#### **NAME**

manpath – determine search path for manual pages

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
manpath [ -qgdc?V ] [-m system [ ,... ] ] [-C file ]
```

### DESCRIPTION

If \$MANPATH is set, manpath will simply display its contents and issue a warning. If not,manpath will determine a suitable manual page hierarchy search path and display the results.

The colon-delimited path is determined using information gained from the man-db configuration file – (/etc/manpath.config) and the user's environment.

### **OPTIONS**

### -q, --quiet

Do not issue warnings.

### -d, --debug

Print debugging information.

#### -c, --catpath

Produce a catpath as opposed to a manpath. Once the manpath is determined, each path element is converted to its relative catpath.

## -g, --global

Produce a manpath consisting of all paths named as "global" within the man-db configuration file.

## $-\mathbf{m}$ system [,...], $--\mathbf{systems}$ =system [,...]

If this system has access to other operating systems' manual hierarchies, this option can be used to include them in the output of **manpath**. To include NewOS's manual page hierarchies use the option **–m NewOS**.

The *system* specified can be a combination of comma delimited operating system names. To include the native operating system's manual page hierarchies, the system name **man** must be included in the argument string. This option will override the **\$SYSTEM** environment variable.

## -C file, --config-file=file

Use this user configuration file rather than the default of 7.manpath.

#### -?, --help

Print a help message and exit.

#### --usage

Print a short usage message and exit.

## -V, --version

Display version information.

#### **ENVIRONMENT**

## **MANPATH**

If \$MANPATH is set, manpath displays its value rather than determining it on the fly.

See the **SEARCH PATH** section of **manpath**(5) for the default behaviour and details of how this environment variable is handled.

## **SYSTEM**

If **\$SYSTEM** is set, it will have the same effect as if it had been specified as the argument to the **-m** option.

### **FILES**

/etc/manpath.config man-db configuration file.

## **SEE ALSO**

apropos(1), man(1), what is(1)

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# **BUGS**

https://gitlab.com/cjwatson/man-db/-/issues https://savannah.nongnu.org/bugs/?group=man-db