# Speech-Augmented Cone-of-Vision for Exploratory Data Analysis

Riccardo Bovo, Daniele Giunchi, Ludwig Sidenmark, Joshua Newn, Hans Gellersen, Enrico Costanza, and Thomas Heinis

Imperial College London, University College London, Lancaster University

### **Definition**

Mutual awareness of visual attention: The ability to identify collaborators' visual attention. Important for successful collaboration.

Visual attention cues: visual elements indicating where collaborators' visual attention is on the workspace. Ex: Eye-tracking cursor.

Mono-directional: Only the collaborators see the cues.

Bi-directional: Everyone, including the user, see the cues.

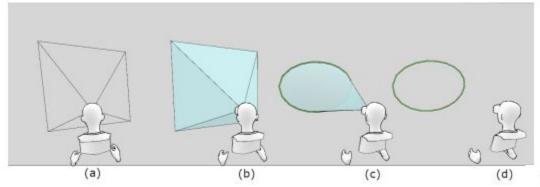
Mutual alignment: Orienting themselves along the general direction of collaborators.

### Contributions

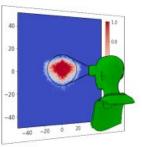
- (1) A new visual attention cue: Speech-augmented Cone-of-Vision
- (2) A study comparing this cue to 2 baseline:
  - (a) Classic Cone-of-Vision
  - (b) Eye tracking cursor
- (3) A dataset from the study

# Speech-augmented Cone-of-Vision

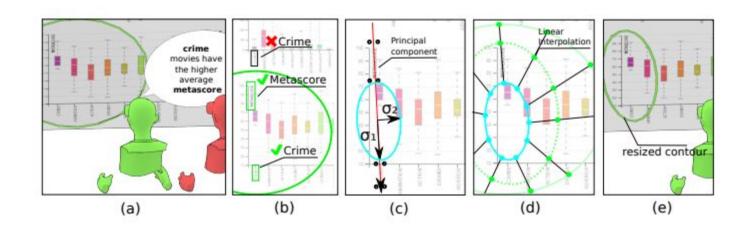
First, what is Cone-of-Vision?



Source: Cone of Vision as a Behavioural Cue for VR Collaboration. Bovo et al. 2022



# Speech-augmented Cone-of-Vision



### The study

Condition: CoV + Speech (Speech-augmented Cone-of-Vision), CoV (classic Cone-of-Vision), Eye-gaze cursor

Task: Finding insights in a multi-visualisation environment (Exploratory data analysis). Two participants in two separate room => Remote collaboration

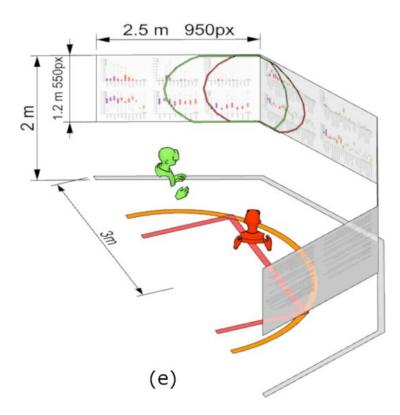
10 pairs of participants

Measures: Number of insights, Visual attention, non-standard questionnaires

Post-Analysis on speech

Note: All participants wore an eye-tracker.

# A quick view of the environment



### Overall results

No difference in insights

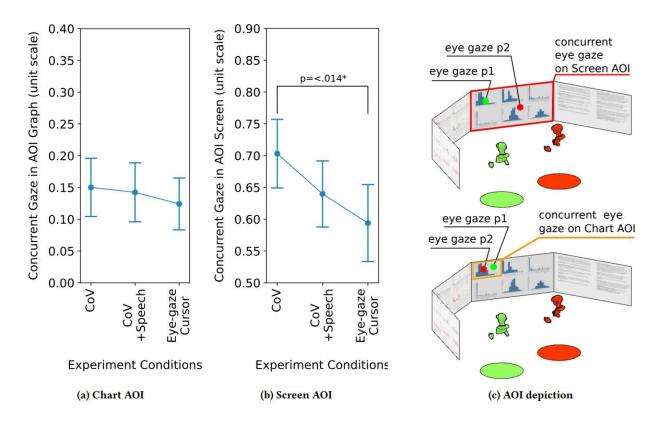
Small difference in VA

Some differences in questionnaire

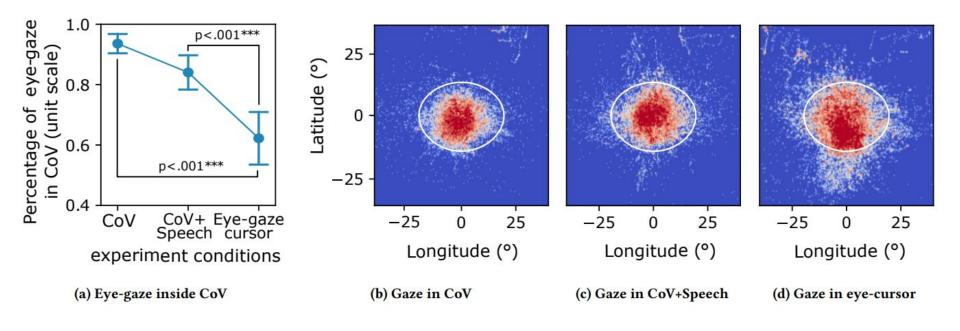
Interesting comments on the use of visual attention cues in general

Big Issue: Real-time speech recognition too laggy to be usable (=> post analysis on speech)

### Visual Attention (concurrent)



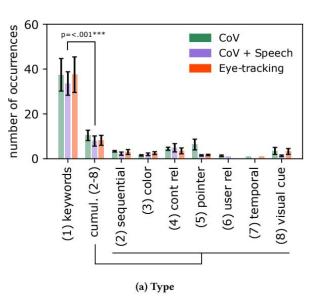
# Visual Attention (individual)



### Speech post analysis

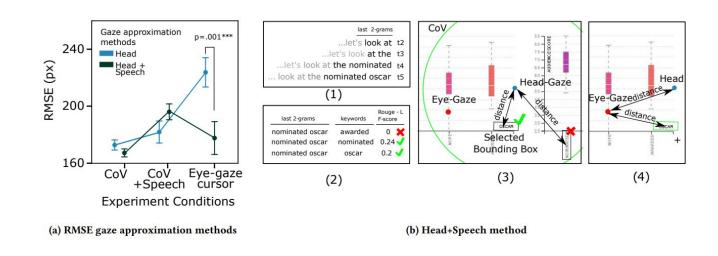
Transcription and coding of the oral communication (with video recording)

Identification of words used to collaborate (taxonomy adapted from previous one)



# Speech post analysis

Computation a posteriori of the CoV+Speech and of the distance between this zone and the real position of the gaze of the participant. Comparison with the classic CoV.



### Interview with participants

Participants preferred eye gaze cursor when talking about something specific but CoV good for mutual alignment.

Bi-directional CoV => more focused, collaboration more coupled and less wandering.

Lots of use of verbal communication, to refine accuracy of cues or as fallback when they did not work.

CoV+Speech: Encouraging comments from participants, but laggy. They want to be able to control it directly ("go up", "go to the corner of the graph", etc.).

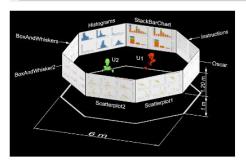
### The dataset

⋮≡ README.md

### Collaborative Speech Gaze and Head Behaviour Datatset

This dataset contains the verbal, head, and eye behaviour of ten pairs of participants performing a collaborative explorative data analysis task in VR; for more information about this, read the section Data. Furthermore, this dataset also contains the segmented and semantically annotated visual context of the explorative data analysis; for more information about this, read the section Visualizations. This dataset has been released with the paper Speech-Augmented Cone-of-Vision for Exploratory Data Analysis at CHI 2023.

```
@article{Bovo:2023,
    author = "Riccardo Bovo, Daniele Giunchi, Ludwig Sidenmark, Hans Gellersen, Enrico Costanza, Thomas Hein
year = 2023,
    journal = "TBD",
    doi = "10.1145/3544548.3581283" }
```



### Take-away message

- (1) CoV in general act as a container of the visual attention
- (2) Overall good feedback for bi-directional visual attention cues
- (3) Keywords are mostly used as collaborative communication for EDA
- (4) To augment CoV with speech could be a good alternative