Finding	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	
$\sqrt{19}$:	$\sqrt{19} = 4 + \frac{1}{x_1}$	$x_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{19}-4}$	$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{19}-4} \frac{\sqrt{19}+4}{\sqrt{19}+4} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+4}{19-16} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+4}{3}$	
$x_1 =$	$\frac{\sqrt{19}+4}{3} = 2 + \frac{1}{x_2}$	$x_2 = \frac{6}{\sqrt{19}-2}$	$= \frac{3}{\sqrt{19}-2} \frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{\sqrt{19}+2} = \frac{3(\sqrt{19}+2)}{19-4} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{5}$	
$x_2 =$	$\frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{5} = 1 + \frac{1}{x_3}$	$x_3 = \frac{5}{\sqrt{19}-3}$	$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{19}-3} \frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{\sqrt{19}+3} = \frac{5(\sqrt{19}+3)}{19-9} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{2}$	
$x_3 =$	$\frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{2} = \frac{3}{x_4}$	$x_4 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{19} - 3}$	$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{19}-3} \frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{\sqrt{19}+3} = \frac{2(\sqrt{19}+3)}{19-9} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{5}$	
$x_4 =$	$\frac{\sqrt{19}+3}{5} = 1 + \frac{1}{x_5}$	$x_5 = \frac{5}{\sqrt{19}-2}$	$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{19}-2} \frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{\sqrt{19}+2} = \frac{5(\sqrt{19}+2)}{19-4} = \frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{3}$	
$x_5 =$	$\frac{\sqrt{19}+2}{3} = \frac{2}{x_6}$	$x_6 = \frac{5}{\sqrt{19} - 3}$	$= \frac{3}{\sqrt{19} - 4} \frac{\sqrt{19} + 4}{\sqrt{19} + 4} = \frac{3(\sqrt{19} + 4)}{19 - 16} = \sqrt{19} + 4$	

Problem 44.

Pentagon number. Given a number, is it a pentagon?

$$P_n = \frac{n(3n-1)}{2},\tag{2}$$

$$2 * P_n = n(3n - 1), \tag{3}$$

$$2 * P_n = 3n^2 - n, (4)$$

$$0 = 3n^2 - n - 2 * P_n, (5)$$

$$\frac{1 + \sqrt{1^2 - 4 * 3 * -2 * P_n}}{2 * 3},$$

$$\frac{1 + \sqrt{1^2 + 24P_n}}{6}$$
(6)

$$\frac{1 + \sqrt{1^2 + 24P_n}}{6} \tag{7}$$

Problem 50.

Then loop through each prime starting at lowest. 2 Only update if it is a new maximum. Keep old array

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