## **NAME**

PCRE2 - Perl-compatible regular expressions (revised API)

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <pcre2.h>
int pcre2_substitute(const pcre2_code *code, PCRE2_SPTR subject,
    PCRE2_SIZE length, PCRE2_SIZE startoffset,
    uint32_t options, pcre2_match_data *match_data,
    pcre2_match_context *mcontext, PCRE2_SPTR replacement,
    PCRE2_SIZE rlength, PCRE2_UCHAR *outputbuffer,
    PCRE2_SIZE *outlengthptr);
```

## DESCRIPTION

This function matches a compiled regular expression against a given subject string, using a matching algorithm that is similar to Perl's. It then makes a copy of the subject, substituting a replacement string for what was matched. Its arguments are:

codePoints to the compiled pattern subject Points to the subject string length Length of the subject string startoffset Offset in the subject at which to start matching Option bits options match data Points to a match data block, or is NULL Points to a match context, or is NULL mcontext replacement Points to the replacement string Length of the replacement string outputbuffer Points to the output buffer outlengthptr Points to the length of the output buffer

A match data block is needed only if you want to inspect the data from the final match that is returned in that block or if PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_MATCHED is set. A match context is needed only if you want to:

Set up a callout function
Set a matching offset limit
Change the backtracking match limit
Change the backtracking depth limit
Set custom memory management in the match context

The *length*, *startoffset* and *rlength* values are code units, not characters, as is the contents of the variable pointed at by *outlengthptr*. This variable must contain the length of the output buffer when the function is called. If the function is successful, the value is changed to the length of the new string, excluding the trailing zero that is automatically added.

The subject and replacement lengths can be given as PCRE2\_ZERO\_TERMINATED for zero-terminated strings. The options are:

PCRE2\_ANCHORED Match only at the first position
PCRE2\_ENDANCHORED Pattern can match only at end of subject
PCRE2\_NOTBOL Subject is not the beginning of a line
PCRE2\_NOTEOL Subject is not the end of a line
PCRE2\_NOTEMPTY An empty string is not a valid match
PCRE2\_NOTEMPTY\_ATSTART An empty string at the start of the subject is not a valid match
PCRE2\_NO\_JIT Do not use JIT matching

PCRE2\_NO\_UTF\_CHECK Do not check the subject or replacement for UTF validity (only relevant if

PCRE2 UTF was set at compile time)

PCRE2 SUBSTITUTE EXTENDED Do extended replacement processing

PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_GLOBAL Replace all occurrences in the subject PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_LITERAL The replacement string is literal

PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_MATCHED Use pre-existing match data for 1st match

PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_OVERFLOW\_LENGTH If overflow, compute needed length

PCRE2 SUBSTITUTE REPLACEMENT ONLY Return only replacement string(s)

PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_UNKNOWN\_UNSET Treat unknown group as unset

PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_UNSET\_EMPTY Simple unset insert = empty string

If PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_LITERAL is set, PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_EXTENDED, PCRE2\_SUBSTI-TUTE UNKNOWN UNSET, and PCRE2 SUBSTITUTE UNSET EMPTY are ignored.

If PCRE2\_SUBSTITUTE\_MATCHED is set, match\_data must be non-zero; its contents must be the result of a call to pcre2\_match() using the same pattern and subject.

The function returns the number of substitutions, which may be zero if there are no matches. The result may be greater than one only when PCRE2 SUBSTITUTE GLOBAL is set. In the event of an error, a negative error code is returned.

There is a complete description of the PCRE2 native API in the pcre2api page and a description of the POSIX API in the pcre2posix page.