#### **NAME**

ip-mptcp - MPTCP path manager configuration

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
ip [ OPTIONS ] mptcp { endpoint | limits | help }
```

ip mptcp endpoint add IFADDR [ port PORT ] [ dev IFNAME ] [ id ID ] [ FLAG-LIST ]

ip mptcp endpoint del id ID

ip mptcp endpoint show [ id ID ]

ip mptcp endpoint flush

FLAG-LIST := [ FLAG-LIST ] FLAG

FLAG := [ signal | subflow | backup ]

 $ip \ mptcp \ limits \ set \ [ \ subflow \ SUBFLOW\_NR \ ] \ [ \ add\_addr\_accepted \ ADD\_ADDR\_ACCEPTED\_NR \ ] \\$ 

ip mptcp limits show

ip mptcp monitor

# **DESCRIPTION**

MPTCP is a transport protocol built on top of TCP that allows TCP connections to use multiple paths to maximize resource usage and increase redundancy. The ip-mptcp sub-commands allow configuring several aspects of the MPTCP path manager, which is in charge of subflows creation:

The **endpoint** object specifies the IP addresses that will be used and/or announced for additional subflows:

ip mptcp endpoint add ip mptcp endpoint delete ip mptcp endpoint show ip mptcp endpoint flush add new MPTCP endpoint delete existing MPTCP endpoint get existing MPTCP endpoint flush all existing MPTCP endpoints

PORT When a port number is specified, incoming MPTCP subflows for already established MPTCP sockets will be accepted on the specified port, regardless the original listener port accepting the first MPTCP subflow and/or this peer being actually on the client side.

ID is a unique numeric identifier for the given endpoint

signal the endpoint will be announced/signalled to each peer via an ADD\_ADDR MPTCP sub-option

#### subflow

if additional subflow creation is allowed by MPTCP limits, the endpoint will be used as the source address to create an additional subflow after that the MPTCP connection is established.

# backup

the endpoint will be announced as a backup address, if this is a **signal** endpoint, or the subflow will be created as a backup one if this is a **subflow** endpoint

The **limits** object specifies the constraints for subflow creations:

ip mptcp limits show get current MPTCP subflow creation limits ip mptcp limits set change the MPTCP subflow creation limits

# $SUBFLOW\_NR$

specifies the maximum number of additional subflows allowed for each MPTCP connection. Additional subflows can be created due to: incoming accepted ADD\_ADDR option, local **subflow** endpoints, additional subflows started by the peer.

# ADD\_ADDR\_ACCEPTED\_NR

specifies the maximum number of ADD\_ADDR suboptions accepted for each MPTCP connection. The MPTCP path manager will try to create a new subflow for each accepted ADD\_ADDR option, respecting the *SUBFLOW\_NR* limit.

**monitor** displays creation and deletion of MPTCP connections as well as addition or removal of remote addresses and subflows.

## **AUTHOR**