

**BRIEF DISTRICT INDUSTRIAL PROFILE  
OF  
AMRAVATI**

**2023-24**





सत्यामेव जयते  
Government of India  
Minstry of MSME

# Brief Industrial Profile of Amravati District



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## **Preface**

"Amravati, the erstwhile capital of the Satavahana dynasty, has evolved into a thriving industrial hub in the state of Maharashtra. Strategically located in the eastern part of the state, Amravati has leveraged its rich history, cultural heritage, and natural resources to emerge as a major player in India's industrial landscape.

This industrial profile of Amravati aims to highlight the city's industrial strengths, opportunities, and growth drivers. From its traditional expertise in textile manufacturing to its growing presence in sectors like food processing, pharmaceuticals, and renewable energy, Amravati's industrial landscape is diverse and dynamic. The city's proximity to major markets, availability of skilled workforce, and investor-friendly policies have made it an attractive destination for businesses looking to tap into the vast potential of the region.

Through this profile, we seek to provide a comprehensive overview of Amravati's industrial ecosystem, showcasing its success stories, infrastructure, and policy initiatives. As Amravati continues to grow and evolve into a major industrial hub, this profile will serve as a valuable resource for investors, policymakers, and stakeholders looking to explore the city's vast industrial potential and contribute to its growth story."

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## **Brief Industrial Profile of Amravati District**

### **1. General Characteristics of the District:**

For the purpose of administrative conveyance, the district is divided into 14 Tahsils and 14 Panchayat Samities. According to the 2001 Census, there was 843 Gram Panchayat for the purpose of Rural Development.

Amravati district stretches over an area of 12212 Sq. Km. In the terms of area; Amravati district constitutes 3.96% of the total area of the Maharashtra State. Total population of the district according to 2001 census was 2607160 out of which 1345610 were males and 1261550 were females. Of the total population, 65.50% is residing in rural area and 34.50% is residing in urban area. The density of the population according to the 2001 census was 214 persons/Sq. Km.

### **Location & Geographical Area:**

The total geographical area of Amravati District is 12212 sq. km. and its only 3.97 % of Maharashtra. 75% of Amravati district covered by Deccan Trap while 25% area covered by Purna alluvium. The global location of the district extends between 21.30' to 21.50' north latitude and 76.35' to 78.27' east longitude.

Amravati district is located in the Vidharbha region on the north eastern side of the State of Maharashtra. It is bounded by the Khandwa and Betul districts of Madhya Pradesh State on the north and by the Maharashtra districts of Nagpur on the northeast, Wardha on the east, Yavatmal on the south, Washim on the southwest and Akola and Buldhana districts on the west.

### **Topography:**

The total geographical area of Amravati District is 12212 sq. km. and its only 3.97 % of Maharashtra. 75% of Amravati district covered by Deccan Trap while 25% area covered by Purna alluvium. The total area of Purna alluvium is 3053 sq. kms. out of which 1562 sq.kms area belongs to saline zone which is Quality affected area. The ground water in this area is not used for Irrigation and Drinking purposes, where as North East part of district is high irrigation activity mainly orange fruit crop which develop imbalance in ground water.

### **Availability of Minerals:**

Amravati district is one of the few locations in the State having Sandstone. The only Major mineral found in district is Fireclay. It is found in Achalpur Tahsil. Any construction material is categorized into minor mineral e.g. Murum, Stone, Sand, clay.

### **Mineral Reserves on 31.03.2014**

S.No.	Name Of Mineral	Reserves in Million tones 2014
Major Mineral		
1.	Clay	1.500

Source: - District mining officer, Amravati

## **FOREST**

The forests in Dharni and Chikhaldara talukas have bamboo and teak trees in plenty. Chikhaldara also grows coffee and is the only region to have coffee plantations in the entire State.

### **Geography:**

The district's rich natural resources feature hills, vales and dense forests in the Satpura range. Centered in the Vidarbha region, the district has mostly tropical climate, facing extreme variations in temperature with very hot summers and very cold winters. Summer temperatures can go up to the higher 40's. Amravati district receives rainfall from south westerly monsoons mainly in the months of June, July, August and September.

Chikhaldara and Dharni talukas form the Melghat region that is spread over 4000 sq km. This region boasts of thick forests spread over the Satpura mountain range. The forest in Dharni has predominantly teak while that in Chikhaldara has bamboo. Tendu leaves can also be found here in plenty. The taluka headquarters of Chikhaldara is a famous hill station that maintains a cool temperature even in the hot summers.

The taluka of Chandur-Railway next to the city of Amravati, at a height of 500m above the sea level, is also a hilly region. The rest of the district is mainly a plateau with fertile black soil. The Purna and Wardha River beds are rich and fertile.

Large rivers like Purna, Wardha, Tapi, Sipna and smaller rivers like Kapra, Gadga, Chudaman and Kholat flow through the district. Wardha River marks the eastern boundary of the district and the Tapi River its northern boundary.

The Shahanur dam, built on the Shahanur River is situated in the Anjangaon-Surji taluka while the Chandrabhaga dam on River Chandrabhaga is situated in the Achalpur taluka near Bopapur.

### **Connectivity:**

#### **Railway**

The Mumbai-Bhusaval-Nagpur-Kolkata broad gauge rail line, Murtijapur-Achalpur, Khandwa- Akola-Purna and Badnera-Amravati broad gauge rail line run through the district. These connect Amravati to the bigger cities of Mumbai, Hyderabad, Nagpur, Delhi and Chennai.

#### **Roadways**

The National Highway 6 that runs between Hazira-Dhule-Kolkata passes through the district, thus making markets accessible and helping trade and business in the district.

### **What is noteworthy :**

Chikhaldara hill station, Melghat Tiger Reserve, Gurukunj Ashram at Mozari .

Amravati district is steeped in mythology and fables with references in the great Hindu epic Mahabharat. Rukmini, Lord Krishna's wife, is believed to be the daughter of the king of Kundinpur (currently known as Kaundinyapur). It is said that Lord Krishna kidnapped Rukmini while she was praying at the temple of Amba Devi.

### **Demography:**

<b>Geographical area (sq km)</b>	12,235
<b>Population (as per census 2011)</b>	2,888,445
Rural	1,851,158
Urban	1,037,287
Male	1,480,768
Female	1,407,677
<b>Sex ratio (M:F)</b>	1000:951
<b>Literacy (%)</b>	87.4
Male literacy (%)	91.5
Female literacy (%)	83.1

### **Agriculture**

Like the rest of Vidarbha, the economy in Amravati is mainly dependent on agriculture. Food grains occupy the largest cultivable area, out of which, Sorghum occupies nearly 50%. It is also the main crop of the district occupying 20% of the irrigated land area and is mainly cultivated in the Tivsa, Nandgaon-Kandeshwar, Morshi, Warud and Chandur-Railway talukas. Cotton is an important cash crop in the district as a large part of the planes has black soil suitable for cotton, known as Regur soil or black cotton soil. The district is always among the first three districts in the State in terms of total cultivated area and production of cotton. Red gram, wheat, green chickpea, sugarcane, green chilies, oranges, sweet lime and betel leaves are the other crops grown in the district. Amravati district is also famous for oranges and along with Nagpur, tops the production of oranges in the State.

### **Rainfall and Temperature**

The climate of this district is hot and dry. The year is divided into three seasons, cold season is from November to February, hot season is from March to May and the monsoon season is from June to October. The area receives rainfall during southwest monsoon. The average rainfall 700-800 m.m.. The maximum temperature during summer goes upto 36<sup>0</sup>c while the minimum temperature during winter drops to 20<sup>0</sup>c.

### **River and Drainage pattern**

There are three main river Tapi, Purna and Wardha .The Purna rises in the southern slopes of Gavilgarh hills and flows southerly & S-E direction till it turns Westward and from a part of the district boundary between Amravati & Akola. Pedhi, Arna, Chandrabhaga and the Shahnur are important tributaries of Purna. The Wardha river rises at Multai in Madhya Pradesh and from the eastern boundary of district and receives a number of short tributaries at its right flowing within district Maru And Chargar are important tributaries that join Wardha. The Tapi

flows along the N-W boundary of the district Khardu, Sipna, Dewal & Dhulghat are its tributaries. Mainly area shows dendrites drainage pattern, while Purna alluvium basin cover parallel to sub parallel drainage pattern & is almost plain area

### **Administrative set up.**

The district of Amravati consists of 14 Tehsils, namely-Daryapur, Anjangaon-Surji, Achalpur, Chandur Bazaar, Morshi, Warud, Tivsa, Bhatkuli, Amravati, Nandgaon-Kandeshwar, Chandur-Railway, Chikhaldara, Dharni, Dhamangaon-Railway; While 10 Municipal corporations. The Amravati is the districts headquarter.

### **2. District at a glance**

S.No	Particular	Year	Unit	Statistics
<b>1.</b>	<b>Geographical features</b>			
(A)	Geographical Data			
i)	Latitude			20.30 to 21.50
ii)	Longitude			76.35 to 78.27
iii)	Geographical Area		Sq. KM	12235
(B)	Administrative Units			
i)	Sub divisions	2023		07
ii)	Tehsils	2023		14
iii)	Villages	2023		2016
iv)	Patwari Circle			NA
v)	Panchayat Samities	2023		14
vi)	Nagar Nigam	2023		1
vii)	Nagar Parishad	2023		14
viii)	Gram Panchayats	2023		841
xi)	Revenue villages	2023		2016
x)	Assembly Area	2023		8
<b>2.</b>				
(A)	Sex-wise			
i)	Male	2011	Thousand	1,481
ii)	Female	2011	Thousand	1,407
(B)	Rural Population	2011	Thousand	1,851
<b>3.</b>				
A.	Land utilization			
i)	Total Area	2020-21	Sq. Km	12235
ii)	Forest cover	2020-21	Sq. Km	5080.85
iii)	Non Agriculture Land	2011	Th. Hec.	14
v)	cultivable Barren land	2011	Th. Hec	26
<b>4.</b>	(i) Forest	2020-21	Sq. Km.	5080.85
<b>5.</b>				
A.	<b>Cattle</b>			
i)	Cows	2012	Thousand	502
ii)	Buffaloes	2012	Thousand	125
B.	<b>Other livestock</b>			
i)	Goats	2007	Thousand	368
ii)	Pigs	2007	Nos.	NA
iii)	Chicken & Duck	2007	Thousand	NA

	<b>iv) Railways</b>			
i)	Length of rail line	2010-11	Kms	195
	<b>V) Roads</b>			
(a)	National Highway	2010-11	Kms	57
(b)	State Highway	2010-11	Kms	1448
(c)	Main District Highway	2010-11	Kms	1343
(d)	Other District Roads	2010-11	Kms	1202
(e)	Rural road	2010-11	Kms	4600
(f)	Kachcha Road	2010-11	Kms	NA
	<b>(VI) Communication</b>			
(a)	Telephone connection	2010-11	Nos.	58089
(b)	Post offices	2010-11	Nos.	456
(c)	Telephone center	2010-11	Nos.	NA
(d)	Density of Telephone	2010-11	Nos./1000 person	NA
(e)	Density of Telephone	2010-11	No. per KM.	NA
(f)	PCO Rural	2010-11	No.	NA
(g)	PCO STD	2010-11	No.	NA
(h)	Mobile	2010-11	No.	NA
	<b>(VII) Public Health</b>			
(a)	Hospital	2020-21	No.	19
(b)	Beds in Allopathic hospitals		No.	2051
(c)	Ayurvedic Hospital		No.	NA
(d)	Beds in Ayurvedic hospitals		No.	NA
(e)	Unani hospitals		No.	NA
(f)	Community health centers		No.	8
(g)	Primary health centers		No.	56
(h)	Dispensaries		No.	119
(i)	Sub Health Centers		No.	333
(j)	Private hospitals		No.	NA
(k)	Maternity Home		No.	NA
	<b>(VIII) Banking</b>			
(a)	Commercial Bank		Nos.	161
(b)	Pvt. Banks		Nos.	681
(c)	Cooperative Bank		Nos.	414
(d)	BDCC Bank Ltd.		Nos.	782
	<b>(IX) Education</b>			
(a)	Primary school & Middle schools	2020-21	Nos.	11,574
(c)	Secondary & senior secondary schools	2020-21	Nos.	3181
(d)	Colleges		Nos.	258
(e)	ITI		Nos.	41

**2.1 Existing Status of Industrial Areas in the District Amravati as on 31.10.2023.**

S. No .	Name of Ind. Area	Land acquired (In hectare)	Land developed (In hectare)	Prevailing Rate Per Sq.m. (In Rs.)	No of Plots	No of allotted Plots	No of Vacant Plots	No. of Units in Production
1	Amravati	178.95	178.95	1053	606	588	18	451
2	Nandgaon peth	2809.8	2753.81	484	1224	1019	205	125
3	Achapur	178.89	178.89	200	107	102	5	8
4	Dhamangaon	99.35	99.35	200	36	31	5	9
5	Anjangaon	10	8.48	200	27	27	0	14
6	Chandur Rly	17.36	15.92	200	43	40	3	13
7	Daryapur	16.05	12.68	200	34	30	4	6
8	Dharni	10	4.76	200	21	14	7	0
9	Tiwsa	13.17	8.15	200	20	20	0	5
10	Warud	12.56	11.35	200	50	43	7	5
11	Morshi	13.41	13.41	200	18	18	0	6
12	Bhatkuli	17.04	16.88	200	16	16	0	1
13	Nandgaon Khandeshwar	10.35	10.35	200	38	0	38	0
	Total	3387	2627	---	2240	1948	292	643

Source: - MIDC, Amravati

### 3. Industrial Scenario Of Amravati

#### Industry at a Glance

Sr No	Head	Unit	Particulars
1.	Registered Industrial Unit	No.	64259
2.	Total Industrial Unit	No.	64259
3.	Registered Medium & Large Unit	No.	47
4.	Estimated Avg. No. Of Worker Employed In Small Scale Industries	No.	21736
5.	Employment In Large And Medium Industries	No.	5240
6.	No. Of Industrial Area	No.	12
7.	Turnover Of Small Scale Ind.	In Cr.	2675.83

#### YEAR WISE TREND OF UNITS REGISTERED Upto 2023

	Year	Number Of Registered Units	Employment	Investment (lakh Rs.)
Up to	1984-85	243	1684	379.87
	1985-86	267	1818	418.42
	1986-87	283	1892	466.51
	1987-88	313	2036	586.19
	1988-89	337	2221	718.14
	1989-90	371	2468	832.16
	1990-91	452	2762	1121.10
	1991-92	551	3063	1354.73
	1992-93	633	3333	1517.23
	1993-94	708	3424	1871.04
	1994-95	813	4256	2466.16
	1995-96	894	4865	3159.20
	1996-97	966	5285	3628.48
	1997-98	1039	5748	4272.34
	1998-99	1127	6313	5328.13
	1999-2000	1212	6918	6500.94
	2000-01	1265	7325	7942.95
	2001-2002	1330	7818	9599.66
	2002-03	1540	8416	10579.73
	2003-04	1827	9672	11977.88
	2004-05	2040	11326	13199.31
	2005-06	2070	11538	13601.70
	2006-07	2196	12003	13807.70
	2007-08	2341	13429	15205.78
	2008-09	2554	15371	16077.89
	2009-10	2616	15739	16570.56
	2010-11	2708	16813	20114.82

	2011-12	73	560	742.00
	2012-13	91	1081	2921.00
	2013-14	204	1559	3789.00
	2014-15	401	1247	638.08
	2015-16	848	2457	1142.53
	2016-17	616	1719	1426.05
	2017-18	1844	5198	3184.10
	2018-19	2076	5336	3099.64
	2019-20	2197	6219	6886.21
	2020-21	5779	7771	3810.42
	2021-22	3490	7105	3033.38
	2022-23	2646	7214	3091.45

**Source: DIC, Amravati**

Enterprise	Year	Micro			Small			Medium			Total		
		No. Of Enterprises	Employee	Investment (in Lacs)	No. Of Enterprises	Employee	Investment	No. Of Enterprises	Employee	Investment	No. Of Enterprises	Employee	Investment
Manufacturing	2014	66	263	180.48	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	66	263	180.48
	2015	153	667	210.73	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	153	667	210.73
	2016	113	430	301.51	4	32	374.65	0	0	0	117	462	676.16
	2017	364	1230	602.43	10	51	199.42	0	0	0	374	1281	801.85
	2018	438	1180	621.36	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	438	1180	621.36
	2019	521	1831	676.24	1	60	461.88	0	0	0	522	1891	1138.12
	2020	519	1726	681.32	1	1	0.85	0	0	0	520	1727	682.17
	2021	572	1472	720.40	1	5	20.30	0	0	0	573	1477	740.70
	2022	584	1672	409.14	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	584	1672	409.14
	2023	1587	5619	1332.78	3	0	116.89	0	0	0	1590	5619	1449.67
	Total	4917	16090	5736.39	20	149	1173.99	0	0	0	4937	16239	6910.38
Service	2014	125	400	154.15	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	125	400	154.15
	2015	259	680	248.29	2	5	15.30	0	0	0	261	685	263.59
	2016	180	438	140.92	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	180	438	140.92
	2017	510	1371	587.45	1	1	4.57	0	0	0	511	1372	592.02
	2018	613	1618	1026.29	1	2	3.72	0	0	0	614	1620	1030.01
	2019	608	1688	3945.93	3	15	580.21	0	0	0	611	1703	4526.14
	2020	913	2610	1025.16	2	9	202.85	0	0	0	915	2619	1228.01
	2021	821	2255	707.93	1	15	234.41	0	0	0	822	2270	942.34
	2022	832	2177	901.16	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	832	2177	901.16
	2023	2040	5237	2036.91	2	31	27.29	0	0	0	2042	5268	2064.20
	Total	6901	18474	10774.21	12	78	1068.34	0	0	0	6913	18552	11842.55

<b>Trading</b>	2014	206	569	286.36	4	15	17.09	0	0	0.00	210	584	303.45
	2015	429	1081	635.51	3	9	15.54	2	15	17.15	434	1105	668.21
	2016	313	781	481.94	6	38	127.03	0	0	0.00	319	819	608.97
	2017	945	2489	1495.12	14	56	295.11	0	0	0.00	959	2545	1790.23
	2018	1016	2496	1302.66	8	40	145.61	0	0	0.00	1024	2536	1448.27
	2019	1057	2580	1099.15	7	45	122.80	0	0	0.00	1064	2625	1221.95
	2020	1424	3394	1699.05	8	28	199.93	1	3	1.26	1433	3425	1900.24
	2021	1188	3343	1315.62	2	5	1.31	1	10	33.41	1191	3358	1350.34
	2022	1229	3361	1780.87	1	4	0.27	0	0	0.00	1230	3365	1781.15
	2023	2825	7098	2743.93	5	17	697.42	0	0	0.00	2830	7115	3441.35
<b>Total</b>		<b>10632</b>	<b>27192</b>	<b>12840.23</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>1622.11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>51.83</b>	<b>10694</b>	<b>27477</b>	<b>14514.17</b>
Mfg.	4917	16090	5736.39	20	149	1173.99	0	0	0	4937	16239	6910.38	
Service	6901	18474	10774.21	12	78	1068.34	0	0	0	6913	18552	11842.55	
Trading	10632	27192	12840.23	58	257	1622.12	4	28	51.82564	10694	27477	14514.17	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>22450</b>	<b>61756</b>	<b>29350.83</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>3864.45</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>51.83</b>	<b>22544</b>	<b>62268</b>	<b>33267.10</b>	

**3.3 DETAILS OF MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISES AND ARTISAN UNITS IN THEAMRAVATI DISTRICT.**

**MSMEs GroupWise**

NIC 2008	No. Of Units	Employee	Investment (in Lakhs)
10 Manufacture of food products	2171	6468	2625.25
11 Manufacture of beverages	44	132	37.26
12 Manufacture of tobacco products	82	109	15.27
13 Manufacture of textiles	185	593	249.99
14 Manufacture of wearing apparel	628	1918	658.61
15 Manufacture of leather and related products	81	191	24.97
16 Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	163	564	114.97
17 Manufacture of paper and paper products	60	158	226.25
18 Printing and reproduction of recorded media	55	135	71.76
19 Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	7	36	16.81
20 Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	127	362	215.22
21 Manufacture of pharmaceuticals, medicinal chemical and botanical products	44	104	41.26
22 Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	67	216	456.33
23 Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	129	729	657.35
24 Manufacture of basic metals	84	228	113.72
25 Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	167	495	215.06
26 Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	50	97	25.75
27 Manufacture of electrical equipment	109	301	99.27
28 Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	77	227	584.08
29 Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	49	156	41.06
30 Manufacture of other transport equipment	39	111	31.24
31 Manufacture of furniture	141	494	223.67
32 Other manufacturing	510	1476	570.97
33 Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	110	258	62.93

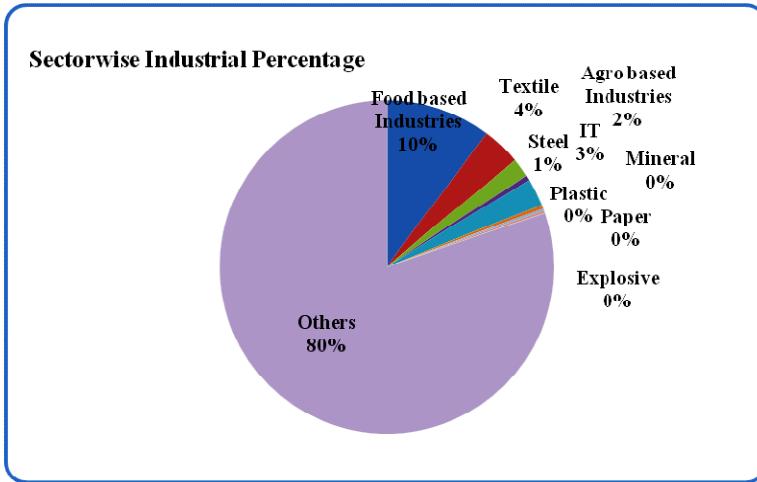
35 Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	26	81	27.3
36 Water collection, treatment and supply	22	73	47.77
37 Sewerage	2	2	0
38 Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	8	37	7.8
39 Remediation activities and other waste management services	1	3	0
41 Construction of buildings	449	2717	1463.03
42 Civil engineering	168	713	422.97
43 Specialized construction activities	179	660	268.24
45 Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	388	1442	380.91
46 Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	2122	5973	3913.34
47 Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	4263	9239	5313.28
49 Land transport and transport via pipelines	548	1167	696.46
50 Water transport	60	127	13.93
51 Air transport	24	81	4
52 Warehousing and support activities for transportation	280	901	273.29
53 Postal and courier activities	31	79	20.94
55 Accommodation	107	355	66.05
56 Food and beverage service activities	1827	5546	1682.22
58 Publishing activities	76	207	48.77
59 Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities	82	322	138.01
60 Broadcasting and programming activities	8	11	0.97
61 Telecommunications	90	247	250.56
62 Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	210	481	122.41
63 Information service activities	158	304	158.87
64 Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding	114	295	132.74
65 Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	22	47	12.75
66 Other financial activities	122	356	154.44
68 Real estate activities	215	727	326.9
69 Legal and accounting activities	68	182	37.37
70 Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	30	98	40.22

71 Architecture and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	121	388	132.4
72 Scientific research and development	7	20	7.22
73 Advertising and market research	33	80	14.57
74 Other professional, scientific and technical activities	417	1035	782.64
75 Veterinary activities	37	108	91.11
77 Rental and leasing activities	110	356	104.44
78 Employment activities	59	420	35.09
79 Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service activities	346	743	328.35
80 Security and investigation activities	9	47	2.05
81 Services to buildings and landscape activities	133	609	210.84
82 Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	107	352	104.27
84 Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	12	25	4.7
85 Education	206	620	72.56
86 Human health activities	256	1105	1070.11
87 Residential care activities	100	260	55.39
88 Social work activities without accommodation	43	196	26.65
90 Creative, arts and entertainment activities	86	247	62.5
91 Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities	3	10	0.15
93 Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	17	39	17.15
94 Activities of membership organizations	22	96	17.7
95 Repair of computers and personal and household goods	283	525	174
96 Other personal service activities	1751	3944	1597.29

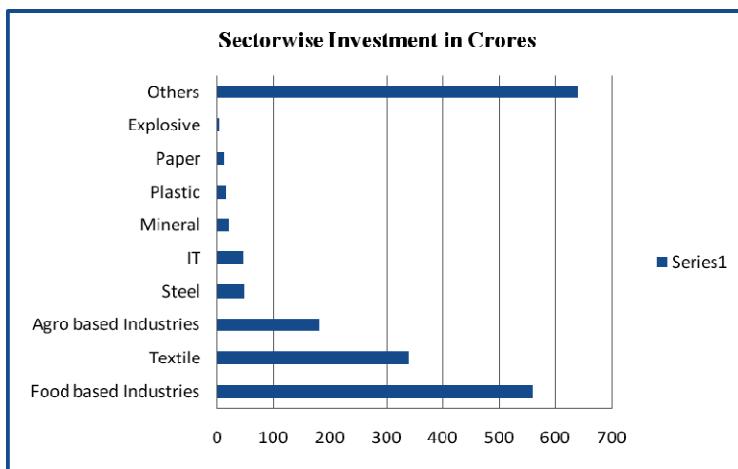
Source: DIC, Amravati

**Sector wise details of MSME Chart 1.1, 1.2 & 1.3 (Source DIC)**

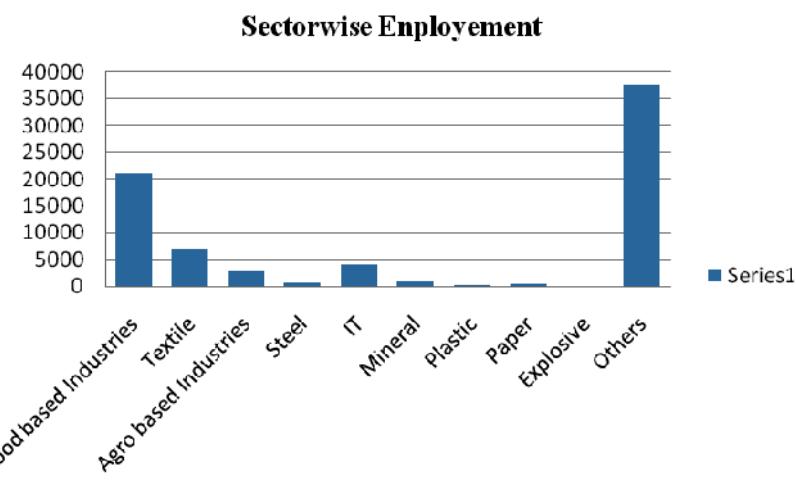
Sl. No.	Sector	No. of Industries	Investment (in Cr.)	Employment
1.	Food based Industries	5352	560.91	21184
2.	Textile	1949	341.22	6947
3.	Agro based Industries	953	182.46	2859
4.	Steel	264	49.34	664
5.	IT	1412	47.46	4136
6.	Mineral	198	21.04	986
7.	Plastic	117	16.52	351
8.	Paper	123	12.37	462
9.	Explosive	22	4.82	56
10	Others	42020	639.70	37645
	<b>Total</b>	<b>10390</b>	<b>1236.14</b>	<b>37645</b>



**Chart 1.1**



**Chart 1.2**



**Chart 1.3**

### **3.3.1 Definition of MSME**

MSME stands for Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises. In accordance with the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act in 2006, the enterprises are classified into two divisions.

1. **Manufacturing enterprises** – engaged in the manufacturing or production of goods in any industry
2. **Service enterprises** – engaged in providing or rendering services

#### **Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSME) Definition**

In 2020, the Government of India revised the definition and criteria for classifying Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006. The new classification for [MSME Registration](#) is based on a composite criterion of investment and turnover instead of the previous investment criterion only.

##### **What is Micro Enterprise?**

A micro-enterprise is defined as an enterprise having an investment in plant and machinery or equipment less than one crore rupees, with a turnover that does not surpass five crore rupees. A micro-enterprise can be engaged in manufacturing, services activities.

##### **What is Small Enterprise?**

A small enterprise is defined as an enterprise having an investment in plant and machinery or equipment that is less than 10 crore rupees, and the turnover does not exceed 50 crore rupees. A small enterprise can also be involved in manufacturing, services activities.

##### **What is Medium Enterprise?**

A medium enterprise is defined as an enterprise having an investment in plant and machinery or equipment that is less than 50 crore rupees. The turnover does not go over two hundred and fifty crore rupees. A medium enterprise can likewise be engaged in manufacturing, services activities.

### **3.4 Large Scale Industries / Public Sector undertakings**

List of the units in Amravati & nearby Area

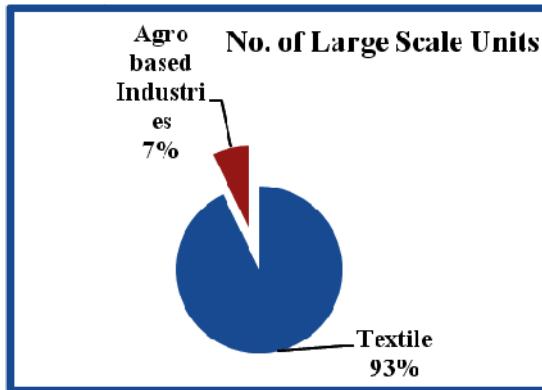
Sr	Name And Address	Location	Production	Investment (Rs. Cr.)	Empl.
1	Bhaskar Food Pvt Ltd, S.No. 16/1, 2, 3, Bopi, Tal. Nandgaon Kh.	Bopi Tq. Nandgaon Kh	Soyabean Seed	20.87	74
2	Bhaskar Food PvtLtd, S.No.16/1,2,3, Bopi, Tal. Nandgaon Kh.	Bopi Tq. Nandgaon Kh.	Soyabean Oil	20.89	74
3	Melghat AdivasiSah. Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Temli, Dharni	Temli, Dharni, Amravati	Production of Sugar	21	0
4	Shri Gajanan Shakari Soot GirniLtd., Wagholi, Dhamangaon Rly.	Dhamangaon Rly.	Cotton, Carded or Combed	21.33	223
5	Sant Gadge Baba Sahakari Soot Girni Ltd., Dahinda Road, Daryapur	Dahihanda Road Babhali	Cotton Yarn	24.86	590
6	Shri Kondeshwar Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Ramnagar, Fubgaon, Tal. Nandgaon Kh.	Ramnagar, Fubgaon	White Crystal Sugar	36.3	176
7	Degee Cotsyn Pvt Ltd, Amravati	S.No.51, Dhaba, Nandgaon Kh.	Cotton Spinning Ginning WeavingOf Cotton	79.22	134
8	Jawahar Sahakari Soot Girni Ltd., Deshmukh House, Ward No. 9, Dhamangaon Rly.	Dhamangaon Rly.	Cotton Yarn	19.72	17
9	Dr. Babasahed Ambedkar Sah. Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., 20, Dhadiwal LayOut,	Tewasa	White Crystal Sugar	25	360
10	Bemco Sleepers Pvt. Ltd, Badnera, Amravati	Badnera, Amravati	Other	11	91
11	Citrop India Pvt .Ltd, 501/D , Worli, Mumbai	Morshi	Frozen OrangeJuice	35.61	156

12	Khetan Agro Industries Pvt. Ltd,Penn Court, 5-B, Judge Court Road, Calcutta- 700 027	Badnera, Amravati	Processed Cheese	80.75	1000
13	Shree Tatyasaheb Kore Warna Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana, At.Warna nagar, Tal. Panhala, Distt.Kolhapur	Anjangaon Surji	Industrial Alcohol;	13.85	75
14	Melghat Shetkari Sah. Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Rasik Melghat Service Post Dharni	Khaparkheda, Dharni	White Crystal Sugar	25	360
15	Rawassa Construction, Khar, Mumbai	At. Wazar Tq. Achalpur	Iron, Ore	34.2	129
16	Deegee Cotson Pvt Ltd, Amravati	S.No.51, Dhaba, Nandgaon Kh.	Generati On Of Electricity	35.38	50
17	M.S.M. Energy Limited, 8-2-293/82/1115, Road No. 54, Jubilee Hills, Hydrerabad 500 033	Gat No 88 & 145 Kholapur, Tal. Bhatkuli	Generati On And SupplyOf Power	45	55

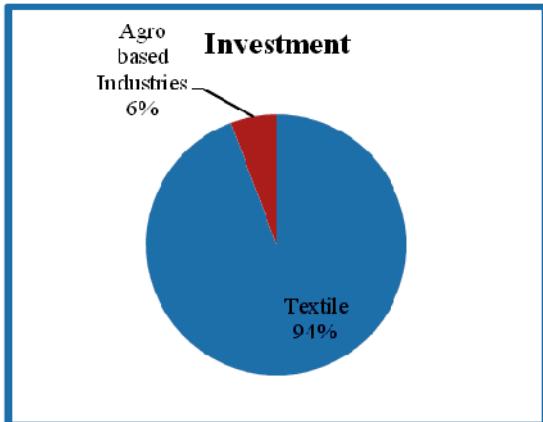
*Source DIC*

**3.5 Sectorwise Investment in Large Scale Industries .Chart 1.4, 1.5 & 1.6 (Source DIC)**

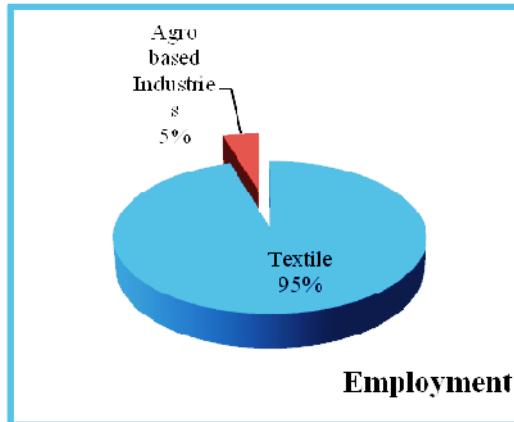
Sl. No.	Sector	No. o Units	Investment	Employment
1.	Textile	13	2046.64	5523
2.	Agro based Industries	1	124.00	265
	<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2170.64</b>	<b>5788</b>



**Chart 1.4**



**Chart 1.5**



**Chart 1.6**

### **3.6 Growth Trend:**

The district has many power looms, hand looms, yarn mills and ginning-pressing mills as a result of the good quality cotton that grows here. Weaving of mats and rugs is an important occupation for the people here.

Amravati, Anjangaon, Warud, Achalpur, Daryapur, Morshi talukas have industrial estates. The industrial estate at Saturna runs on cooperative principles. Amravati and Mozari have pharmaceutical manufacturing units. Amravati also has plastic manufacturing and chemical fertilizer plants. The district has only two sugar factories, Shetkari Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana at Devgaon Nagpur in Chandur-Railway taluka and Shri Kondeshwar Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana at Ramnagar (Phulgaon).

There is growth trend in Auto repairing, General engineering, textiles, ginning& pressing, oil seed crushing, metal working ( aluminium, copper, brassware), printing and book binding, kumkum making industry, Agro and food products, fabrication of metals, textile industries, and non metallic mineral. (*Refer Page 17 to 22*)

<b>List Of Implemented Industrial Projects In Amravati Division</b>					
<b>Sr No</b>	<b>Name Of The Unit</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Product</b>	<b>Inv Rs Crs</b>	<b>Empl</b>
1	Deegee Cotsyn Pvt. Ltd.	S.NO.25/6, 44/1, Amravati	Generation Of Power CPP	122.00	535
2	Finaley Mills	Shed No.40, Plot No.1, Achalpur	Textile	279.48	1049
3	Vhm Industries	Plot No T-2 Midc, Nandgaon Peth	Denim And Yarn Dying	199.24	346
4	Golden Fibre Llp	Plot No T-8 Midc, Nandgaon Peth	Lenan Yarn	125.00	350
5	Raymond Luxury Cotton Ltd.,	Plot No, T-18/1 Nandgaonpeth	Textile	188.00	550
6	Damodar Industries	MIDC Nandgaonpeth T-22	Spinning Of Yarn	150.00	280
7	Siyaram Silk Mill	Pl.No.T 9, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Textile	243.88	700
8	Technocraft Industries (India)Ltd	Pl.No.T-25, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Cotton Yarn	183.00	200
9	Sudarshan Jeans Pvt Ltd	Additional Amravati MIDC, Nandgon Peth, Textile Park, Distt. Amravati	Textile	260.00	150
10	Shyam Indofab Pvt. Ltd	PLOT NO T-1 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Fabric Knitting	68.00	318
11	Suryalakshmi Cotton Mill	PLOT NO T-3 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Coton Yarn	119.00	256
12	Baleshwar Synthetic Textile	Pl.No.T4, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Fabric Dying	32.00	100

13	M/S. Partap Industries Limited	Additional Amravati MIDC, Nandgon Peth, Textile Park, Distt. Amravati	Cotton Yarn	260.00	350
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List Of Mega Projects In Amravati Region (Since June 2005)					
Name Of The Project	Location	Activity	Sector	Prop Inv Rs Crs	Prop Empl
Deegee Cotsyn Pvt. Ltd.	S.NO.25/6, 44/1, Amravati	Ginning ,Pressing & Spinning Of Cotton	Textile	122.00	514
VHM Industries	PLOT NO T-2 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Yarn Dyning & Weaving	Textile	280.00	560
Damodar Industries	MIDC Nandgaonpeth T-26	Spinning Of Yarn	Textile	140.00	553
Finaley Mills	SHED NO.40, PLOT NO.1, Achalpur	Cotton Fabrics	Textile	300.00	1250
Raymond Luxury Cotton Ltd.,	Plot No, T-18/1 Nandgaonpeth	Cotton Yarn	Textile	188.00	550
Siyaram Silk Mill	Pl.No.T 9, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Pl.No.T 9, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Textile	243.88	700
Golden Fibre Llp	PLOT NO T-8 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Lenen Yarn	Textile	150.00	500
Shyam Indofab Pvt. Ltd	PLOT NO T-1 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Fabric Knitting	Textile	260.00	620

#### Genderwise % participation in MSME. *Chart 1.6 A*

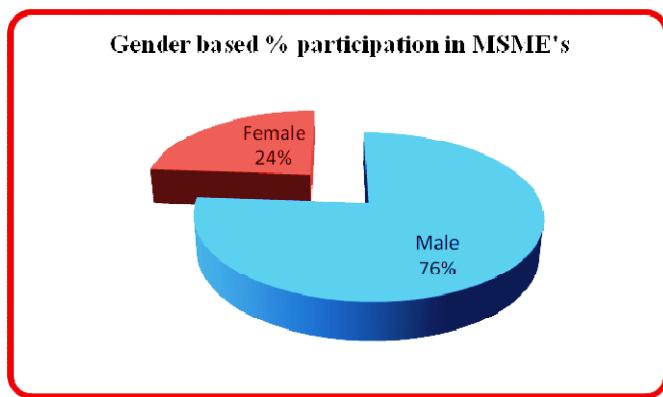


Chart 1.6A

### 3.7 UAM and Udyam Registration/Migration Trend Chart 1.7, 1.8 & 1.9

#### UAM registered Upto 2023

Manufacturing	-	6982
Service	-	25606
Trading	-	38082

Year	Micro	Small	Medium	Total
2020	5321	131	15	5467
2021	12001	458	38	12497
2022	18264	321	12	18597
2023	21167	158	5	21330
2024 till july	13076	61	1	13138
<b>Total</b>	<b>69829</b>	<b>1129</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>71029</b>

**Trend of Micro Enterprises**

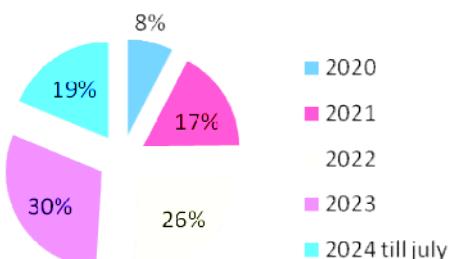


Chart 1.7

**Trend of Small Enterprises**

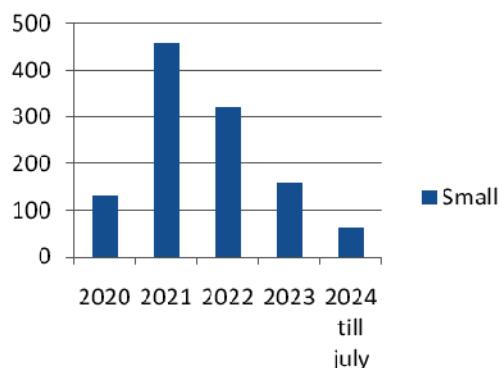


Chart 1.8

**Trend of Medium Enterprises**

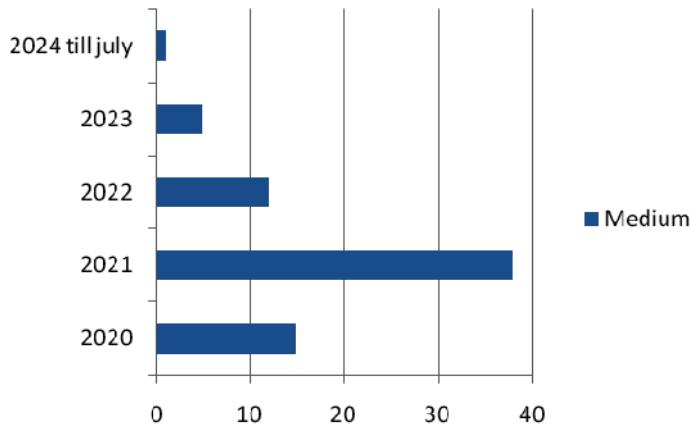


Chart 1.9

### **Vendorisation / Ancillarisation of the Industry:**

- **Textile Industry:** Amravati is known for its textile industry, with a focus on cotton production and processing.
- **Auto-repairing and General Engineering:** Amravati has a strong presence of auto-repairing and general engineering industries, catering to the needs of the automotive sector.
- **Ginning and Pressing:** The city is also home to various ginning and pressing units, supporting the textile industry.
- **Metal wares:** Amravati has a growing metal ware industry, producing a range of metal products.
- **Printing and Book-binding Industry:** The city's printing and book-binding industry caters to the needs of various sectors, including education and publishing.
- **Kumkum Industry:** Amravati is famous for its kumkum production, used in various applications, including cosmetics and religious rituals.

### **3.9 Medium Scale Enterprises (Source DIC)**

List of the units in Amravati & nearby Area

Sr	Name And Address	Location	Production	Investment (Rs.Crs.)	Emp L.
1	Narendra Solvex Pvt. Ltd, Rallies Road,Amravati	Darva, Nandgaon, Khadshi, Amravati	Poultry Feed In	0	0
2	Narendra Solvex Pvt. Ltd, Rallies Road, Amravati	Dabha Village Nandgaon Kh.	VigitableFats	9.22	116
3	Shree Amba Furtilizer Pvt. Ltd, Soni Building, Behind Sahakar Bhavan, Morshi Road, Amravati	Nandgaon Peth.	Super Phosphates, Mineral Salt, Chemical Fertilizer	0.82	35
4	The Maharashtra Agro Industries Development Corp. Ltd., Rajan House, 3rdFloor	Plot No.A1,MIDC Area, Morshi	Other/Or Ange Juice	0.84	77
5	Medesa InvestmentPvt. Ltd. 15, Andheri Indl. Estate, Virar Desai Rd., Andheri West-400058	MIDC Amravati	Articles For The Conveyance or Packaging of Goods	0.9	40
6	Osprey Electronic Pvt Ltd. 409-B,Narmada Appartment, Cabin Road, Bhayandar East, Thane-401105	Plot No. C-58, MIDC Amravati	Articles For The Conveyance or Packaging of Goods	0.9	40
7	Datta tray Papers And Pulp MillsPvt. Ltd,	Maholi Jahagir, Amt.	With Only One Layer Bleached	1.25	63
8	Prudential Polywears Ltd 15,Andheri West, Mumbai	Plot No. C-42, MIDC, Amravati	Articales For The Conveyance	1.62	65
9	Khushal Rerolling Industries Plot No. C-49, MIDC Amravati	Plot No.C- 49,50,MIDC Amravati	Offree- Cutting Steel	1.64	27
10	Shri Datta Furtilizer Pvt. Krushi Mandir, Cotton Market Road, Amravati	Borgaon (D) Amravati	Superpho Sphates.	1.94	100

11	The Vidharba Co-Op. Marketing Society Ltd., Badnera Road, Amravati	Amravati	Dimethoate 30% E.C.	2.14	72
12	Prudential Polywear Ltd. Village Nimbhari, Amravati	Plot No. C-53, MIDC Amravati	Articles for The Conveyance	3	159
13	Vidharbha Sugar Mills Pvt Ltd, Old Biyani Chowk, Camp, Amravati	Village Kurha Tq. Tiwasa	White Crystal Sugar	5.65	110
14	Narendra Solvex Pvt.Ltd, Rallies Road, Amravati	Dabha Village Nandgaon Kh.	Hydrogenated Veg. Oil, Vanaspati	9.22	116
15	Shree Mahalaxmi Petrochemicals Pvt. Ltd., Plot No.C-16, MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Plot No C-16 MIDC, Nandgaon Peth	Power Ethanol	2	11
16	Firecrest Investment Pvt.Ltd. 304,Mehajabeen Arcade, 9/11, 13-A, Chakala, X Lane, Vadgadi, Mumbai	Amravati MIDC Indl. Area	Articles For The Conveyance	0.09	40
17	Toyo Petrotex Ltd. 9/Ambar Appartment Tenth Road, Juhu Andheri, Mumbai-50	Plot No. C-2, MIDC, Amravati	Woven Sacks	0.09	40
18	Zinnia Holdings Pvt Ltd. C/28,Tardev Ac Market, Tardev Main Road, Mumbai	Plot No. C-59, MIDC, Amravati	Articles For The Conveyance	0.09	40
19	Z.A. Industries, Plot No.F-16,MIDC, Amravati	Plot No.F-16, MIDC, Amravati	H.D.P.E./P.P Mono Filament Ropes	0.29	1
20	Octopus Pvt Ltd. 22,Dyneshawar Bhavan, Periera Wadi, Sakinaka, Mumbai-105	Amravati MIDC Ind. Area	Articles For The Conveyancee	0.9	40

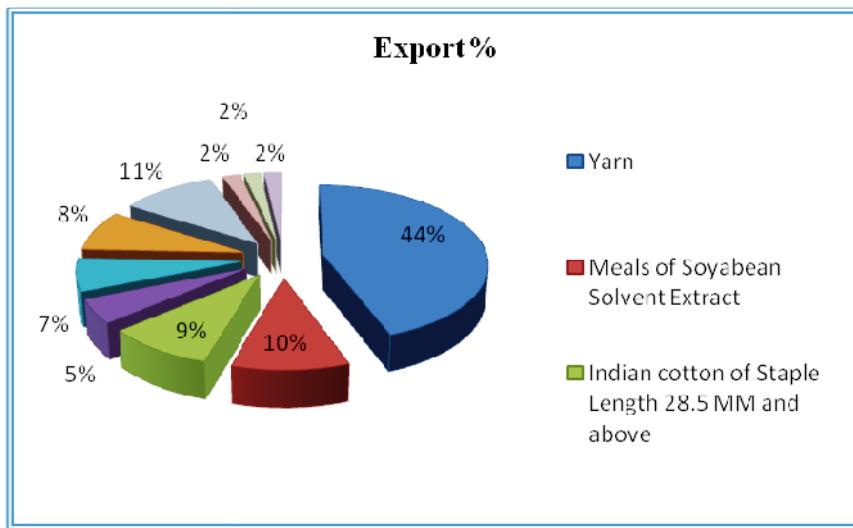
21	Stipule Steel Pvt Ltd. 22,Gyaneshwar Bhuvan, Periera Wadi, Sakinaka, Mumbai-72	Amravati MIDC Indust.	Articles For The Conveyance	0.9	40
22	Sontex Petro Product Ltd. B-12,Ganga Bhavan, J.P.Road, Andheri West, Mumbai-61	Amravati MIDC Industrial	Articles For The Conveyance	1.62	65
23	Raj Sarees Pvt.Ltd. S.No.132, Mauje Dabha, Nandgaon Kh.	S.No.132-1 Nandgaon Kh.	Printed Saree	1.68	150
24	Shri Ama Fertilizers (India) Pvt. Ltd. Nandgaon Peth, Tal.Amravati	Pragne Nandgaon Peth	Super phosphates	2.13	50
25	Aasutosh Spinning & Textile IndustriesPvt. Ltd., Nemani Factory, Amravati.	Village Mouje Jawara, Nandgaon Kh.	Cotton Yarn	2.58	52
26	Khodke Agro Products Pvt Ltd., Prashant TradersDevhari Complex, Khatri Compound,Amravati	Village Degaon, Amravati	Single Super Phosphate Fertilizer Grade-I	2	35
27	Gajanan Sakhar Karkhana Pvt. Ltd.Flat No. 35, Gopal Nagar, Amravati	Paraspur, Achalpur,	White Crystal Sugar	5	125
28	Produdential Polywere Ltd, 15, Andheri Indl. Estate, 22 Veera Desai Rd., AndheriWest, Mumvai	Plot No.C-54, MIDC Amravati	Articales For The Conveya Nce	1.62	65
29	Shri Ambadevi Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Nityanand Nagar, Dahegaon Road, Anjangaon Surji,	Dahigaon Anjangaon Surji	Rectified Spirit	6	52
30	Vidarbha Sugar Mill Pvt Ltd, Baner, Tal. Pune	At Kurha Tq. Tiwasa	Ethanol Alcohol	10	40

### 3.10 Major Exportable Item (Source DIC)

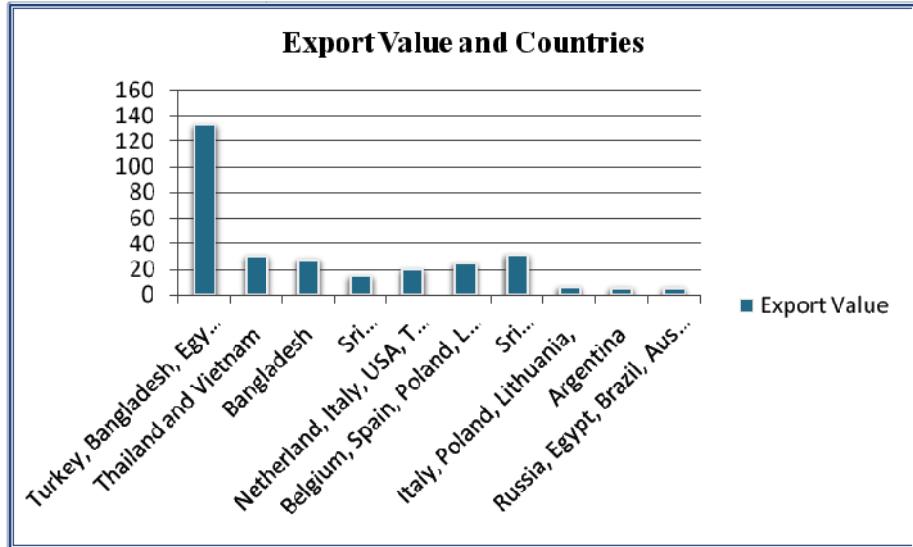
Cotton yarn, Engineering items, de-oiled cake, Orange, food grains, etc

Major Export Commodities and Countries **Chart 1.10 and 1.11**

Sl. No.	Major Commodities	Export Value	Country
1.	Yarn	133.7	Turkey, Bangladesh, Egypt, China and Bulgaria
2.	Meals of Soyabean Solvent Extract	30.67	Thailand and Vietnam
3.	Indian cotton of Staple Length 28.5 MM and above	28.08	Bangladesh
4.	Knitted and Crocheted Fabric of Synthetic Fiber	15.06	Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Vietnam, Indonesia
5.	Lecithin's	20.33	Netherland, Italy, USA, Turkey, Colombia
6.	Other Vegetable Textile Fiber	24.92	Belgium, Spain, Poland, Lithuania, UAE
7.	Readymade Garments	31.60	Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Italy, Lithuania, UAE
8.	Flax Yarn, Single, not put up for Retail Sale	6.06	Italy, Poland, Lithuania,
9.	Single Yarn of Combed Fabrics	5.38	Argentina
10.	Other Acyclic Polycarboxylic Acids and their Derivatives	5.37	Russia, Egypt, Brazil, Australia and Greece
	<b>Total</b>	<b>301.17</b>	



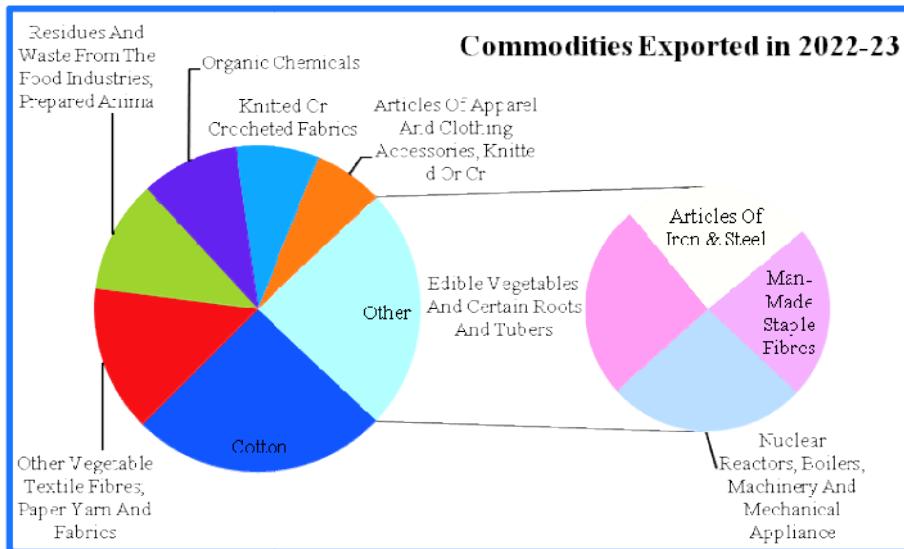
**Chart 1.10**



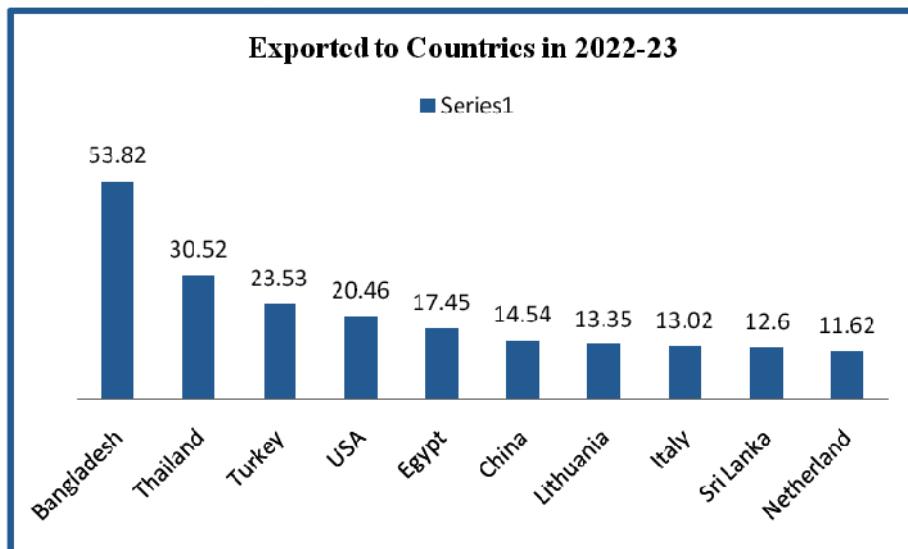
**Chart 1.11**

**Exported during the year 2022-23 (Chart 1.12 & 1.13)**

Top 10 Exporting Commodities	Total Exports (INR Cr)	Sum of Value INR Cr	Top 10 Exporting Countries
Cotton	330.55	53.82	Bangladesh
Other Vegetable Textile Fibres; Paper Yarn And Fabrics		30.52	Thailand
Residues And Waste From The Food Industries; Prepared Animal And Vegetable Substances		23.53	Turkey
Organic Chemicals		20.46	USA
Knitted Or Crocheted Fabrics		17.45	Egypt
Articles Of Apparel And Clothing Accessories, Knitted Or Crocheted		14.54	China
Nuclear Reactors, Boilers, Machinery And Mechanical Appliance		13.35	Lithuania
Edible Vegetables And Certain Roots And Tubers		13.02	Italy
Articles Of Iron & Steel		12.60	Sri Lanka
Man-Made Staple Fibres		11.62	Netherlands



**Chart 1.12**



**Chart 1.13**

**Exported during the year 2023-24 (Chart 1.14 & 1.15)**

Top 10 Exporting Commodities	Total Exports (INR Cr)	Sum of Value INR Cr	Top 10 Exporting Countries
Cotton	688.08	213.56	Bangladesh
Sugars And Sugar Confectionery		130.31	China
Organic Chemicals		46.83	Libya
Other Vegetable Textile Fibres; Paper Yarn And Fabrics		32.08	Turkey
Other Made Up Textile Articles; Sets; Worn Textile Articles		25.83	Colombia
Residues And Waste From The Food Industries; Prepared Animal		25.55	Netherlands
Nuclear Reactors, Boilers, Machinery And Mechanical Appliance		22.66	USA
Miscellaneous Chemical Products		17.05	Sri Lanka
Knitted Or Crocheted Fabrics		15.61	Egypt
Edible Vegetables And Certain Roots And Tubers		15.23	Vietnam

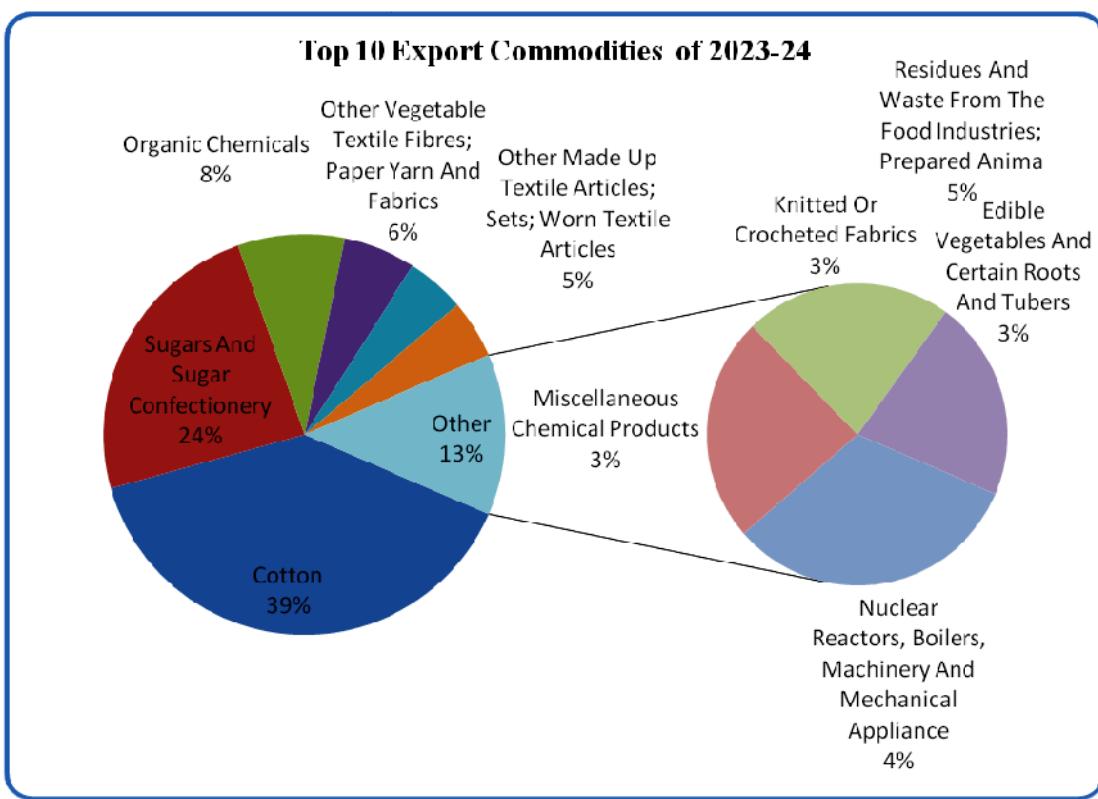


Chart 1.14

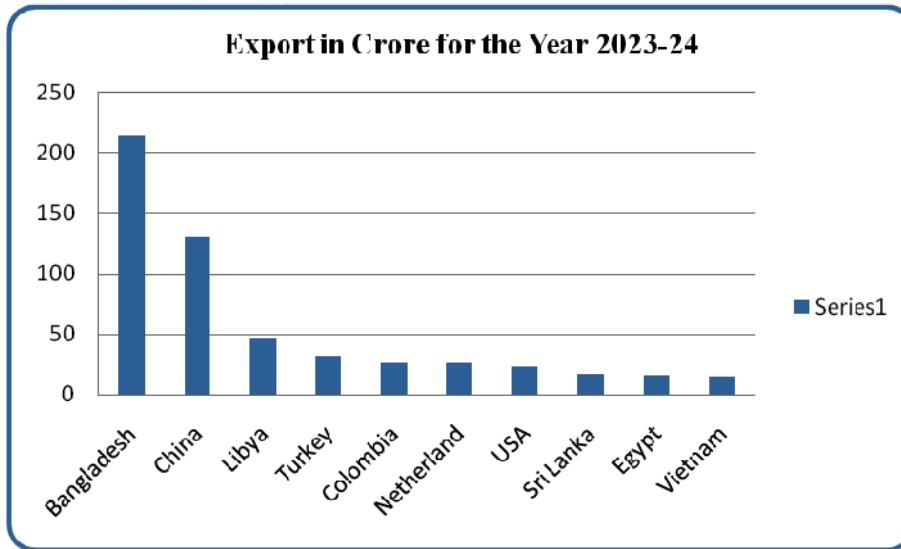


Chart 1.15



## Amravati District ODOP

Amravati district is the main growing region for cotton and Tur. Betel leaves, piper longum, orange and banana are other crops grown in the district. The district has a textile park in which some companies are engaged in Yarn, Fabric and Readymade garment Export.



ODOP Products	HSN Code	District Hubs
Oranges	08051000	Morshi, Warud, Chandur Bazar and Achalpur
Cotton and Cotton seed oil	52010015, 52029900, 15162019	Amravati, Chandur Railway, Dhamangaon, Teosa, Nandgaon Khandeshwar, Achalpur

### Oranges

- Amravati Oranges have these 5 characteristics which made it unique – Size, number of Seeds, Chemical properties, sweet-sour flavour and aroma result of a unique acid-sugar blend.
- The production of oranges in Amravati district for FY2020-21 was around 6 Lakh MT, which is highest in Maharashtra (around 60%) and the district is currently exporting to countries like Bangladesh and Nepal in huge quantity.

### Cotton and Cotton Seed Oil

- Cotton is grown in huge quantity in Amravati district (around 90,000 MT in FY 2020-21).
- Amravati has around 100 ginning and pressing factories, 50 Oil mills producing cotton seed oil, cotton seed oil cake and soap. Also there are around 10 cotton yarn manufacturers which produces yarn of export quality.
- Cotton Seed Oil is used as an edible oil and cotton seed oil cake is used to feed cows and buffalos so that they can yield more milk.

### District USP

- Amravati district has a Textile Park located in Nandgaonpeth with presence of companies like Raymond and Siyaram.
- Amravati district has black soil which is considered bests oil type for growing cotton.
- Nagpur ICD is just 156 Km away from District with a travel time of 2.30 Hr.
- Top 5 exporting product from district are Cotton Yarn, Cotton Bales, Readymade Garments and Oranges

### **3.12 Service Enterprises**

There are 17607 service enterprises registered in service sector with employment 46029 and investment of Rs. 26356.72 Lakhs.

### **3.13 Potentials areas for service industry**

1. **Healthcare Services:** Amravati has a growing demand for quality healthcare services, making it an attractive location for hospitals, clinics, and medical tourism.
2. **Education and Training:** The city has a large student population, creating opportunities for educational institutions, coaching centers, and skill development training centers.
3. **IT and ITES:** Amravati has a growing IT industry, with potential for software development, BPO, KPO, and IT-enabled services.
4. **Tourism and Hospitality:** The city's rich cultural heritage, historical landmarks, and natural attractions make it an attractive destination for tourism, hotels, and restaurants.
5. **Financial Services:** Amravati has a growing financial sector, with opportunities for banks, insurance companies, and financial institutions.
6. **Retail and E-commerce:** The city's growing middle class and increasing internet penetration make it an attractive market for retail and e-commerce businesses.
7. **Logistics and Supply Chain Management:** Amravati's strategic location makes it an ideal hub for logistics and supply chain management companies.
8. **Telecommunications:** The city has a growing demand for telecom services, making it an attractive location for telecom operators and service providers.
9. **Marketing and Advertising:** Amravati has a growing market for marketing and advertising services, including digital marketing, events, and promotions.
10. **Human Resource Consulting:** The city's growing industries create a demand for HR consulting services, including recruitment, training, and staffing.
11. **Real Estate Services:** Amravati's growing population and economy create opportunities for real estate services, including property development, brokerage, and management.
12. **Entertainment and Media:** The city has a growing demand for entertainment and media services, including multiplexes, malls, and digital content creation.
13. **Healthcare and Wellness:** Amravati has a growing demand for healthcare and wellness services, including gyms, spas, and health centers.
14. **Travel and Tourism Services:** The city's strategic location makes it an ideal hub for travel and tourism services, including ticketing, transportation, and tour operations.
15. **Event Management:** Amravati has a growing market for event management services, including weddings, conferences, and exhibitions.

### **3.13 Potential Areas for MSMEs**

1. **Textile Park:** Amravati is known for its textile industry, and the textile park is a dedicated area for textile manufacturing units.
2. **Food Processing Park:** The city has a food processing park that offers infrastructure and facilities for food processing industries.
3. **Industrial Estate:** Amravati has an industrial estate that provides plots and sheds for various industries.
4. **Auto Cluster:** The city has an auto cluster that caters to the automotive industry.
5. **Pharmaceutical Park:** Amravati is home to a pharmaceutical park that offers infrastructure and facilities for pharmaceutical companies.
6. **IT Park:** The city has an IT park that provides infrastructure and facilities for IT and ITES companies.
7. **Engineering Cluster:** Amravati has an engineering cluster that caters to the engineering industry.
8. **Agriculture and Agro-based Industries:** The city has potential for agriculture and agro-based industries due to its fertile land and favorable climate.
9. **Renewable Energy:** Amravati has potential for renewable energy projects, particularly solar and wind energy.
10. **Logistics and Warehousing:** The city's strategic location makes it an ideal location for logistics and warehousing industries.
11. **Chemical and Petrochemicals:** Amravati has potential for chemical and petrochemical industries due to its proximity to raw materials and markets.
12. **Steel and Metal:** The city has potential for steel and metal industries due to its proximity to iron ore and coal deposits.

**12. Skill development needed for the District:**

## 1. Technical Skills:

- Programming languages (Python, Java, etc.)
- Data Analytics and Science
- Digital Marketing (SEO, Social Media, etc.)
- Cybersecurity
- Cloud Computing (AWS, Azure, etc.)

## 2. Soft Skills:

- Communication (verbal and written)
- Teamwork and Collaboration
- Leadership and Management
- Time Management and Productivity
- Customer Service

## 3. Vocational Skills:

- Electrical Works
- Plumbing
- Carpentry
- Masonry
- Automotive Repair

## 4. Entrepreneurial Skills:

- Business Planning
- Financial Management
- Marketing and Sales
- Human Resource Management
- Innovation and Idea Generation

## 5. Agricultural Skills:

- Precision Farming
- Organic Farming
- Agricultural Entrepreneurship
- Farm Management
- Animal Husbandry

## 6. Healthcare Skills:

- Nursing
- Medical Laboratory Technology
- Healthcare Management
- Public Health
- Medical Research

## 7. Renewable Energy Skills:

- Solar Energy
- Wind Energy
- Energy Efficiency
- Sustainable Development

8. Manufacturing Skills:

- Mechanical Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Industrial Automation
- Quality Control
- Supply Chain Management Skill Development needed for the district.

#### **4. Existing Clusters of Micro & Small Enterprise**

**Detail Of Major Clusters :** **Cotton seed oil milling cluster, Garment cluster.**

- 1.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Solar Charkha Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	246
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Solar khadi soot, Cloth and Garments
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	300
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	0.50 Cr.
- 2.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Daryapur Leather Processing Udyog Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	65
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Leather Products
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	400
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	8.00 Cr
- 3.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Achalpur Milk and Milk Product Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	150
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Milk and Milk Products
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	700
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	13.00 Cr.
- 4.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Teakwood Furniture Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	62
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Wooden Furniture
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	550
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	24.00 Cr.
- 5.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Roshni Garment Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	51
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Ladies Garments and Uniform
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	104
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	8.85 Cr.
- 6.**

<b>1. Name of the Cluster</b>	-	Melghat Milk Processing Cluster
<b>2. Number of Units</b>	-	92
<b>3. Product</b>	-	Milk and Milk Products
<b>4. Employment</b>	-	450
<b>5. Turnover of the cluster</b>	-	2.00 Cr.

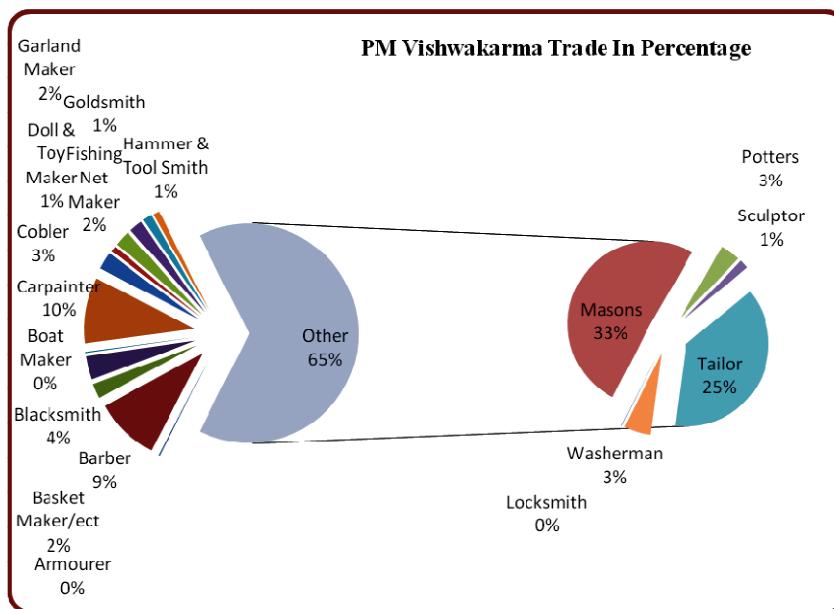
**4.1.2 Service Sector** :- **No cluster for service sector**

Chemical cluster: No any other cluster in Amravati.

**5. General issues raised by industry association during the course of meeting**

- (1) Expansion of Existing Industrial Area
- (2) Load shedding in Rural Area
- (3) Capital Incentives for MSME

## **6. District Statistics of PM Vishvakarma Scheme *Chart 1.16***

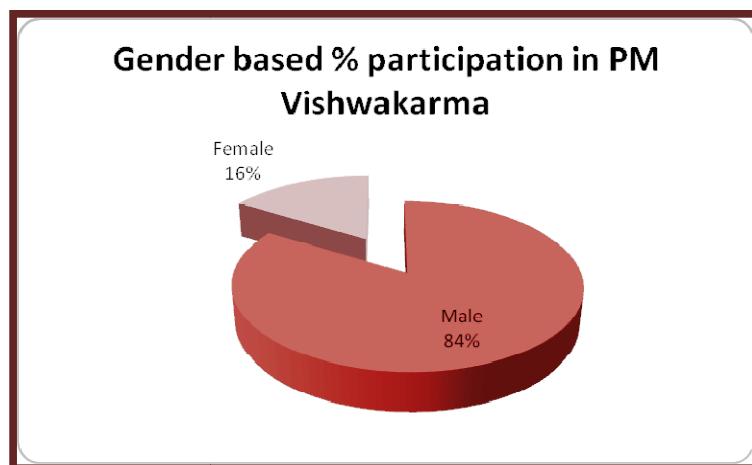


### Chart 1.16

#### **6.1 PM Vishvakarma Scheme Trade Potential**

The total application which recommended by the banks and received as on 22/07/2024 were 16229 out of which the major part of trades were Tailor - 25% Carpenter - 10% and Masons – 33% whereas rest of the 14 trades cover only 65%. The artisans of the three major trades may be given training of the new technology.

## **6.2 Gender wise % participation in PM Vishwakarma. Chart 1.16 A**



### Chart 1.16A

## **7. How Government Supports MSME's**

The Government of India provides various support to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) through several initiatives and schemes.

- 1. Financial Support:** Government provides financial assistance through schemes like Mudra Loan, Credit Guarantee Scheme, and Standup India.
  - 2. Technology Upgradation:** Government provides support for technology upgradation through schemes like Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme (CLCSS) and Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS).
  - 3. Marketing Support:** Government provides marketing support through schemes like Marketing Assistance Scheme (MAS) and International Trade Fairs.
  - 4. Skill Development:** Government provides training and skill development programs through schemes like Entrepreneurship Development Programmes (EDP) and Skill Development Initiative (SDI).
  - 5. Infrastructure Support:** Government provides infrastructure support through schemes like creation of Industrial Estates, Flatted Factory Complexes, and Technology Parks.
  - 6. Regulatory Support:** Government provides regulatory support through simplification of procedures, reduction of compliance burden, and implementation of Ease of Doing Business initiatives.
  - 7. Tax Benefits:** Government provides tax benefits like reduced tax rates, exemptions, and deductions to MSMEs.
  - 8. Research and Development:** Government supports R&D activities in MSMEs through schemes like Technology Development Fund (TDF) and Research and Development (R&D) scheme.
  - 9. Export Support:** Government provides support for exports through schemes like Merchandise Exports from India Scheme (MEIS) and Service Exports from India Scheme (SEIS).
  - 10. Digital Empowerment:** Government provides digital empowerment through initiatives like Digital MSME Scheme and e-Marketplace for MSMEs.
- A. The Government of India offers several financial support schemes for MSMEs, including<sup>1</sup>:**
- **Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY):** This scheme provides loans up to Rs. 20 lakh to non-corporate and non-farm small or micro-enterprises.
  - **Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP):** This scheme focuses on generating self-employment opportunities to the unemployed youth and traditional artisans through micro-enterprise establishments in the non-farm sector.
  - **Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises (CGTMSE):** This scheme provides financial assistance to small and medium industries without any third-party guarantee or collateral.

- **Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme (CLCSS):** This scheme provides 15% subsidy for additional investment up to Rs.1 crore for technology upgradation by MSMEs.
- **Fund of Funds:** This scheme provides equity funding for MSMEs who have growth potential and viability.
- **Credit Guarantee Scheme for Subordinate Debt (CGSSD):** This scheme extends support to the promoters of the operational MSMEs which are stressed and have become NPA.
- **SIDBI Make In India Loan For Enterprises (SMILE):** This scheme provides a soft loan in the nature of quasi-equity to MSMEs to meet the required debt-equity ratio for their establishment.
- **MSME Business Loan:** This scheme aims at automation and digitisation of various processes of business loans offered, which includes the term loans, working capital loans and mudra loans

*B. The Government of India provides various technology upgradation support schemes to MSMEs, including:*

1. **Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme (CLCSS):** Provides 15% subsidy for additional investment up to Rs.1 crore for technology upgradation.
2. **Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS):** Provides financial assistance for technology upgradation in the textile sector.
3. **Scheme for Upgradation of Technology (SUT):** Provides financial assistance for technology upgradation in the leather sector.
4. **Integrated Development of Leather Sector (IDLS):** Provides financial assistance for technology upgradation and modernization in the leather sector.
5. **Technology Development Fund (TDF):** Supports R&D and technology development in MSMEs.
6. **Micro and Small Enterprises - Cluster Development Programme (MSE-CDP):** Supports technology upgradation and modernization in MSME clusters.
7. **Scheme for Productivity and Quality Improvement (SPQI):** Provides financial assistance for technology upgradation and quality improvement.
8. **National Manufacturing Competitiveness Programme (NMCP):** Supports technology upgradation and modernization in MSMEs.
9. **Technology and Quality Upgradation Support (TQUS):** Provides financial assistance for technology upgradation and quality improvement.
10. **Digital MSME Scheme:** Supports digital upgradation and technology adoption in MSMEs.

*C. The Government of India provides various marketing support schemes to MSMEs, including:*

1. **Marketing Assistance Scheme (MAS):** Provides financial assistance for marketing activities like trade fairs, exhibitions, and publicity.

- 2. International Trade Fairs (ITF):** Supports participation in international trade fairs and exhibitions.
- 3. MSME Market Development Assistance (MDA):** Provides financial assistance for marketing activities like product development, packaging, and branding.
- 4. National Small Industries Corporation (NSIC):** Offers marketing support services like market research, product development, and packaging.
- 5. MSME Export Promotion Council (MEPC):** Supports MSMEs in international trade and marketing.
- 6. District Industries Centers (DICs):** Provides marketing support services like product development, packaging, and branding.
- 7. Technology Upgradation and Quality Certification (TUQC):** Supports technology upgradation and quality certification for MSMEs.
- 8. Geographical Indication (GI) Registration:** Helps MSMEs to register their products with GI tags, promoting their unique identity.
- 9. Public Procurement Policy for MSEs:** Reserves 20% of government procurement for MSMEs.
- 10. E-Marketplace for MSMEs:** An online platform for MSMEs to market and sell their products.

**D. The Government of India provides various skill development support schemes to MSMEs, including:**

- 1. Entrepreneurship Development Programmes (EDP):** Training programs for entrepreneurs to develop skills and knowledge.
- 2. Skill Development Initiative (SDI):** Training programs for workers and supervisors in MSMEs.
- 3. National Manufacturing Competitiveness Programme (NMCP):** Supports skill development and training in MSMEs.
- 4. Lean Manufacturing Competitiveness Scheme (LMCS):** Implements lean manufacturing techniques and trains workers.
- 5. Technology Upgradation and Quality Certification (TUQC):** Supports technology upgradation and quality certification.
- 6. MSME Technology Development Fund (MTDF):** Supports R&D and technology development.
- 7. National Small Industries Corporation (NSIC):** Offers training programs for MSMEs.
- 8. District Industries Centers (DICs):** Provides training programs for MSMEs.
- 9. Apprenticeship Training Scheme (ATS):** Supports apprenticeship training in MSMEs.
- 10. Vocational Training Programme (VTP):** Training programs for workers in MSMEs.

**E. The infrastructure support for MSMEs (Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises):**

- 1. Industrial Estates:** Several industrial estates which provide land, infrastructure, and facilities for MSMEs.
- 2. Industrial Sheds:** Many industrial sheds are available for rent or sale, offering space for manufacturing and storage.
- 3. Power Supply:** Reliable power supply is ensured through the Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Co. Ltd. (MSEDCL).
- 4. Water Supply:** Sufficient water supply system, with the Municipal Council and Maharashtra Jeevan Pradhikaran (MJP) providing water connections to industries.
- 5. Transportation:** Good connectivity via roads (National Highway and State Highway) and railways, facilitating easy transportation of goods and raw materials.
- 6. Telecommunication:** Reliable telecommunication services, including internet, phone, and mobile networks, are available.
- 7. Skilled Manpower:** A pool of skilled and unskilled workers, with training facilities like the Industrial Training Institute (ITI) and vocational training programs.
- 8. Financial Assistance:** Various banks, financial institutions, and government schemes (e.g., Mudra Bank, CGTMSE) offer financial assistance to MSMEs.
- 9. Regulatory Support:** The District Industries Centre (DIC) and Maharashtra Small Scale Industries Development Corporation (MSSIDC) provide support with licensing, registrations, and other regulatory requirements.
- 10. Research and Development:** Nearby institutions like the National Research Centre for Citrus (NRCC) and the Maharashtra Agricultural University (PDKV) offer R&D facilities and expertise.

***F. The regulatory support for MSMEs:***

- 1. District Industries Centre (DIC):** Provides support with licensing, registrations, and other regulatory requirements.
- 2. Maharashtra Small Scale Industries Development Corporation (MSSIDC):** Offers assistance with land allocation, subsidies, and other incentives.
- 3. Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB):** Helps with environmental clearances and compliance.
- 4. Labour Department:** Assists with labour laws and regulations compliance.
- 5. Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission (MERC):** Ensures reliable power supply and resolves power-related issues.
- 6. Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation (MIDC):** Provides infrastructure support and industrial land.
- 7. Central Government schemes:** MSMEs can avail benefits from schemes like Make in India, Startup India, and Mudra Bank.
- 8. State Government schemes:** MSMEs can benefit from schemes like Maharashtra Industrial Policy (2019), Maharashtra Startup Policy (2018), and Maharashtra Electric Vehicle Policy (2018).

- 9. Registration and Licensing:** MSMEs can register and obtain licenses from the DIC, MSSIDC, and other authorities.
- 10. Compliance and Advisory:** MSMEs can seek advice from various agencies and consultancies on regulatory compliance.

***G. Some notable initiatives and schemes for MSMEs:***

- Maharashtra Government's "Magel Tyala Paisa" scheme for MSMEs
- "MSME Sambandh" - a web portal for MSMEs
- "Udyog Aadhaar" - a registration scheme for MSMEs
- "Zero Defect Zero Effect" - a scheme for quality improvement

***H. MSMEs (Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises can avail of various tax benefits, including:***

- 1. Income Tax Exemption:** MSMEs with a turnover of up to ₹50 crores can avail of a tax exemption of up to 25% of their income.
- 2. GST Benefits:** MSMEs can avail of GST benefits like:
  - Composition scheme (1% tax rate)
  - Exemption from GST registration (turnover up to ₹40 lakhs)
  - Lower GST rates (5% or 12%) for specific industries
- 3. Customs Duty Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of customs duty exemption on imports of capital goods, raw materials, and components.
- 4. Excise Duty Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of excise duty exemption on goods manufactured and sold within India.
- 5. VAT Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of VAT exemption on sales within Maharashtra (up to ₹50 lakhs).
- 6. Entry Tax Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of entry tax exemption on goods imported into Maharashtra.
- 7. Stamp Duty Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of stamp duty exemption on documents related to loans, mortgages, and property transactions.
- 8. Electricity Duty Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of electricity duty exemption on power consumption.
- 9. Water Cess Exemption:** MSMEs can avail of water cess exemption on water consumption.
- 10. Patent Filing Subsidy:** MSMEs can avail of a subsidy (up to 50%) on patent filing fees.
- 11. Trademark Filing Subsidy:** MSMEs can avail of a subsidy (up to 50%) on trademark filing fees.
- 12. ISO Certification Subsidy:** MSMEs can avail of a subsidy (up to 50%) on ISO certification fees.

***I. MSMEs can avail of R&D support through various initiatives, including:***

**1. Government-funded research institutions:**

- National Research Centre for Citrus (NRCC)
- Maharashtra Agricultural University (PDKV)
- Indian Institute of Technology (IIT)

**2. Research grants and funding schemes:**

- Department of Science and Technology (DST)
- Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MoMSME)
- Maharashtra State Innovation Society (MSIS)

**3. Industry-academia collaboration:**

- Collaborative research projects with local universities and colleges
- Internship and training programs for students and faculty

**4. Technology development and transfer:**

- National Technology Transfer Centre (NTTC)
- Society for Research and Initiatives for Sustainable Technologies and Institutions (SRISTI)

**5. Incubation and acceleration programs:**

- Incubation Centre (WIC)
- Maharashtra State Innovation Incubator (MSII)

**6. Mentorship and consultancy:**

- MSME Development Institute (MSME-DI)
- Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI)

**7. Access to research facilities and equipment:**

- Research institutions and universities
- Common Facility Centres (CFCs)

**8. Training and capacity building:**

- Workshops and seminars on R&D and innovation
- Skill development programs for MSMEs

**9. Patent and intellectual property support:**

- Patent filing and prosecution assistance
- Intellectual property rights (IPR) protection and management

**10. Industry-specific R&D support:**

- Sector-specific research and development initiatives

***J. MSMEs can avail of export support through various initiatives, including:*****1. Export Promotion Councils:**

- Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (MCCIA)
- Federation of Indian Export Organisations (FIEO)

**2. Government schemes:**

- Merchandise Exports from India Scheme (MEIS)
- Service Exports from India Scheme (SEIS)
- Export Oriented Unit (EOU) Scheme

**3. Export financing:**

- Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India (ECGC)
- Export-Import Bank of India (Exim Bank)

**4. Market access initiatives:**

- Trade missions and delegations
- International trade fairs and exhibitions

**5. Export training and capacity building:**

- Export orientation programmes
- Training on international trade procedures

**6. Infrastructure support:**

- Development of export infrastructure (e.g., container freight stations)
- Upgradation of existing infrastructure (e.g., airports, seaports)

**7. Regulatory support:**

- Simplification of export procedures
- Assistance with regulatory compliance

**8. Market research and intelligence:**

- Market research reports
- Trade analytics and data analysis

**9. Brand promotion:**

- Promotion of "Made in India" brand
- Support for product branding and marketing

**10. E-commerce support:**

- Assistance with online marketplaces
- E-commerce training and capacity building

**K. Digital empowerment for MSMEs can be achieved through various initiatives:**

1. Digital literacy training
2. Website development and e-commerce platforms
3. Social media marketing and online presence
4. Digital payment and transaction facilitation
5. Cloud computing and data storage solutions
6. Cyber security and data protection measures
7. Online marketplaces and e-commerce integrations
8. Digital marketing and advertising support
9. Access to digital tools and software
10. Training on digital technologies like AI, IoT, and blockchain
11. Digital skill development programs
12. Online mentorship and support services
13. Digital infrastructure development (e.g., fiber optic connectivity)
14. Access to digital payment systems (e.g., UPI, POS)
15. Digital tax compliance and accounting solutions

Some organizations that offer digital empowerment initiatives for MSMEs:

- Maharashtra State Innovation Society (MSIS)
- Maharashtra Information Technology Corporation (MITC)
- Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI)
- National Small Industries Corporation (NSIC)
- Digital India initiative by the Government of India

## **8. Steps To Set Up MSME's**

Following are the brief description of different agencies for rendering assistance to the entrepreneurs.

S.No.	Type of assistance	Name and address of agencies
1.	Provisional Registration Certificate ( EM-1) & Permanent Registration Certificate ( EM-II)	General Manager, District Industries Centre Amravati. E mail:didicamravati@maharashtra.gov.in
2.	Identification of Project Profiles, techno-economic and managerial consultancy services, market survey and economic survey reports.	The Director MSME-DI, CGO Complex, Block C, Seminary Hills, Nagpur 0712-2510046,2510352
3.	Land and Industrial shed	The Manager, MIDC, C/o DIC, Amravati
4.	Financial Assistance	The A.G.M., SIDBI, National Insurance Building, Kingsway, Nagpur
5.	For raw materials under Govt. Supply	The Manager, MSSIDC, Near Lokmat Bhawan, Wardha Road, Nagpur.
6.	Plant and machinery under hire / purchase basis.	The Manager, NSIC, NDTA Complex, Opp. Liberty Cinema, Residency Road, Sadar, Nagpur.
7.	Power/ Electricity	The Executive Engineer, SPANCO, Amravati.
8.	Technical Know –how.	The Director MSME-DI, CGO Complex, Block C, Seminary Hills, Nagpur 0712-2510046,2510352
9.	Quality & Standard	Bureau of Indian Standard,(BIS) 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, NIT Complex, Gokulpeth, Nagpur.
10.	Marketing /Export Assistance	The Director MSME-DI, CGO Complex, Block C, Seminary Hills, Nagpur 0712-2510046,2510352
11.	Other Promotional Agencies	1. Central Agmark Laboratory, North Ambazari Road, Nagpur. 2. Khadi Village Industries Commission, Mount Road, Near Smruti Cinema, Opp. LB hotel, Sadar, Nagpur. 3. Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Udyog Bhawan, Civil Lines, Nagpur. 4. NABARD, Amravati

## **2. Industrial Policy of Government of Maharashtra**

(<https://www.midcindia.org/investors/industrial-policies-and-incentives>)

### **Magnetic Maharashtra- Attractions Unlimited**

Maharashtra is the most favoured destination for industries owing to its well-developed infrastructure, skilled workforce, strategic location with good transportation network, Progressive Sectorial Policies, best incentive policy and much more. Because of this, Maharashtra has been able to attract highest investments from within and outside India and it has emerged as a brand “MAGNETIC MAHARASHTRA- Attractions Unlimited”.

**Strategically Located:** Maharashtra is the third-largest state in India in terms of area and the second-largest in terms of population. It stretches over 307,690 sq.km with a total estimated population of 112.4 million (Census 2011). The Arabian Sea makes up the State's western coast and accounts for a 720 km long coastal line. As per Census 2011, the State is highly urbanized at 45.2%. It is also the wealthiest state in India, by all major economic parameters. The state capital, Mumbai, which is also financial capital of India is one of the largest metropolitan area in the world and India's largest and most populous city. In the age of free movement of goods, post implementation of GST in India, the State is best suited for manufacturing aimed at both national and international markets because of its geographical location as a major business hub connecting North and South India.

**Well-developed Infrastructure:** The State is well connected to major industrial and consumption centers through road, rail, air and port connectivity. With power generation capacity of over 43,000 MW, Maharashtra ensures 24x7 power supply to its industries. Through Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation (MIDC), the state also ensures land (both developed and undeveloped) availability to the investors.

a. **Road network:** National highways of around 22,000 km are passing through the state. Futuristic expressway projects such as Maharashtra Samruddhi Mahamarg - a super communication expressway and an industrial corridor connecting Nagpur and Mumbai, and Mumbai and Vadodara Expressway - 380 km long, six-lane, controlled-access expressway, connecting the cities of Vadodara, Gujarat and Mumbai, Maharashtra are under construction.

b. **Rail network:** Two major railway zones are enhancing the State's connectivity to the domestic market. Maharashtra has longest metro rail network of around 233 km under construction in the country with ongoing metro projects such as Mumbai metro, Nagpur metro and Pune metro.

c. **Airport and seaports:** Maharashtra has 7 domestic airports and 4 international airports and further the state government is developing 10 new airports of which Shirdi, Nashik, Nanded, Kolhapur and Jalgaon airports are currently functional and Ratnagiri, Gondia, Sindhudurg and Amaravati airports are yet to come up. The state is well connected to the world via sea through 2 major ports and 53 minor ports.

**Abundant Highly qualified and Skilled Labour Pool:** The state is home to 20 state universities, 21 deemed universities and several institutes of national importance like Indian Institutes of Technology (IIT), Indian Institutes of Management (IIM), National Institute of Fashion Technology (NIFT), National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (NIPER), Tata Institute of Social Sciences (TISS), National Institute of Construction Management and Research (NICMAR), Institute of Chemical Technology (ICT) etc. More than 6,000 institutes in the state enrolls over 1.6 million students per annum.

**Established Industrial Ecosystem:** Several renowned industrial units have come up

as a result of the supporting Industrial policy environment. As per Economic Survey of Maharashtra the expected growth of manufacturing sector in 2017-18 is 7.6 per cent. The state has well developed industrial ecosystem for various industries including Automobile (Pune and Aurangabad region), ESDM (Pune region), Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals (Mumbai-Thane, Aurangabad and Pune region), Engineering (Ahmednagar- Nashik, Pune and Aurangabad region, FMCG (Pune region), Textile (Solapur and Nagpur-Amravati region), Food Processing (Solapur, Ahmednagar-Nashik, Nagpur- Amravati region), Logistics (Mumbai-Thane and Nagpur-Amravati region), Cement and Steel industry (Vidarbha-Marathwada region) and IT & ITES (Mumbai-Thane, Pune and Nagpur-Amravati region). During 2014 to 2018, 119 private IT parks with an investment of approximately INR 192.60 billion and employment of 5,50,000 have come up in the state.

**Ease of Doing Business:** Dedicated investor facilitation cell and online Single Window portal has been established under Maharashtra Industry, Trade & Investment Facilitation Cell (MAITRI). The Single Window Portal has provision for single application, payment, tracking and monitoring of majority of industry related approvals across various departments of the State Government. MAITRI cell also acts as a grievance redressal cell. It provides G2B services, one-stop-shop for existing and prospective investors. As per World Bank Doing Business report 2019 (assessment covering 190 economies), India was ranked 77, a massive jump of 23 positions against its rank of 100 in 2018 and 130 in 2017. In the ranking, evaluation of cities of Mumbai and Delhi is done (cities with population over 10 million). Mumbai has been the largest contributor in achieving quantum jump in the World Bank ranking. **As per ‘Asian Competitiveness Institute of Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy of Singapore’ index on ease of doing business in 2016, Maharashtra ranks first in the country.**

**Conducive Policy Environment and Proven Track Report :** Maharashtra has progressive sectional policies for industries aimed at improving business environment in the state. In light of these policies, the state is able to maintain its leadership position in industrial investment. Mega events were organized in the State such as Magnetic Maharashtra and Make in India along with State’s participation in various national and international road shows. All these efforts resulted in receipt of industrial investment proposals over INR 8 lakh crore in the last five years.

## **2. Vision**

**‘Maharashtra - a global investment, manufacturing and technology hub, promoting sustainable development’.**

## **3. Mission**

To make Maharashtra first US\$1 trillion economy in the country, by augmenting manufacturing ecosystem, complemented by ease of doing business initiatives, thereby evolving it into a preferred destination for global manufacturers and investors, resulting into largest employment creating state with balanced regional and inclusive growth, by 2025.

## **4. Target**

- a. To attain manufacturing sector growth rate of 12% to 13% to reach GSDP share of 25% by 2023-24.
- b. Attract investments worth INR 10 lakh crore by 2023-24.
- c. Create employment opportunities for 40 lakh people by 2023-24.

## **5. Policy Objectives and Strategies**

**To retain leadership position in industrial investment by providing conducive business environment. Developing dedicated state-of-the-art infrastructure based on sector specific requirements.**

**Creating land bank for industries through MIDC**

Providing special fiscal incentive packages to projects of importance including emerging technologies.

Promoting investments through sector specific promotion/policies with focus on identified thrust sectors.

Creating government, industry and academia interface.

Incentivizing investments in R&D and startups.

Facilitating Ease of Doing Business initiatives and strengthening Maharashtra's Single Window System i.e. MAITRI - an online portal, to make it a single point for delivery of services.

Setting up of State level councils for promotion of investments and exports.

To promote processing of agricultural produce for enhancing farmer's income.

**To sustain high levels of employment generation, primarily through MSMEpromotion**

Launching a new flagship scheme - Chief Minister Employment Generation Program (CMIEGP) for SMEs thereby creating major employment opportunities

Formulating special fiscal incentives package for MSME and small projects.

Strengthening employment intensive MSME sector through cluster development.

Creating institutional support system for MSME units to improve technology absorption and dissemination, market analysis, training, among others.

Providing additional fiscal support to employment based Mega/Ultra mega projects thereby generating higher employment.

Promoting skilled workforce through closer coordination between industries, technical institutes and skill development department.

**To promote regionally balanced, environmentally sustainable and inclusive industrial growth -**

Special fiscal incentives to industrial units in under-developed regions.

Creation of Critical Infrastructure Fund for last mile connectivity.

Support infrastructure creation in private industrial parks.

Financial incentives for infrastructure in industrial areas for MSMEs, women and SC/ST entrepreneurs.

Supporting revival of sick and closed units.

Ensuring environmental sustainability by providing incentives for green industrialization.

**6. Policy Period**

This policy shall be valid for a period of five years from **1st April, 2019**.

**7. Creating Well-developed Industrial Infrastructure -**

Quality infrastructure is a key driver for industrial growth. It is also very important for attracting global manufacturers, investors and other corporates to the State. Although Maharashtra has one of the best industrial infrastructure in place, concerted efforts will be made to develop and strengthen state of the art infrastructure in various industrial estates spread across the State. MIDC will continue to be dedicated agency for developing necessary industrial infrastructure.

### **Leveraging Special Projects –**

Department of Industries, Government of Maharashtra, shall promote setting up of industrial clusters along the special projects declared by Central/State Government such as Maharashtra Samruddhi Mahamarg, Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC), Sagarmala, Bharatmala, etc. MIDC will be the nodal agency for development of industrial nodes along the special projects of Central/State Government.

### **Maharashtra Samruddhi Mahamarg –**

Maharashtra Samruddhi Mahamarg is a super communication expressway of 700 km length connecting Nagpur and Mumbai, passing through 10 major and 14 other influence districts. Along the expressway 20 industrial areas are being planned which will transform the economy of the rural areas in influence region. MIDC will be the planning authority for industrial layouts in these nodes. The expressway will reduce the travel time drastically. Logistics and warehousing hubs are being planned along the way with Nagpur-Wardha as a major logistics corridor. It would also be developed as Electric Vehicle (EV) expressway by setting up charging stations along its length.

### **Critical Industrial Infrastructure Fund -**

In industrial areas mainly outside MIDC, there are some critical infrastructure issues like last mile road connectivity, dedicated power feeder, water supply etc. which is causing hindrance in the production and evacuation of goods. There has been huge demand for funds from various stakeholders for such kind of basic infrastructural needs which are not addressed by any Department in their budget plan. Considering this requirement and visible impact, Critical Industrial Infrastructure Fund (CIIF) which was created during the previous policy will be continued with an enhanced corpus of INR 1,000 crore over this policy period.

### **Promotion of Private Industrial Infrastructure Development -**

As the land in MIDC industrial estates is scarce, it has resulted in unplanned industrial development in many areas. To streamline this and to promote local entrepreneurship, the State aims to attract private investment in development of private industrial estates, with focus on MSMEs.

### **8. Promotion of Thrust Sectors -**

With a view to steer industrial development towards high tech emerging sectors and generates employment, the State Government has identified following thrust sectors. Thrust sectors shall be accorded priority in land allotment and incentives.

Electric Vehicles (Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Servicing)

Aerospace and Defence Manufacturing

Industry 4.0 (Artificial Intelligence, 3D Printing, Internet of Things and Robotics, Nanotechnology, among others)

Promotion of Integrated Data Centre Parks (IDCP)

Textile Machinery Manufacturing

Biotechnology and Medical and Diagnostic Devices

Agro & Food Processing (Secondary and Tertiary Food Processing units)

Information Technology (IT) & IT Enabled Services (ITeS)

Electronic Systems Design & Manufacturing (ESDM) and Semiconductor Fabrication (FAB)

Logistics & Warehousing

Green Energy/ Bio Fuel Production

Sports and Gym Equipment Manufacturing  
Nuclear Power plant equipment manufacturing  
Mineral / Forest based Industries

#### **9. Promotion of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) and Small Industries:-**

MSMEs are the backbone of State's economy. With more than 3 million MSMEs, Maharashtra has largest number of MSME in the country, which contributes more than 80 per cent of the total employment. MSMEs are best placed to utilize local resources and create local entrepreneurship and employment. About 40% of the exports originate from MSMEs.

District-wise identification of potential MSMEs

Launching of new flagship scheme - Chief Minister Employment Generation Programme (CMEGP) –

Institutional Support to MSMEs

Cluster Promotion

Facilitating Public Funding for MSMEs

Advisory Cell on Insolvency and Bankruptcy Resolution for MSMEs

Fiscal Incentives to MSMEs

#### **10. Attracting Large, Mega and Ultra-Mega Investments**

Maharashtra has the largest number of Large and Mega projects in the country. These Large, Mega and Ultra-Mega projects have a proven track record of providing multi-faceted benefits to the State in terms of revenue and employment generation. To leverage the benefits further, concerted efforts are made in the policy to ensure regionally balanced and inclusive growth of the industry.

##### **Large Scale Industries**

Mega and Ultra Mega Projects

#### **11. Green Industrialization Assistance**

Maharashtra is a frontrunner state in sustainable development initiatives and Promotes green industrialization, so as to minimize adverse environmental impact.

#### **12. Promoting Research and Development (R&D)**

R&D is crucial in enhancing the productivity and economic growth of a region. A robust R&D infrastructure directly contributes to sustained growth and creates employment opportunity for scientific community.

#### **13. Promoting Ecosystem for Startups**

As a policy, it has been the endeavor of State Government to promote innovative start-ups by providing necessary infrastructure, and creating facilitating environment involving young entrepreneurs to enable sharing of their ideas and help them by handholding, mentoring and providing them financial assistance.

#### **14. Revival and Unlocking Assets Tied Up in Closed Units -**

Considering the immense flow of investment intentions in the State (due to initiatives like Make in India and Magnetic Maharashtra) in the last few years and the policy target of Rs. 10 Lakh Crore investment in the next five years, the State requires land to realize investments. Land in Maharashtra is a scarce resource especially in developed regions. To address this issue, the State Government will incentivize industries to invest in under-

developed areas. Further, the State intends to unlock land locked up in closed/unviable units.

*Amnesty scheme*

*Unlocking assets tied up in closed units -*

**15. Walk to work concept**

**16. Facilitating Ease of Doing Business in the State**

Ease of Doing Business is an indicator of clear, speedy and hassle-free regulations for businesses. In order to create a facilitating business environment below mentioned interventions are targeted:

Strengthening Maharashtra Industry, Trade & Investment Facilitation Cell(MAITRI)

**17. Initiatives for Promotion of Trade and Commerce**

Administrative wing to support Trade and Commerce

Establishment of Global Investment Promotion Council

**18. Export Promotion Initiatives**

Setting up of Export Promotion Council

Export Infrastructure Support

Venture Capital Fund

**19. Special Initiatives**

Special Incentives for Industries in the underdeveloped districts of Maharashtra

Special Incentives for Industries in Agro & Food Processing, Green energy/bio-fuel and Industry 4.0

Special Incentives for SC/ST and Women Entrepreneurs

**20. State Level Udyog Awards**

**21. Strengthening of District Industry Centres**

**22. Apex Institute for Promotion of Entrepreneurship**

Apex Institute for Promotion of Entrepreneurship

Setting up of State of the Art Exhibition-cum-Convention Centre

**23. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities in the State**

**24. Sector Specific Policies**

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, Government of India has started a unique document for micro, small and medium sized enterprises in India. It is a 12-digit Unique Identification Number (UIN) also called Udyam Registration or Aadhaar for Businesses, MSME Registration, etc. Moreover, Udyam Registration Certificate is also provided by the Government to certify Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

## **10. Benefits of Udyam Registration**

Following are the benefits of Udyam Registration:

- Helps in providing bank loan without collateral or mortgage
- Helps in tax exemption of direct tax
- You can avail interest at lower rate
- In case of patent registration 50% grant is available
- Reimbursement of ISO certification
- Makes the process of availing licences, approvals and other registrations easy
- Concession in electricity bill and more
- Eligibility for government subsidies
- Applying for current bank accounts for businesses is easier and faster
- Barcode registration subsidy
- Manufacturing and production sector policies
- Offers Octroi benefits under the package Scheme of Incentives, 1993
- Provides protection against any delay in payments
- Subsidy on NSIC performance & Credit Ratings for those having MSME Registration

### **10.1. Eligibility for Udyam Registration**

The eligibility criteria for Udyam registration is not for all businesses but for the entities that are categorised as Micro, Small or Medium Enterprise. Take a look at the table below for eligibility criteria in investment in plant and machinery as per the ministry:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Turnover</b>	<b>Investment</b>
Micro Enterprise	Up to Rs. 5 Crore	Up to Rs. 1 Crore
Small Enterprise	Up to Rs.50 crore	Up to Rs.10 crore
Medium Enterprise	Up to Rs.250 crore	Up to Rs.50 crore

## **10.2. Documents required for Udyam Registration**

For registration of Udyam Online, no documents are required, but you have to furnish following details:

### **1. Aadhaar Number**

**2. PAN Number** – It is mandatory for the following to provide PAN Number for Udyog Aadhaar Registration:

- Co-operative
- Private Limited
- Public Limited
- Limited Liability Partnership
- For all the other organizations it is optional to provide PAN Number

**3. Bank Details**- You need to provide your Bank details, the IFSC Code of the participating bank branch where your account exists

1. Date of Commencement
2. Key Details of service or manufacturing
3. Type of Organisation
4. Location of service/ manufacturing plant
5. Official Address
6. Number of people of employed
7. Mobile Number

## **11. Child Labour Law**

**2A. Awareness on prohibition of employment of child and adolescents in contravention to Act.- The Central Government, to ensure that the children and adolescents are not employed or permitted to work in any occupation or process in contravention to the provisions of the Act, through appropriate measures, shall –**

- (a) arrange public awareness campaigns using folk and traditional media and mass media including television, radio, internet based application and the print media to make the general public, including the employers and the children and adolescents who may be employed in contravention to the provisions of the Act, aware about the provisions of the Act, and thereby discourage employers or other persons from engaging children and adolescents in any occupation or process in contravention of the provisions of the Act;
- (b) promote reporting of enterprises or instances of employment of children or adolescents in contravention to the provisions of the Act, by developing and advertising easily accessible means of communication to authorities specified by the Central Government;
- (c) display to the possible extent the provisions of the Act, these rules and any other information relating thereto in railway coaches, at railway stations, major bus stations, toll plazas, ports and port authorities, airports and other public places including shopping centers, markets, cinema halls, hotels, hospitals, Panchayat offices, police stations, resident welfare association offices, industrial areas, schools, educational institutions, court complexes, and offices of all authorities authorised under the Act;
- (d) promote through appropriate method the inclusion of the provisions of the Act in learning material and syllabus in school education; and
- (e) promote inclusion of training and sensitisation material on the provisions of the Act and the responsibilities of various stakeholders thereto, in Central Labour Service, police, judicial and civil service academies, teachers training and refresher courses and arrange sensitisation programmes for other relevant stakeholders including, Panchayat members, doctors and concerned officials of the Government.

**2B. Child to help his family without affecting education.- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 3, a child may, without affecting his school education, in any manner, –**

- (a) help his family in his family enterprise, subject to the condition that such help, --
  - (i) shall not be in any hazardous occupation or process listed in Part A and Part B of the Schedule to the Act;
  - (ii) shall not include work or occupation or process at any stage of the manufacturing, production, supply or retail chain that is remunerative for the child or his family or the family enterprise;
  - (iii) shall only be allowed to help in his family, or in a family enterprise, where his family is the occupier;
  - (iv) shall not perform any tasks during school hours and between 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.;
  - (v) shall not be engaged in such tasks of helping which hinders or interferes with the right to education of the child, or his attendance in the school, or which may adversely affect his

education including activities which are inseparably associated to complete education such as homework or any extracurricular activity assigned to him by the school;

(vi) shall not be engaged in any task continuously without rest which may make him tired and shall be allowed to take rest to refresh his health and mind, and a child shall not help for more than three hours excluding the period of rest in a day;

(vii) shall not include in anyway substitution of the child for an adult or adolescent while helping his family or family enterprise; and

(viii) shall not be in contravention to any other law for the time being in force;

(b) aid or assist his family in such manner which is not incidental to any occupation, work, profession, manufacture or business, or for any payment or benefit to the child or any other person exercising control over the child, and which is not detrimental to the growth, education and overall development of the child.

## **2C. Child to work as an artist.-**

(1) Subject to the provisions of section 3, a child may be allowed to work as an artist subject to the following conditions, namely: –

(a) no child shall be allowed to work for more than five hours in a day, and for not more than three hours without rest;

(b) any producer of any audio –visual media production or any commercial event involving the participation of a child, shall involve a child in participation only after obtaining the permission from the District Magistrate of the district where the activity is to be performed, and shall furnish to the District Magistrate before starting the activity an undertaking in Form C and the list of child participants, consent of parents or guardian, as the case may be, name of the individual from the production or event who shall be responsible for the safety and security of the child, and ensure that all screening of his films and television programmes shall be made with a disclaimer specifying that if any child has been engaged in the shooting, then, all the measures were taken to ensure that there has been no abuse, neglect or exploitation of such child during the entire process of the shooting;

(c) the undertaking referred to in clause (b) shall be valid for six months and shall clearly state the provisions for education, safety, security and reporting of child abuse in consonance with the guidelines and protection policies issued by the Central Government from time to time for such purpose including

(i) ensuring facilities for physical and mental health of the child;

(ii) timely nutritional diet of the child;

(iii) safe, clean shelter with sufficient provisions for daily necessities; and

(iv) compliance to all laws applicable for the time being in force for the protection of children, including their right to education, care and protection, and against sexual offences;

(d) appropriate facilities for education of the child to be arranged so as to ensure that there is no discontinuity from his lessons in school and no child shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than twenty-seven days;

(e) one responsible person be appointed for maximum of five children for the production or event, so as to ensure the protection, care and best interest of the child;

(f) at least twenty per cent, of the income earned by the child from the production or event to be directly deposited in a fixed deposit account in a nationalised bank in the name of the child which may be credited to the child on attaining majority; and

(g) no child shall be made to participate in any audio visual and sports activity including informal entertainment activity against his will and consent.

15A. Hours of work.— Subject to the provisions of section 7, no adolescent shall be required or permitted to work in an establishment in excess of such number of hours of work as is permissible under the law for the time being in force regulating the hours of work of the adolescent in such establishment.

6. In rule 16 of the principal rules, in sub-rule (1), for the word —children, the word —adolescents— shall be substituted.

7. After rule 16 of the principal rules, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:- —

16A. Payment of amount to child or adolescent from and out of Child and Adolescent Labour Rehabilitation Fund.—

(1) The amount credited, deposited or invested, as the case may be, under sub-section (3) of section 14B to the Child and Adolescent Labour Rehabilitation Fund and the interest accrued on it, shall be paid to the child or adolescent in whose favour such amount is credited in the following manner, namely:-

(i) the Inspector or the nodal officer having jurisdiction shall, under his supervision, ensure that an account of such child or adolescent is opened in a nationalised bank and inform the bank in which the amount of the Fund is deposited or, as the case may be, to the officer responsible to invest the amount of the Fund under sub-section (3) of section 14B;

(ii) the interest accrued on the proportionate amount of the Fund in favour of the child or adolescent shall be transferred every six months to the account of the child or adolescent, as the case may be, by the bank or officer responsible to invest the amount under information to the Inspector;

(iii) when the concerned child or adolescent completes the age of eighteen years, then, as soon as may be possible forthwith or within a period of three months, the total amount credited, deposited or invested in favour of the child along with interest accrued thereon remaining in the bank or remaining so invested under sub-section (3) of section 14B, shall be transferred to the said bank account of child or adolescent, as the case may be; and

(iv) the Inspector shall prepare a report of the amount transferred under clause (ii) and clause (iii) with particulars of the concerned child or adolescent sufficient to identify him and send a copy of the report annually to the Central Government for information.

(2) Any amount recovered by way of fine or for composition of offences in pursuance of an order or judgement of a Court in favour of a child or adolescent for the contravention of the provisions of the Act, shall also be deposited in the Fund and shall be spent in accordance with such order or judgement.

## **12. Labour Insurance & ESIC in District**

Government of India has introduced a pension scheme for unorganised workers namely **Pradhan Mantri Shram Yogi Maan-dhan (PM-SYM)** to ensure old age protection for Unorganised Workers.

The unorganized workers mostly engaged as home based workers, street vendors, mid-day meal workers, head loaders, brick kiln workers, cobblers, rag pickers, domestic workers, washer men, rickshaw pullers, landless laborer's, own account workers, agricultural workers, construction workers, beedi workers, handloom workers, leather workers, audio- visual workers and similar other occupations whose monthly income is Rs 15,000/- per month or less and belong to the entry age group of 18-40 years. They should not be covered under New Pension Scheme (NPS), Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) scheme or Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO). Further, he/she should not be an income tax payer.

**2. Features of PM-SYM:** It is a voluntary and contributory pension scheme, under which the subscriber would receive the following benefits : **(i) Minimum Assured Pension:** Each subscriber under the PM-SYM, shall receive minimum assured pension of Rs 3000/- per month after attaining the age of 60 years. **(ii) Family Pension:** During the receipt of pension, if the subscriber dies, the spouse of the beneficiary shall be entitled to receive 50% of the pension received by the beneficiary as family pension. Family pension is applicable only to spouse. **(iii)** If a beneficiary has given regular contribution and died due to any cause (before age of 60 years), his/her spouse will be entitled to join and continue the scheme subsequently by payment of regular contribution or exit the scheme as per provisions of exit and withdrawal.

**3. Contribution by the Subscriber:** The subscriber's contributions to PM-SYM shall be made through 'auto-debit' facility from his/ her savings bank account/ Jan- Dhan account. The subscriber is required to contribute the prescribed contribution amount from the age of joining PM-SYM till the age of 60 years.

**4. Matching contribution by the Central Government:** PM-SYM is a voluntary and contributory pension scheme on a 50:50 basis where prescribed age-specific contribution shall be made by the beneficiary and the matching contribution by the Central Government as per the chart. For example, if a person enters the scheme at an age of 29 years, he is required to contribute Rs 100/- per month till the age of 60 years an equal amount of Rs 100/- will be contributed by the Central Government.

**5. Enrolment Process under PM-SYM:** The subscriber will be required to have a mobile phone, savings bank account and Aadhaar number. The eligible subscriber may visit the nearest **Common Services Centres (CSC eGovernance Services India Limited (CSC SPV))** and get enrolled for PM-SYM using Aadhaar number and savings bank account/ Jan-Dhan account number on self-certification basis. Later, facility will be provided where the subscriber can also visit the PM-SYM web portal or can download the mobile app and self-register using Aadhaar number/ savings bank account/ Jan-Dhan account number on self-certification basis.

**6. Enrollment agencies:** The enrolment will be carried out by all the Common Services Centres. The unorganized workers may visit their nearest CSC along with their Aadhaar Card and Savings Bank account passbook/Jandhan account and get registered themselves for the

Scheme. Contribution amount for the first month shall be paid in cash for which they will be provided with a receipt.

**7. Facilitation Centres:** All the branch offices of LIC, the offices of ESIC/EPFO and all Labour offices of Central and State Governments will facilitate the unorganized workers about the Scheme, its benefits and the procedure to be followed, at their respective centres. In this respect, the arrangements to be made by all offices of LIC, ESIC, EPFO all Labour offices of Central and State Governments are given below, for ease of reference:

1. All LIC, EPFO/ESIC and all Labour offices of Central and State Governments may set up a “Facilitation Desk” to facilitate the unorganized workers, guide about the features of the Scheme and direct them to nearest CSC
2. Each desk may consist of at least one staff.
3. They will have backdrop, stand at the main gate and sufficient number of brochures printed in Hindi and regional languages to be provided to the unorganized workers.
4. Unorganized workers will visit these centres with Aadhaar Card, Savings bank account/Jandhan account and mobile phone.
1. Help desk will have onsite suitable sitting and other necessary facilities for these workers.
6. Any other measures intended to facilitate the unorganized workers about the Scheme, in their respective centres.

**8. Fund Management:** PM-SYM will be a Central Sector Scheme administered by the Ministry of Labour and Employment and implemented through Life Insurance Corporation of India and CSC e-Governance Services India Limited (CSC SPV). LIC will be the Pension Fund Manager and responsible for Pension pay out. The amount collected under PM-SYM pension scheme shall be invested as per the investment pattern specified by Government of India.

**9. Exit and Withdrawal:** Considering the hardships and erratic nature of employability of these workers, the exit provisions of scheme have been kept flexible. Exit provisions are as under:

- (a) In case subscriber exits the scheme within a period of less than 10 years, the beneficiary's share of contribution only will be returned to him with savings bank interest rate.
  - (i) If subscriber exits after a period of 10 years or more but before superannuation age i.e. 60 years of age, the beneficiary's share of contribution along with accumulated interest as actually earned by fund or at the savings bank interest rate whichever is higher.
  - (ii) If a beneficiary has given regular contributions and died due to any cause, his/ her spouse will be entitled to continue the scheme subsequently by payment of regular contribution or exit by receiving the beneficiary's contribution along with accumulated interest as actually earned by fund or at the savings bank interest rate whichever is higher.
  - (iii) If a beneficiary has given regular contributions and become permanently disabled due to any cause before the superannuation age, i.e. 60 years, and unable to continue to contribute under the scheme, his/ her spouse will be entitled to continue the scheme subsequently by

payment of regular contribution or exit the scheme by receiving the beneficiary's contribution with interest as actually earned by fund or at the savings bank interest rate whichever is higher.

(iv) After the death of subscriber as well as his/her spouse, the entire corpus will be credited back to the fund.

(v) Any other exit provision, as may be decided by the Government on advice of NSSB.

**11. Default of Contributions:** If a subscriber has not paid the contribution continuously he/she will be allowed to regularize his contribution by paying entire outstanding dues, along with penalty charges, if any, decided by the Government.

**12. Pension Pay out:** Once the beneficiary joins the scheme at the entry age of 18-40 years, the beneficiary has to contribute till 60 years of age. On attaining the age of 60 years, the subscriber will get the assured monthly pension of Rs.3000/- with benefit of family pension, as the case may be.

## **12.1. Applicability of the ESI Scheme**

The ESI scheme is applicable to all factories and other establishments as defined in the ESI Act with 10 or more persons (20 or more in some states) employed in such establishments. However, only those employees are covered under the ESI scheme whose monthly wages do not exceed Rs.21,000 (Rs.25,000 in the case of a person with a disability)

**The scheme under the ESI Act also applies to the following:**

Shops  
Restaurants  
Hotels  
Cinema Theaters  
Road Motor Transports undertakings  
Newspaper establishments and undertakings  
Educational institutions  
Medical institutions  
Contract and casual employees of Municipal Corporations or Municipal Bodies

**It also applies to the following establishments under the Central Government employing 20 or more persons engaged in:**

Insurance business  
Non-banking Financial Companies (NBFCs)  
Airport authorities  
Port trusts  
Warehousing establishments

### **Features of the ESI Scheme**

Complete medical care and attention are provided by the scheme to the employees registered under the ESI Act, 1948 at the time of his incapacity, restoration of his health and working capacity.

During absenteeism from work due to illness, maternity or factories accidents which result in loss of wages complete financial assistance is provided to the employees to compensate for the wage loss.

The scheme provides medical care to family members also. As of 31 March 2022, the total number of beneficiaries covered under this scheme is 12.04 crore.

**Broadly, the benefits under this scheme are categorized under two categories:**

*Cash benefits (which includes sickness, maternity, disablement - temporary and permanent, funeral expenses, rehabilitation allowance, vocational rehabilitation and medical bonus) and,*

*Non-cash benefits through medical care.*

The scheme is self-financing and being contributory in nature. The funds under the ESI scheme are primarily built out of the contribution from the employees and employers payable monthly at a fixed percentage of wages paid.

Currently, the employee contribution rate is 0.75% of the wages and that of employers is 3.25% of the wages paid.

The employer makes the contribution from his own share in favour of those employees whose daily average wage is Rs 137 as these employees are exempted from his own contribution.

The employer is required to pay his contribution and deduct employees' contribution from wages and deposit the same with ESIC within 15 days from the last day of the calendar month in which the contribution falls due. The payment can either be done online or through designated and authorized public sector banks.

### **13. Tourism Policy for MSMEs by Government of Maharashtra.**

#### **MSME (Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise) tourism Units**

In accordance with the provision of MSMED Act 2006, amended time to time, the MSME tourism units will be classified under service enterprises.

*Table 2 MSME classification and threshold limits*

Type of Project	Minimum Investment	Minimum Direct Employment generation
Micro	Up to Rs.1 Cr	10
Small	Up to Rs.10 Cr	15
Medium	Up to Rs.50 Cr	25

**Eligible Tourism Units –** Projects in the following categories are eligible for incentives.

Category	Type of Unit
Accommodations (A)	Hotels / Motels / Youth Hostels/Youth Clubs Resorts / Log Huts / Cottages
Accommodations (B)	Serviced Apartments, Apartment Hotel, Tourist Villas Time-Sharing Resorts Agro/ Rural/ Eco tourism units Home stays/ Bed & Breakfast/ Vacation Rental Homes/ Tented Accommodation/ Tourist Apartments/ Bamboo Huts/Tree House/ mud cottages Cruise boats / Yachts / House boats for tourist.
Food & Beverages	Wayside Amenities Restaurants / Food kiosks or Food Courts at Tourist destinations/ Beach Shacks/Tents/Glassy Pods etc. with Scientific Waste Management facilities.
Travel & Tourism	MICE or Convention Centres. Exhibition Spaces, Wellness Centres Tourism or Hospitality Training Centres / Hotel Management Institutes/Tourist facilitation centres etc.

Entertainment & Recreation	Ropeways / Cable Cars Amusement Parks / Theme Parks/Adventure tourism units or parks Golf Course, Caravan & Caravan Park, Heli Tourism projects, Unity Malls, AR-VR Zones, 7 D and above Experience, GlobalTourism Village, Art and Cultural Center etc. Cultural Centre / Amphitheatres / Theatres / Art Galleries/Viewing Gallery Retail Zones such as shopping malls / Multiplex / Video Game Zones (only if it's part of any other Eligible Tourism Unit)
Other Tourism Units	Handloom/Handicraft shops, Development of adventure tourism landing sitesDevelopment of Hospitality Parks, E-Vehicles for tourist Restoration / conservation of Historical/ Heritage structures/ Accommodations/ Buildings used as tourist attractions.

All eligible units must be registered with DoT/ Ministry of Tourism (MoT), Govt. of India and use of booking platform of DoT if available, is compulsory.

In addition to above, any other tourism projects (not listed in this policy) may be considered upon approval from High Powered Committee.

The detail definition of the above Eligible Tourism Units is placed in *Annexure C*.

### Fiscal Incentives

Following incentives would be available to all eligible tourism units:

### Capital Investment Incentive

All eligible tourism units as defined in this policy would be eligible for capital investment incentive as per table below:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Type of Unit</b>	<b>Incentives</b>
Accommodations (A)	Hotels / Motels / Youth Hostels/Youth Clubs Resorts / Log Huts / Cottages	20% of the eligible capital investment or INR 20 crore whatever is less
Accommodations (B)	Serviced Apartments, Tourist Villas Time-Sharing Resorts Agro/ Rural/ Eco tourism units Home stays/ Bed & Breakfast/ Vocational Rental Homes/ Tented Accommodation/ Tourist Apartments/ Bamboo Huts/Tree House/ mud cottages Cruise boats / Yachts / House boats for tourist.	15% of the eligible capital investment or INR 15 crore whatever is less
Food & Beverages	Way side Amenities Restaurants / Food kiosks or Food Courts at Tourist destinations/Beach Shacks/Tents/Glassy Pods etc. with Scientific Waste Management facilities.	15% of the eligible capital investment or INR 15 crore whatever is less

Travel & Tourism	MICE or Convention Centres. Exhibition Spaces, Wellness Centres Tourism or Hospitality Training Centres / Hotel Management Institutes/Tourist facilitation centres etc.	15% of the eligible capital investment or INR 15 crore whatever is less
Entertainment & Recreation	Ropeways / Cable Cars Amusement Parks / Theme Parks/Adventure tourism units or parks Golf Course, Caravan & Caravan Park, Heli Tourism projects, Unity Malls, AR-VR Zones, 7 D and above Experience, Global Tourism Village, Art and Cultural Center etc. Cultural Centre / Amphitheatres / Theatres / Art Galleries/ Viewing Gallery Retail Zones such as shopping malls / Multiplex / Video Game Zones (only if its part of any other Eligible Tourism Unit)	15% of the eligible capital investment or INR 15 crore whatever is less
Other Tourism Units	Handloom/Handicraft shops Development of adventure tourism landing sites E-Vehicles for tourist Restoration/ conservation of Historical/ Heritage structures/ Accommodations/ Buildings used as tourist attractions.	15% of the eligible capital investment or INR 10 Lakhs whatever is less
Ultra Mega Project Unit		10% of the eligible capital investment or INR 25 cr. whatever is less.

#### Other Fiscal incentives to Large, Mega and Ultra Mega tourism projects

Eligibility Period (in years)	A	B	C	STZ/STD	Ultra Mega project unit
	5	7	10	10	15
SGST reimbursement	50% of SGST on net paid	75% of SGST on net paid	100% of SGST on net paid	100% of SGST on net paid	100% of SGST on Gross payable
Electricity duty Exemption	50%	75%	100%	100%	100%
Electricity Tariff fund (Difference between commercial tariff and industrial tariff)	50%	75%	100%	100%	100%

Interest subventions	Upto 5% Interest subventions on Loan of upto INR 5 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be maximum INR 20 Lakhs within the given eligible period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of upto INR 10 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 25 Lakhs of total interest paid within the eligible period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of upto INR 15 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be 30 Lakhs of total interest paid within the eligible period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of upto INR 20 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 50 Lakhs within the given eligible period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of upto INR 25 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 75 Lakhs within the given eligible period
Quality certification, Travel for Life Registration & Certification etc., incentives	<p>Reimbursement offered up 100% or Rs.2.00 lakh for National Certification and Rs.10.00 lakh for International Certification.</p> <p><b>a.</b> Applicants shall be eligible for costs associated with quality certification as below : Cost of certification (registration, application fees and other payments to certifying authority)</p> <p>Cost of association consulting, limited to 50% of cost of certification</p> <p><b>d.</b> Only quality certifications recognized by the Department MoT shall be eligible.</p> <p><b>e.</b> Reimbursement shall be disbursed upon submission of proof of obtaining certification &amp; its cross verification.</p>				
Sustainability Initiatives Incentive (refer note no. 11below)	<b>Terms</b>		<b>Incentive</b>		
	Maximum percentage of investment in capital cost of implementing the sustainability initiatives		Upto25%		
Stamp duty and Registration chargesexemption	Ceiling on reimbursement per project		Up to INR 25 Lakhs or actual GST paidcost whatever is less		
	50%	75%	100%	100%	100%
Sale / Lease deeds executed in respect of purchase / lease of land/ built-up area for a tourism project provided that the sale deed, lease deed is entered into during the period of the Policy. Mortgage and hypothecation for undertaking tourism project during the Period of the Policy.					

### **Other Fiscal Incentives to MSME units**

Eligibility Period (in years)	A	B	C	STZ/STD
	05	05	07	07
SGST reimbursement	50% of SGST of onnet paid	75% of SGST of onnet paid	100% of SGST of on net paid	100% of SGST of on net paid
Electricity duty Exemption	50%	75%	100%	100%
Electricity Tariff refund (Difference between commercial tariff & industrial tariff)	50%	75%	100%	100%
Interest subventions	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 5 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 20 Lakhs within the given eligibility period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 10 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 25 Lakhs within the given eligibility period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 15 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 50 Lakhs within the given eligibility period	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 20 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 50 Lakhs within the given eligibility period
Quality certification incentives, Travel for Life Registration & Certification etc.	<p>Reimbursement offered up to 100% or Maximum Rs.2.00 lakh for National Certification and Rs.10.00 lakh for international Certification.</p> <p>a. Applicants shall be eligible for costs associated with quality certification as below :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Cost of certification (registration, application fees and other payments to certifying authority)</li> </ul>			
Sustainability Initiatives Incentive (refer note no.11 below)	Terms		Incentive	
	Maximum percentage of investment in capital cost of implementing the sustainability initiatives		Up to 25%	
Stamp duty and Registration charges exemption	Ceiling on reimbursement per project			
	50%	75%	100%	100%
	<p>Sale / Lease deeds executed in respect of purchase / lease of land/ built-up area for a tourism project, provided that the sale deed, lease deed is entered into during the period of the Policy.</p> <p>Mortgage and hypothecation for under taking tourism project during the Period of the Policy.</p>			

## Fiscal incentives for other Tourism Units

Following are the other tourism units eligible for financial incentives-

1. Adventure Tourism Units (Air, Land & Water based units)
2. Agro Tourism/ Rural Tourism/Eco Tourism
3. Beach Shacks
4. Caravan & Caravan Park
5. Home Stay/ Bed & Breakfast/Vacation Rental Homes/ Tented Accommodation/ Tourist Apartments

1. Other units as mentioned in the para indicating eligible units in this chapter.

Eligibility Period (in years)	A	B	C	STZ/STD
	03	03	05	05
SGST reimbursement	50% of SGST on net paid	75% of SGST of on net paid	100% of SGST of on net paid	100% of SGST of on net paid
Electricity duty Exemption	50%	75%	100%	100%
Electricity Tariff (Difference between commercial tariff and industrial tariff)	50%	75%	100%	100%
Interest subventions	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 2 Crores. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 05 Lakhs	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR2 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 05 Lakhs	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR2 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 10 Lakhs	Up to 5% Interest subventions on Loan of up to INR 2 Crore. Ceiling on total interest subventions shall be INR 10Lakhs
Stamp duty & Registration charges exemption	50%	75%	100%	100%
	Sale / Lease deeds executed in respect of purchase / lease of land/ built- up area for a tourism project, provided that the sale deed, lease deed is entered into during the period of the Policy.			
	Mortgage and hypothecation for undertaking tourism project during the Period of the Policy.			
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Above incentives shall not exceed to eligible Fixed capital investment of the project, within the given eligible period whichever is earlier.</li> <li>2. Eligible units should register with Directorate of Tourism and Ministry of Tourism. Also, use of Booking platform of DoT is mandatory, if available.</li> <li>3. For availing of incentives, registered units have to apply for eligibility certificate to Directorate of Tourism.</li> </ol>			

### **Tourist Places of Amravati:**



**Ambadevi Temple**



**Wadali Talav**



**Melghat Tiger Reserve**



**Gawilgarh Fort**



**Malkhed Dam**



**Chikhaldara Wildlife Sanctuary**



**Bamboo Garden**



**Chatri Talao**

**14. Export Policy 2023 of Government of Maharashtra** (*For Detailed Policy the link is https://maitri.mahaonline.gov.in/PDF/Maharashtra%20Export%20Policy%202023.pdf*)

**Objectives**

Double Maharashtra's exports to reach US \$150 Bn by FY 2027-28 from the current US \$72 Bn in FY 2022-23

Establish 30 World Standard Export-Oriented Industrial Parks in Maharashtra within the next 5 years.

Attain 22% of the total state participation towards the country's \$1 trillion export target by 2030.

**Policy Focus Areas:**

**1. Modern Export Infrastructure:**

Creating advanced infrastructure to boost exports in collaboration with the state and private partners, encouraging private investments in the state's export plans.

**2. Global Market Expansion:**

Strengthening market access for local exporters by striking trade deals, participating in international trade events and ensuring top-notch facilities for exporting goods.

**3. Supporting Small Business Exports:**

Offering incentives to small businesses for exporting their products, promoting innovation, competitive technologies and aligning with global quality standards for gradual export growth.

**4. Empowering Exporters:**

Providing essential support and training to exporters through partnerships with export promotion councils and trade agencies, creating a conducive environment for export-focused businesses.

**5. Simplified Export Processes:**

Making exporting easier by improving existing systems, ensuring quick approvals and clearances via a digital platform, creating a single point of contact for export-related permissions.

***14.1 The integrated facilities that will be available for investors areas below:***

1. Technology and Communication Infrastructure
2. Common Infrastructure and Logistics Facilities
3. Transportation Infrastructure
4. Industrial Buildings and Warehouses

5. Port and Terminal Facilities
6. Trade Support Services
7. Business Support Centres
8. Amenities and Social Infrastructure
9. Commercial areas will be allowed as per norms of Integrated Industrial Area (IIA)
10. Simplified Regulations

**14.1 The list of 14 eligible industry sectors is as below:**

Large Scale Electronics Manufacturing	White Goods (ACs & LED)
Manufacturing of Medical devices	High Efficiency Solar PV Modules
Electronic/ Technology Products	Automobiles & Auto Components
Pharmaceuticals drugs	Advance Chemistry Cell (ACC) Battery
Telecom and Networking Products	Specialty Steel
Food Products including Aqua Food	Drones & Drone Component
Key Starting Materials/ Drug Intermediaries and Active Pharmaceuticals Ingredients	Textile Products: MMF segment & technical textiles

**14.3 Fostering Excellence, Elevating Exports in Maharashtra**

**Highlights of the Export Policy 2023**

1. Focus on enhancing Maharashtra's participation in the global value chain.
2. Development of world-class export-oriented industrial parks.
3. Institutional arrangements for export facilitation, including the Maharashtra Export Promotion Council (MEPC) and Export
4. Convergence with other state policies to promote export, such as logistics policy, IT/ ITeS policy, textile policy, etc.
5. Commitment to sustainable and inclusive export development, capacity building and quality assurance.
6. Objective to double exports from Maharashtra to reach US \$150 billion by FY 2027-28.
7. Promotion of One District One Product (ODOP) and Geographical Indication (GI) products.
8. Emphasis on ease of doing export (EoDE) through streamlined procedures and single-window clearance.
9. Establishment of Maharashtra International Trade Fair (MITF) for promoting trade and facilitating market access.
10. Formation of Maharashtra Export Facilitation Cell (EFC) to provide comprehensive guidance and assistance to exporters.