Latex Assignment1

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Example:-1-25 (10.7)

- 1. Find the slope of lines:
 - (a) Passing through the points (3, -2) and (-1, 4)
 - (b) Passing through the points (3, -2) and (7, -2)
 - (c) passing through the points (3, -2) and (3, 4)
 - (d) Making inclination of 60° with the positive direction of x-axis.
- 2. If the angle between two lines is $\frac{\pi}{4}$ and slope of one of the lines is $\frac{1}{2}$, find the slope of the other line.
- 3. Line through the points (-2, 6) and (4, 8) is perpendicular to the line through the points (8, 12) and (x, 24). Find the value of x.
- 4. Three points (h, k), $Q(x_1, y_1)$ and $R(x_2, y_2)$ lie on a line. Show that $(h x_1)(y_2 y_1) = (k y_1)(x_2 x_1)$.
- 5. In Fig. 1, time and distance graph of a linear motion is given. Two positions of line and distance are recorded as, when T = 0, D = 2 and when T = 3, D = 8. Use the concept of slope, find law of motion i.e, how distance depends upon time.
- 6. Find the equations of the lines parallel to axes and passing through (2, 3).
- 7. Find the equation of the line through (-2, 3) with slope -4
- 8. Write the equation of the line through the points (1, -1) and (3, 5).
- 9. Write the equation of the lines for which $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$, where θ is the inclination of the line and
 - (i) y-intercepts is $\frac{-3}{2}$
 - (ii) x-intercept is 4.
- 10. Find the equation of the lines which makes intercepts −3 and 2 on the x- and y-axes respectively.

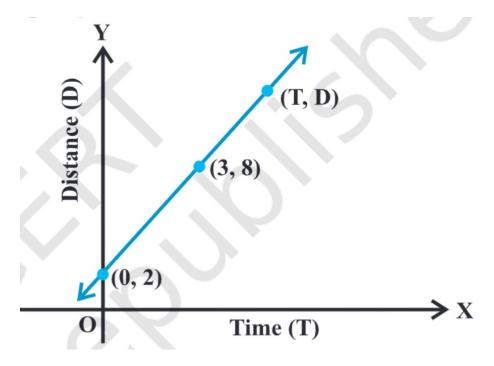


Figure 1: 10.9

- 11. Find the equation of the line whose perpendicular distance from the origin is 4 units and the angle which the normal makes with positive direction of x-axis is 15°.
- 12. The Fahrenheit temperature F and absolute temperature K satisfy a linear equation. Given that K = 273 when F = 32 and that K = 373 when F = 212. Express K in terms of F and find the value of F, when K = 0.
- 13. Equation of a line is 3x 4y + 10 = 0, Find its
 - (i) Slope
 - (ii) x and y-intercepts.
- 14. Reduce the equation $\sqrt{3}x + y 8 = 0$ into normal form. Find the values of p and ω .
- 15. Find the angle between the lines $y \sqrt{3}x 5 = 0$ and $\sqrt{3}y x + 6 = 0$.
- 16. Show that two lines $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ and $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$ where $b_1b 2 \neq 0$ are:
 - (a) parallel if $\frac{a_1}{b_1} = \frac{a_2}{b_2}$ and
 - (b) Perpendicular if $a_1a_2 b_1b_2 = 0$.

- 17. Find the equation of a line perpendicular to the line x + 2y + 3 = 0 and passing through the point (1, -2).
- 18. Find the distance of the point (3, -5) from the line 3x 4y 26 = 0.
- 19. Find the distance between the parallel lines 3x 4y + 7 = 0 and 3x 4y + 5 = 0.
- 20. If the lines 2x + y 3 = 0, 5x + ky 3 = 0 and 3x y 2 = 0 are concurrent, find the value of k.
- 21. Find the distance of the line 4x y 0 from the point p(4, 1) measured along the line making an angle of 135° with the positive x-axis.
- 22. Assuming that straight lines work as the plane mirror for a point, find the image of the point (1, 2) in the line x 3y + 4 = 0.
- 23. Show that the area of the triangle formed by the lines $y = m_1x + c_1$, $y = m_2x + c_2$ and x = 0 is $\frac{c_1 c_2^2}{2|m_1 m_2|}$
- 24. A line is such that its segment between the lines 5x-y+4=0 and 3x+4y-4=0 is bisected at the point (1,5). Obtain its equation.
- 25. Show that the path of a moving point such that its distances from two lines 3x 2y = 5 and 3x + 2y = 5 are equal is a straight line.