

## NAME

Caeser - Get a caeser cipher

## SYNOPSIS

```
Ceaser.py -m "Hello" -k 12
```

```
Ceaser.py --message "Hello" --key 12
```

```
Ceaser.py -h
```

## DESCRIPTION

Caesar cipher is to replace each plaintext letter with a different one a fixed number of places down the alphabet. This program Has a right shift default I.E. A becomes B with a fixed key of 1, you shift left with a negative key I.E. -1 B then becomes A

## SEE ALSO

- [Wiki \(Caesar cipher\)](#)
- [Wiki \(Rot cipher\)](#)
- [Github \(apscandy\)](#)

## BUGS

Beware of entering @# in the Cli as bash, terminal and powershell try to interpret @# and will brake the script

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## convert\_to\_ceasar

Converts a message to upper case and removes non alpha-characters

### Pseudo code

- Convert text to uppercase
- Replaces fullstops with X
- Removes spaces
- Removes numbers
- Removes special characters

### How to use

```
>>> message = "Hello"  
>>> convert_to_ceasar(message)  
'HELLO'
```

### Parameters

message (str): message to be converted

#### Returns

message (str): converted string

```
def convert_to_caesar(message:str)->str:
    message = re.sub("\.", "X", message)
    message = re.sub("[^A-Z]", "", message.upper())
    return str(message)
```

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## encrypt\_caesar

Shifts message:str by using key:int to cipher message:str

#### Pseudo code

- Takes key and message parameter
- Shifts letters in message by the key number
- Makes translation table and uses key for shift value
- Translation table looks up new value then message is saved to new value
- Returns ciphered message

#### How to use

```
>>> message = "Hello"
>>> message = convert_to_caesar(message)
>>> key = 13
>>> encrypt_caesar(key, message)
'URYVB'
```

#### Parameters

- key (int): A number between -26 and 26
- message (str): The message to be encoded/decoded

#### Returns

message (str): encoded/decoded message

```
def encrypt_caesar(key:int, message:str)->str:
    translation = str.maketrans(string.ascii_uppercase,
    string.ascii_uppercase[key:] + string.ascii_uppercase[:key])
```

```
message = message.translate(translation)
return str(message)
```

---

## main

Takes args from the CLI

### how to use

```
Ceaser.py -m "Hello" -k 12
Message is: TQXXA
```

```
Ceaser.py --message "Hello" --key 12
Message is: TQXXA
```

```
Ceaser.py -h
usage: Ceaser.py [-h] -k KEY -m MESSAGE

Andrew's Cipher system

optional arguments:
  -h, --help            show this help message and exit
  -k KEY, --key KEY      int: Enter a number between -26 and 26 to
Encrypt/Decrypt
  -m MESSAGE, --message MESSAGE
                        str: Enter a message to be Encrypt/Decrypt
```

### Parameters

- key (int): A number between -26 and 26
- message (str): message to be converted

### Returns

message (str): converted string

```
def main()->str:
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description="Andrew's Cipher system")
    parser.add_argument("-k", "--key", required=True, type=int, help="int:
Enter a number between -26 and 26 to Encrypt/Decrypt")
    parser.add_argument("-m", "--message", required=True, type=str,
help="str: Enter a message to be Encrypt/Decrypt")
```

```
args = parser.parse_args()
key:int = args.key
message:str = args.message
key_check(key)
message = convert_to_caesar(message)
message = encrypt_caesar(key, message)
return message
```

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## Other functions

### clear\_terminal

Clears the terminal for a clean output

```
def clear_terminal()->None:
    if os.name == 'nt': os.system("cls")
    elif os.name == 'posix': os.system("clear")
```

### key\_check

check if key is in range -26 to 26

#### Parameters

key (int): A number between -26 and 26

```
def key_check(key:int)->None:
    if not -26 <= int(key) < 27:
        print("Please enter a key between -26 and 26\n")
        exit()
```

### main\_ut

Testing function for unittest module calls convert\_to\_caesar and encrypt\_caesar

#### Parameters

- key (int): A number between -26 and 26
- message (str): message to be converted

```
def main_ut(key:int, message:str)->str:
    message = convert_to_caesar(message)
```

```
message = encrypt_caesar(key, message)
return message
```

## Module

Only runs when `Ceaser.py` is called in the terminal

```
if __name__=="__main__":
    clear_terminal()
    output = main()
    print(f"Message is: {output}\n")
```