

NAME

adb - Android Debug Bridge

SYNOPSIS

adb [-d|-e|-s *serialNumber*] *command*

DESCRIPTION

WARNING: This manual might be outdated, please refer to the official documentation.

Android Debug Bridge (**adb**) is a versatile command line tool that lets you communicate with an emulator instance or connected Android-powered device. It is a client-server program that includes three components:

- **A client**, which sends commands. The client runs on your development machine. You can invoke a client from a shell by issuing an **adb** command. Other Android tools such as DDMS also create **adb** clients.
- **A daemon**, which runs commands on a device. The daemon runs as a background process on each emulator or device instance.
- **A server**, which manages communication between the client and the daemon. The server runs as a background process on your development machine.

If there's only one emulator running or only one device connected, the **adb** command is sent to that device by default. If multiple emulators are running and/or multiple devices are attached, you need to use the **-d**, **-e**, or **-s** option to specify the target device to which the command should be directed.

OPTIONS

- a Directs **adb** to listen on all interfaces for a connection.
- d Directs command to the only connected USB device. Returns an error if more than one USB device is present.
- e Directs command to the only running emulator. Returns an error if more than one emulator is running.
- s *specific device*
Directs command to the device or emulator with the given serial number or qualifier. Overrides **ANDROID_SERIAL** environment variable.
- p *product name or path*
Simple product name like **sooner**, or a relative/absolute path to a product out directory like **out/target/product/sooner**. If **-p** is not specified, the **ANDROID_PRODUCT_OUT** environment variable is used, which must be an absolute path.
- H Name of adb server host (default: **localhost**)
- P Port of adb server (default: **5037**)

COMMANDS

adb devices [-l]

List all connected devices. **-l** will also list device qualifiers.

adb connect *host[:port]*

Connect to a device via TCP/IP. Port **5555** is used by default if no port number is specified.

adb disconnect [*host[:port]*]

Disconnect from a TCP/IP device. Port **5555** is used by default if no port number is specified. Using this command with no additional arguments will disconnect from all connected TCP/IP devices.

Device commands

adb push *local... remote*

Copy file/dir to device.

adb pull [-a] *remote* [*local*]

Copy file/dir from device. **-a** means copy timestamp and mode.

adb sync [-l] [*directory*]

Copy host->device only if changed. **-l** means list but don't copy.

If *directory* is not specified, **/system**, **/vendor** (if present), **/oem** (if present) and **/data** partitions will be updated.

If it is **system**, **vendor**, **oem** or **data**, only the corresponding partition is updated.

adb shell [-e *escape*] [-n] [-T|-t] [-x] [*command*]

Run remote shell command (interactive shell if no command given)

- -e: Choose escape character, or **none**; default ~
- -n: Don't read from stdin
- -T: Disable PTY allocation
- -t: Force PTY allocation
- -x: Disable remote exit codes and stdout/stderr separation

adb emu *command*

Run emulator console command

adb logcat [*filter-spec*]

View device log.

adb forward --list

List all forward socket connections. The format is a list of lines with the following format: **serial " " local " " remote ""**

adb forward *local remote*

Forward socket connections.

Forward specs are one of:

- tcp:*port*
- localabstract:*unix domain socket name*
- localreserved:*unix domain socket name*
- localfilesystem:*unix domain socket name*
- dev:*character device name*
- jdwp:*process pid* (remote only)

adb forward --no-rebind *local remote*

Same as "adb forward *local remote*" but fails if *local* is already forwarded

adb forward --remove *local*

Remove a specific forward socket connection.

adb forward --remove-all

Remove all forward socket connections.

adb reverse --list

List all reverse socket connections from device.

adb reverse *remote local*

Reverse socket connections.

Reverse specs are one of:

- tcp:*port*

- `localabstract:unix domain socket name`
- `localreserved:unix domain socket name`
- `localfilesystem:unix domain socket name`

`adb reverse --no-rebind remote local`

Same as '`adb reverse remote local`' but fails if *remote* is already reversed.

`adb reverse --remove remote`

Remove a specific reversed socket connection.

`adb reverse --remove-all`

Remove all reversed socket connections from device.

`adb jdwp`

List PIDs of processes hosting a JDWP transport.

`adb install [-lrtsdg] file`

Push this package file to the device and install it.

- **-l**: Forward lock application.
- **-r**: Replace existing application.
- **-t**: Allow test packages.
- **-s**: Install application on sdcard.
- **-d**: Allow version code downgrade (debuggable packages only).
- **-g**: Grant all runtime permissions.

`adb install-multiple [-lrtsdpg] file...`

Push this package file to the device and install it.

- **-l**: Forward lock application.
- **-r**: Replace existing application.
- **-t**: Allow test packages.
- **-s**: Install application on sdcard.
- **-d**: Allow version code downgrade (debuggable packages only).
- **-p**: Partial application install.
- **-g**: Grant all runtime permissions.

`adb uninstall [-k] package`

Remove this app package from the device. **-k** means keep the data and cache directories.

`adb bugreport [zipfile]`

Return all information from the device that should be included in a bug report.

`adb backup [-f file] [-apk|-noapk] [-obb|-noobb] [-shared|-noshared] [-all] [-system|-nosystem] [packages...]`

Write an archive of the device's data to *file*. If no **-f** option is supplied then the data is written to **back-up.ab** in the current directory.

-apk | **-noapk** enable/disable backup of the .apks themselves in the archive; the default is noapk.

-obb | **-noobb** enable/disable backup of any installed apk expansion (aka .obb) files associated with each application; the default is noobb.

-shared | **-noshared** enable/disable backup of the device's shared storage / SD card contents; the default is noshared.

-all means to back up all installed applications.

-system | **-nosystem** toggles whether **-all** automatically includes system applications; the default is to include system apps.

packages... is the list of applications to be backed up. If the **-all** or **-shared** flags are passed, then the package list is optional. Applications explicitly given on the command line will be included even if **-nosystem** would ordinarily cause them to be omitted.

adb restore *file*

Restore device contents from the *file* backup archive.

adb disable-verity

Disable dm-verity checking on USERDEBUG builds.

adb enable-verity

Re-enable dm-verity checking on USERDEBUG builds.

adb keygen *file*

Generate adb public/private key. The private key is stored in *file*, and the public key is stored in *file.pub*. Any existing files are overwritten.

adb help

Show help message.

adb version

Show version number.

Scripting

adb wait-for-[-*transport*]-*state*

Wait for device to be in the given state: **device**, **recovery**, **sideload**, or **bootloader**. *transport* is: **usb**, **local** or **any** (default = **any**)

adb start-server

Ensure that there is a server running.

adb kill-server

Kill the server if it is running.

adb get-state

Prints: **offline** | **bootloader** | **device**

adb get-serialno

Prints: *serial-number*.

adb get-devpath

Prints: *device-path*.

adb remount

Remounts the **/system**, **/vendor** (if present) and **/oem** (if present) partitions on the device read-write.

adb reboot [*bootloader|recovery*]

Reboots the device, optionally into the bootloader or recovery program.

adb reboot sideload

Reboots the device into the sideload mode in recovery program (adb root required).

adb reboot sideload-auto-reboot

Reboots into the sideload mode, then reboots automatically after the sideload regardless of the result.

adb sideload *file*

Sideloads the given package.

adb root

Restarts the adbd daemon with root permissions.

adb unroot

Restarts the adbd daemon without root permissions.

`adb usb` Restarts the `adbd` daemon listening on USB.

`adb tcpip port`

Restarts the `adbd` daemon listening on TCP on the specified port.

Networking

`adb ppp tty [parameters]`

Run PPP over USB.

parameters: E.g. **defaultroute debug dump local notty usepeerdns**

Note: you should not automatically start a PPP connection. *tty* refers to the *tty* for PPP stream. E.g.

dev:/dev/omap_csmi_tty1

Internal Debugging

`adb reconnect`

Kick current connection from host side and make it reconnect.

`adb reconnect device`

Kick current connection from device side and make it reconnect.

ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

`ADB_TRACE`

Print debug information. A comma separated list of the following values **1** or **all**, **adb**, **sockets**, **packets**, **rxw**, **usb**, **sync**, **sysdeps**, **transport**, **jdwp**

`ANDROID_SERIAL`

The serial number to connect to. **-s** takes priority over this if given.

`ANDROID_LOG_TAGS`

When used with the `logcat` option, only these debug tags are printed.

SEE ALSO

<https://developer.android.com/tools/help/adb.html>

AUTHORS

The Android Open Source Project.