

NAME

mbsnrtowcs – convert a multibyte string to a wide-character string

LIBRARY

Standard C library (*libc*, *-lc*)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <wchar.h>
```

```
size_t mbsnrtowcs(wchar_t dest[restrict .len], const char **restrict src,
                  size_t nms, size_t len, mbstate_t *restrict ps);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature_test_macros(7)**):

mbsnrtowcs():

Since glibc 2.10:

 _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200809L

Before glibc 2.10:

 _GNU_SOURCE

DESCRIPTION

The **mbsnrtowcs()** function is like the **mbsrtowcs(3)** function, except that the number of bytes to be converted, starting at **src*, is limited to at most *nms* bytes.

If *dest* is not NULL, the **mbsnrtowcs()** function converts at most *nms* bytes from the multibyte string **src* to a wide-character string starting at *dest*. At most *len* wide characters are written to *dest*. The shift state **ps* is updated. The conversion is effectively performed by repeatedly calling *mbrtowc(dest, *src, n, ps)* where *n* is some positive number, as long as this call succeeds, and then incrementing *dest* by one and **src* by the number of bytes consumed. The conversion can stop for three reasons:

- An invalid multibyte sequence has been encountered. In this case, **src* is left pointing to the invalid multibyte sequence, *(size_t) -1* is returned, and *errno* is set to **EILSEQ**.
- The *nms* limit forces a stop, or *len* non-L'\0' wide characters have been stored at *dest*. In this case, **src* is left pointing to the next multibyte sequence to be converted, and the number of wide characters written to *dest* is returned.
- The multibyte string has been completely converted, including the terminating null wide character ('\0') (which has the side effect of bringing back **ps* to the initial state). In this case, **src* is set to NULL, and the number of wide characters written to *dest*, excluding the terminating null wide character, is returned.

According to POSIX.1, if the input buffer ends with an incomplete character, it is unspecified whether conversion stops at the end of the previous character (if any), or at the end of the input buffer. The glibc implementation adopts the former behavior.

If *dest* is NULL, *len* is ignored, and the conversion proceeds as above, except that the converted wide characters are not written out to memory, and that no destination length limit exists.

In both of the above cases, if *ps* is NULL, a static anonymous state known only to the **mbsnrtowcs()** function is used instead.

The programmer must ensure that there is room for at least *len* wide characters at *dest*.

RETURN VALUE

The **mbsnrtowcs()** function returns the number of wide characters that make up the converted part of the wide-character string, not including the terminating null wide character. If an invalid multibyte sequence was encountered, *(size_t) -1* is returned, and *errno* set to **EILSEQ**.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes(7)**.

Interface	Attribute	Value
mbsnrtowcs()	Thread safety	MT-Unsafe race:mbsnrtowcs/!ps

STANDARDS

POSIX.1-2008.

NOTES

The behavior of **mbsnrtowcs()** depends on the **LC_CTYPE** category of the current locale.

Passing NULL as *ps* is not multithread safe.

SEE ALSO

iconv(3), **mbrtowc(3)**, **mbsinit(3)**, **mbsrtowcs(3)**