

A TikZ library for track schematics

by the project contributors

Version 0.7.0 from 2022-04-02

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1. Introduction

1.1. About tikz-trackschematic

The TikZ-trackschematic library is a toolbox of symbols geared primarily towards creating track schematic for either research or educational purposes. It provides a TikZ frontend to some of the symbols which maybe needed to describe situations and layouts in railway operation. The library is divided into the following sublibraries:

- topology,
- trafficcontrol,
- vehicles,
- constructions,
- symbology,
- electrics, and
- measures.

1.2. Acknowledgement

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 826347. If you want to cite this project please use the following informations:

Scheidt, M. (2021). TikZ-trackschematics (Version 0.7.0) DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.5539845

1.3. Requirements

The library uses TikZ and it is based the following packages:

- tikz,
- xcolor, and
- etoolbox.

Further more it uses the following TikZ libraries:

- calc,
- intersections,
- patterns, and
- arrows.meta.

1.4. License

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1.5. Alternatives

Apart from this library, there is also the Signalschablone with german (Deutsche Bahn) symbols for MS Visio.

2. Usage

2.1. A complete minimal example

The command \usepackage{tikz-trackschematic} will load the library; place it somewhere in your preamble. Here is a complete working minimal example which will produce a single PDF file with the figure on the right:

```
\documentclass{standalone}

% loading the library
\usepackage{tikz-trackschematic}

\begin{document} % LaTEX
\begin{tikzpicture} % TikZ

% draw a track with (x,y) coordinates
\maintrack (0,0) -- (6,0);

% place a train on the track
\train[forward] at (5,0) label ();

\end{tikzpicture}
\end{document}
```

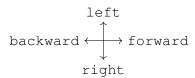
2.2. Placement

To place symbols in a track schematic, they need to placed and oriented correctly. The placement ist done through the given TikZ coordinate. There are a few assumaptions made about the placement:

- 1. Parallel tracks are drawn at a distance of 1 cm (which is the base unit of TikZ).
- 2. Tracks are only drawn at an angle of $n \cdot 45^{\circ}$.

2.3. Orientation system

The orientation is controlled via given TikZ options or pgfkey. The orientation options/pgfkeys inhibit their meaning from reading left to right as forward and relate left/right to that movement.



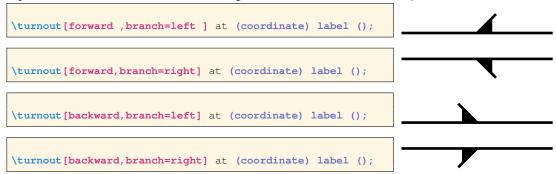
The main option/pgfkey is the face option to control in which direction an object will face. The key can take one of the following two values: forward, and backward.

```
\train[face=forward] at (coordinate) label ();

\train[face=backward] at (coordinate) label ();
```

As a shortcut you may also just give the option forward or backward without the face= in front of it.

If you have objects which branch either to the left or the right you have to give the branch option which takes one of the following two values: left, and right.



There is no shortcut and the key branch= must be given contrary to the key face=.

2.4. Left- and right-hand traffic

The traffic practice to divide bidirectional traffic has impact mostly on traffic control. The default traffic practice for this library ist right-hand traffic. You can change it either globally or locally with the key traffic practice=left. There is also the alias position for single local entries.

2.5. Colors: background and foreground

The two main colors white and black are set for the background and foreground keys by default. If you want to change them, provide a new value for the keys. For example like this:

3. Provided Symbols and their commands

3.1. overview

To get a table with all symbols the command \tsFullSymbology is provided. It can be used in a normal TEX environment and will list all symbols of all sublibraries.

```
\tsFullSymbology
```

Each symbol provides a reference name fo a symbology entry if there is the need to create an own table with the symbols. It can be used in a normal TEX environment and will show the named symbol with a length of 6.2 cm and a height of 1 cm.

```
\tsSymbol[height] {symbol_name}
```

There is also a table with snippets for various situations. Each snippet and each symbol must be used inside a TikZ environment. Each sublibrary provides different symbols. The following section will go through each symbol their command and options.

3.2. Topology

3.2.1. Tracks

Drawing a track follows the same pricipal as drawing a line in TikZ. There are two general options of tracks with different commands: main tracks, and secondary tracks.

Main track

```
\maintrack (coord1) -- (coord2);
\maintrack (coord1) -- (coord2) -- etc.;
```

No options available.

This command is equivalent to:

```
\path[draw=foreground,line width=2pt] (coord1) -- (coord2);
```

Beware of the placement assumption by the library (see Section 2.2).

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{main_track}% TeX environment
```

Secondary track

```
\secondarytrack (coord1) -- (coord2);
\secondarytrack (coord1) -- (coord2) -- etc.;
```

For the secondary track you may also use the following alias:

```
\sidetrack (coord1) -- (coord2);
```

No options available.

The command is equivalent to:

```
\path[draw=foreground,line width=0.7pt] (coord1) -- (coord2);
```

Beware of the placement assumption by the library (see Section 2.2).

```
\tsSymbol{secondary_track} % TeX environment
```

Track number or track label

-----label

```
\tracklabel at (coord) label (number);
```

No options available.

This command is equivalent to:

```
\node[fill=background,text=foreground] at (coord) {number};
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{track_label} % TeX environment
```

Buffer stops



values for options (comma seperated):

forward or backward (mandatory)

friction=length unit(optional)

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{bufferstop}% TeX environment
\tsSymbol{friction_bufferstop}% TeX environment
```

Track closures

```
\trackclosure at (coord);
```

No options available.

```
\tsSymbol{track_closure} % TeX environment
```

3.2.2. Turnouts and similar

Turnouts



```
\turnout[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
```

branch=left or branch=right (mandatory)

operation=manual (optional)

fouling point (optional)

points=left, points=right, or points=moving (optional, default: none)

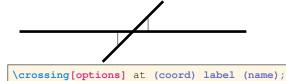
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{turnout_fouling}% TeX environment
\tsSymbol{turnout_manually}% TeX environment
```

Diamond crossings



values for options (comma seperated):

branch=left or branch=right (mandatory)

fouling point (optional)

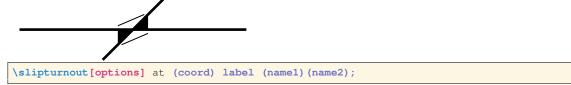
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

\tsSymbol{diamond_crossing} % TeX environment

Slip switchs or slip turnouts



values for options (comma seperated):

```
branch=left or branch=right (mandatory)

slip=double (default), slip=none, slip=left or slip=right (mandatory)

operation=manual (optional)

fouling point (optional)

forward points=left, forward points=right, or forward points=moving (optional, default: none)

backward points=left,backward points=right, or backward points=moving (optional, default: none)
```

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{slip_turnout}% TeX environment
```

Derailers



values for options (comma seperated):

forward or backward (mandatory)

branch=left or branch=right (mandatory)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

\tsSymbol{derailer}% TeX environment

3.3. Vehicles

Parked vehicles



values for options (comma seperated):

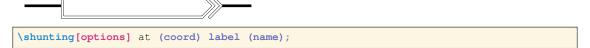
```
length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
label align=left or label align=right (optional, default: center)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The value for (label-coord) is relative to (coord). An absolute (label-coord) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{parked_vehicles} % TeX environment
```

Shunting movements



```
movement (optional)
forward or backward (mandatory)
length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)
operation=manual or operation=automatic (optional)
bend left at={ (bend-coord) } (optional, default: none)
bend right at={ (bend-coord) } (optional, default: none)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
label align=left or label align=right (optional, default: center)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

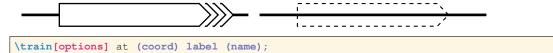
```
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The value for (*label-coord*) and (*bend-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) or (*bend-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{train_shunting}% TeX environment
```

Train runs



values for options (comma seperated):

```
run=slow, run=normal or run=fast (optional)

forward or backward (mandatory)

length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)

operation=manual or operation=automatic (optional)

ghost (optional)

bend left at={ (bend-coord) } (optional, default: none)

bend right at={ (bend-coord) } (optional, default: none)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

label align=left or label align=right (optional, default: center)

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The value for (*label-coord*) and (*bend-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) or (*bend-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

```
\tsSymbol{train_moving_fast}% TeX environment
\tsSymbol{train_ghost}% TeX environment
```

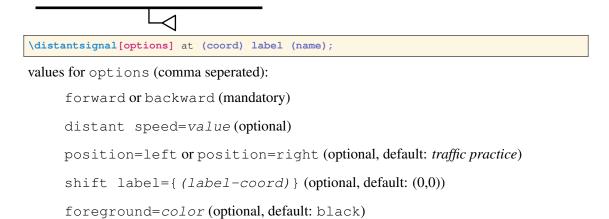
3.4. Traffic control

3.4.1. Stationary signals

Generic signal command

```
values for options (comma seperated):
    at least one of the following: distant, speed type, block, route, shunt
    limit, shunting and/or berth
    forward or backward (mandatory)
    speed=value(optional)
    distant speed=value(optional)
    locked=false(default) or locked=true(optional)
    position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
    shift label={ (label-coord)} (optional, default: black)
```

Distant signal



This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[distant,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{distant_signal}% TeX environment
```

Speed signal/sign



For the speed signal you may also use the following alias:

```
\speedsign[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
speed=value (optional)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

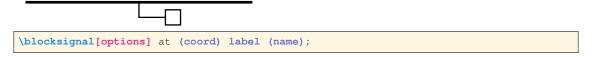
This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[speed type,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{speed_signal}% TeX environment
```

Block signal



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
speed=value (optional)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

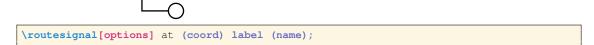
This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[block, options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{block_signal}% TeX environment
```

Route signal



values for options (comma seperated):

forward or backward (mandatory)

speed=value(optional)

locked=false (default) or locked=true (optional)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

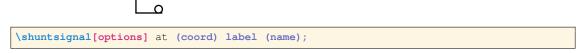
This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[route, options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{route_signal}% TeX environment
```

Shunting signal



values for options (comma seperated):

forward or backward (mandatory)

locked=false (default) or locked=true (optional)

```
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[shunting,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{shunt_signal}% TeX environment
```

Shunt limit



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[shunt limit,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{shunt_limit}% TeX environment
```

▶ Berth signal/sign

```
\berthsignal[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

For the speed signal you may also use the following alias:

```
\berthsign[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

This command is equivalent to:

```
\signal[berth,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{train_berth_sign}% TeX environment
```

3.4.2. Non-stationary locations

View point



```
\viewpoint[options] at (coord);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward or backward (mandatory)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{view_point}% TeX environment
```

Braking point



```
\brakingpoint[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

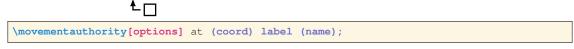
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

```
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{braking_point}% TeX environment
```

End of movement authority



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{end_of_authority}% TeX environment
```

Danger point



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

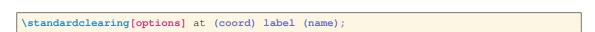
```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{danger_point}% TeX environment
```

3.4.3. Clearing points

Generic clearing point

```
values for options (comma seperated):
    at least one of the following: standard, block and/or route
    forward (default) or backward (optional)
    position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
    shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
    foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Standard clearing point



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward (default) or backward (optional)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

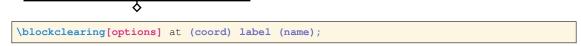
This command is equivalent to:

```
\clearingpoint[standard,options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{clearing_point}% TeX environment
```

Block clearing point



```
forward (default) or backward (optional)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

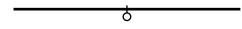
This command is equivalent to:

```
\clearingpoint[block, options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{block_clearing_point}% TeX environment
```

Route clearing point



```
\routeclearing[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward (default) or backward (optional)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

This command is equivalent to:

```
\clearingpoint[route, options] at (coord) label (name);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{route_clearing_point}% TeX environment
```

3.4.4. Routes

Route



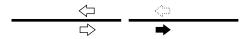
forward or backward (mandatory)

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{route}% TeX environment
```

Direction control



```
\directioncontrol[options] at (coord);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{direction_control}% TeX environment
```

3.4.5. Transmitters

Balise



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, or backward (mandatory)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
switched (optional)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

The basic state is one in which the individual balises are not shown. The direction of the balises is the same as the direction of action. The direction of the balises is indicated by the orientation of the label. The switched option changes the symbol over the entire length.

```
along={comma separated list of integers} (optional)
oppose={comma separated list of integers} (optional)
along switched={comma separated list of integers} (optional)
oppose switched={comma separated list of integers} (optional)
index (optional)
```

If individual balises are to be shown, they are indicated via the along or along switched with the direction of the balise and with oppose or oppose switched against the balise. A list with integer values is passed to the parameter. The list starts with 0. For example, three individual balises are drawn with the list $\{0,1,3\}$ and the balise at position 2 is left out. With the option index, the index number can also be displayed. If one of the options along, along switched, oppose, or oppose switched is set, the switched option is ignored.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{balise_group}% TeX environment
\tsSymbol{balise_individual}% TeX environment
```

Loop


```
\trackloop[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{trackloop}% TeX environment
```

3.5. Constructions

Platform

```
\platform[options] at (coord);
```

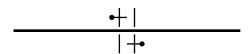
values for options (comma seperated):

```
side=left, side=right or side=both (mandatory)
length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)
width=length unit (optional, default 0.5cm)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{platform}% TeX environment
```

Level crossings



```
\levelcrossing[options] at (coord);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
barrier=none (default), barrier=semi or barrier=full (optional)
side=both (default), side=left or side=right (optional)
road width=length unit (optional, default 0.4cm)
width=length unit (optional, default 0.5cm)
no road (optional)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[2.0]{level_crossing}% TeX environment
```

Bridge

\bridge[options] at (coord);

values for options (comma seperated):

```
length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)
width=length unit (optional, default 0.5cm)
shift left=length unit (optional, default 0cm)
shift right=length unit (optional, default 0cm)
side=both (default), side=left or side=right (optional)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
background=color (optional, default: white)
no background (optional)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[2.0]{bridge} % TeX environment
```

► Interlocking



\interlocking at (coord);

No options available.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{interlocking}% TeX environment
```

Hump

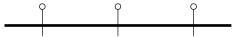


```
\hump at (coord);
```

No options available.

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{hump}% TeX environment
```

Pylon



```
\pylon[options] at (coord);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
side=right (default), side=left or side=both (optional)
```

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

background=color (optional, default: white)

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{pylon}% TeX environment
```

3.6. Electrics

Distant power off



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={(label-coord)} (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{distant_power_off}% TeX environment
```

Power off



```
\poweroff[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{power_off}% TeX environment
```

Power on



```
\poweron[options] at (coord) label (name);
```

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

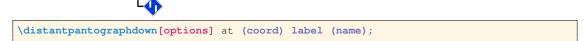
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{power_on}% TeX environment
```

Distant pantograph down



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

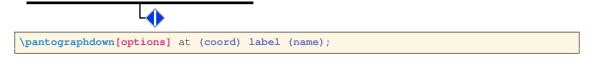
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{distant_pantograph_down} % TeX environment
```

Pantograph down



```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)
```

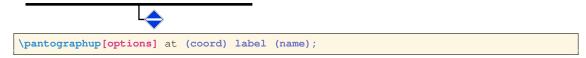
```
shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{pantograph_down}% TeX environment
```

Pantograph up



values for options (comma seperated):

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

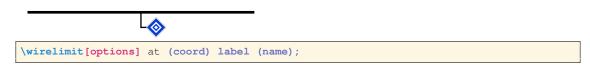
background=color (optional, default: white)
```

The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{pantograph_up}% TeX environment
```

Wire limit



```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)

position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)

signal color=color (optional, default: ts-signal-blue)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

foreground=color (optional, default: black)

background=color (optional, default: white)
```

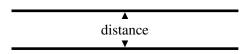
The color *ts-signal-blue* is defined as *HTML*: 013ADF. The value for (*label-coord*) is relative to (*coord*). An absolute (*label-coord*) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[1.4]{wire_limit}% TeX environment
```

3.7. Measures

➤ Track distance



```
\trackdistance between (coord1) and (coord2) distance (value);
```

No options available.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol[2.0]{track_distance} % TeX environment
```

Train berth

```
\berth[options] at (coord) length (value);
```

```
forward, backward or bidirectional (mandatory)
length=length unit (optional, default 4cm)
position=left or position=right (optional, default: traffic practice)
foreground=color (optional, default: black)
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{train_berth}% TeX environment
```

Messure line

```
\measureline (coord1) -- (coord2);
\measureline (coord1) -- (coord2) -- etc.;
```

No options available.

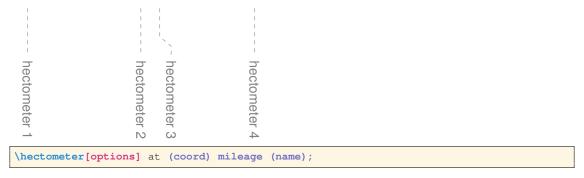
This command is equivalent to:

```
\path[draw=foreground!50!background,dashed,shorten <=0.75cm,shorten >=0.75cm] (coord1)
-- (coord2);
```

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{measure_line}% TeX environment
```

Hectometer



```
hectometer base={ (base-coord) } (mandatory)

orientation=left or orientation=right (mandatory)

shift label={ (label-coord) } (optional, default: (0,0))

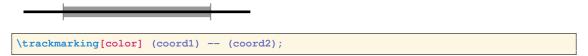
hectometer color=color (optional, default: foreground!50!background)
```

The value for (base-coord) and (label-coord) is relative to (coord). An absolute (base-coord) or (label-coord) can be specified with the TikZ \coordinate command. Specify a commen hectometer base and orientation if you have to place multiplie hectometers, i.e. with: \tikzset{hectometer base={ (base-coord) }, orientation=right};.

Symbology entry as seen at top:

```
\tsSymbol{hectometer}% TeX environment
```

Track Marking



color (optional, default: foreground with opacity 40%)

This command is equivalent to:

```
\path[
  draw,
  line width=8pt,
  opacity=0.4,
  arrows={
    Bar[line cap=round,line width=1pt,width=12pt]-
    Bar[line cap=round,line width=1pt,width=12pt]
},
  shorten >=lpt,shorten <=lpt
] (coord1) -- (coord2);</pre>
```

```
\tsSymbol{track_marking} % TeX environment
```

A. Symbology

B. Revision History

Revision	Date	Author(s)	Description
0.1	2018-09-14	MS	Basic concept of a library with railway topology symbols and some examples.
0.2	2018-12-19	MS	Added transmitters and minor improvements.
0.3	2019-04-04	MS	Moved snippet folder to root folder and defined and used color foreground and background.
0.4	2019-07-21	MS	Reworked library for common tikz library layout.
0.5	2020-01-14	MS	Introducing new syntax and providing a documentation.
0.5.1	2020-02-10	MS	Modified symbol "end of movement authority"; added symbols "braking point" and "danger point".
0.6	2021-01-02	MS	Added symbols for "direction control", "track marking", "pylons" and electric wiring; changed symbol for "friction bufferstop"; created an encapsulating package for future flexibility - changed load command for library to \usepackage{tikz-trackschematic}.
0.6.1	2021-09-30	MS	removed package requirement Imodern, minor correction in manual, added citation information
0.6.2	2021-10-15	MS	bug fixing
0.6.3	2022-02-15	MS, GW	fixed spelling error and documented (slip-) turnout option: points=moving; updated link to signalschablone; automated testing and releasing
0.7.0	2022-04-02	MS, GW	revised symbol and syntax for balises; replaced "\gettikzxy" with "\path let" syntax; fixed PackageWarning Error in development mode; fixed foreground of sidetrack (alias)

Gregor Wehrle (GW), Martin Scheidt (MS)