

**NAME**

ts\_read, ts\_read\_raw, ts\_read\_mt, ts\_read\_raw\_mt – read tslib touch samples

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <tslib.h>
```

```
int ts_read(struct tsdev *dev, struct ts_sample *samp, int nr);
```

```
int ts_read_raw(struct tsdev *dev, struct ts_sample *samp, int nr);
```

```
int ts_read_mt(struct tsdev *dev, struct ts_sample_mt **samp, int slots, int nr);
```

```
int ts_read_raw_mt(struct tsdev *dev, struct ts_sample_mt **samp, int slots, int nr);
```

**DESCRIPTION**

**ts\_read()** reads **nr** input samples with tslib's filters applied. **struct ts\_sample** is defined as follows:

```
struct ts_sample {
    int      x;
    int      y;
    unsigned int  pressure;
    struct timeval tv;
};
```

**ts\_read\_mt()** reads **nr \* slots** input samples with tslib's filters applied. **struct ts\_sample\_mt** is defined as follows:

```
struct ts_sample_mt {
    /* most recent ABS_MT_* event codes.
     * see linux/input.h for descriptions */
    int      x;
    int      y;
    unsigned int  pressure;
    int      slot;
    int      tracking_id;

    int      tool_type;
    int      tool_x;
    int      tool_y;
    unsigned int  touch_major;
    unsigned int  width_major;
    unsigned int  touch_minor;
    unsigned int  width_minor;
    int      orientation;
    int      distance;
    int      blob_id;

    struct timeval tv;

    /* BTN_TOUCH state */
    short     pen_down;

    /* the TSLIB_MT_VALID bit is set in valid if this sample
     * contains new data;
     * valid is set to 0 otherwise */
    short     valid;
};
```

```
};
```

The user has to provide the amount of memory described in **nr** and **slots** to hold them.

**ts\_read\_raw()** and **ts\_read\_raw\_mt()** do the same thing without tslib's filters applied.

## RETURN VALUE

The number of actually read samples is returned. Especially when opened in non-blocking mode, see **ts\_setup()**, that can be less than requested in the call. On failure, a negative error number is returned.

## EXAMPLE

The following program continuously reads tslib multitouch input samples and prints slot and position values to stdout as the touch screen is touched.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

#include <tslib.h>

#define READ_SAMPLES 1
#define MAX_SLOTS 5

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    struct tsdev *ts;
    struct ts_sample_mt **samp_mt = NULL;
    int i, j;
    int ret;

    ts = ts_setup(NULL, 0);
    if (!ts)
        return -1;

    samp_mt = malloc(READ_SAMPLES * sizeof(struct ts_sample_mt **));
    if (!samp_mt)
        return -1;

    for (i = 0; i < READ_SAMPLES; i++) {
        samp_mt[i] = calloc(MAX_SLOTS, sizeof(struct ts_sample_mt));
        if (!samp_mt[i])
            return -1;
    }

    while(1) {
        ret = ts_read_mt(ts, samp_mt, MAX_SLOTS, READ_SAMPLES);
        for (i = 0; i < ret; i++) {
            printf("sample nr %d0, i);
            for (j = 0; j < MAX_SLOTS; j++) {
                if (!(samp_mt[i][j].valid & TSLIB_MT_VALID))
                    continue;

                printf("slot %d: X:%d Y: %d0,
                    samp_mt[i][j].slot,
```

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```
        samp_mt[i][j].x,  
        samp_mt[i][j].y);  
    }  
}  
}
```

**SEE ALSO**

**ts\_setup(3), ts\_config(3), ts\_open(3), ts\_close(3), ts.conf(5)**