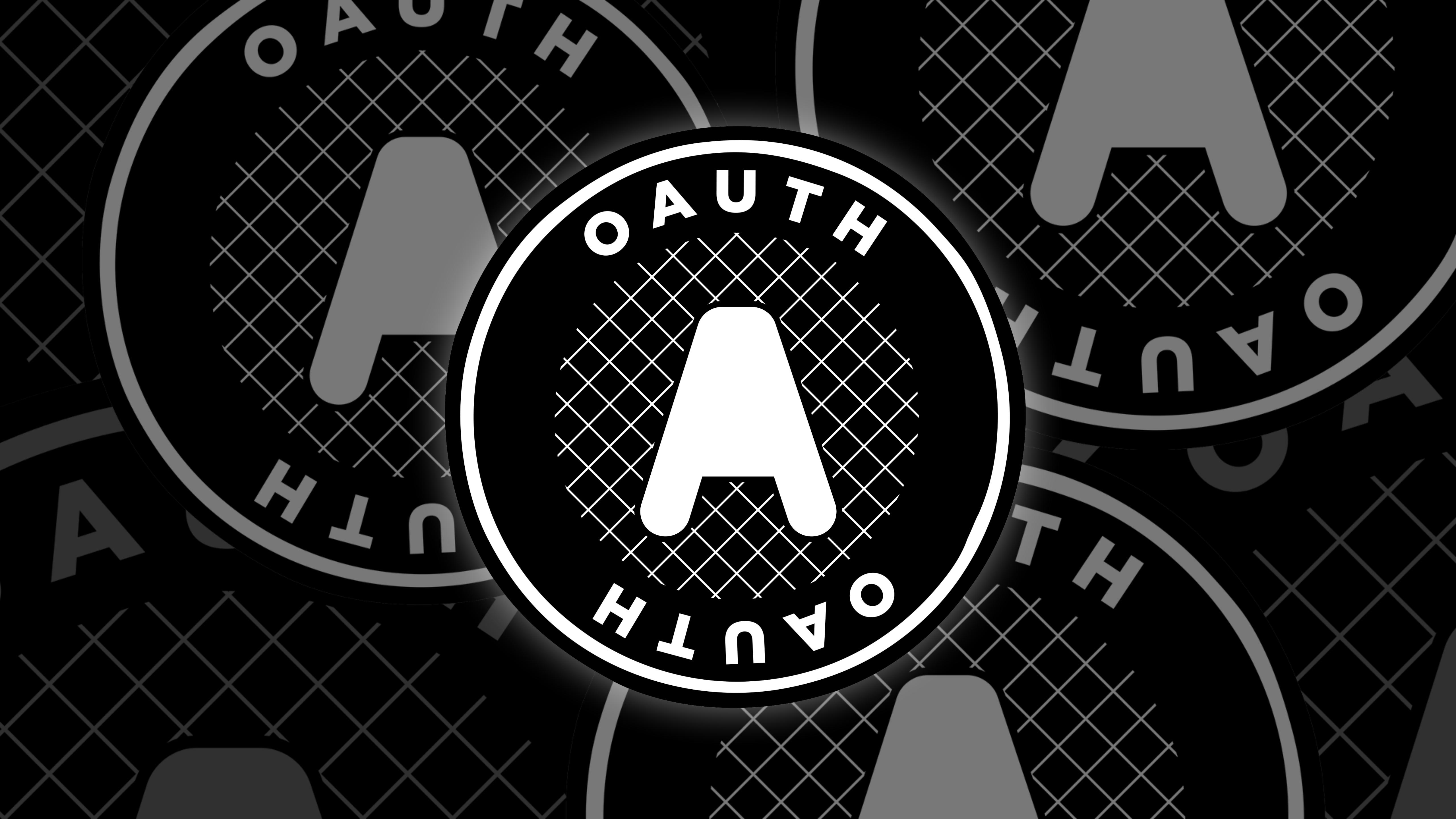


Without them, OWASP New Zealand Day couldn't happen

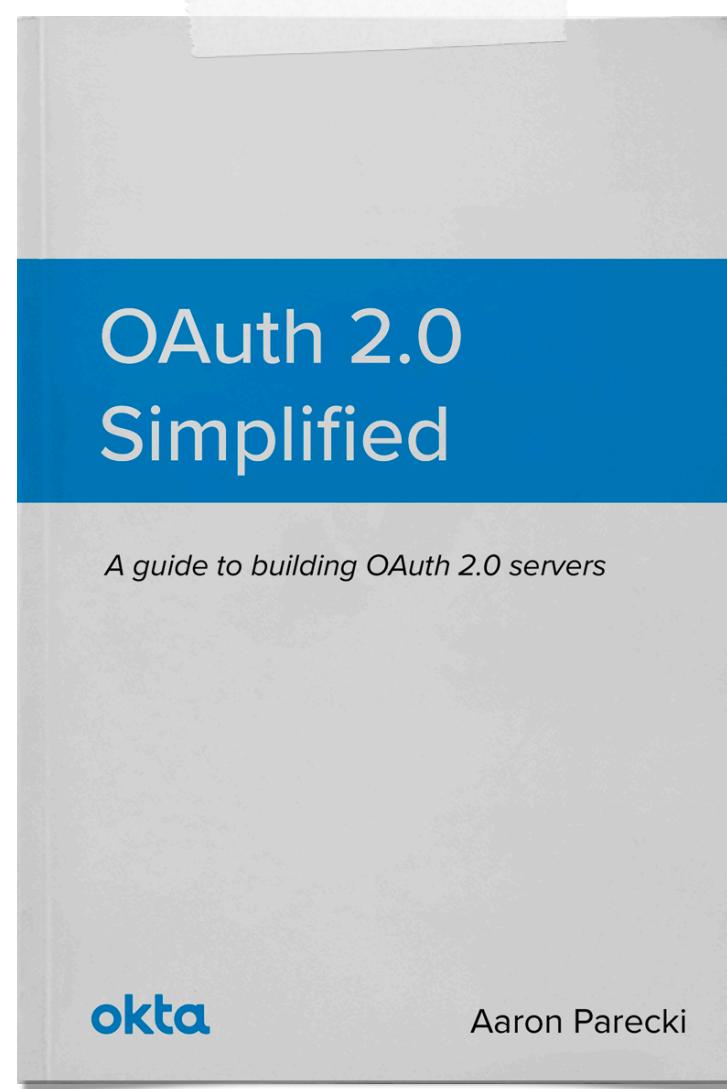








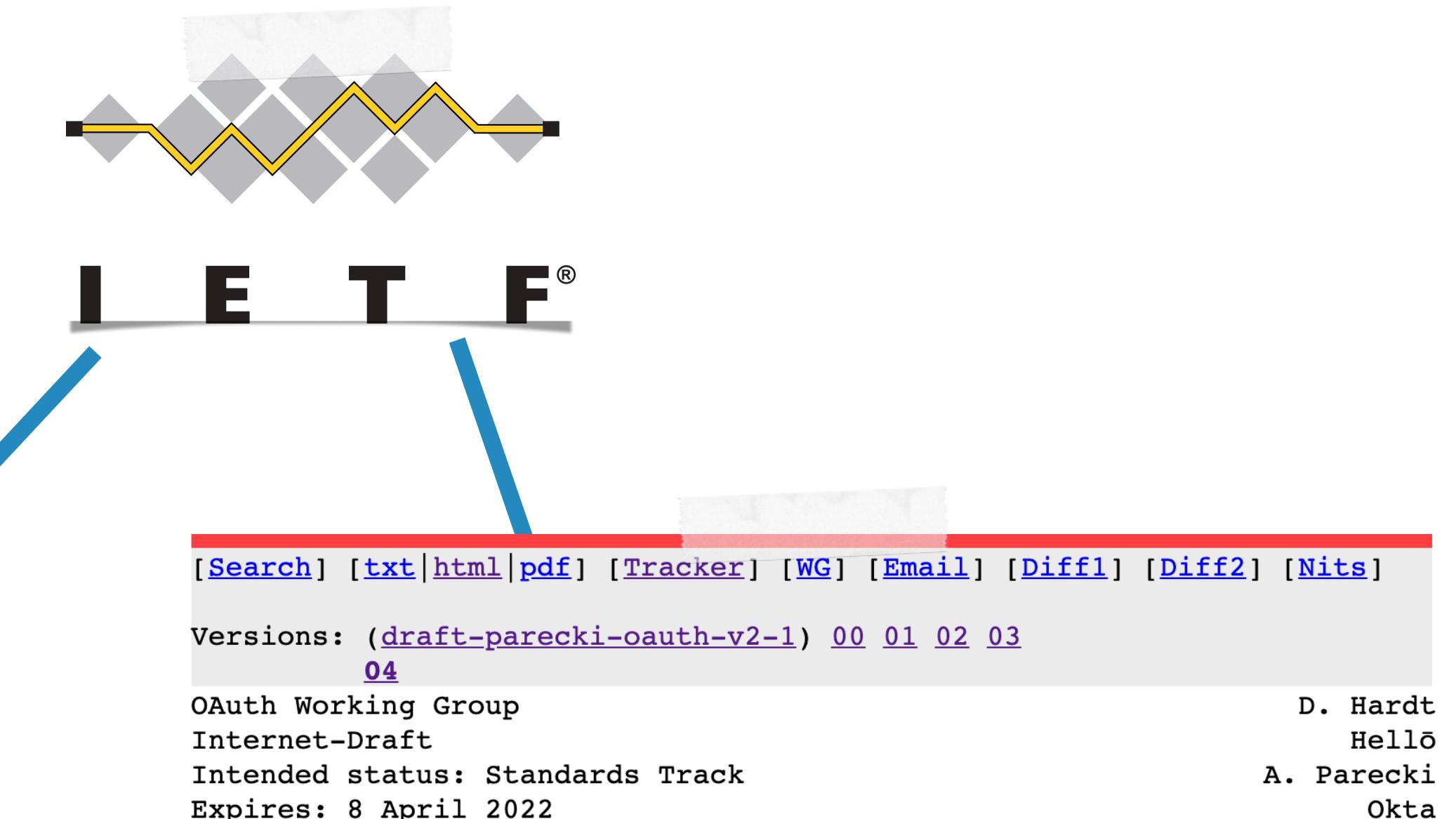
AUTH



The course description states: 'The Nuts and Bolts of OAuth 2.0. Covering OAuth 2.0, OpenID, PKCE, deprecated flows, JWTs, API Gateways, and scopes. No programming knowledge needed.' It includes statistics: 4.5 rating, 21 enrolled, 3 hours, 32 minutes duration, created by Aaron Parecki, updated Dec 2020, CC English. A thumbnail shows icons related to OAuth. Buttons for 'Enroll Now' and 'View Course' are present. A sidebar lists course details: 3 hours, 32 minutes on-demand video, 4 Quizzes, Full lifetime access, Access on mobile, desktop and TV, Certificate of Completion.



okta



D. Hardt
Hellō
A. Parecki
Okta
T. Lodderstedt
yes.com
5 October 2021

[[Search](#)] [[txt](#) | [html](#) | [pdf](#)] [[Tracker](#)] [[WG](#)] [[Email](#)] [[Diff1](#)] [[Diff2](#)] [[Nits](#)]

Versions: ([draft-parecki-oauth-v2-1](#)) [00](#) [01](#) [02](#) [03](#)
[04](#)

OAuth Working Group
Internet-Draft
Intended status: Standards Track
Expires: 8 April 2022

The OAuth 2.1 Authorization Framework draft-ietf-oauth-v2-1-04

Abstract

The OAuth 2.1 authorization framework enables a third-party application to obtain limited access to an HTTP service, either on behalf of a resource owner by orchestrating an approval interaction between the resource owner and an authorization service, or by allowing the third-party application to obtain access on its own behalf. This specification replaces and obsoletes the OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework described in [RFC 6749](#).

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of [BCP 78](#) and [BCP 79](#).

<p>[Docs] [txt pdf] [draft-ietf-oaut...] [Tracker] [Diff1] [Diff2] [IPR] [Errat</p> <p>Updated by: 8252</p> <p>Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Request for Comments: 6749 Obsoletes: 5849 Category: Standards Track ISSN: 2070-1721</p>	<p>PROPOSED STANDARD Errata Exist D. Hardt, Ed. Microsoft October 2012</p>			
<h2>The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework</h2>				
<p>Abstract</p> <p>The OAuth 2.0 authorization framework enables a third-party application to obtain limited access to an HTTP service, either on behalf of a resource owner by orchestrating an approval interaction between the resource owner and the HTTP service, or by allowing the third-party application to obtain access on its own behalf. This specification replaces and obsoletes the OAuth 1.0 protocol described in RFC 5849.</p>				
<p>Status of This Memo</p> <p>This is an Internet Standards Track document.</p> <p>This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of BCP 78.</p> <p>Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6749.</p>				
<p>Copyright Notice</p> <p>Copyright (c) 2012 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.</p> <p>This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Simplified BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Simplified BSD License.</p>				
<p>Hardt</p>	<p>Standards Track</p>	<p>[Page 1]</p>		
<p>RFC 6749</p>	<p>OAuth 2.0</p>	<p>October 2012</p>		
<p>Table of Contents</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: bottom;"> <p>1. Introduction</p> <p>1.1. Roles</p> <p>1.2. Protocol Flow</p> <p>1.3. Authorization Grant</p> <p>1.3.1. Authorization Code</p> <p>1.3.2. Implicit</p> <p>1.3.3. Resource Owner Password Credentials</p> <p>1.3.4. Client Credentials</p> <p>1.4. Access Token</p> <p>1.5. Refresh Token</p> <p>1.6. TLS Version</p> <p>1.7. HTTP Redirections</p> </td> <td style="vertical-align: bottom; text-align: right;"> <p>4</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>10</p> <p>12</p> <p>12</p> </td> </tr> </table>			<p>1. Introduction</p> <p>1.1. Roles</p> <p>1.2. Protocol Flow</p> <p>1.3. Authorization Grant</p> <p>1.3.1. Authorization Code</p> <p>1.3.2. Implicit</p> <p>1.3.3. Resource Owner Password Credentials</p> <p>1.3.4. Client Credentials</p> <p>1.4. Access Token</p> <p>1.5. Refresh Token</p> <p>1.6. TLS Version</p> <p>1.7. HTTP Redirections</p>	<p>4</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>10</p> <p>12</p> <p>12</p>
<p>1. Introduction</p> <p>1.1. Roles</p> <p>1.2. Protocol Flow</p> <p>1.3. Authorization Grant</p> <p>1.3.1. Authorization Code</p> <p>1.3.2. Implicit</p> <p>1.3.3. Resource Owner Password Credentials</p> <p>1.3.4. Client Credentials</p> <p>1.4. Access Token</p> <p>1.5. Refresh Token</p> <p>1.6. TLS Version</p> <p>1.7. HTTP Redirections</p>	<p>4</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>10</p> <p>12</p> <p>12</p>			

Specs are **not** good tutorials!

between the resource owner and the HTTP service, or by allowing the third-party application to obtain access on its own behalf. This specification replaces and obsoletes the OAuth 1.0 protocol described in [RFC 5849](#).

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in [Section 2 of RFC 2026](#).

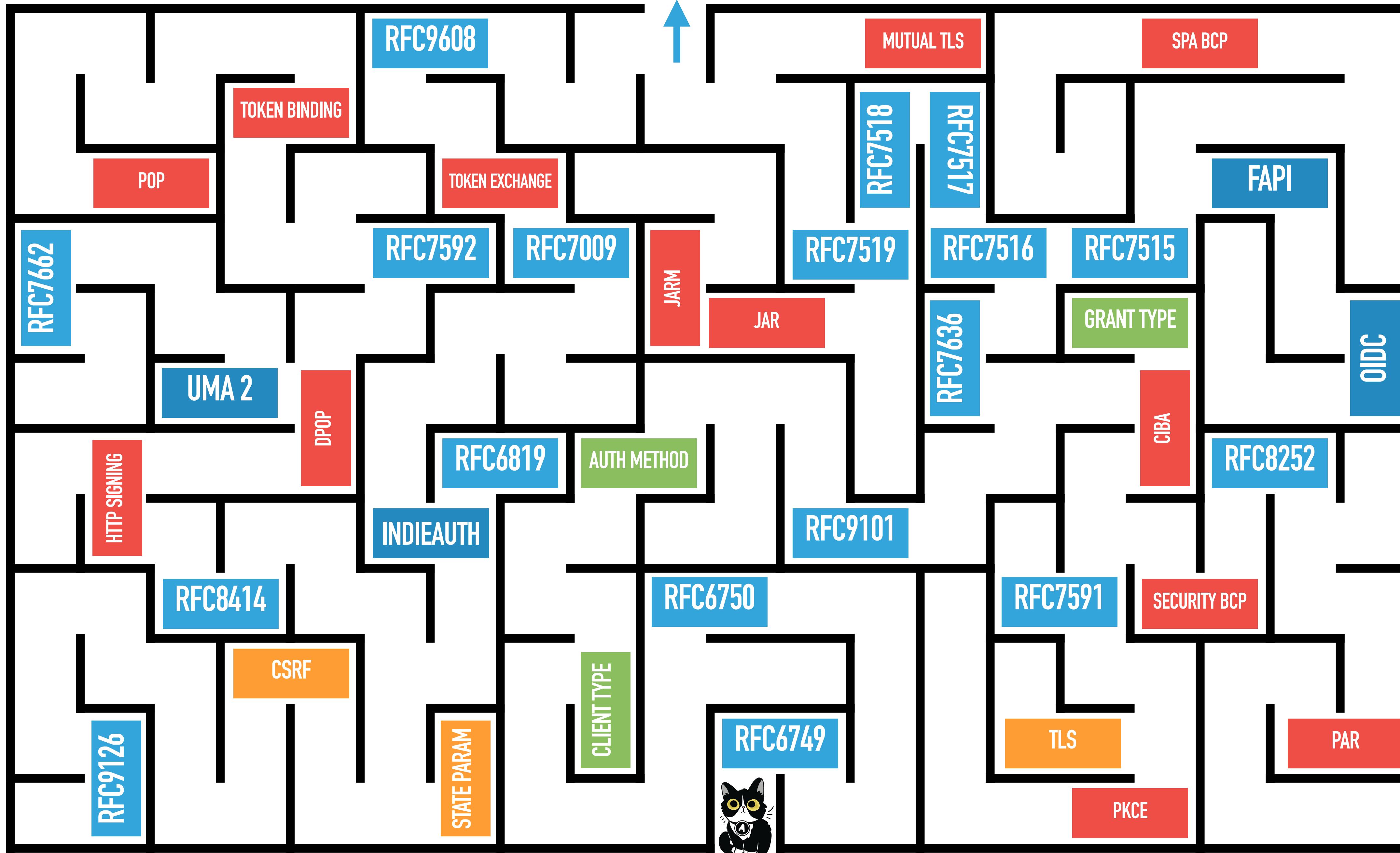
Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc67>.

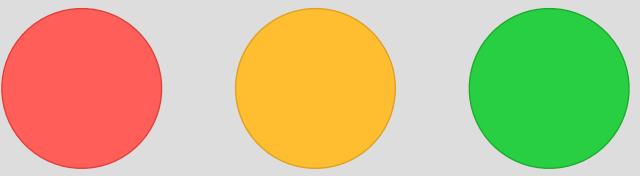
Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2012 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to [BCP 78](#) and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Simplified BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Simplified BSD License.

BUILDING YOUR APPLICATION





Secure | <https://yelp.com/>

Sign in with Facebook

Sign in with Google

Sign in with LinkedIn

Sign In with Twitter

A cartoon illustration of a man with dark hair and glasses, looking shocked or surprised with his mouth open and hands raised. He is wearing a red shirt. In the background, there's a window with a grid pattern and some foliage.

f Sign in with Facebook

g+ Sign in with Google

in Sign in with LinkedIn

tw Sign in with Twitter

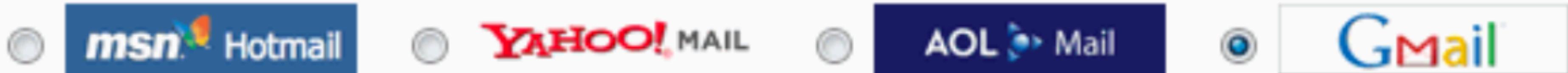
IS THIS OAuth?

**LIMIT/DELEGATE
ACCESS TO DATA**

Are your friends already on Yelp?

Many of your friends may already be here, now you can find out. Just log in and we'll display all your contacts, and you can select which ones to invite! And don't worry, we don't keep your email password or your friends' addresses. We loathe spam, too.

Your Email Service



Your Email Address

ima.testguy@gmail.com

(e.g. bob@gmail.com)

Your Gmail Password

••••••••••

(The password you use to log into your Gmail email)

Skip this step

Check Contacts

Step 1

Find Friends

Step 2

Profile Information

Step 3

Profile Picture

Are your friends already on Facebook?

Many of your friends may already be here. Searching your email account is the fastest way to find your friends on Facebook.



Gmail

Your Email:

Email Password:

Find Friends

Facebook will not store your password.



Yahoo!

Find Friends

Windows Live Hotmail

Find Friends

Other Email Service

Find Friends

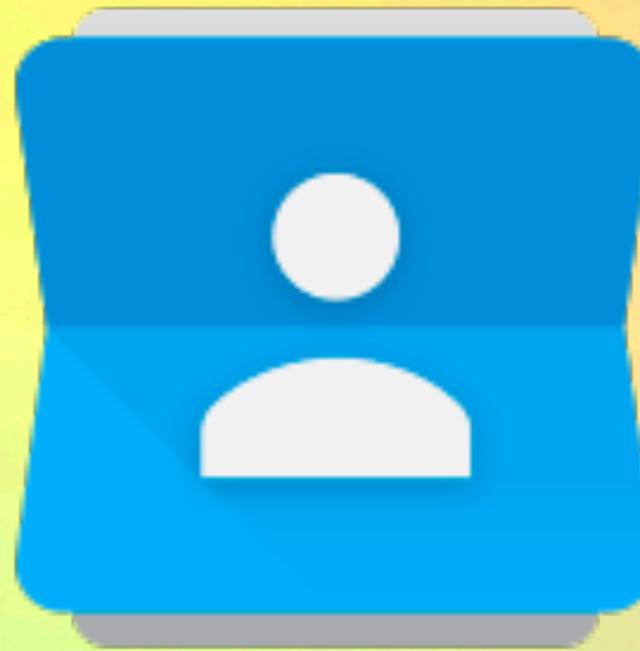
WHY IS THIS BAD?

**EVEN THOUGH IT
ONLY NEEDS
ACCESS TO
SOME DATA...**

**YOU'VE GIVEN
THE APP ACCESS TO
ALL YOUR DATA**

**NO WAY TO
REVOKE
THE APP'S ACCESS**

**YOU PLACE
ALL YOUR TRUST
IN THE APP**









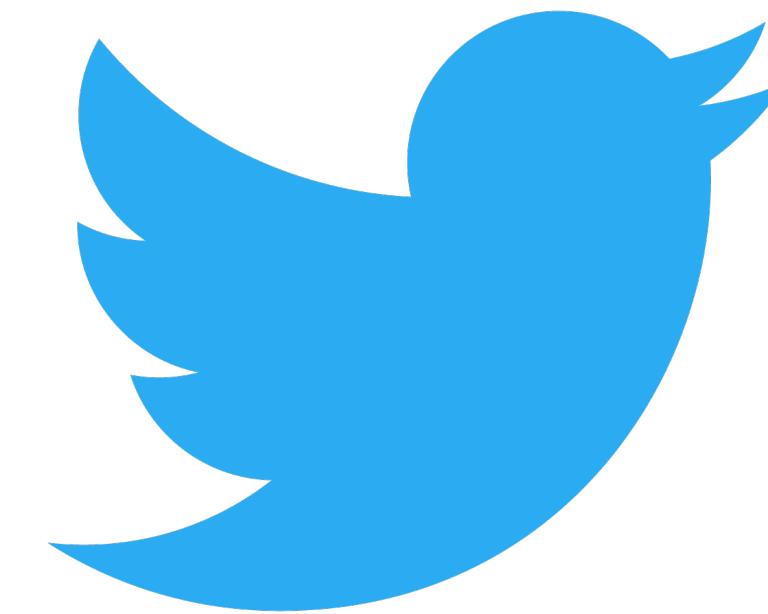
Google Contacts



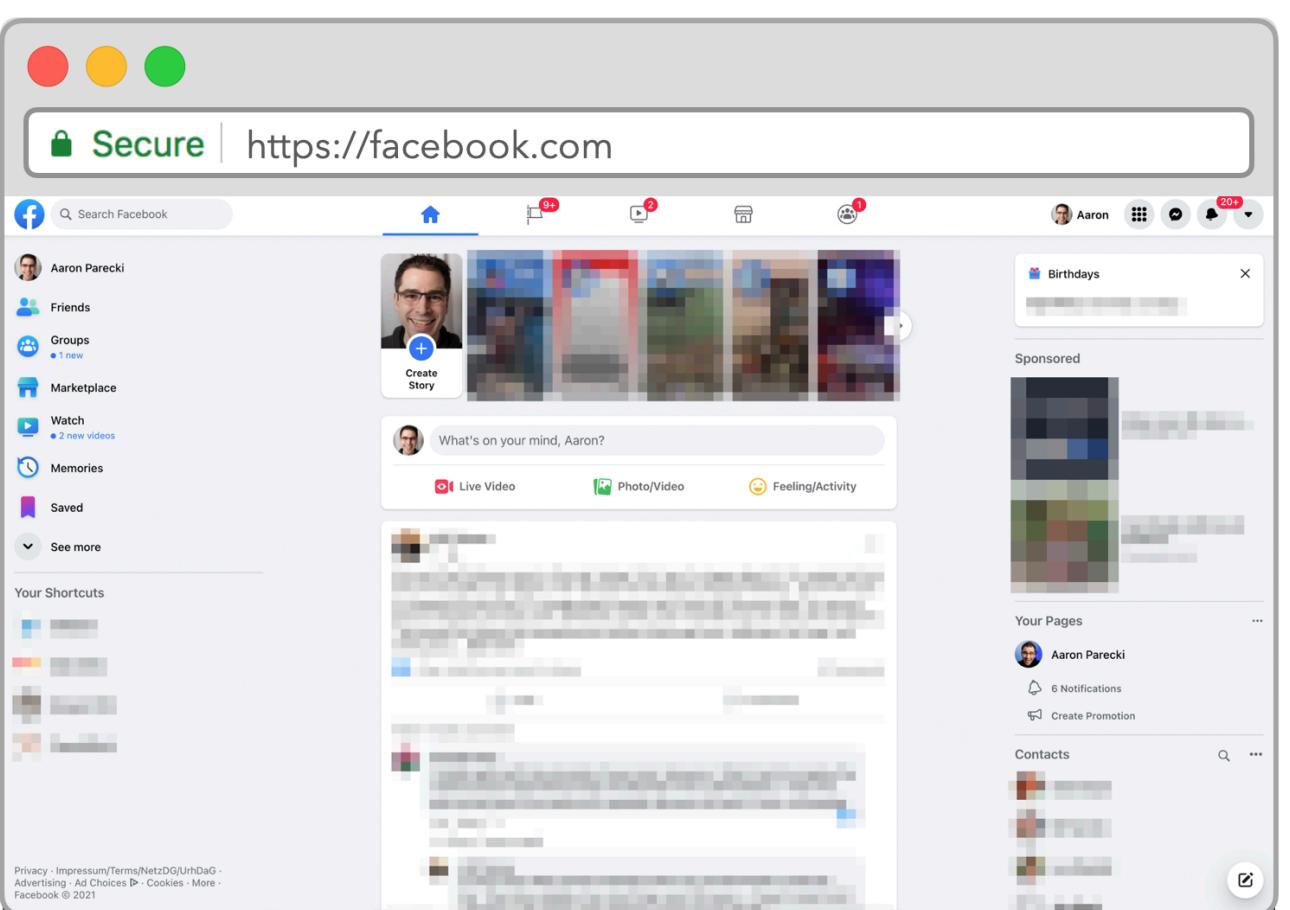
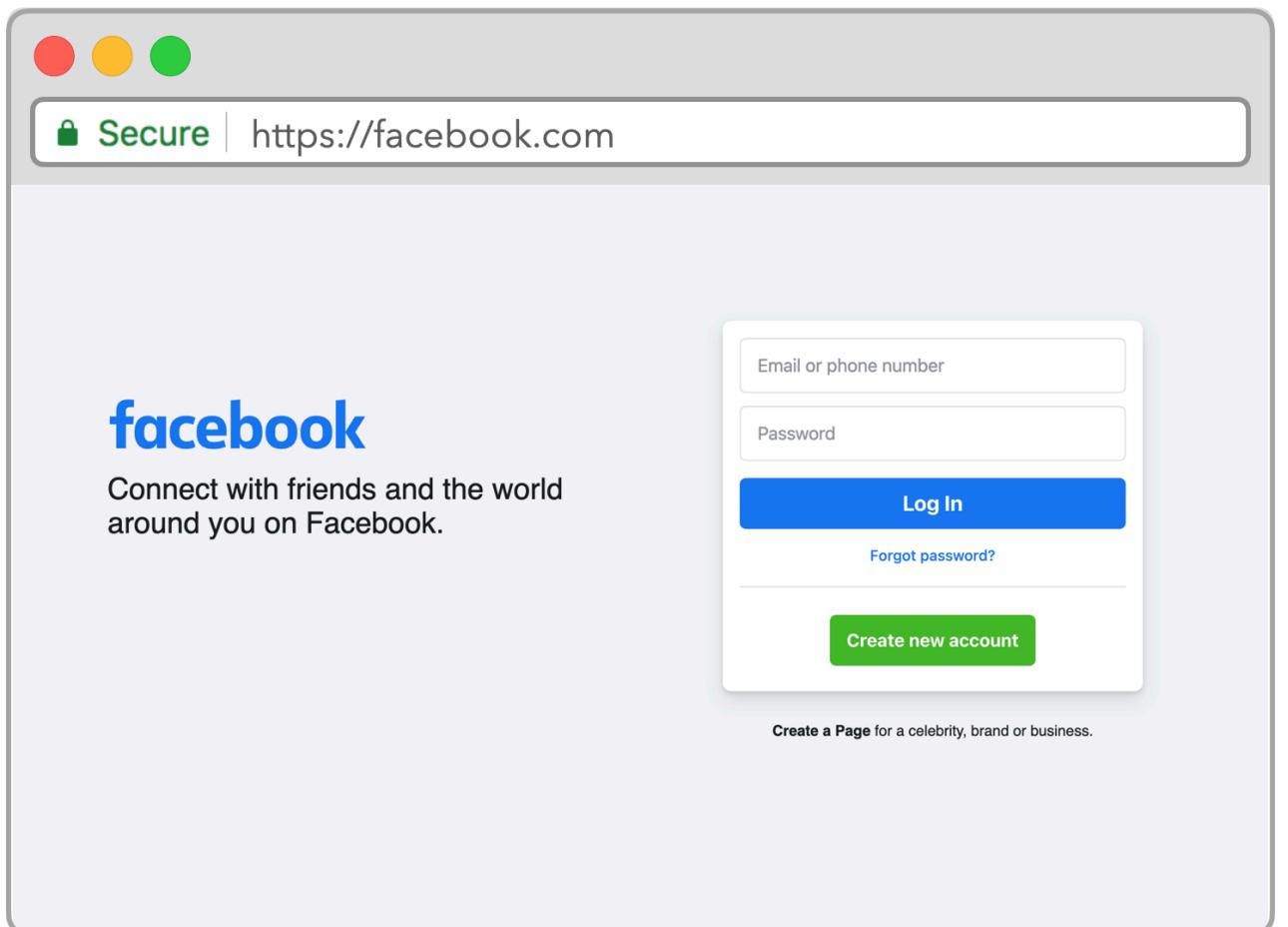
Spotify®



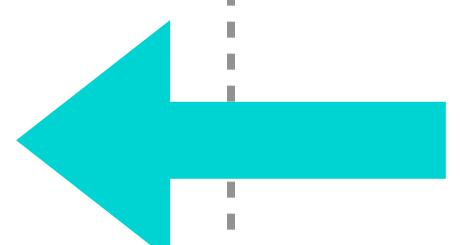
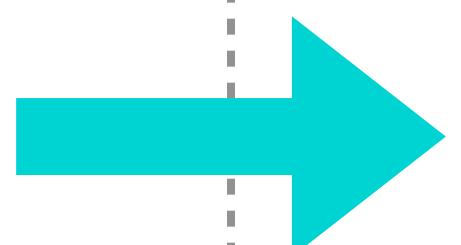
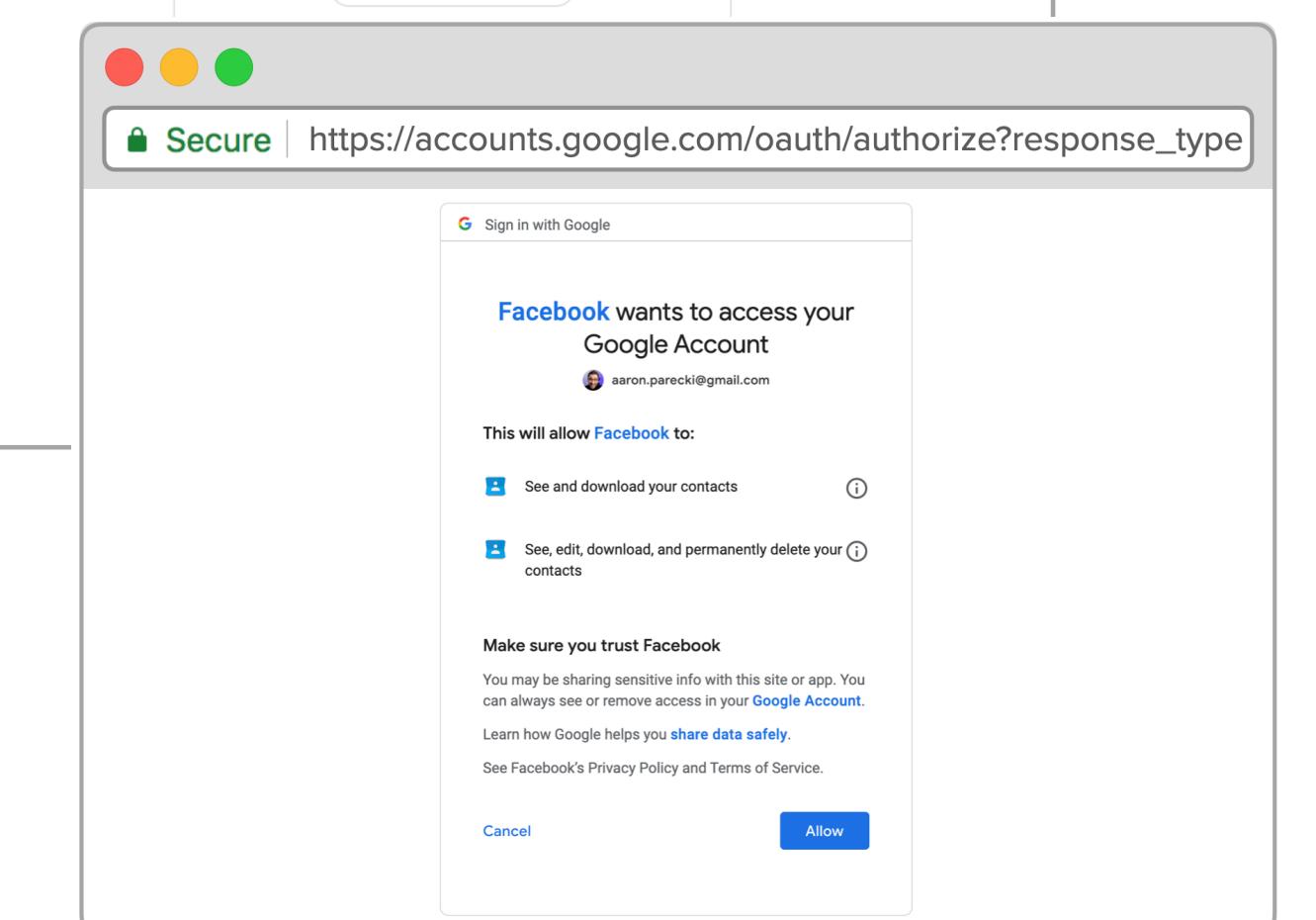
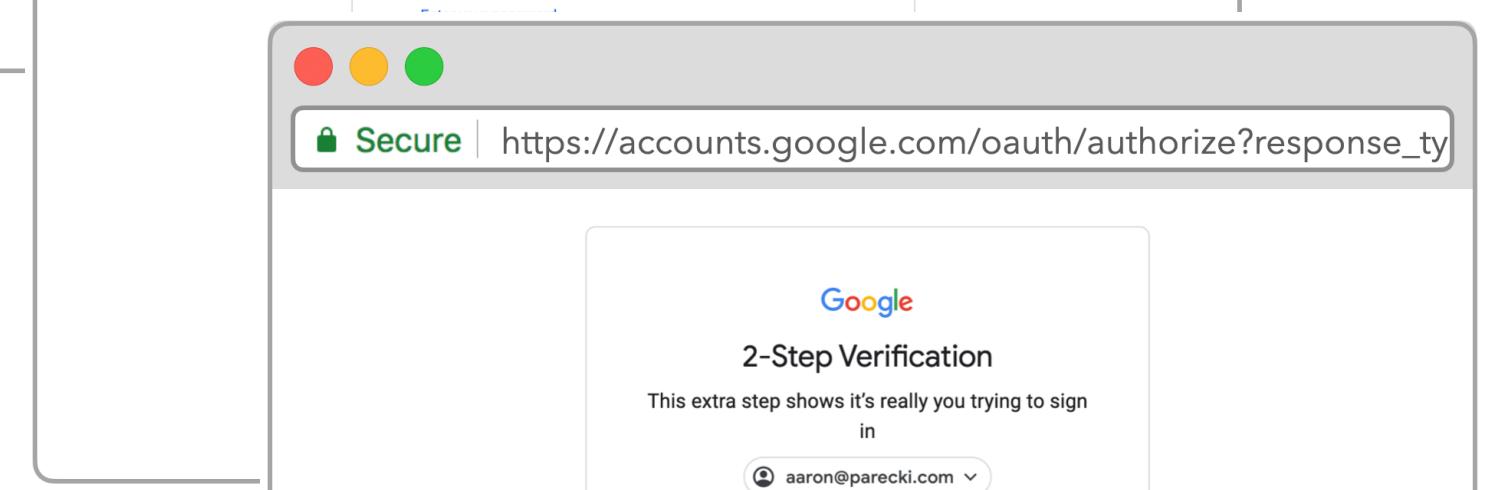
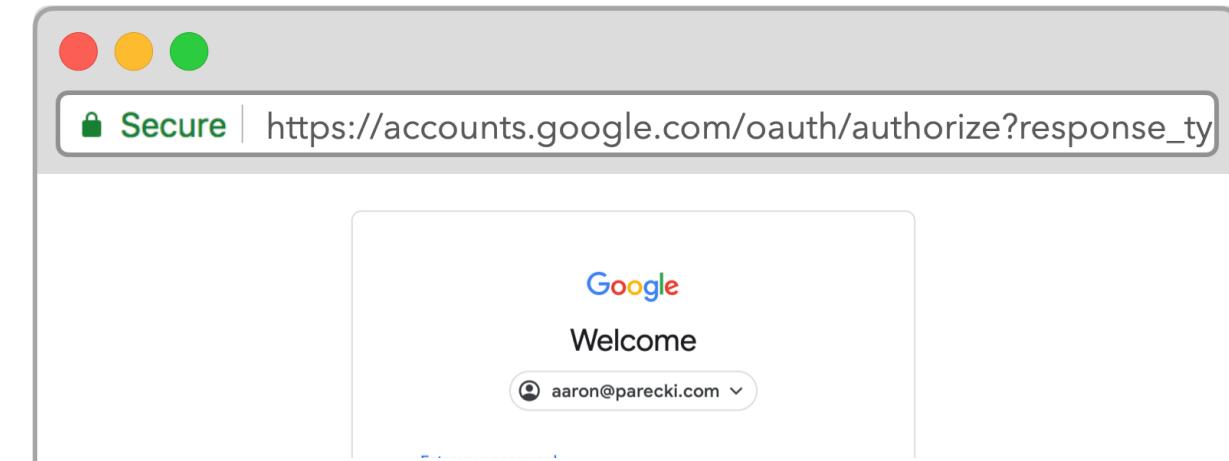
buffer



Application



OAuth Server



Facebook wants to access your Google Account



aaron.parecki@gmail.com

This will allow Facebook to:



See and download your contacts



See, edit, download, and permanently delete your contacts



Make sure you trust Facebook

You may be sharing sensitive info with this site or app. You can always see or remove access in your [Google Account](#).

Learn how Google helps you [share data safely](#).

See Facebook's Privacy Policy and Terms of Service.

[Cancel](#)

[Allow](#)

Authorize Example App to access your account?

Authorize app

Cancel



Example App

By Aaron Parecki

example-app.com

This application will be able to:

- See Tweets from your timeline (including protected Tweets) as well as your Lists and collections.
- See your Twitter profile information and account settings.
- See accounts you follow, mute, and block.

Free Version Control with unlimited private and public repositories.

Learn more about third-party app permissions in the [Help Center](#).



Authorize OAuth 2 Example App

 **OAuth 2 Example App by aaronpk**
wants to access your aaronpk account

 **Personal user data**
Full access

 **Repositories**
Public only

Organization access

 **indieweb** ✓

 **microformats** ✓

 **oauth2** ✓

 **okta** ✓

 **w3c** ✓

Authorize aaronpk

Authorizing will redirect to
<https://example-app.com.dev>



[Example App](#) by [Aaron Parecki](#) would like the ability to access the following data in your Fitbit account

- Select All
- activity and exercise
- weight [i](#)
- sleep
- food and water logs [i](#)
- location and GPS
- profile [i](#)
- heart rate

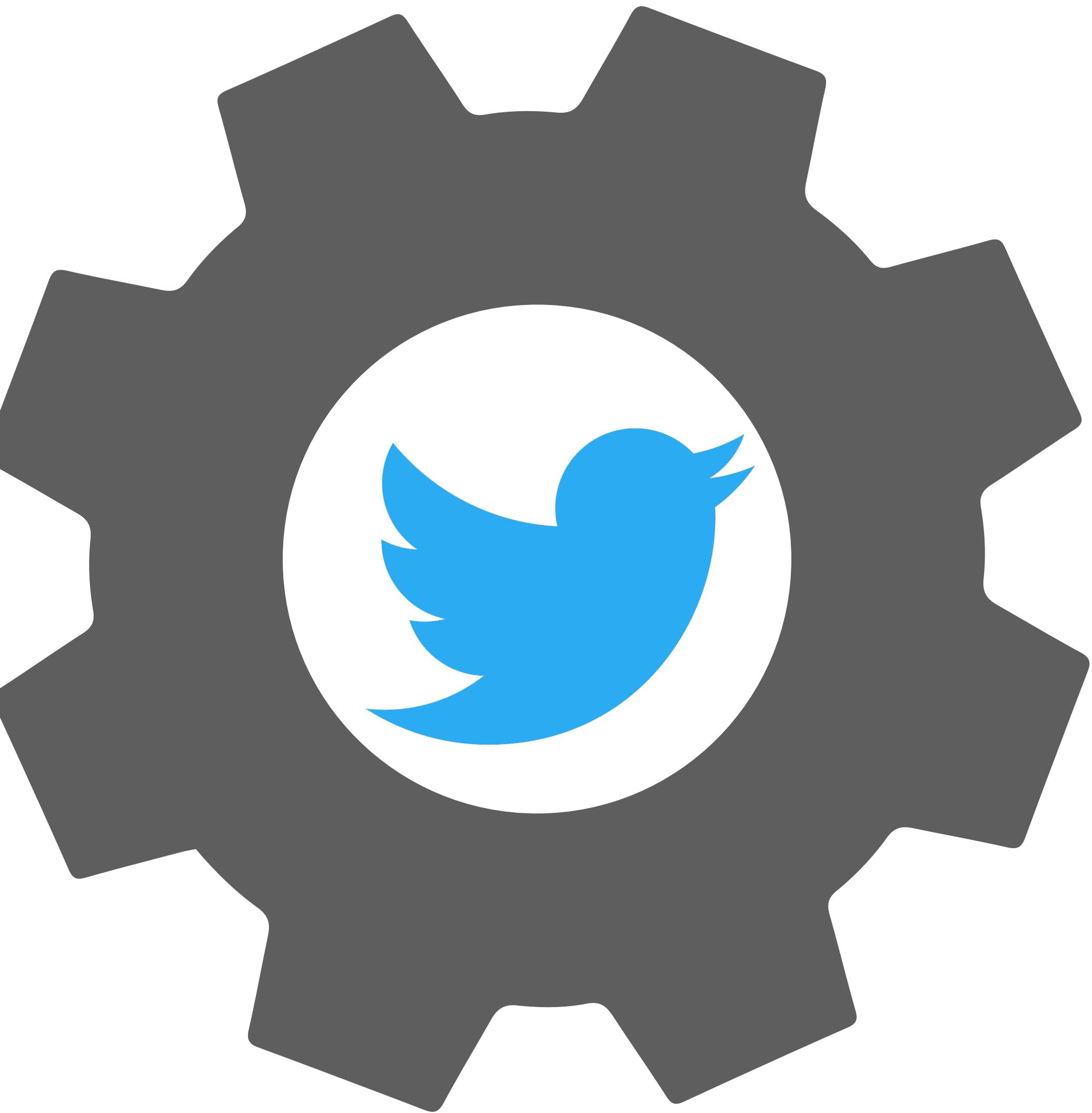
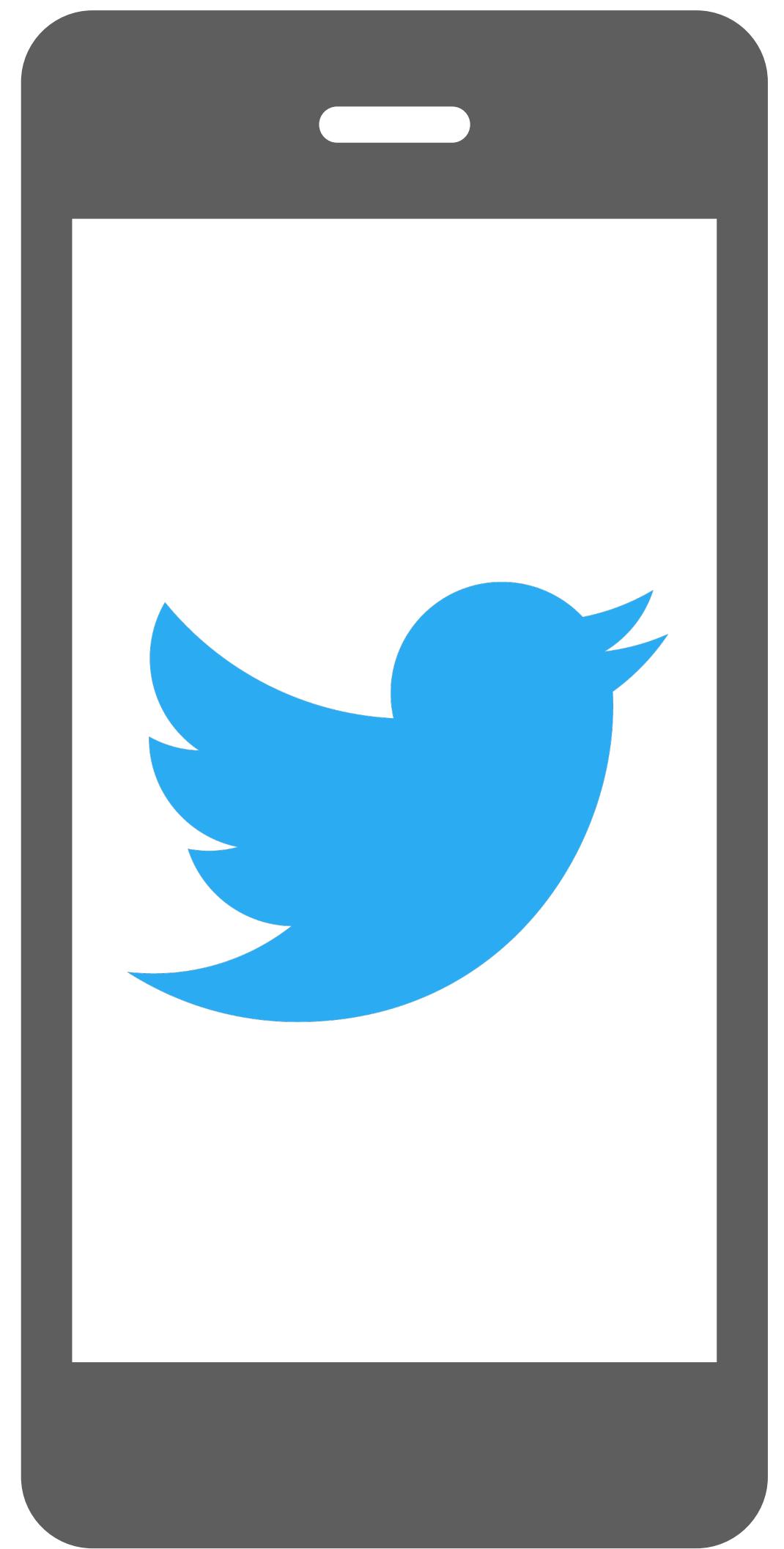
[Deny](#)[Allow](#)

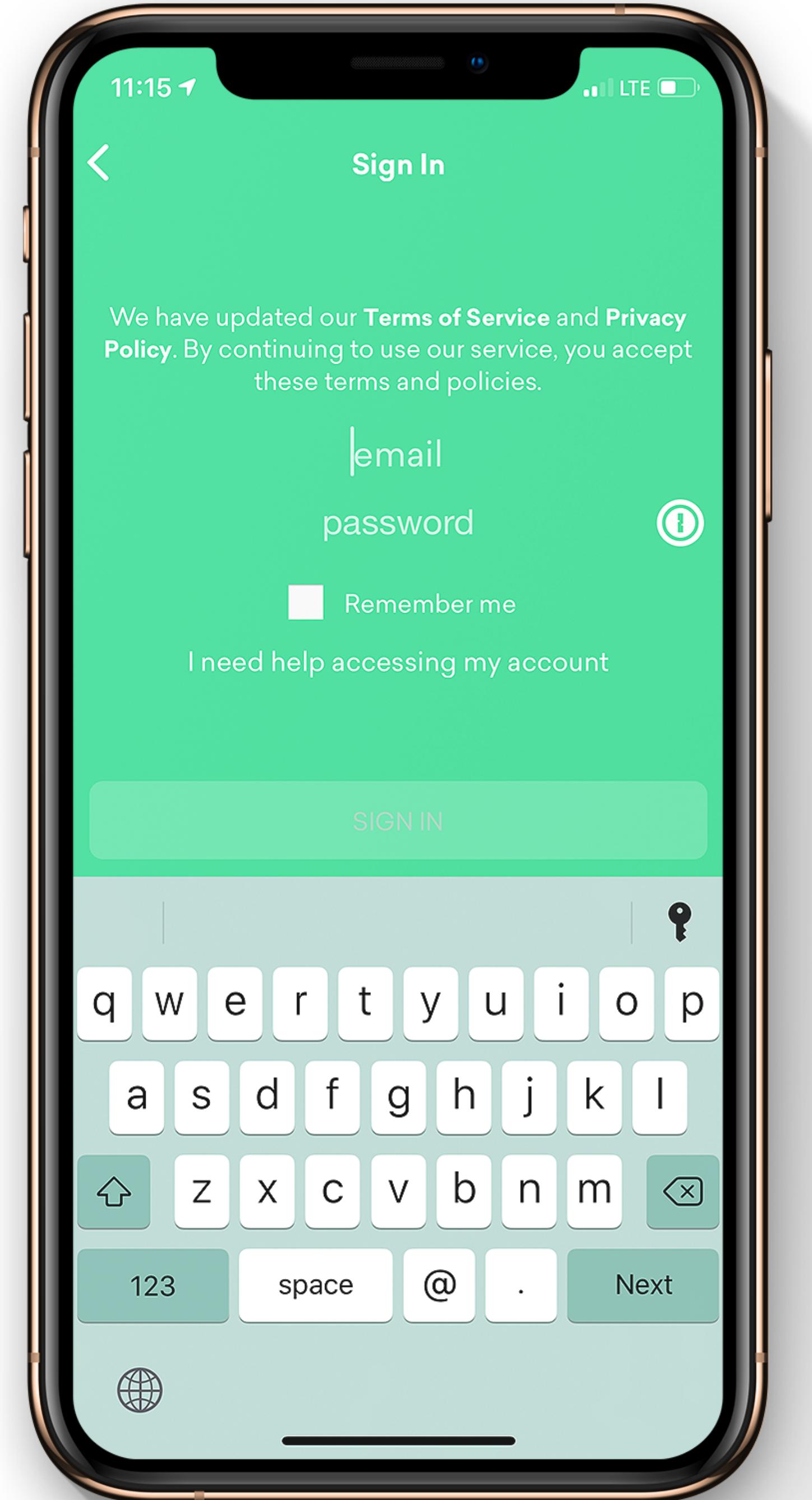
Data shared with aaronpk will be governed by Aaron Parecki's privacy policy and terms of service. You can revoke this consent at any time in your Fitbit [account settings](#). More information about these permissions can be found [here](#).



Signed in as aaron@parecki.com
[Not you?](#)

**WHAT ABOUT
FIRST-PARTY APPS?**





iCloud

icloud.com

?

Anyone can use Pages, Numbers, and Keynote for iCloud
[Create your free Apple ID and get started today >](#)

Sign in to iCloud

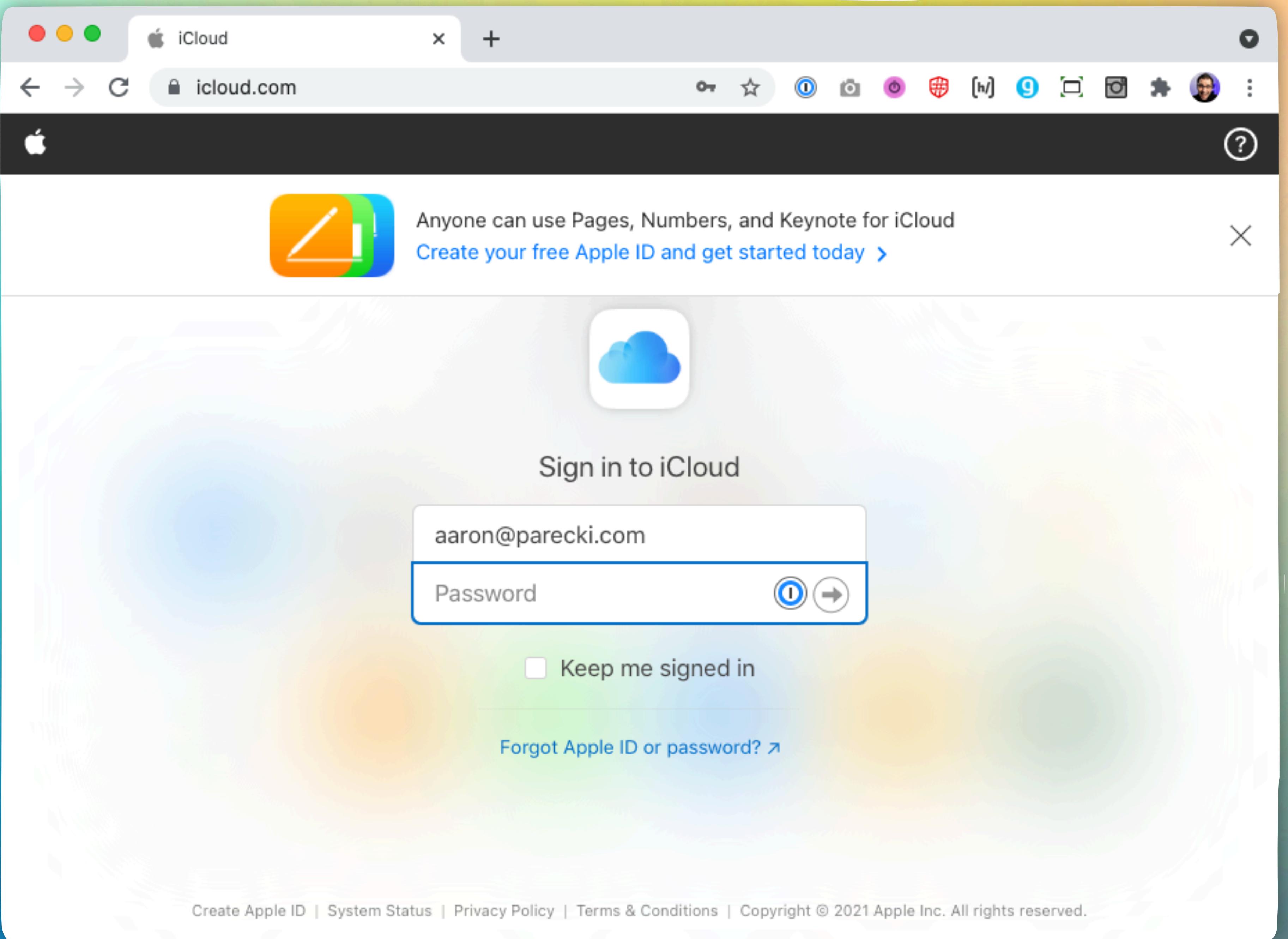
aaron@parecki.com

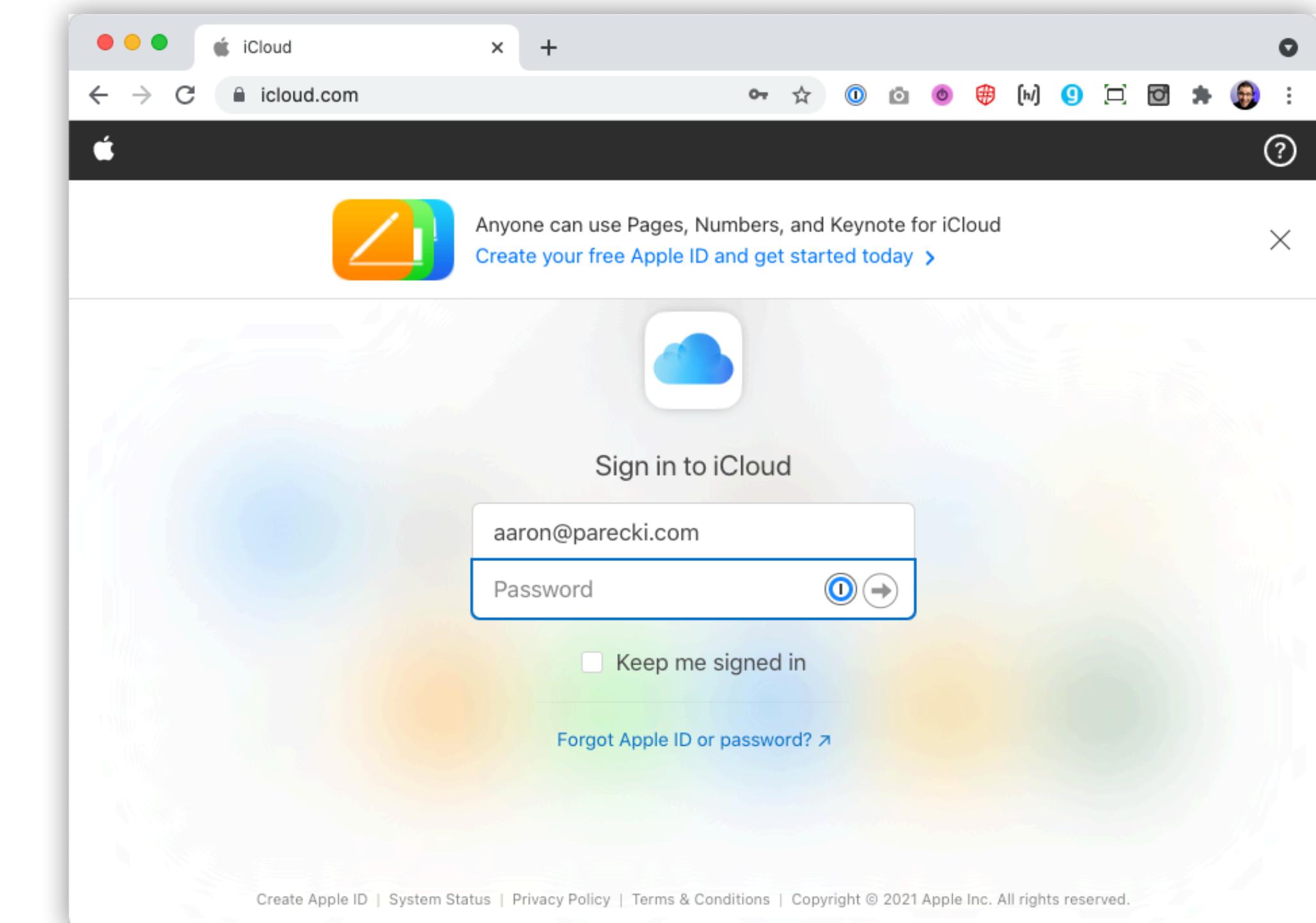
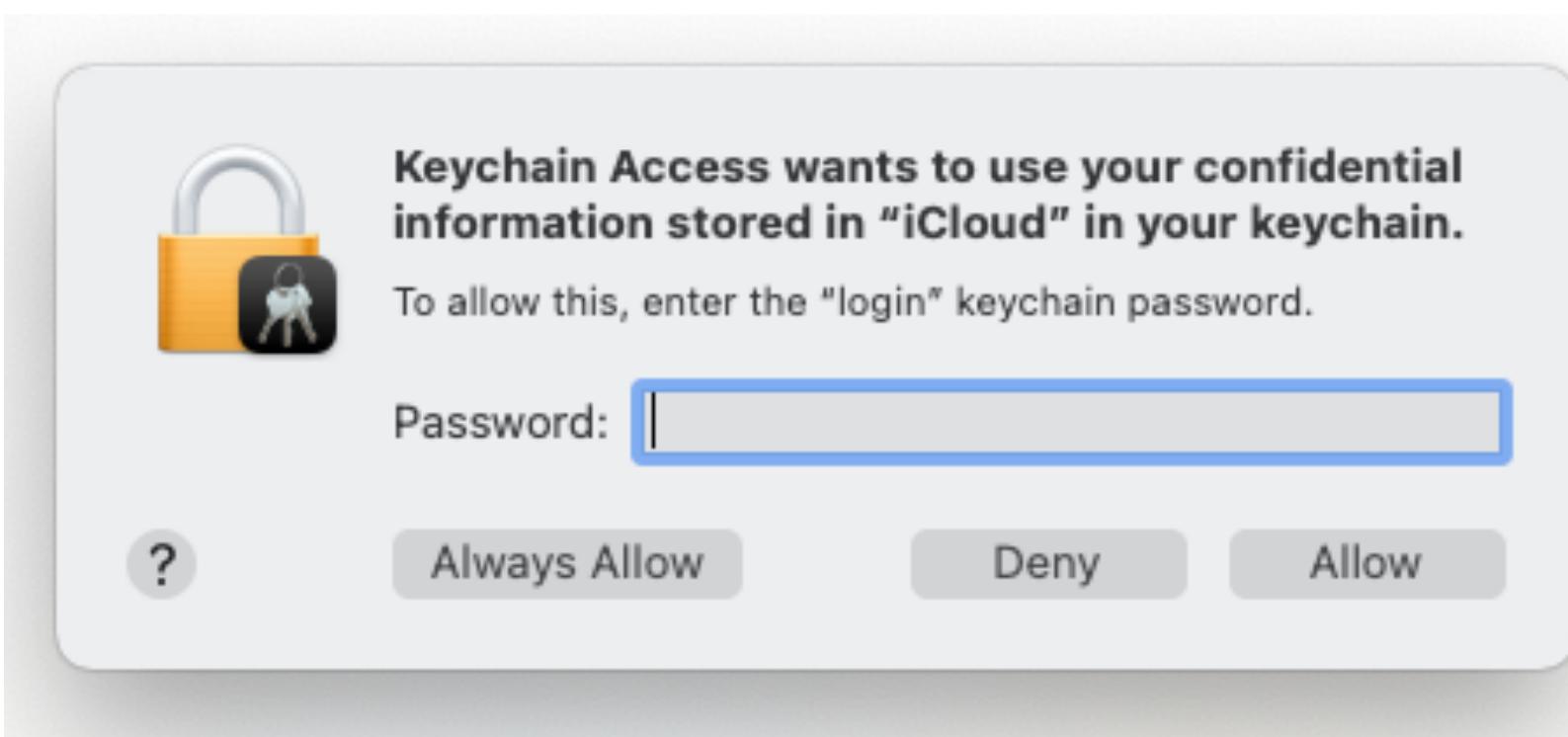
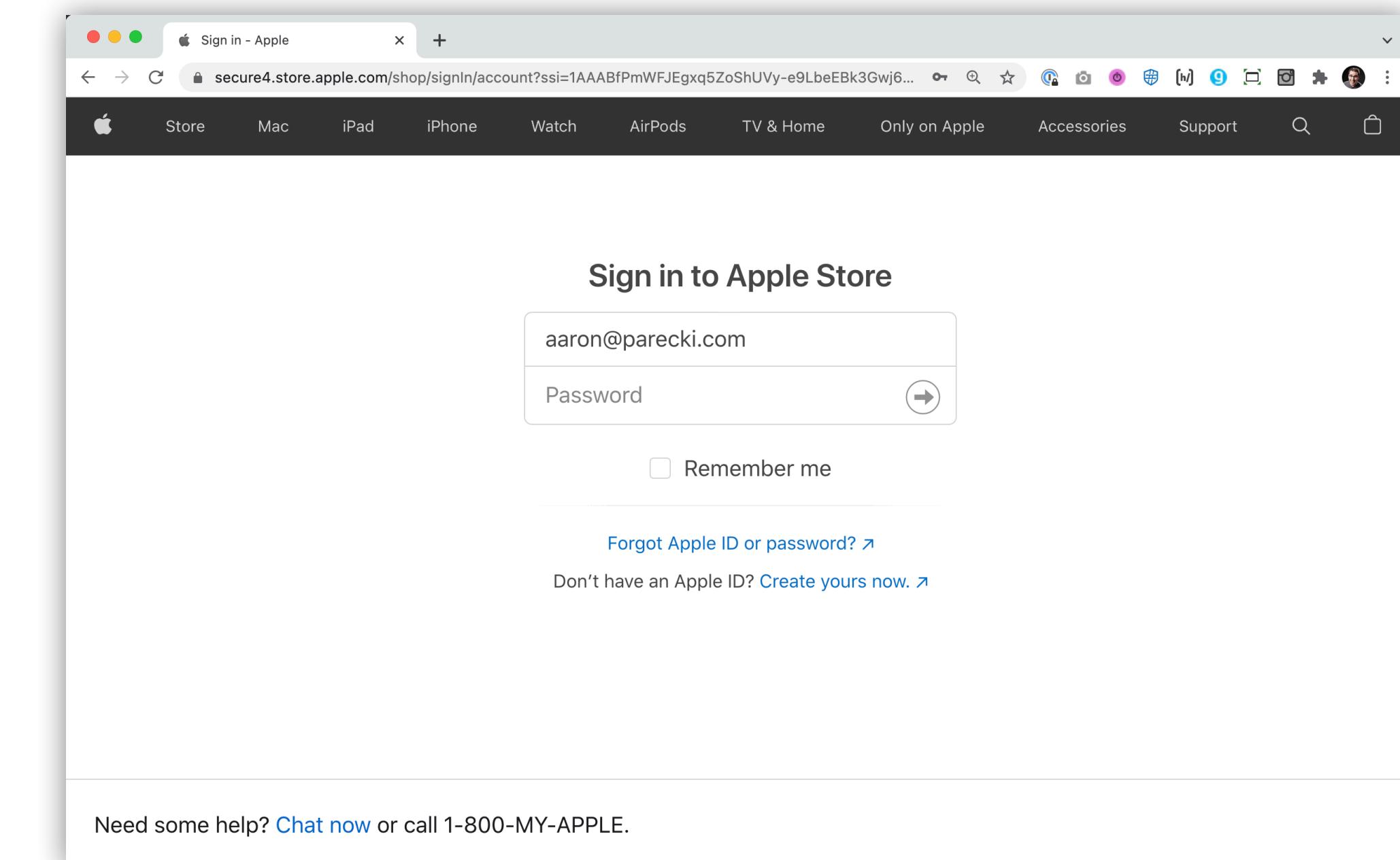
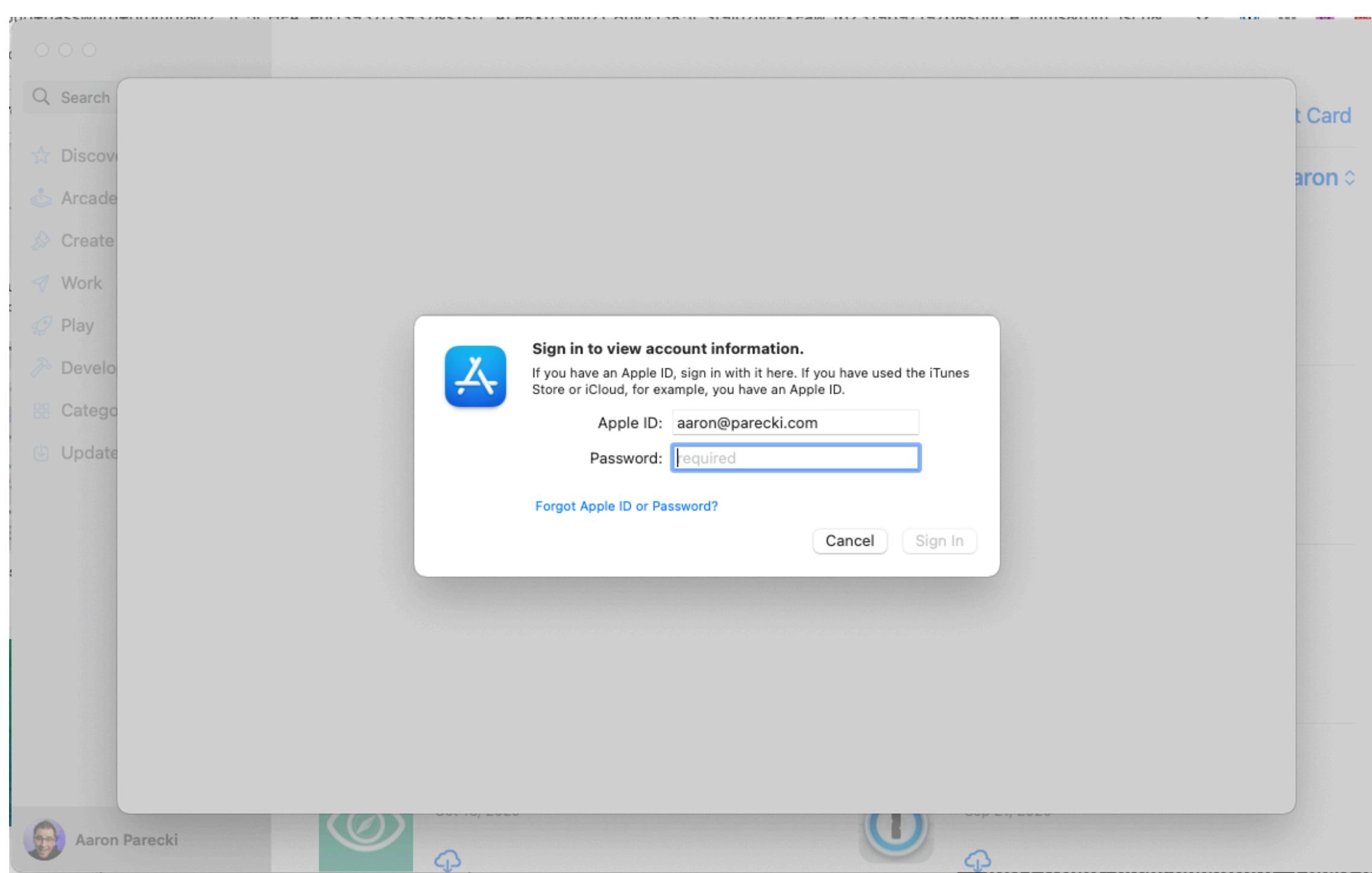
Password  

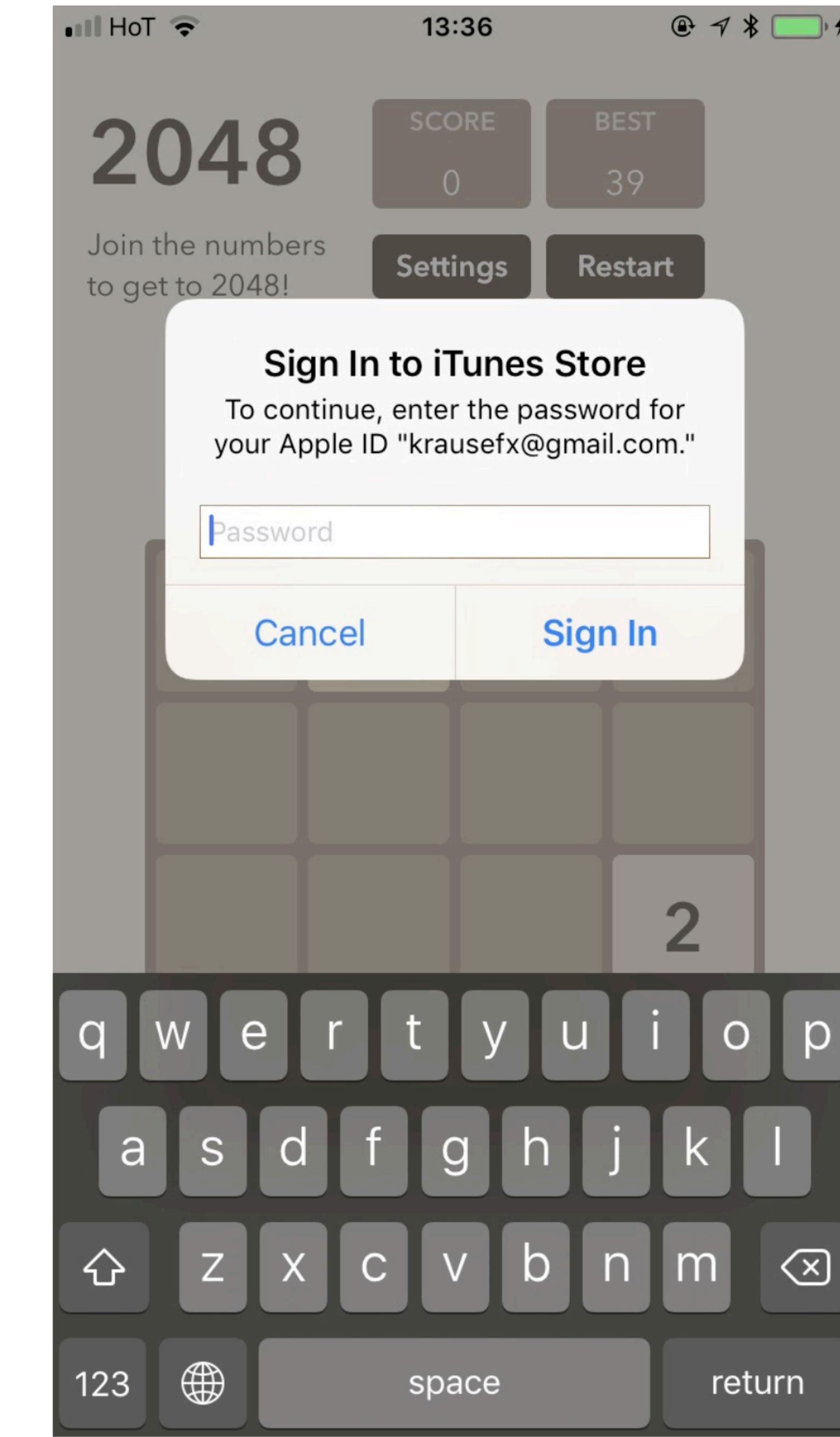
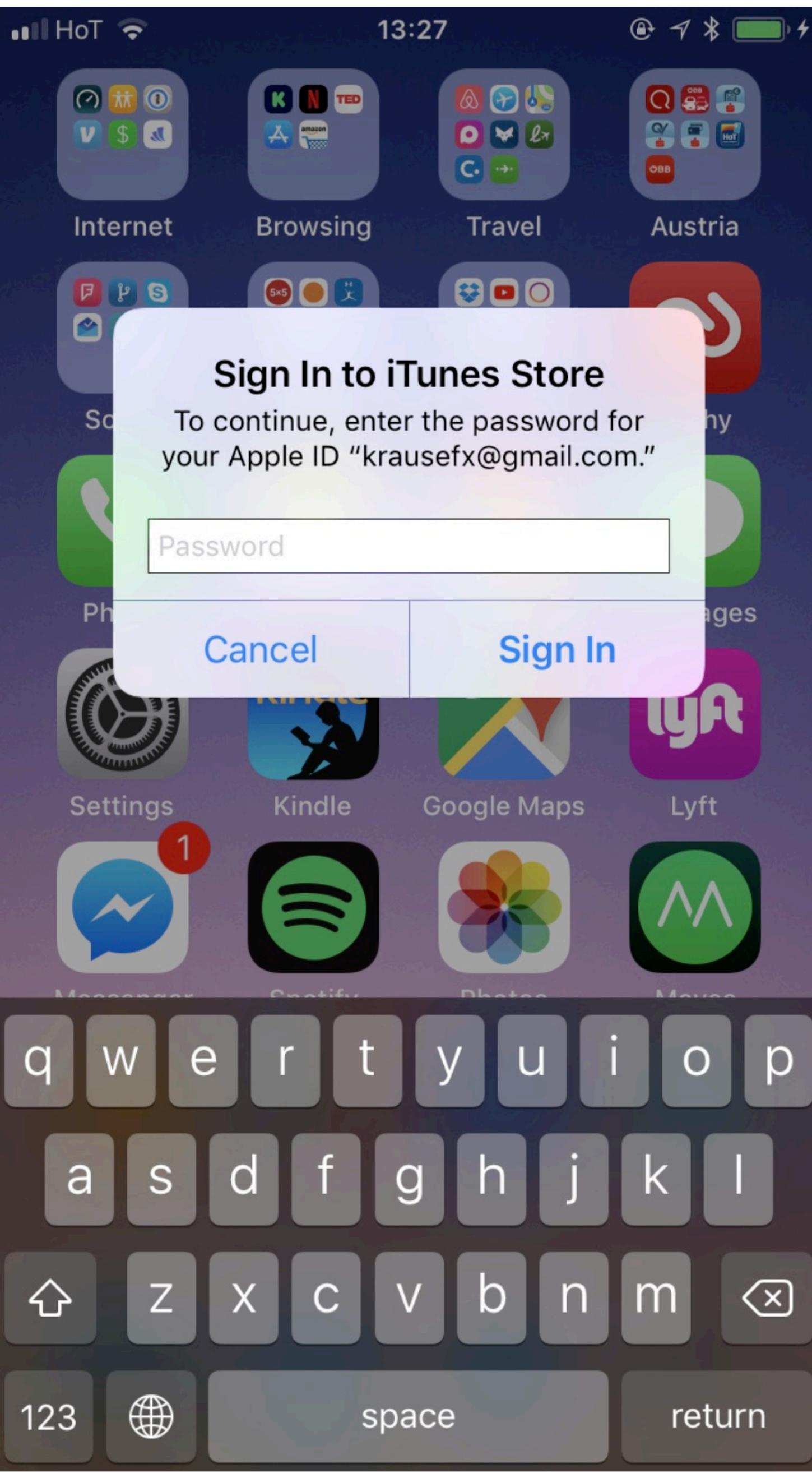
Keep me signed in

[Forgot Apple ID or password? ↗](#)

Create Apple ID | System Status | Privacy Policy | Terms & Conditions | Copyright © 2021 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.







Archive Spam Delete | Mark as unread Snooze | Move to Labels More

“Q1 Bonus” ▾ Inbox x



Frank Abagnale <frank.abagnale@noreply.icloud.com>
to aaron ▾

11:20 AM (0 minutes ago)



Reply



Open my shared folder:



Q1 Bonus
iCloud Drive

Reply

Reply all

Forward



Anyone can use Pages, Numbers, and Keynote for iCloud
[Create your free Apple ID and get started today >](#)



Sign in to iCloud

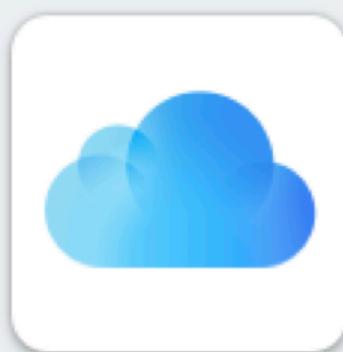
aaron@parecki.com

Password



Keep me signed in

[Forgot Apple ID or password? >](#)



Your Apple ID is being used to sign in to a new device.

Enter this verification code on the web to sign in. Don't share it with anyone.

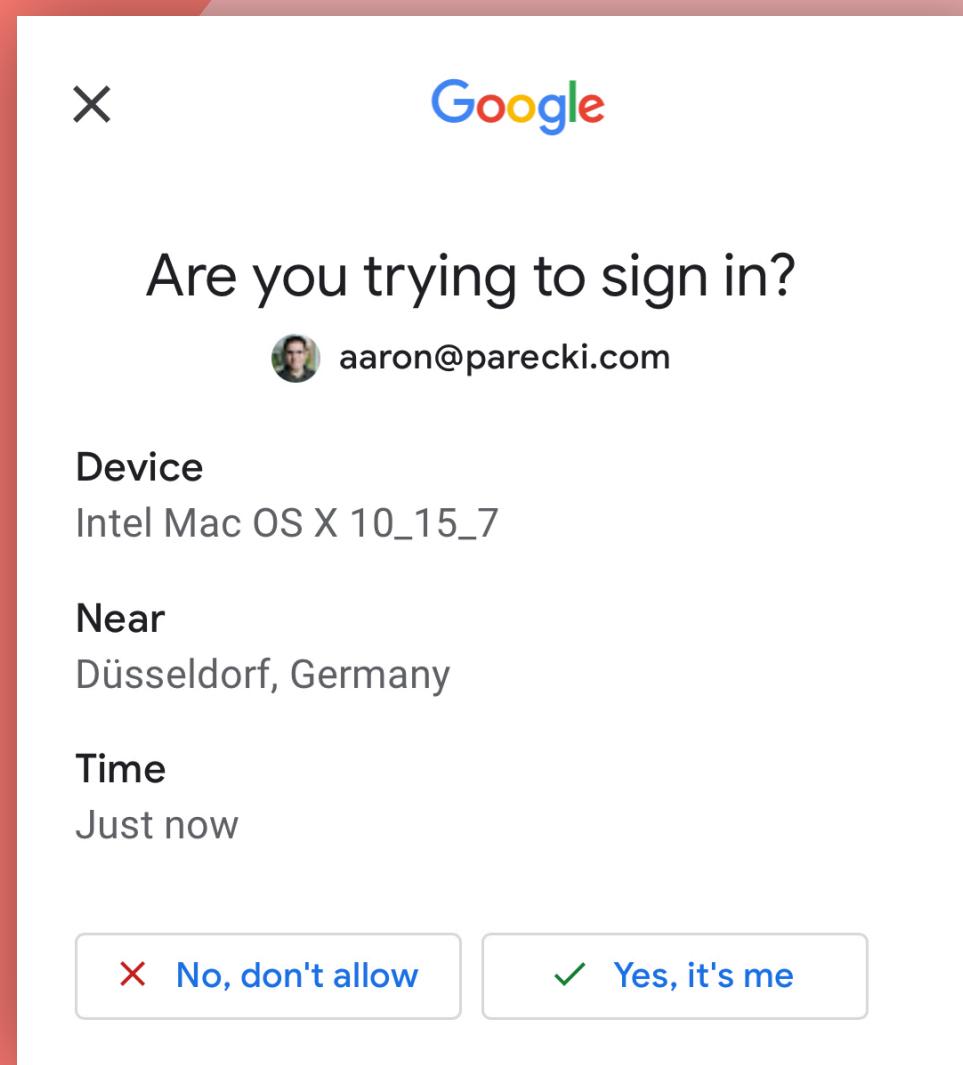
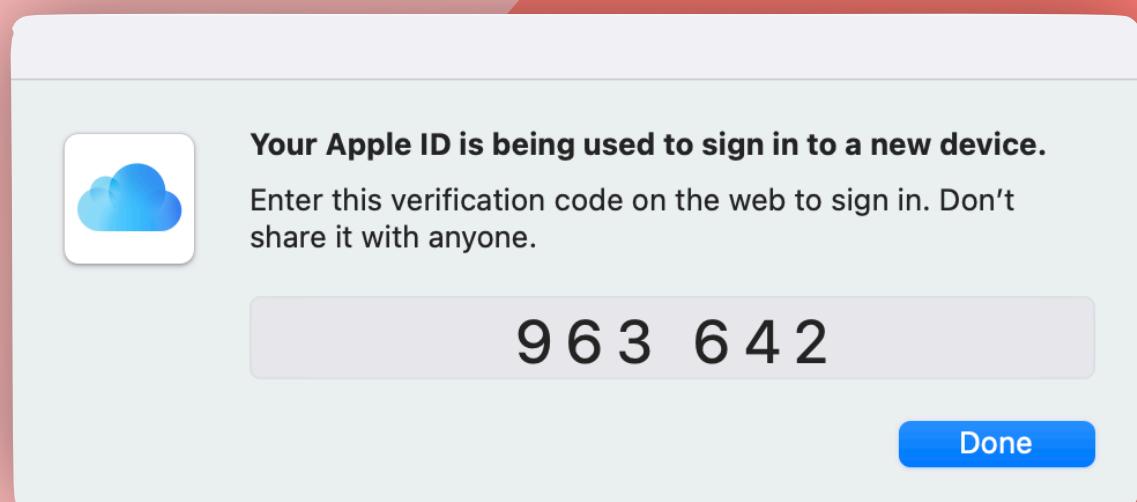
9 6 3 6 4 2

Done

**THEN WHAT GOOD IS
MULTI-FACTOR
AUTHENTICATION?**

Phishable MFA

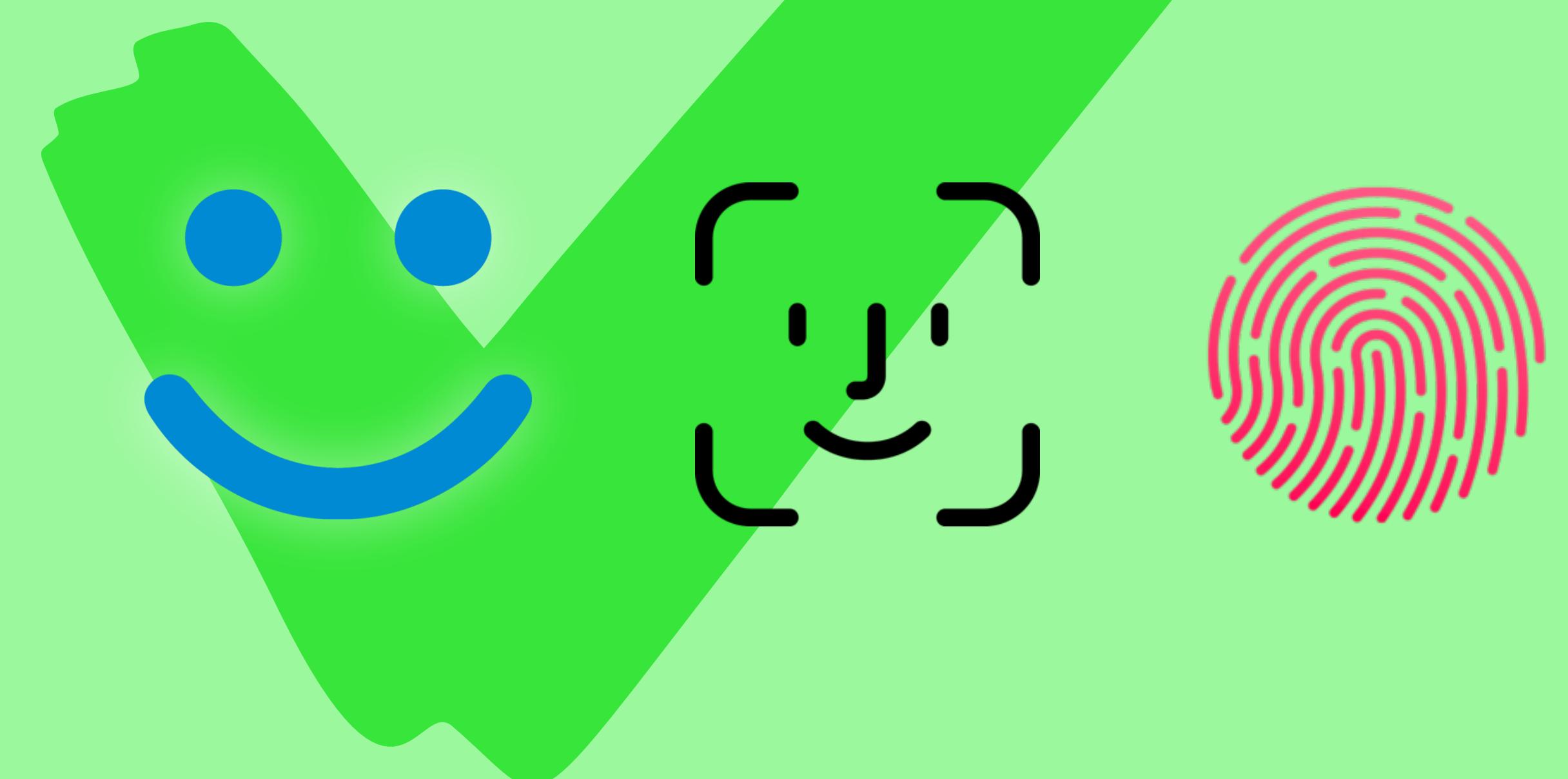
678328 is your Microsoft Azure verification code

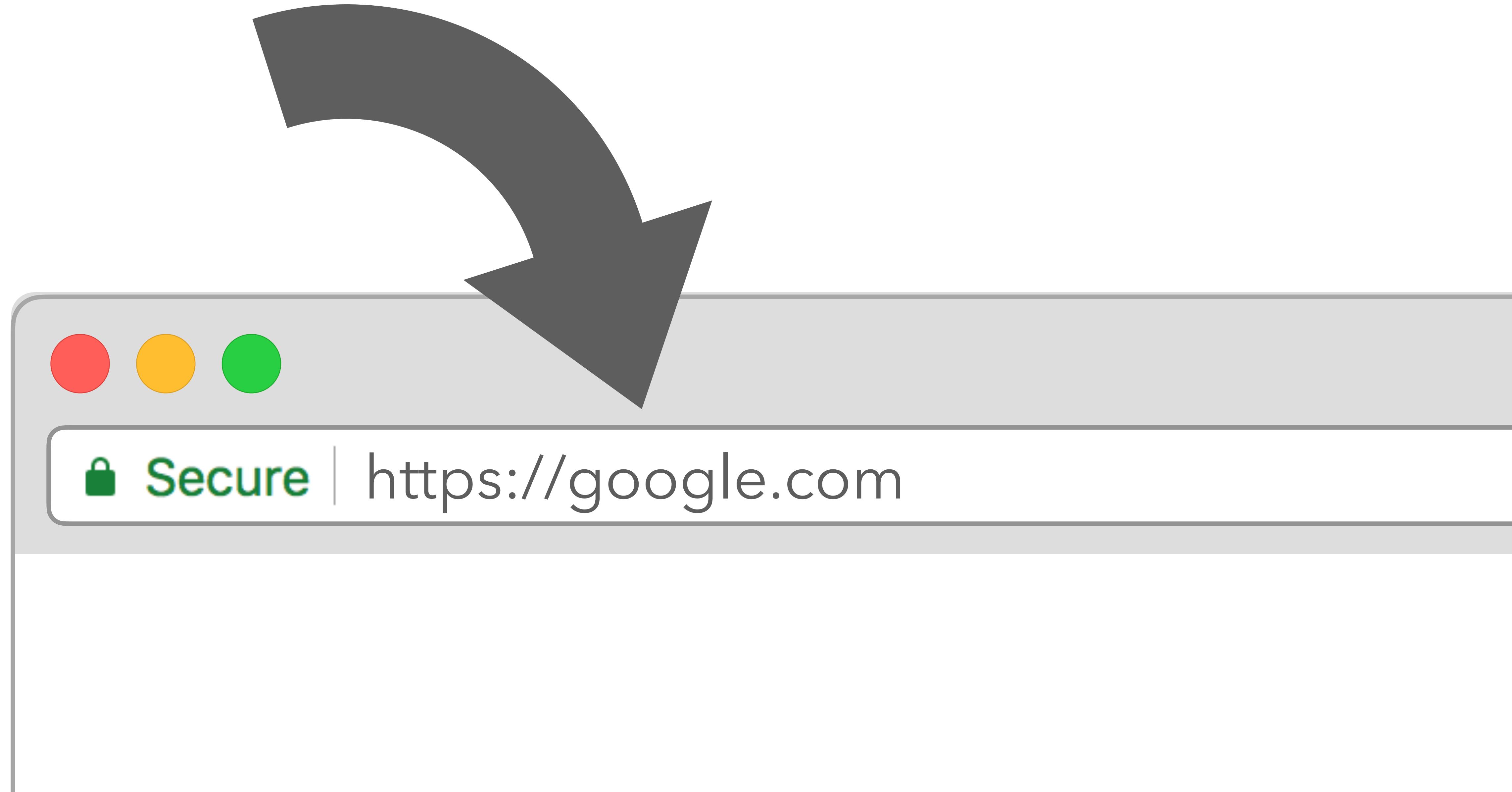


Non-Phishable MFA

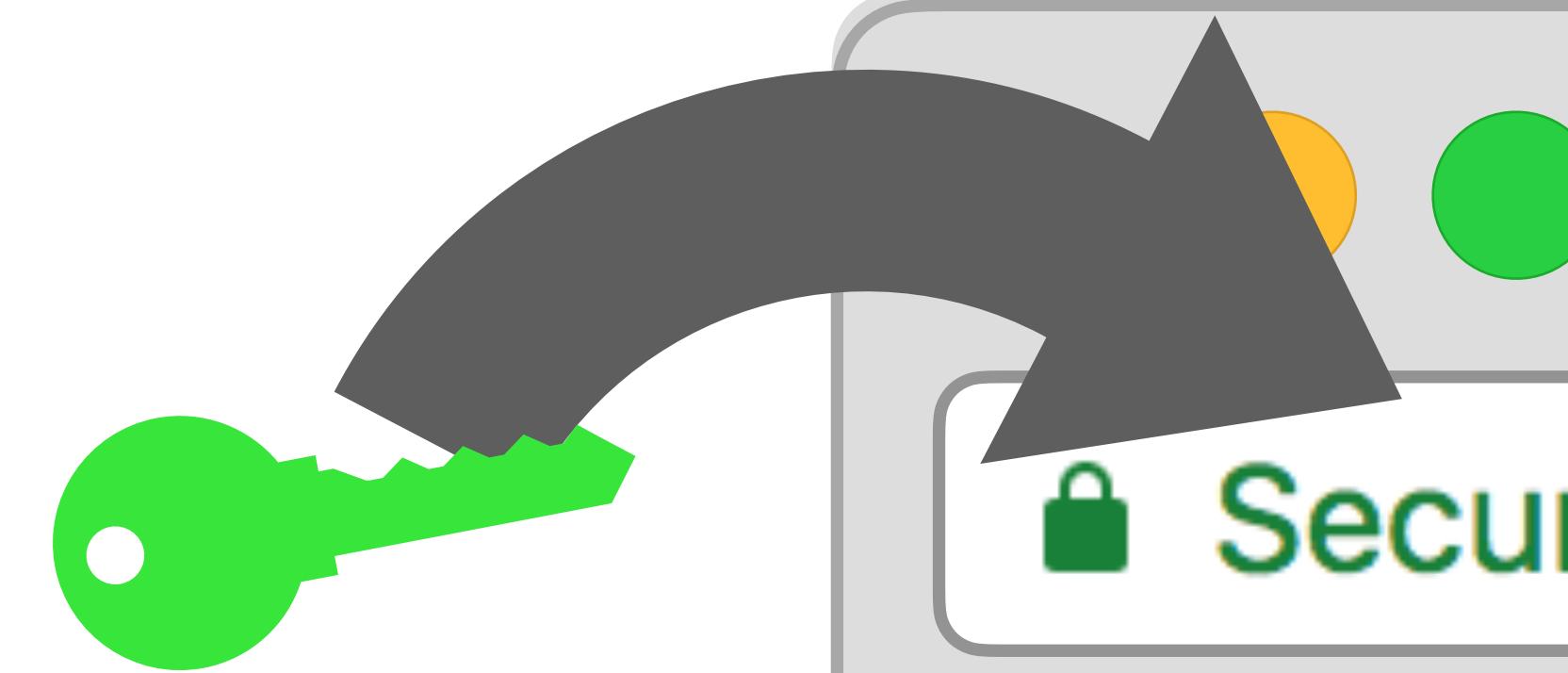
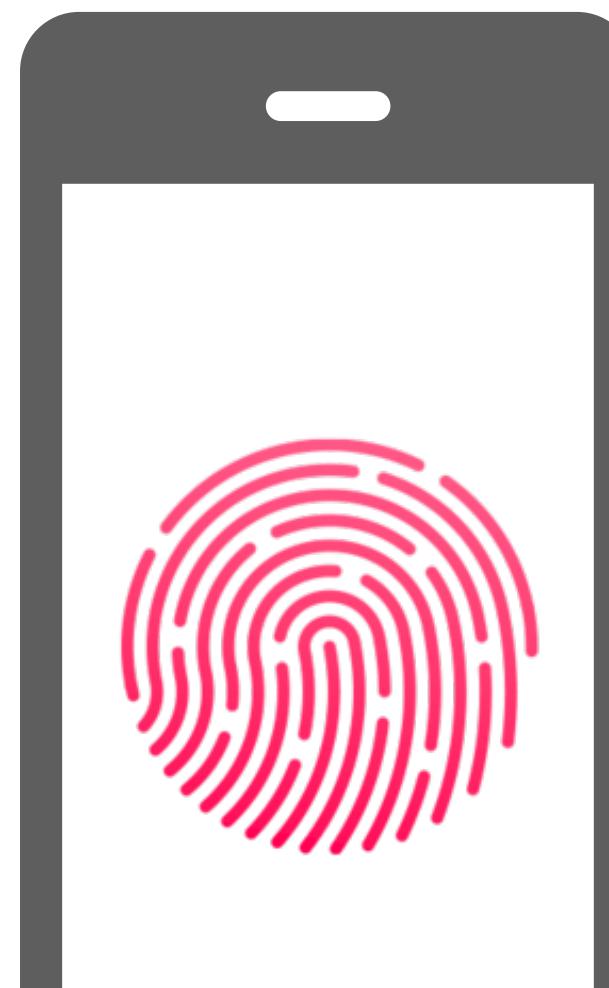
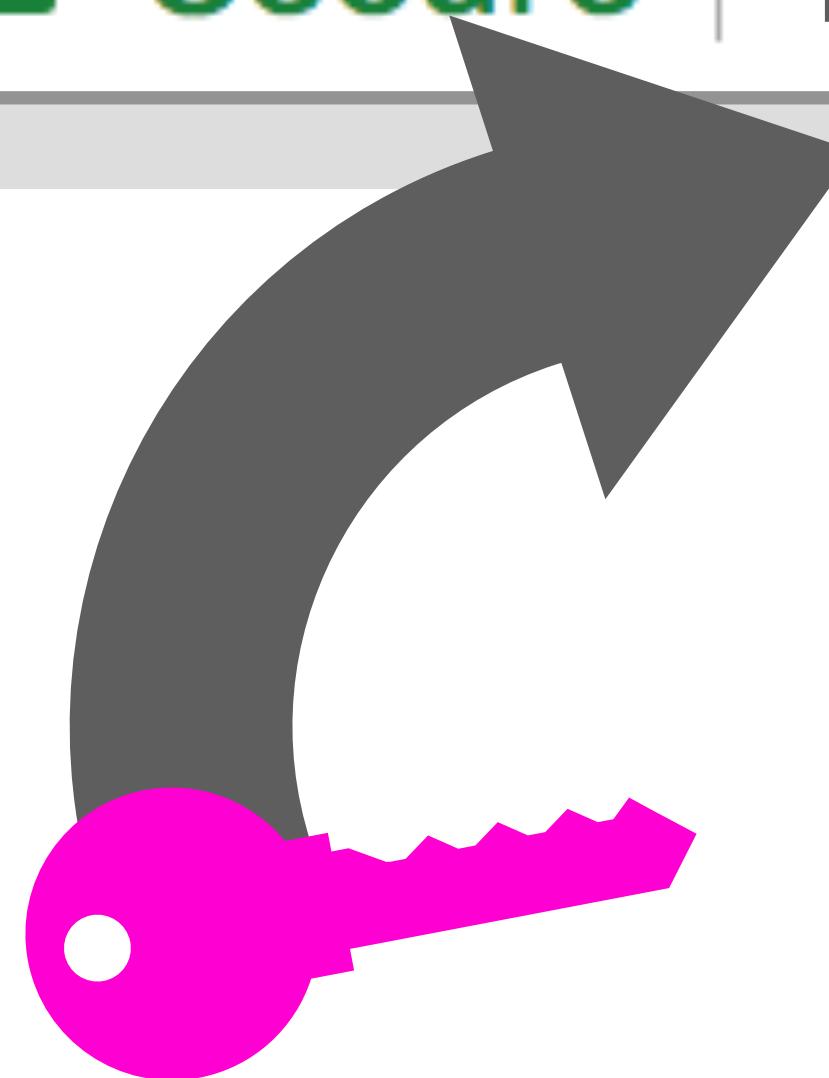
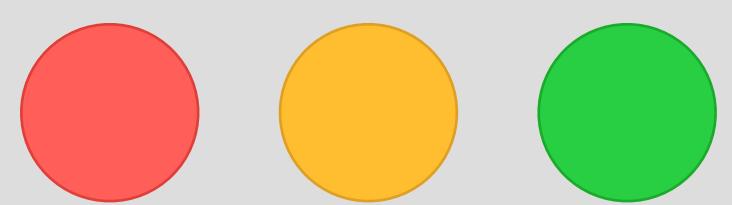
WebAuthn

fido™





Secure | <https://google.com>





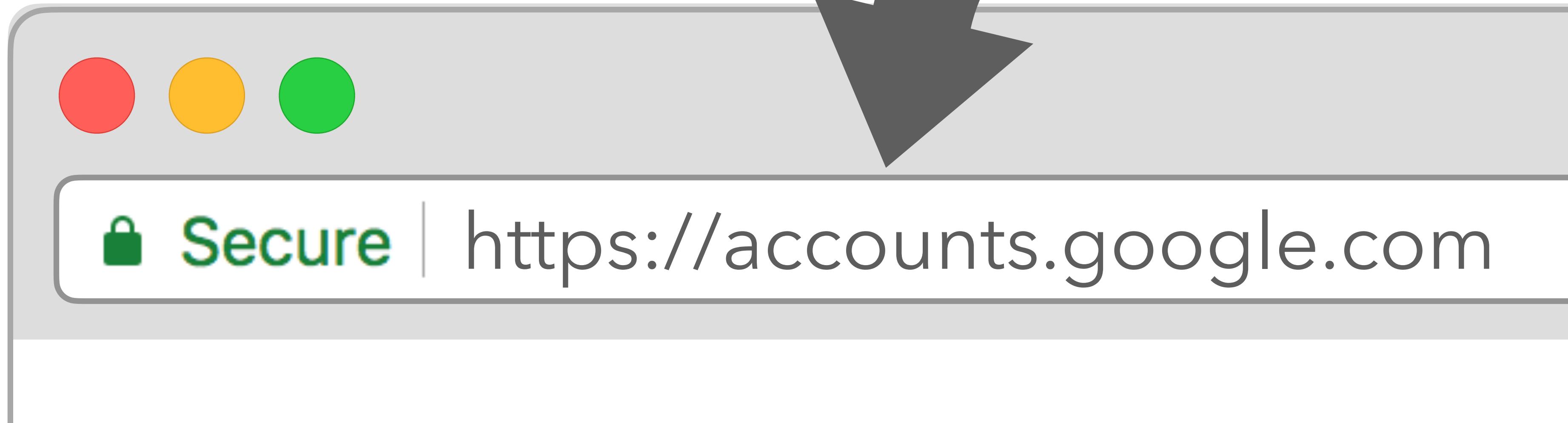
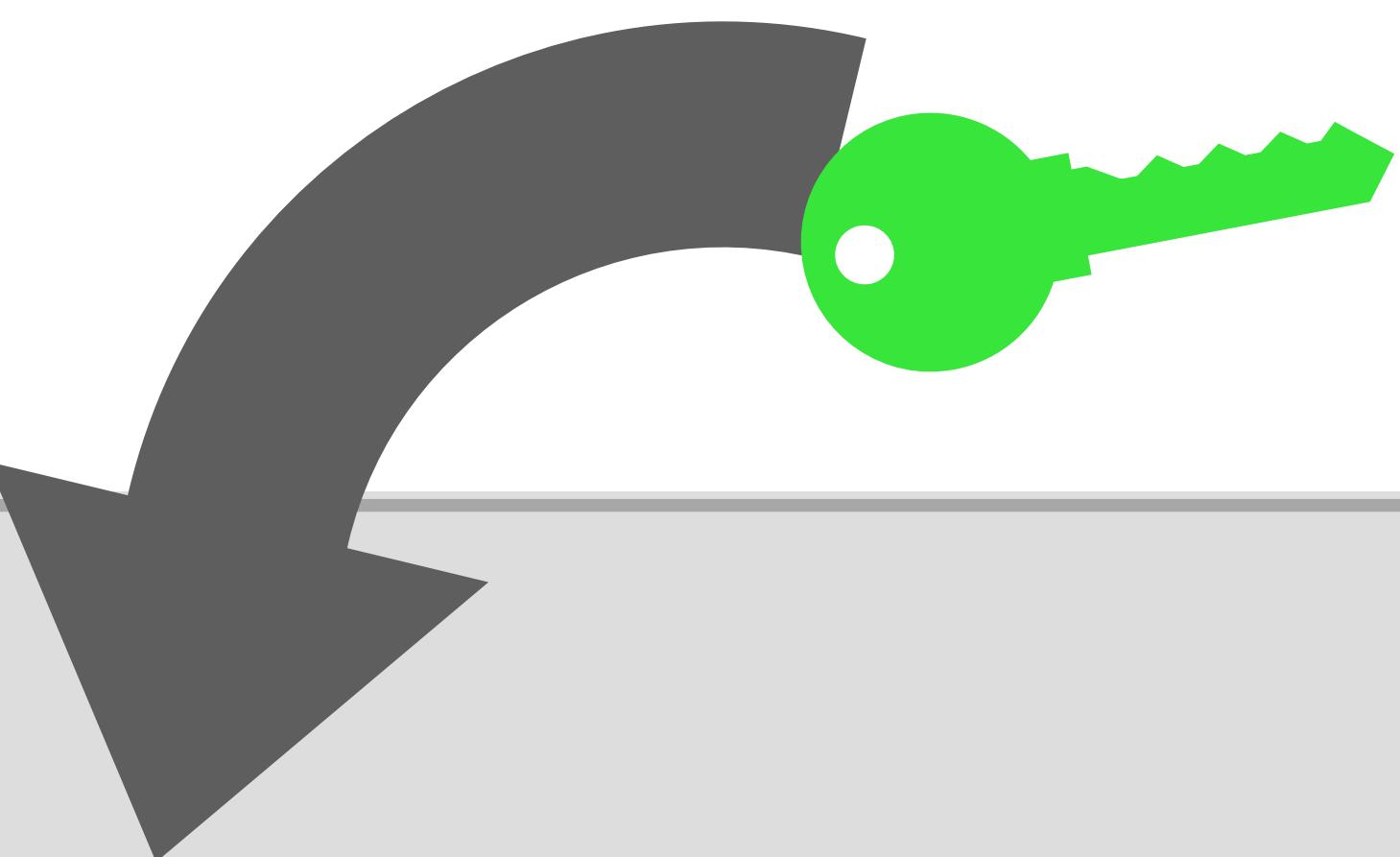
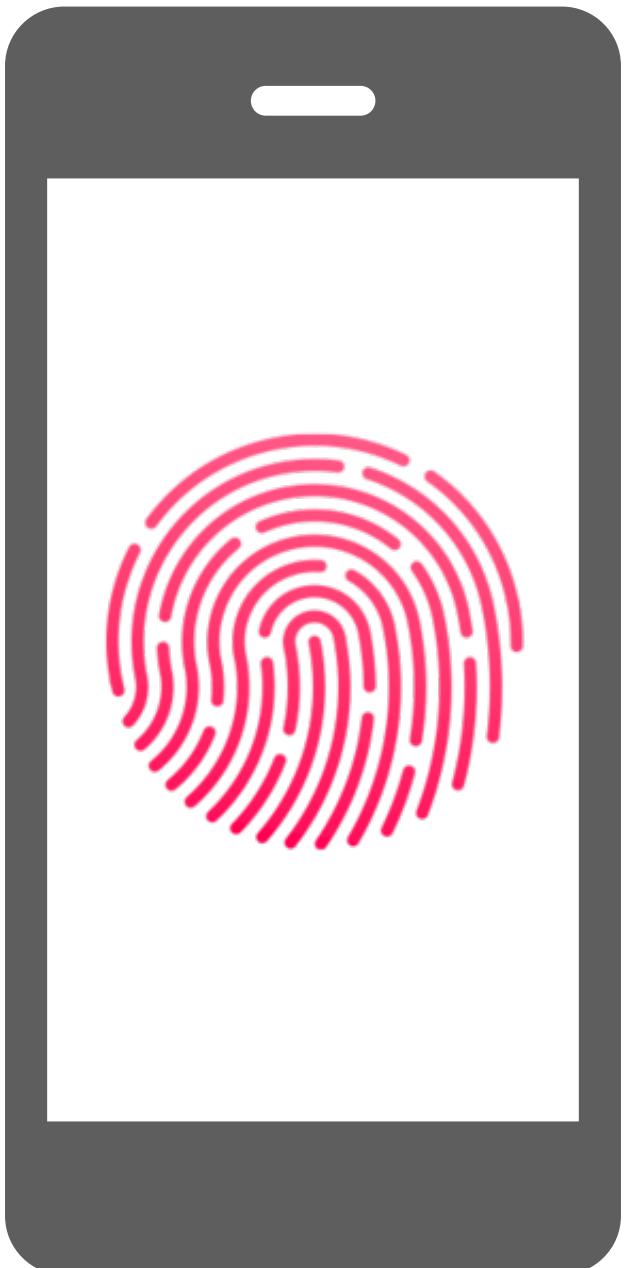
Secure | https://gmail.com



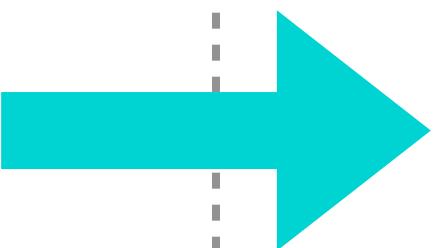
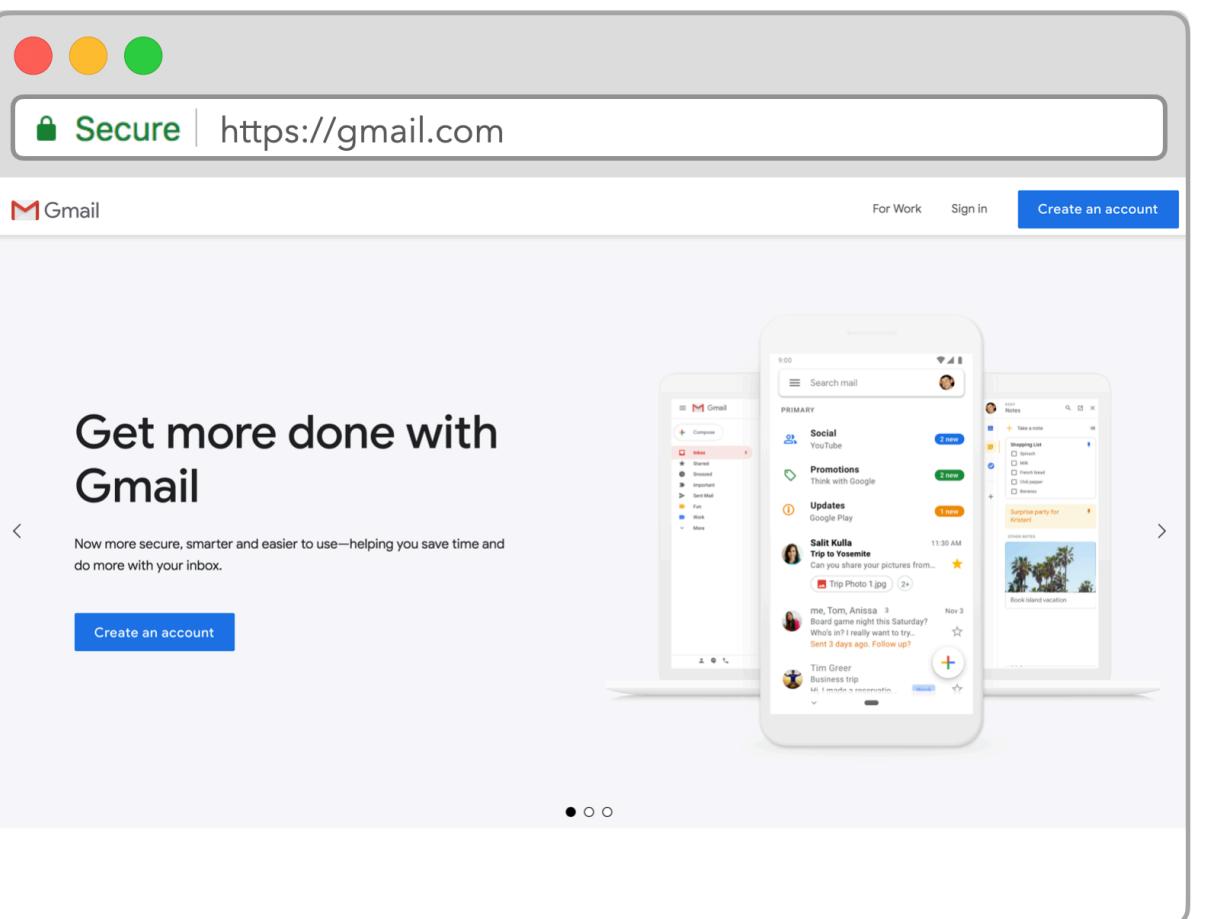
Secure | https://youtube.com



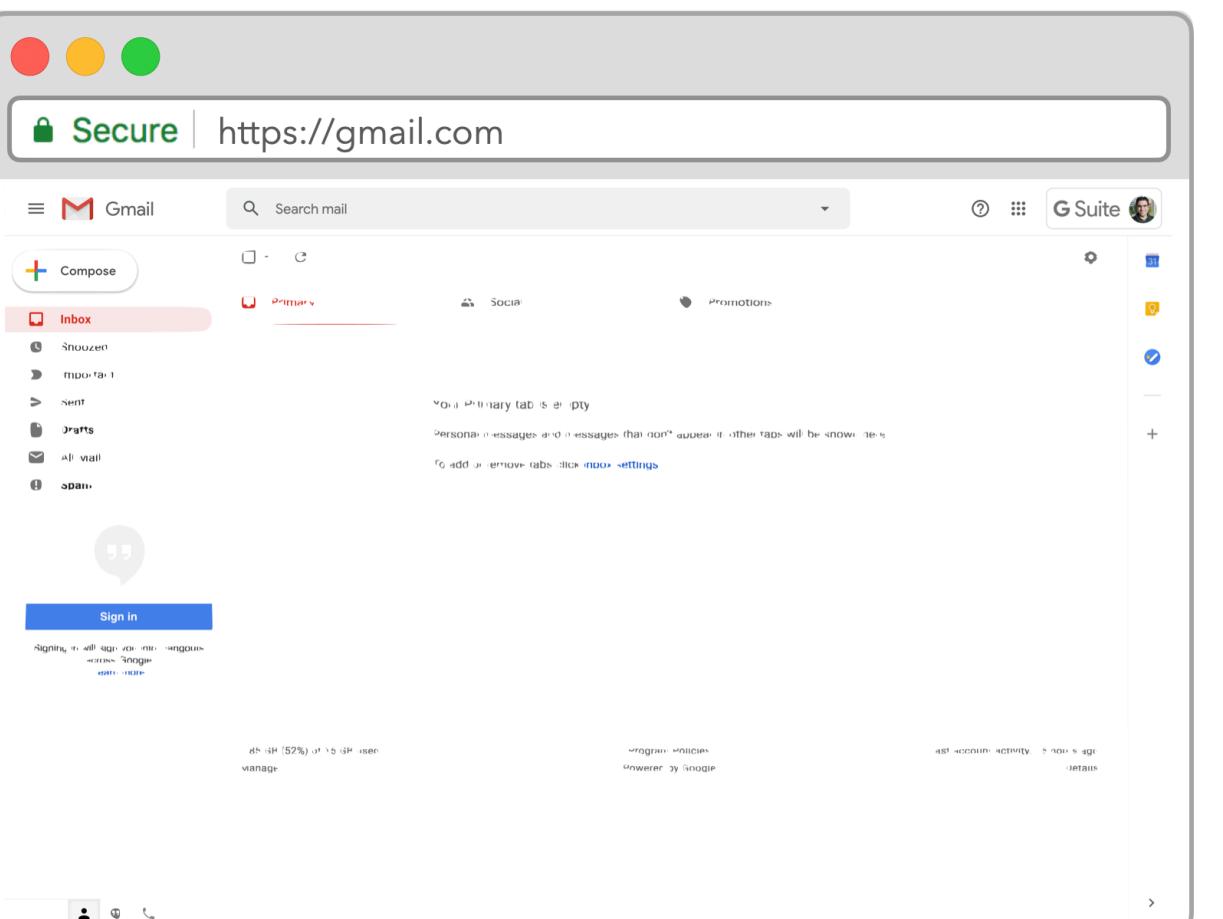
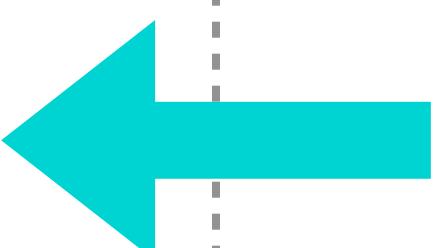
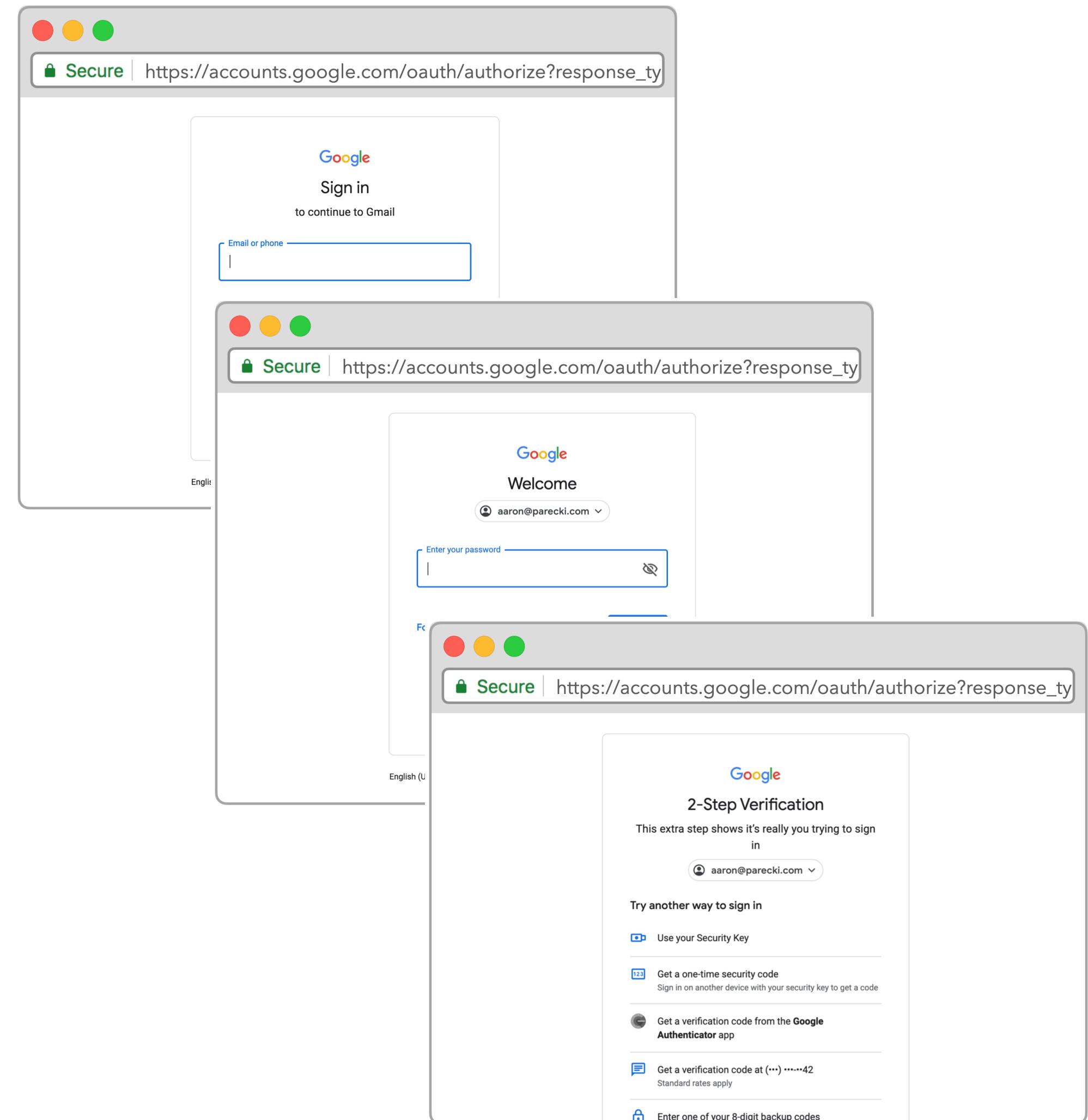
Secure | https://google.com



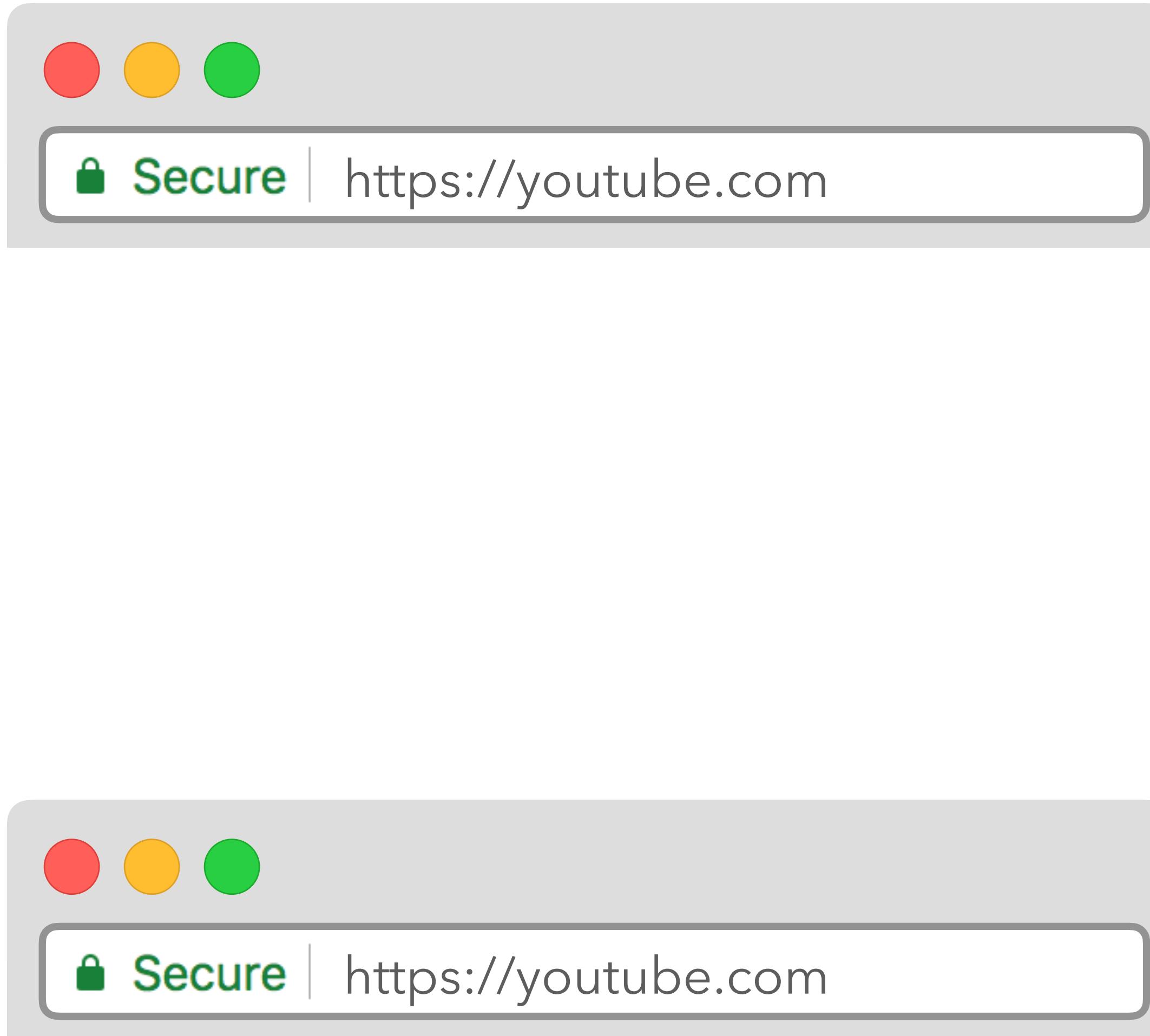
Application



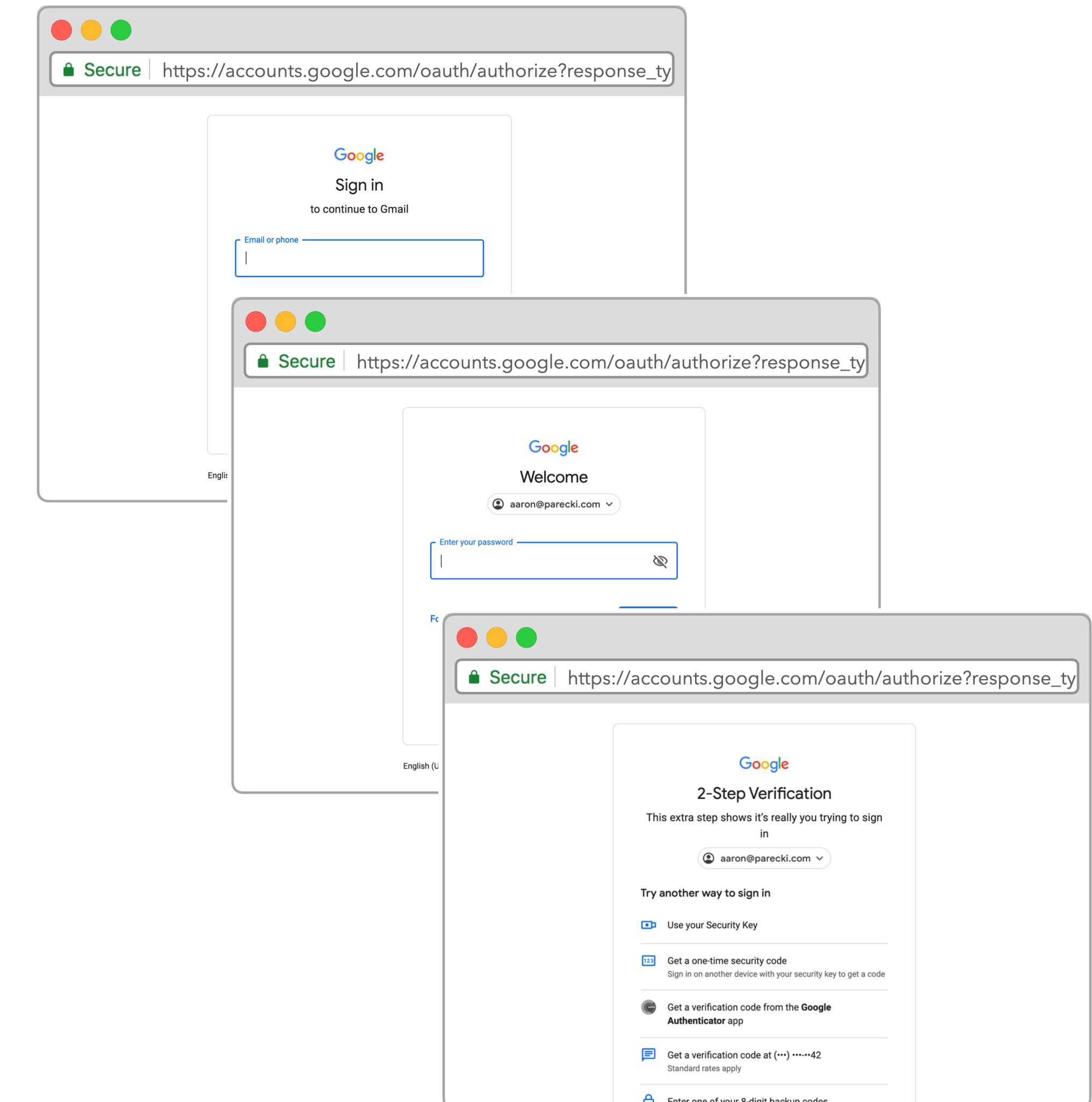
OAuth Server



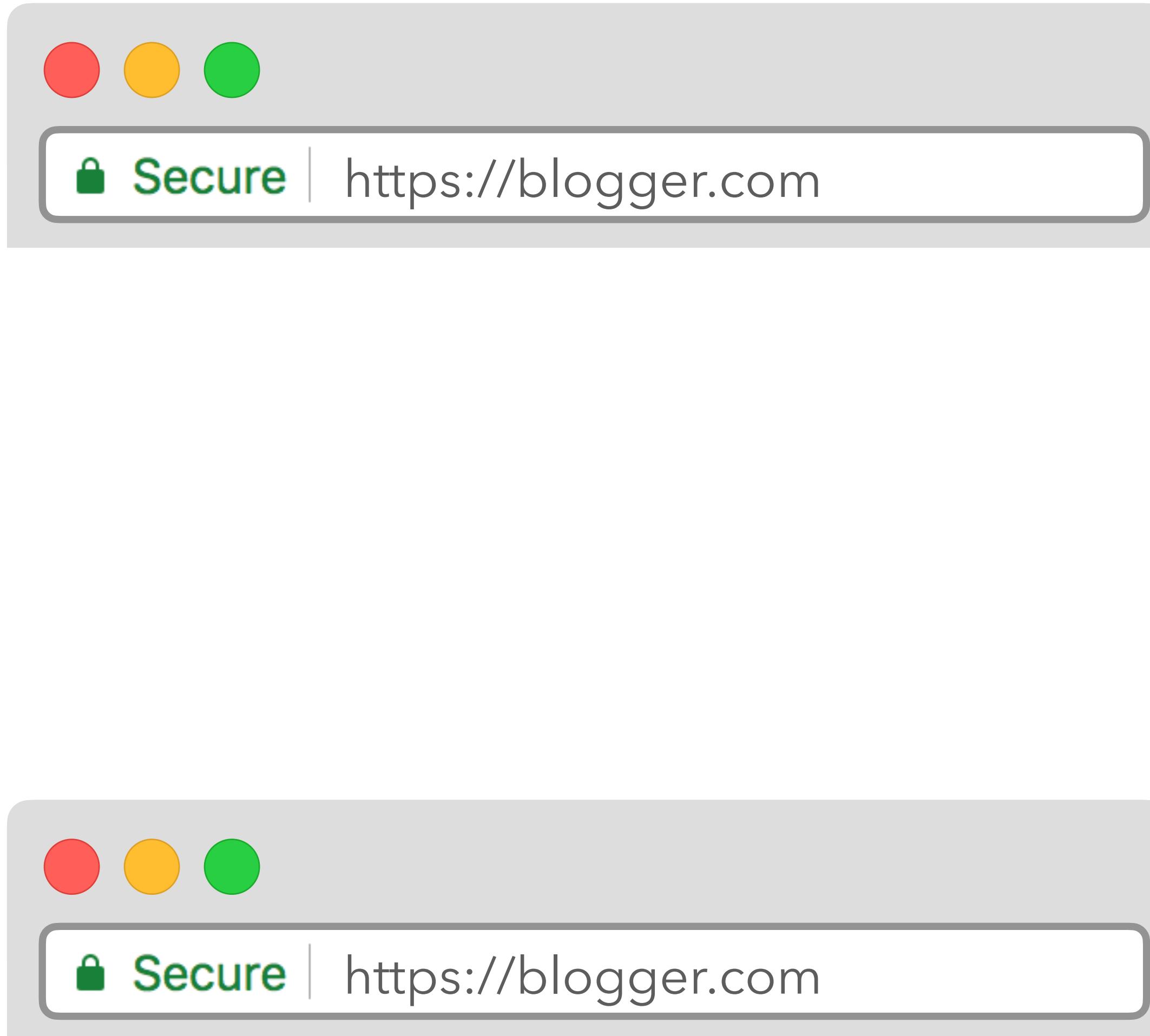
Application



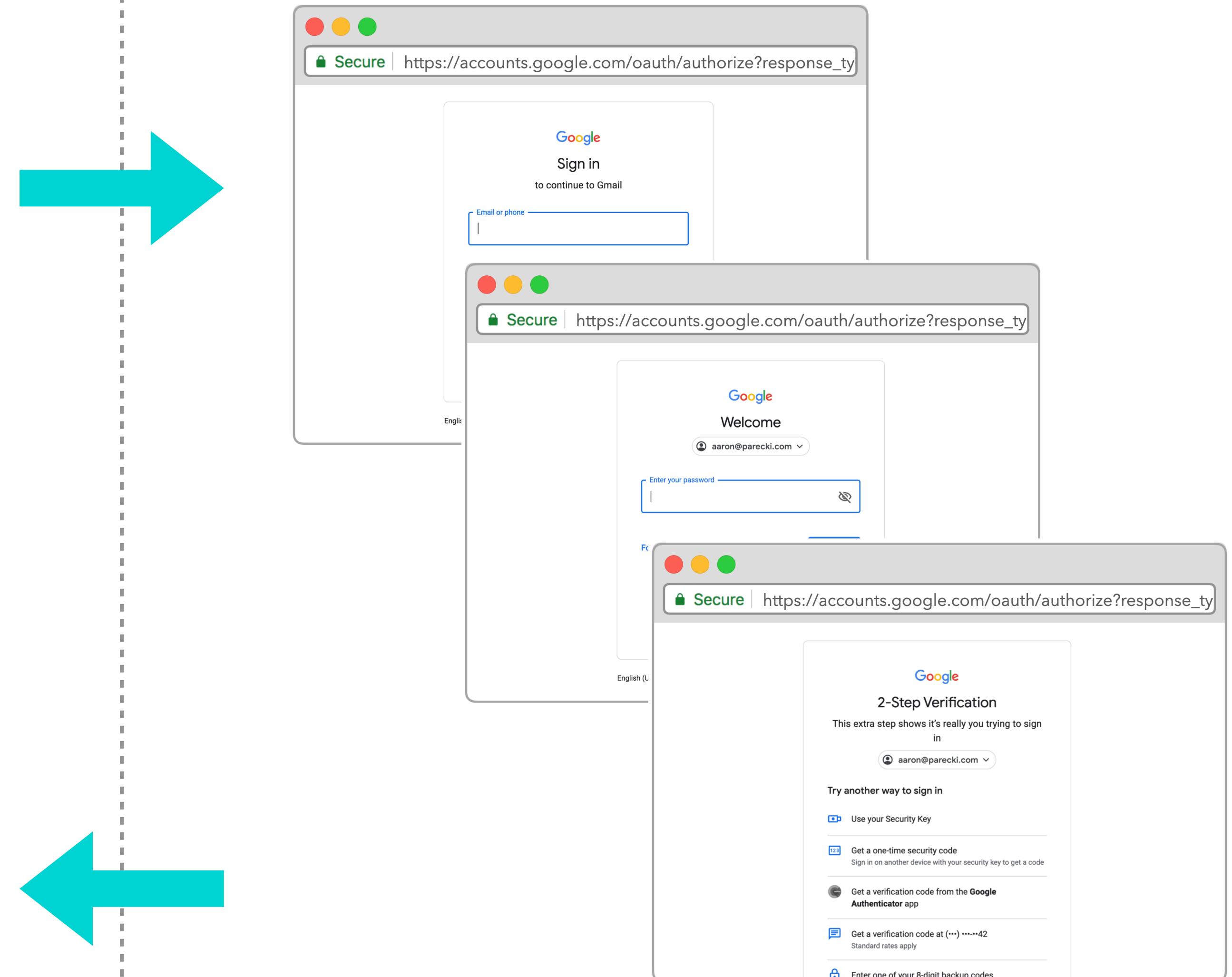
OAuth Server



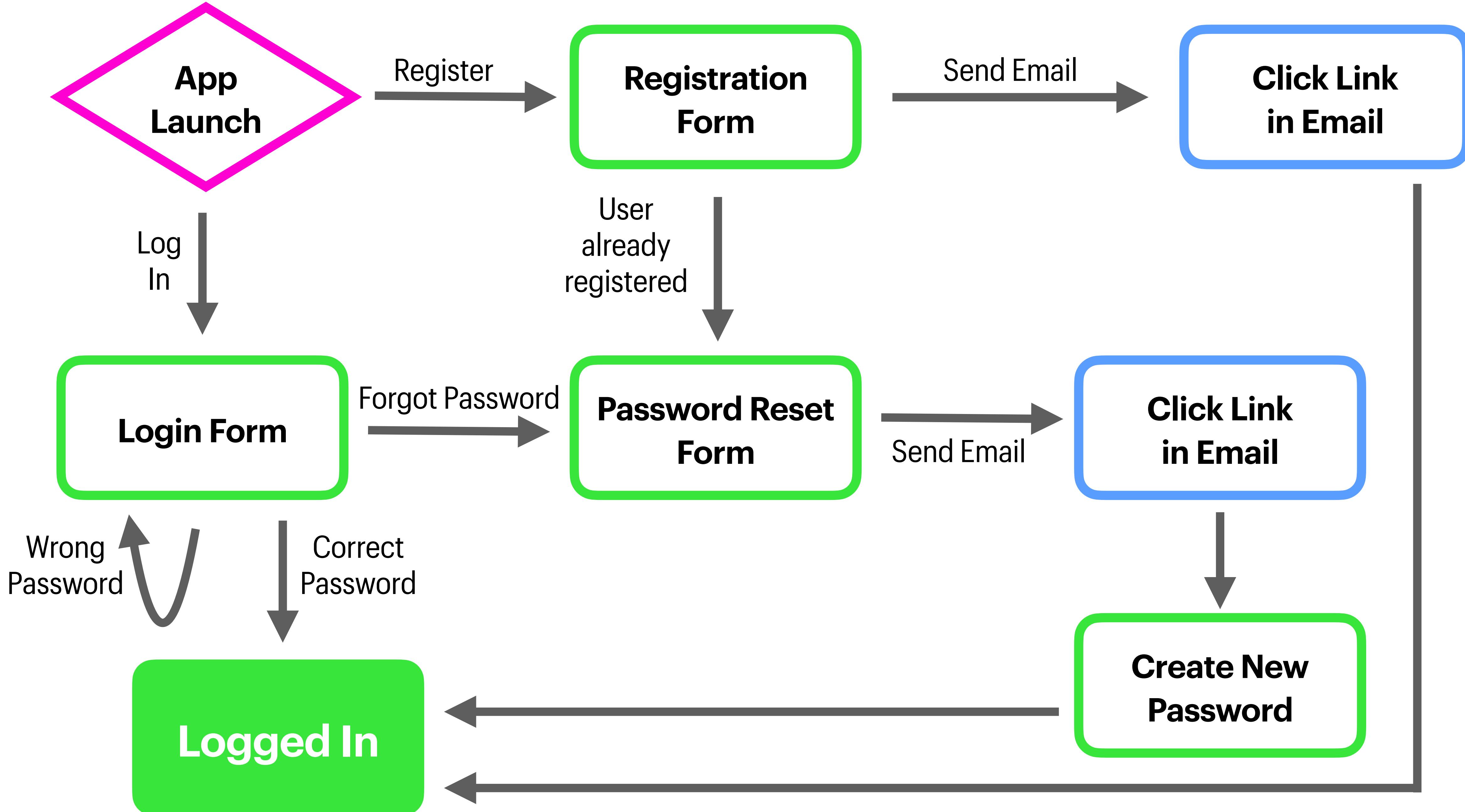
Application



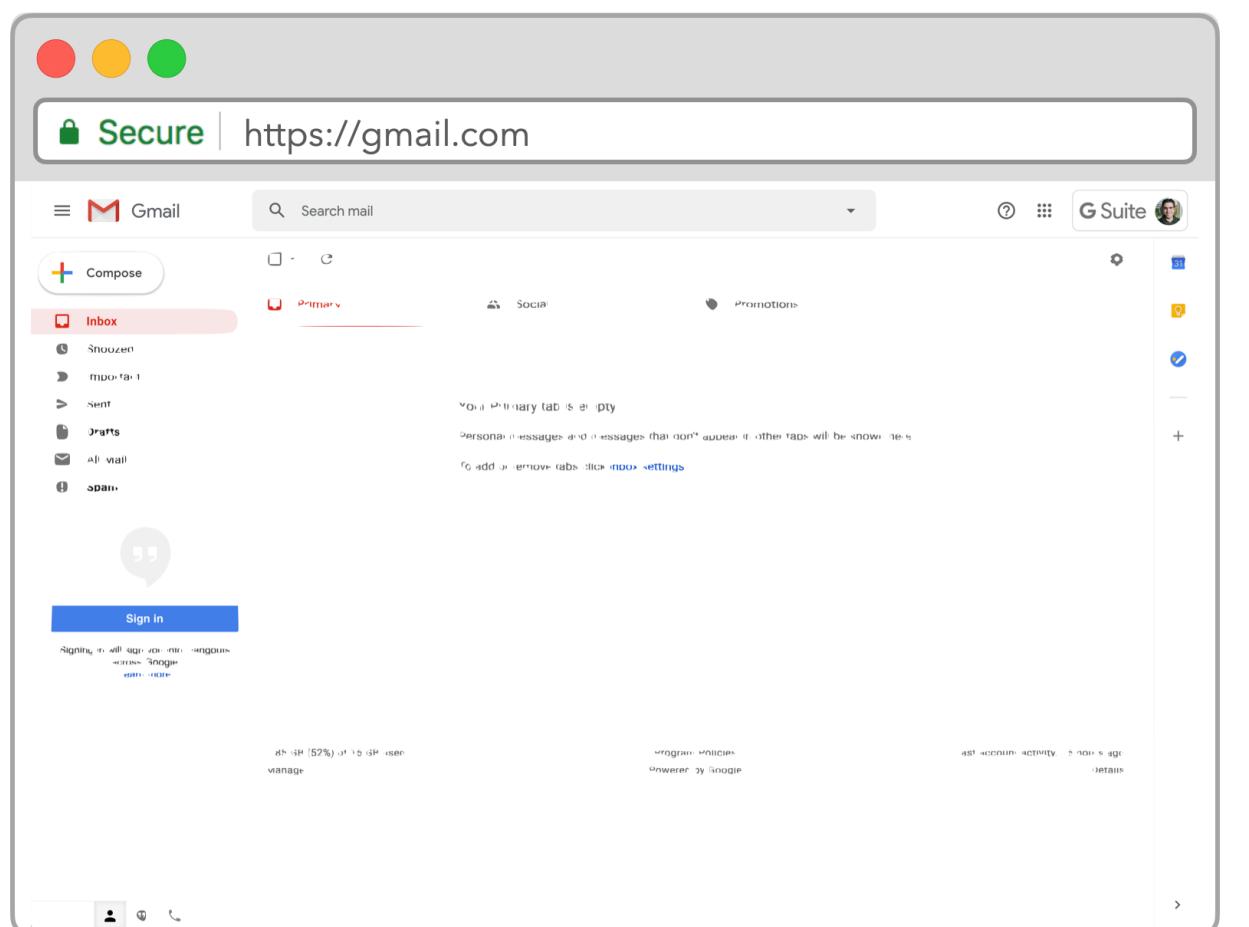
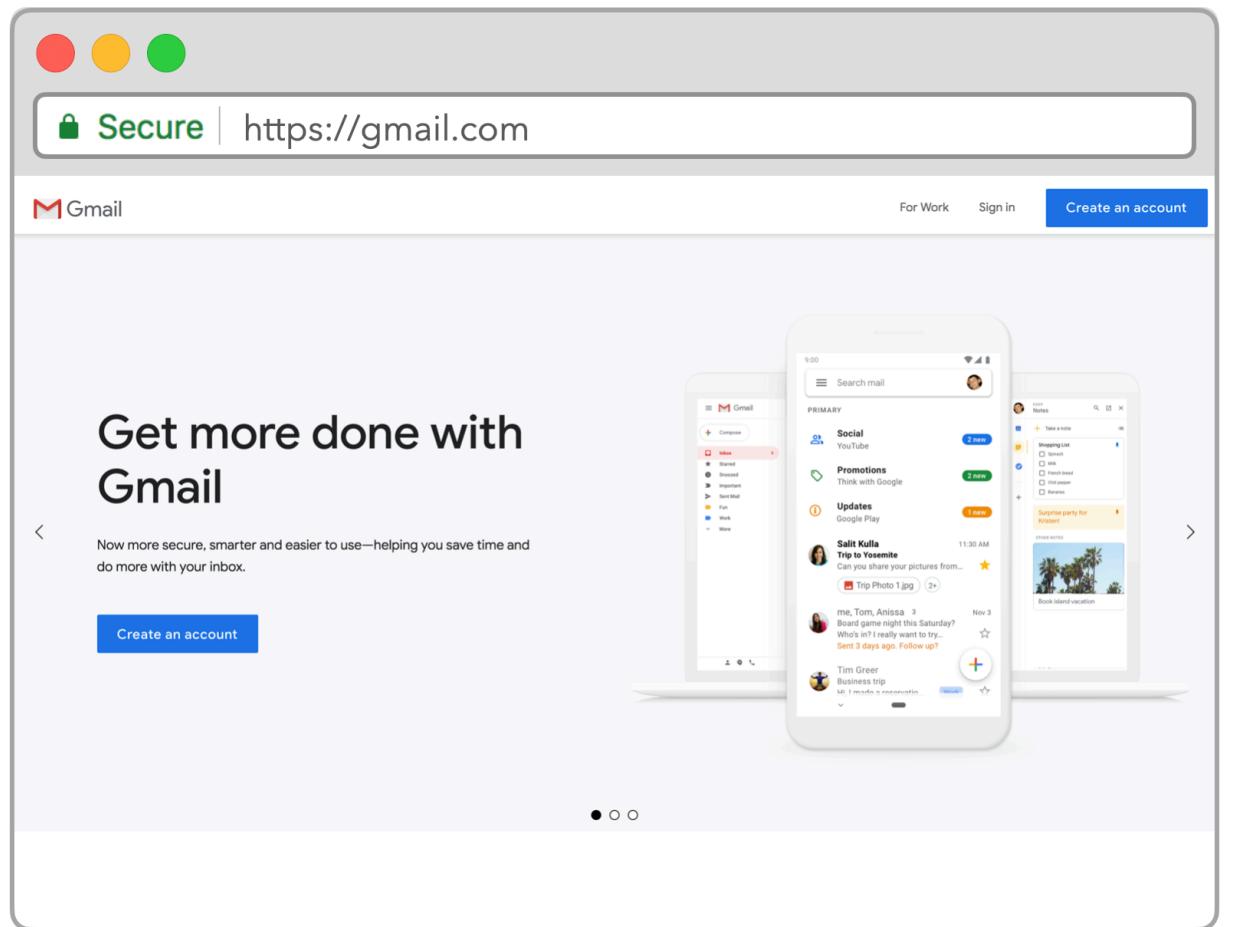
OAuth Server



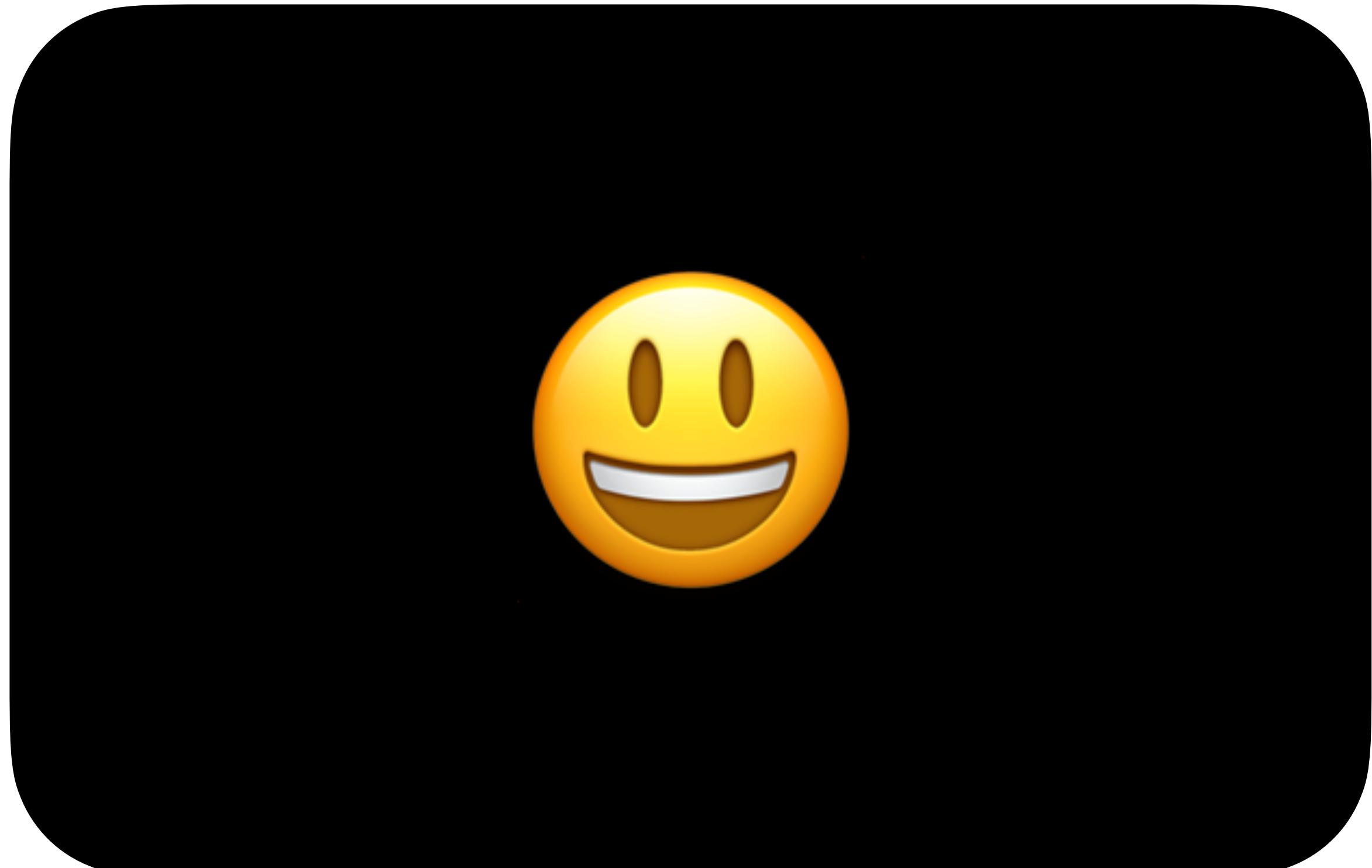
REGISTRATION AND ACCOUNT RECOVERY



Application



OAuth Server



A cartoon illustration of a man with dark hair and glasses, looking shocked or surprised with his mouth open and hands raised. He is wearing a red shirt. In the background, there's a window with a grid pattern and some foliage.

f Sign in with Facebook

g+ Sign in with Google

in Sign in with LinkedIn

tw Sign in with Twitter

IS THIS OAuth?

**OAUTH PROVIDES
ACCESS TO DATA**



WHAT IS THIS THEN?

 Sign in with Facebook

+ Sign in with Google

 Sign in with LinkedIn

 Sign in with Twitter



+

custom stuff

+





Accessing APIs

Identification



**AVOIDS
HANDLING
PASSWORDS**

**ENABLES
STRONG
MULTI-FACTOR
AUTH**

**OFFLOADS
COMPLEXITY**

GETTING STARTED



oauth.net
specs, extensions and links to resources

oauth.wtf
my video course and book

OAuth 2.1

[[Search](#)] [[txt](#) | [html](#) | [pdf](#)] [[Tracker](#)] [[WG](#)] [[Email](#)] [[Diff1](#)] [[Diff2](#)] [[Nits](#)]

Versions: ([draft-parecki-oauth-v2-1](#)) [00](#) [01](#) [02](#) [03](#)
[04](#)

OAuth Working Group

D. Hardt

Internet-Draft

Hellō

Intended status: Standards Track

A. Parecki

Expires: 8 April 2022

Okta

T. Lodderstedt

yes.com

5 October 2021

The OAuth 2.1 Authorization Framework draft-ietf-oauth-v2-1-04

Abstract

The OAuth 2.1 authorization framework enables a third-party application to obtain limited access to an HTTP service, either on behalf of a resource owner by orchestrating an approval interaction between the resource owner and an authorization server, or by

THANK YOU!



@AARONPK
AARONPK.COM
OAUTH.WTF