#### PROBLEMS ON NUMBERS

#### **SOLVED EXAMPLES**

- Ex.1. A number is as much greater than 36 as is less than 86. Find the number.
- **Sol.** Let the number be x. Then, x 36 = 86 x => 2x = 86 + 36 = 122 => x = 61. Hence, the required number is 61.
- Ex. 2. Find a number such that when 15 is subtracted from 7 times the number, the **Result is 10 more than twice the number**. (Hotel Management, 2002)
- **Sol.** Let the number be x. Then,  $7x 15 = 2x + 10 \Rightarrow 5x = 25 \Rightarrow x = 5$ . Hence, the required number is 5.
- Ex. 3. The sum of a rational number and its reciprocal is 13/6. Find the number.

(S.S.C. 2000)

**Sol.** Let the number be x.

Then, 
$$x + (1/x) = 13/6 \Rightarrow (x^2 + 1)/x = 13/6 \Rightarrow 6x^2 - 13x + 6 = 0$$
  
=>  $6x^2 - 9x - 4x + 6 = 0 \Rightarrow (3x - 2)(2x - 3) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 2/3 \text{ or } x = 3/2$ 

Hence the required number is 2/3 or 3/2.

- Ex. 4. The sum of two numbers is 184. If one-third of the one exceeds one-seventh of the other by 8, find the smaller number.
- **Sol.** Let the numbers be x and (184 x). Then,

$$(X/3) - ((184 - x)/7) = 8 \Rightarrow 7x - 3(184 - x) = 168 \Rightarrow 10x = 720 \Rightarrow x = 72$$
. So, the numbers are 72 and 112. Hence, smaller number = 72.

- Ex. 5. The difference of two numbers is 11 and one-fifth of their sum is 9. Find the numbers.
- **Sol.** Let the number be x and y. Then,

$$x - y = 11$$
 ----(i) and  $1/5$  ( $x + y$ ) = 9 => $x + y = 45$  ----(ii)  
Adding (i) and (ii), we get:  $2x = 56$  or  $x = 28$ . Putting  $x = 28$  in (i), we get:  $y = 17$ . Hence, the numbers are 28 and 17.

Ex. 6. If the sum of two numbers is 42 and their product is 437, then find the absolute difference between the numbers. (S.S.C. 2003)

**Sol.** Let the numbers be x and y. Then, 
$$x + y = 42$$
 and  $xy = 437$   $x - y = \text{sqrt}[(x + y)^2 - 4xy] = \text{sqrt}[(42)^2 - 4 \times 437] = \text{sqrt}[1764 - 1748] = \text{sqrt}[16] = 4$ . Required difference = 4.

- Ex. 7. The sum of two numbers is 16 and the sum of their squares is 113. Find the numbers.
- **Sol**. Let the numbers be x and (15 x).

Then, 
$$x^2 + (15 - x)^2 = 113$$
 =>  $x^2 + 225 + X^2 - 30x = 113$   
=> $2x^2 - 30x + 112 = 0$  =>  $x^2 - 15x + 56 = 0$   
=> $(x - 7)(x - 8) = 0$  =>  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$ .  
So, the numbers are 7 and 8.

#### Ex. 8. The average of four consecutive even numbers is 27. Find the largest of these numbers.

**Sol.** Let the four consecutive even numbers be x, x + 2, x + 4 and x + 6.

Then, sum of these numbers =  $(27 \times 4) = 108$ .

So, 
$$x + (x + 2) + (x + 4) + (x + 6) = 108$$
 or  $4x = 96$  or  $x = 24$ .

:. Largest number = (x + 6) = 30.

#### Ex. 9. The sum of the squares of three consecutive odd numbers is 2531. Find the numbers.

**Sol.** Let the numbers be x, x + 2 and x + 4.

Then, 
$$X^2 + (x + 2)^2 + (x + 4)^2 = 2531 = 3x^2 + 12x - 2511 = 0$$
  
=>  $X^2 + 4x - 837 = 0$  =>  $(x - 27)(x + 31) = 0$  =>  $x = 27$ .

Hence, the required numbers are 27, 29 and 31.

### Ex. 10. Of two numbers, 4 times the smaller one is less then 3 times the 1arger one by 5. If the sum of the numbers is larger than 6 times their difference by 6, find the two numbers.

**Sol**. Let the numbers be x and y, such that x > y

Then, 
$$3x - 4y = 5$$
 ...(i) and  $(x + y) - 6(x - y) = 6 = -5x + 7y = 6$  ...(ii)

Solving (i) and (ii), we get: x = 59 and y = 43.

Hence, the required numbers are 59 and 43.

# Ex. 11. The ratio between a two-digit number and the sum of the digits of that number is 4: 1. If the digit in the unit's place is 3 more than the digit in the ten's place, what is the number?

**Sol.** Let the ten's digit be x. Then, unit's digit = (x + 3).

Sum of the digits = 
$$x + (x + 3) = 2x + 3$$
. Number =  $10x + (x + 3) = 11x + 3$ .

$$11x+3/2x+3 = 4/1 \Rightarrow 11x+3=4(2x+3) \Rightarrow 3x=9 \Rightarrow x=3.$$

Hence, required number = 11x + 3 = 36.

# Ex. 12. A number consists of two digits. The sum of the digits is 9. If 63 is subtracted from the number, its digits are interchanged. Find the number.

**Sol.** Let the ten's digit be x. Then, unit's digit = (9 - x).

Number = 
$$10x + (9 - x) = 9x + 9$$
.

Number obtained by reversing the digits = 10 (9 - x) + x = 90 - 9x.

therefore, 
$$(9x + 9) - 63 = 90 - 9x =$$
  $18x = 144 = > x = 8.$ 

So, ten's digit = 8 and unit's digit = 1.

Hence, the required number is 81.

#### Ex. 13. A fraction becomes 2/3 when 1 is added to both, its numerator and denominator.

And ,it becomes 1/2 when 1 is subtracted from both the numerator and denominator. Find the fraction.

**Sol**. Let the required fraction be x/y. Then,

$$x+1/y+1 = 2/3 \implies 3x-2y = -1$$
 ...(i) and  $x-1/y-1 = 1/2$   $\Rightarrow 2x-y=1$  ...(ii) Solving (i) and (ii), we get:  $x=3$ ,  $y=5$ 

therefore, Required fraction= 3 / 5.

#### Ex. 14. 50 is divided into two parts such that the sum of their reciprocals is 1/12. Find the two parts.

**Sol.** Let the two parts be x and (50 - x).

Then, 
$$1/x + 1/(50 - x) = 1/12 \Rightarrow (50 - x + x)/x$$
 (  $50 - x$ ) =  $1/12$  =>  $x^2 - 50x + 600 = 0 \Rightarrow (x - 30)$  (  $x - 20$ ) =  $0 \Rightarrow x = 30$  or  $x = 20$ .

So, the parts are 30 and 20.

#### Ex. 15. If three numbers are added in pairs, the sums equal 10, 19 and 21. Find the *numbers*

**Sol**. Let the numbers be x, y and z. Then,

$$x+y=10$$
 ...(i)  $y+z=19$  ...(ii)  $x+z=21$  ...(iii)

Adding (i),(ii) and (iii), we get: 
$$2(x + y + z) = 50$$
 or  $(x + y + z) = 25$ .

Thus, 
$$x = (25 - 19) = 6$$
;  $y = (25 - 21) = 4$ ;  $z = (25 - 10) = 15$ .

Hence, the required numbers are 6, 4 and 15.

#### PROBLEMS ON AGES

### Ex. 1. Rajeev's age after 15 years will be 5 times his age 5 years back. What is the present age of Rajeev? (Hotel Management, 2002)

Sol. Let Rajeev's present age be x years. Then,

Rajeev's age after 15 years = (x + 15) years.

Rajeev's age 5 years back = (x - 5) years.

 $x + 15 = 5 (x - 5) \Leftrightarrow x + 15 = 5x - 25 \Leftrightarrow 4x = 40 \Leftrightarrow x = 10.$ 

Hence, Rajeev's present age = 10 years.

## Ex. 2. The ages of two persons differ by 16 years. If 6 years ago, the elder one be 3 times as old as the younger one, find their present ages. (A.A.O. Exam, 2003)

Sol. Let the age of the younger person be x years.

Then, age of the elder person = (x + 16) years.

 $3(x-6) = (x+16-6) \Leftrightarrow 3x-18 = x+10 \Leftrightarrow 2x = 28 \Leftrightarrow x = 14.$ 

Hence, their present ages are 14 years and 30 years.

### Ex. 3. The product of the ages of Ankit and Nikita is 240. If twice the age of Nikita is more than Ankit's age by 4 years, what is Nikita's age?

(S.B.I.P.O,1999)

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Sol. Let Ankit's age be x years. Then, Nikita's age = 240/xyears.

$$\therefore 2 \times (240 / x) - x = 4 \Leftrightarrow 480 - x^2 = 4x \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 4x - 480 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$
 (x+24)(x-20) = 0  $\Leftrightarrow$  x = 20.

Hence, Nikita's age =  $(22_0)$  years = 12 years.

Ex. 4. The present age of a father is 3 years more than three times the age of his son. Three years hence, father's age will be 10 years more than twice the age of the son. Find the present age of the father.

(S.S.C, 2003)

Sol. Let the son's present age be x years. Then, father's present age = (3x + 3) years

$$\therefore (3x+3+3) = 2(x+3) + 10 \Leftrightarrow 3x+6 = 2x+16 \Leftrightarrow x = 10.$$

Hence, father's present age =  $(3x + 3) = ((3 \times 10) + 3)$  years = 33 years.

## Ex. 5. Rohit was 4 times as old as his son 8 years ago. After 8 years, Rohit will be twice as old as his son. What are their present ages?

Sol. Let son's age 8 years ago be x years. Then, Rohit's age 8 years ago = 4x years.

Son's age after 8 years = (x + 8) + 8 = (x + 16) years.

Rohit's age after 8 years = (4x + 8) + 8 = (4x + 16) years.

$$\therefore 2(x+16) = 4x + 16 \Leftrightarrow 2x = 16 \Leftrightarrow x = 8.$$

Hence, son's 'present age = (x + 8) = 16 years.

Rohit's present age = (4x + 8) = 40 years.

# Ex. 6. Oneyear ago, the ratio of Gaurav's and Sachin's age was 6: 7 respectively. Four years hence, this ratio would become 7: 8. How old is Sa chin?

(NABARD, 2002)

Sol:

. Let Gaurav's and Sachin's ages one year ago be 6x and 7x years respectively. Then, Gaurav's age 4 years hence = (6x + 1) + 4 = (6x + 5) years.

Sachin's age 4 years hence = (7x + 1) + 4 = (7x + 5) years.

$$\underline{6x+5} = \underline{7} \Leftrightarrow 8(6x+5) = 7(7x+5) \Leftrightarrow 48x + 40 = 49x + 35 \Leftrightarrow x = 5.$$

Hence, Sachin's present age = (7x + 1) = 36 years.

,7. Abhay's age after six years will be three-seventh of his fathers age. Ten years ago the ratio of their ages was 1:5. What is Abhay's father's age at present?

Sol. Let the ages of Abhay and his father 10 years ago be x and 5x years respectively. Then, Abhay's age after 6 years = (x + 10) + 6 = (x + 16) years.

Father's age after 6 years = (5x + 10) + 6 = (5x + 16) years.

$$(x + 16) = 3(5x + 16) \Leftrightarrow 7(x + 16) = 3(5x + 16) \Leftrightarrow 7x + 112 = 15x + 48$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 8x = 64 \Leftrightarrow x = 8.$$

Hence, Abhay's father's present age = (5x + 10) = 50 years.