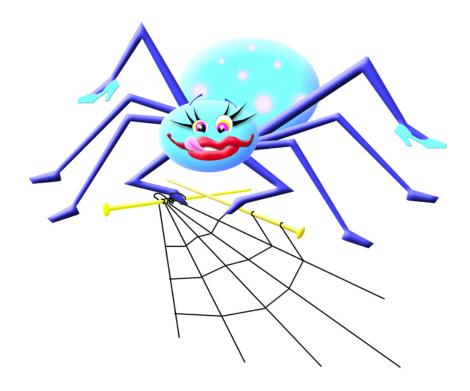
Nancy, the simple macro processor

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User's guide

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1 Introduction

Nancy is a simple macro processor that fills in a template from other files and the output of programs.

2 Installation

Nancy is written in Perl, and requires version 5.10 or later, and the File::Slurp and File::Which modules, which can be installed with the following commands, assuming you have Perl:

```
cpan File::Slurp
cpan File::Which
```

(Many GNU/Linux systems package these modules natively.)

To install Nancy, unpack the distribution archive and copy the nancy script to a directory on your path.

3 Invocation

Nancy takes two arguments:

```
nancy [OPTION...] TEMPLATE PATH
```

where TEMPLATE is name of the template file, and PATH is the path of the file or directory to build. There is nothing special about the template file, it is just the source file with which Nancy starts.

The following command-line OPTIONs may be given:

- --output FILE Set the name of the output file (the default is standard output).
- --root DIRECTORY Set the root source directory (the default is the current directory). This is the directory that Nancy will search for source files.
- --verbose Print to standard error the name of the file being generated, and the files used to make it.
- --version Show the version number of Nancy.
- --help Show help on how to run Nancy.

The options may be abbreviated to any unambiguous prefix.

4 Operation

Nancy builds a path given a template as follows:

- 1. Set the initial text to \$include{TEMPLATE}, unless TEMPLATE is -, in which case set the initial text to the contents of standard input.
- 2. Scan the text for commands. Expand any arguments to the command, run each command, and replace the command by the result.

3. Output the resultant text, eliding any final newline. (This last part may look tricky, but it almost always does what you want, and makes \$include behave better in various contexts.)

A command takes the form \$COMMAND or \$COMMAND{ARGUMENT, ...}. Nancy recognises these commands:

\$include{FILE, ARGUMENT, ...} Look up the given source file. If it is executable, run it as a command with the given arguments and collect the output. Otherwise, read the contents of the given file. Expand and return the result.

\$paste{FILE, ARGUMENT, ...} Like \$include, but does not expand its result
before returning it.

\$path Return the PATH argument.

\$root Return the root directory.

\$template Return the TEMPLATE argument.

The last three commands are mostly useful as arguments to \$include.

Only one guarantee is made about the order in which commands are processed: if one command is nested inside another, the inner command will be processed first. (The order only matters for **\$include** commands that run executables; if you nest them, you have to deal with this potential pitfall.)

To find the source file FILE specified by a **\$include**{FILE, ...} command, Nancy proceeds thus:

- 1. See whether ROOT/PATH/FILE is a file (or a symbolic link to a file). If so, return the file path.
- 2. If not, remove the last directory from PATH and try again, until PATH is empty.
- 3. Try looking for ROOT/FILE.
- 4. Try looking for the file on the user's PATH (the list of directories specified by the PATH environment variable).
- 5. If no file is found, Nancy stops with an error message.

For example, if the root directory is /dir, PATH is foo/bar/baz, and Nancy is trying to find file.html, it will try the following, in order:

- 1. /dir/foo/bar/baz/file.html
- 2. /dir/foo/bar/file.html
- 3. /dir/foo/file.html
- 4. /dir/file.html

5 Example: generating a web site

Suppose a web site has the following page design, from top to bottom: logo, navigation menu, breadcrumb trail, page body.

Most of the elements are the same on each page, but the breadcrumb trail has to show the canonical path to each page, and the logo is bigger on the home page, which is the default index.html.

Suppose further that the web site has the following structure, where each line corresponds to a page:

- Home page
- People
 - Jo Bloggs
 - Hilary Pilary
 - **–** ...
- Places
 - Vladivostok
 - Timbuktu
 - . . .

The basic page template looks something like this:

```
<html>
    link href="style.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
    <title>$include{title}</title>
    <body>
        <div class="logo">$include{logo.html}</div>
        <div class="menu">$include{menu.html}</div>
        <div class="breadcrumb">$include{breadcrumb.html}</div>
        <div class="breadcrumb">$include{breadcrumb.html}</div>
        <div class="main">$include{main.html}</div>
        </body>
</html>
```

Making the menu an included file is not strictly necessary, but makes the template easier to read. The pages will be laid out as follows:

```
• /
    - index.html
    - people/
     * index.html
     * jo_bloggs.html
     * hilary_pilary.html
     - places/
```

- * index.html
- * vladivostok.html
- * timbuktu.html

The corresponding source files will be laid out as follows. This may look a little confusing at first, but note the similarity to the HTML pages, and hold on for the explanation!

```
• source/
    - template.html (the template shown above)
    - menu.html
    - logo.html
    - breadcrumb.html
    - index.html/
        * main.html
        * logo.html
    - people/
        * breadcrumb.html
        * index.html/
            · main.html
        * jo_bloggs.html/
            · main.html
        * hilary_pilary.html/
            · main.html
    - places/
        * breadcrumb.html
        * index.html/
            · main.html
        * vladivostok.html/
            · main.html
        * timbuktu.html/
```

· main.html

Note that there is only one menu fragment (the main menu is the same for every page), while each section has its own breadcrumb trail (breadcrumb.html), and each page has its own content (main.html).

Now consider how Nancy builds the page whose URL is vladivostok.html. According to the rules given in section 4, Nancy will look first for files in source/places/vladivostok.html, then in source/places, and finally in source. Hence, the actual list of files used to assemble the page is:

- source/template.html
- source/logo.html
- source/menu.html
- source/places/breadcrumb.html
- source/places/vladivostok.html/main.html

For the site's index page, the file index.html/logo.html will be used for the logo fragment, which can refer to the larger graphic desired.

This scheme, though simple, is surprisingly flexible; this simple example has covered all the standard techniques for Nancy's use.