#### **April James**

## **CS475 Parallel Programming**

Assignment 3: Functional Decomposition

Tourists in Nara: A Super Tiny Simulation

1. Data of choice: the number of tourists that visit the park per day. In my simulation, I'm imagining this location to be modern Nara, Japan, where semi-wild deer roam freely and are more common than people in some parks. This simulation tracks a small park, and keeps statistics on the average daily number of visitors each month. These tourists are provided with deer snacks upon entrance to the park, and feed the deer lots of food as they visit. Tourists are more prevalent during the warm, summer and fall season, and drop off in the winter. Unfortunately, in most Asian cultures, the number 4 is unlucky, and many people forgo large decisions such as travelling. Therefore, we see a dip in population at year 2024, which picks back up again the next year.

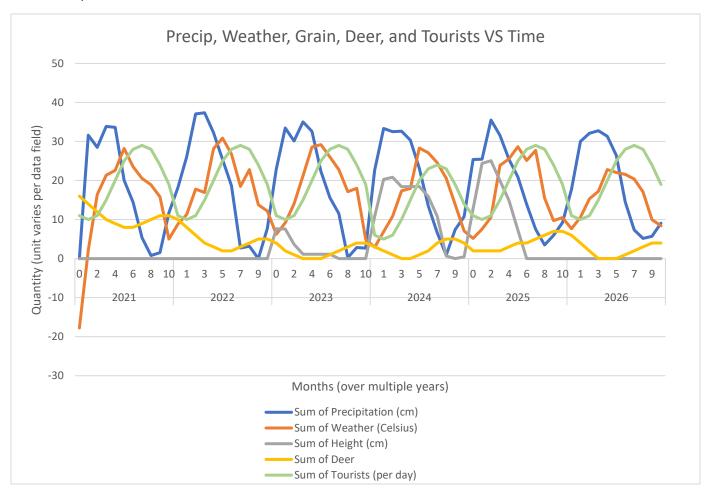
Unfortunately, the deer became codependent with the tourist appearances, since they provide more delicious treats than the grain (even though it tastes good too). If there are more than around 20 tourists a day, the deer population will increase by either 1 or two, depending on the number of people. If there are less than 20, the deer population will decrease on a similar scale.

# 2. Table of data

Row	Sum of	Sum of Weather	Sum of	Sum of	Sum of Tourists
Labels	Precipitation (cm)	(Celsius)	Height (cm)	Deer	(per day)
2021	181.4734648	156.809	0	118	220
0	0	-17.7777778	0	16	11
1	31.599378	2.1485	0	14	10
2	28.506928	16.39766667	0	12	11
3	33.868106	21.35844444	0	10	15
4	33.633918	22.61066667	0	9	20
5	20.0410318	28.20066667	0	8	25
6	14.435201	23.52138889	0	8	28
7	5.3315108	20.56244444	0	9	29
8	0.80214216	18.918	0	10	28
9	1.53446988	15.85033333	0	11	24
10	11.7207792	5.018666667	0	11	19
2022	208.5166518	207.9626111	0	52	220
0	18.1810406	8.812333333	0	10	11
1	26.065226	11.27977778	0	8	10
2	37.055298	17.81894444	0	6	11
3	37.362638	16.92366667	0	4	15
4	32.21228	28.17766667	0	3	20
5	25.4127	30.87061111	0	2	25
6	18.6438794	26.79283333	0	2	28
7	2.7222958	18.51588889	0	3	29
8	3.1520892	22.80805556	0	4	28
9	0	13.78211111	0	5	24
10	7.7092048	12.18072222	0	5	19
2023	209.5348311	197.3866111	23.37212979	21	220
0	22.9309168	6.258444444	7.6550012	4	11
1	33.466786	9.143277778	7.601331	2	10
2	30.141672	14.0285	3.6471098	1	11
3	35.019996	21.18888889	1.10935262	0	15
4	32.618934	28.58905556	1.10935262	0	20
5	22.343237	29.21672222	1.10935262	0	25
6	15.6500322	26.06222222	1.1093577	1	28
7	11.543665	22.81027778	0	2	29
8	0.27416252	17.14383333	0	3	28
9	2.8597352	17.99944444	0	4	24
10	2.6856944	4.945944444	0.031272226	4	19
2024	213.8562042	177.5492222	135.232521	27	165
0	22.6969574	2.927666667	10.8503212	3	6
1	33.341818	6.885888889	20.3204572	2	5

2	32.51073	10.84494444	20.8457292	1	6
3	32.630872	17.36277778	18.400268	0	10
4	30.346904	17.97183333	18.4588404	0	15
5	23.1476804	28.35205556	18.4588404	1	20
6	13.5126222	27.12633333	15.9188404	2	23
7	6.6054224	24.55916667	10.8388658	4	24
8	0.86331044	20.58461111	0.68081652	5	23
9	7.4273918	13.88016667	0	5	19
10	10.7724956	7.053777778	0.45954188	4	14
2025	204.3839702	190.0020556	104.4545536	44	220
0	25.3980188	5.166333333	12.7767842	2	11
1	25.448514	7.55755556	24.3962682	2	10
2	35.493452	10.58255556	25.0752864	2	11
3	31.56966	23.85516667	19.995388	2	15
4	25.461722	25.56311111	14.9154134	3	20
5	20.9267044	28.68044444	7.2954134	4	25
6	13.9071096	25.12127778	0	4	28
7	7.5335384	27.72722222	0	5	29
8	3.4815526	15.51716667	0	6	28
9	5.9363102	9.711111111	0	7	24
10	9.2273882	10.52011111	0	7	19
2026	212.2288364	173.0692222	0.004573572	26	220
0	17.7211482	7.648833333	0	6	11
1	30.009338	10.57894444	0	4	10
2	32.113728	15.30005556	0	2	11
3	32.776668	17.21805556	0	0	15
4	31.326328	22.80605556	0.000390261	0	20
5	26.437844	22.06311111	0.001368433	0	25
6	14.5347182	21.55433333	0.002814879	1	28
7	7.3452482	20.39155556	0	2	29
8	5.1977544	17.11172222	0	3	28
9	5.6982614	9.969666667	0	4	24
10	9.0678	8.426888889	0	4	19
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### 3. Graph



### 4. Commentary

As seen from the graph, the carrying capacity of grain no longer guides the rise and fall of deer population, due to the deer's livelihood being overran by food-bearing tourists. Because of this, deer have started to control the height of the grain instead- the more deer, the lower the grain height because they continue to munch grain even though tourists are feeding them food. When tourists rise, deer levels rise as well, showing a correlation between their offerings and deer population. Surprisingly, the population dip in 2024 did not seem to affect the deer dramatically. This is likely due to the high presence of grain during this period of time.