



Missed Signals

Missed Signals

A missed signal happens when a signal is sent by a thread before the other thread starts waiting on a condition. This is exemplified by the following code snippet. Missed signals are caused by using the wrong concurrency constructs. In the example below, a condition variable is used to coordinate between the **signaller** and the **waiter** thread. The condition is signaled at a time when no thread is waiting on it causing a missed signal.

In later sections, you'll learn that the way we are using the condition variable's `await` method is incorrect. The idiomatic way of using `await` is in a while loop with an associated boolean condition. For now, observe the possibility of losing signals between threads.

```
1 import java.util.concurrent.locks.Condition;
2 import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;
3
4 class Demonstration {
5
6     public static void main(String args[]) throws InterruptedException {
7         MissedSignalExample.example();
8     }
9 }
10
11 class MissedSignalExample {
12
13     public static void example() throws InterruptedException {
14
15         final ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();
16         final Condition condition = lock.newCondition();
17
18         Thread signaller = new Thread(new Runnable() {
19
```



```
20         public void run() {
21             lock.lock();
22             condition.signal();
23             System.out.println("Sent signal");
24             lock.unlock();
25         }
26     });
27
28     Thread waiter = new Thread(new Runnable() {
```



Missed Signal Example

The above code when ran, will never print the statement **Program Exiting** and execution would time out. Apart from refactoring the code to match the idiomatic usage of condition variables in a while loop, the other possible fix is to use a **semaphore** for signalling between the two threads as shown below

```
1  import java.util.concurrent.Semaphore;
2
3  class Demonstration {
4
5      public static void main(String args[]) throws InterruptedException {
6          FixedMissedSignalExample.example();
7      }
8  }
9
10 class FixedMissedSignalExample {
11
12     public static void example() throws InterruptedException {
13
14         final Semaphore semaphore = new Semaphore(1);
15
16         Thread signaller = new Thread(new Runnable() {
17
18             public void run() {
19                 semaphore.release();
20                 System.out.println("Sent signal");
21             }
22         });
23
24         Thread waiter = new Thread(new Runnable() {
```



```
24 Thread waiter = new Thread(new Runnable() {  
25  
26     public void run() {  
27         try {  
28             semaphore.acquire();
```



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Reentrant Locks & Condition Variables

Semaphore in Java

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