#### **NAME**

getresuid, getresgid - get real, effective, and saved user/group IDs

## **LIBRARY**

Standard C library (libc, -lc)

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE  /* See feature_test_macros(7) */
#include <unistd.h>
int getresuid(uid_t *ruid, uid_t *euid, uid_t *suid);
int getresgid(gid_t *rgid, gid_t *egid, gid_t *sgid);
```

## DESCRIPTION

**getresuid**() returns the real UID, the effective UID, and the saved set-user-ID of the calling process, in the arguments *ruid*, *euid*, and *suid*, respectively. **getresgid**() performs the analogous task for the process's group IDs.

## **RETURN VALUE**

On success, zero is returned. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set to indicate the error.

## **ERRORS**

## **EFAULT**

One of the arguments specified an address outside the calling program's address space.

## **VERSIONS**

These system calls were added on Linux 2.1.44.

The prototypes are given since glibc 2.3.2, provided **\_GNU\_SOURCE** is defined.

#### **STANDARDS**

These calls are nonstandard; they also appear on HP-UX and some of the BSDs.

#### **NOTES**

The original Linux **getresuid**() and **getresgid**() system calls supported only 16-bit user and group IDs. Subsequently, Linux 2.4 added **getresuid32**() and **getresgid32**(), supporting 32-bit IDs. The glibc **getresuid**() and **getresgid**() wrapper functions transparently deal with the variations across kernel versions.

# SEE ALSO

getuid(2), setresuid(2), setreuid(2), setuid(2), credentials(7)