

NAME

hpcopy — copy files from an HFS+ volume

SYNOPSIS

hpcopy [-m | -b | -t | -r | -a] *source-path* ... *target-path*

Description

hpcopy copies files and directories from an HFS+ volume. If multiple files are to be copied, the target path must be a directory.

Since Macintosh files contain two forks, which are not representably in Unix file systems, copies use one of several translation modes:

- m** **Mac Binary II** is a format for binary file transfer. Both forks of the Macintosh file are preserved. This is the recommended mode for transferring arbitrary Macintosh files.
- b** **BinHex** also preserves both forks of the Macintosh file. In addition, the encoded file contains only ASCII characters, making it suitable for electronic mail transmission.
- t** **Text** copies only the data fork of the Macintosh file, while the contents of the resource fork are lost. In addition, this mode translates end-of-line characters. This translation should be used for text files.
- r** **Raw Data** copies only the data fork of the Macintosh file, while the contents of the resource fork are lost.
- a** **Automatic** mode applies a set of predefined heuristics to determine the appropriate translation. This is the default if no mode is specified.

See also

hfsplus(7), hpmount(1), hpls(1), hpcd(1), hprm(1), hpmkdir(1), hppwd(1), hpumount(1), hpfsc(1).

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