## NAME

XML::XPath::NodeSet – a list of XML document nodes

## DESCRIPTION

An XML::XPath::NodeSet object contains an ordered list of nodes. The nodes each take the same format as described in XML::XPath::XMLParser.

## SYNOPSIS

```
my $results = $xp->find('//someelement');
if (!$results->isa('XML::XPath::NodeSet')) {
        print "Found $results\n";
        exit;
}
foreach my $context ($results->get_nodelist) {
        my $newresults = $xp->find('./other/element', $context);
        ...
}
```

## API

### new()

You will almost never have to create a new NodeSet object, as it is all done for you by XPath.

### get_nodelist()

Returns a list of nodes. See XML::XPath::XMLParser for the format of the nodes.

### string_value()

Returns the string-value of the first node in the list. See the XPath specification for what ''string-value'' means.

### to_literal()

Returns the concatenation of all the string-values of all the nodes in the list.

### get_node($pos)

Returns the node at $pos. The node position in XPath is based at 1, not 0.

### size()

Returns the number of nodes in the NodeSet.

### pop()

Equivalent to perl's pop function.

### push(@nodes)

Equivalent to perl's push function.

### append($nodeset)

Given a nodeset, appends the list of nodes in $nodeset to the end of the current list.

### shift()

Equivalent to perl's shift function.

### unshift(@nodes)

Equivalent to perl's unshift function.

### prepend($nodeset)

Given a nodeset, prepends the list of nodes in $nodeset to the front of the current list.