#### **NAME**

dd - convert and copy a file

#### **SYNOPSIS**

**dd** [OPERAND]... **dd** OPTION

# **DESCRIPTION**

Copy a file, converting and formatting according to the operands.

bs=BYTES

read and write up to BYTES bytes at a time (default: 512); overrides ibs and obs

cbs=BYTES

convert BYTES bytes at a time

conv=CONVS

convert the file as per the comma separated symbol list

count=N

copy only N input blocks

ibs=BYTES

read up to BYTES bytes at a time (default: 512)

if=FILE

read from FILE instead of stdin

iflag=FLAGS

read as per the comma separated symbol list

obs=BYTES

write BYTES bytes at a time (default: 512)

of=FILE

write to FILE instead of stdout

oflag=FLAGS

write as per the comma separated symbol list

seek=N skip N obs-sized blocks at start of output

skip=N skip N ibs-sized blocks at start of input

status=LEVEL

The LEVEL of information to print to stderr; 'none' suppresses everything but error messages, 'noxfer' suppresses the final transfer statistics, 'progress' shows periodic transfer statistics

N and BYTES may be followed by the following multiplicative suffixes: c=1, w=2, b=512, kB=1000, K=1024, MB=1000\*1000, M=1024\*1024, xM=M, GB=1000\*1000\*1000, G=1024\*1024\*1024, and so on for T, P, E, Z, Y. Binary prefixes can be used, too: KiB=K, MiB=M, and so on.

Each CONV symbol may be:

ascii from EBCDIC to ASCII

ebcdic from ASCII to EBCDIC

ibm from ASCII to alternate EBCDIC

block pad newline-terminated records with spaces to cbs-size

unblock

replace trailing spaces in cbs-size records with newline

lcase change upper case to lower case ucase change lower case to upper case

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try to seek rather than write all-NUL output blocks
        swap every pair of input bytes
swab
        pad every input block with NULs to ibs-size; when used with block or unblock, pad with spaces
sync
        rather than NULs
        fail if the output file already exists
excl
nocreat do not create the output file
notrunc do not truncate the output file
noerror continue after read errors
fdatasync
        physically write output file data before finishing
fsync
        likewise, but also write metadata
Each FLAG symbol may be:
append append mode (makes sense only for output; conv=notrunc suggested)
        use direct I/O for data
direct
directory
        fail unless a directory
        use synchronized I/O for data
dsync
sync
        likewise, but also for metadata
fullblock
        accumulate full blocks of input (iflag only)
nonblock
        use non-blocking I/O
noatime
        do not update access time
nocache
        Request to drop cache. See also oflag=sync
        do not assign controlling terminal from file
noctty
nofollow
        do not follow symlinks
count_bytes
        treat 'count=N' as a byte count (iflag only)
skip_bytes
        treat 'skip=N' as a byte count (iflag only)
seek_bytes
        treat 'seek=N' as a byte count (oflag only)
Sending a USR1 signal to a running 'dd' process makes it print I/O statistics to standard error and then re-
sume copying.
Options are:
--help display this help and exit
--version
```

output version information and exit

# **AUTHOR**

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#### **REPORTING BUGS**

GNU coreutils online help: <a href="https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/">https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/</a> Report any translation bugs to <a href="https://translationproject.org/team/">https://translationproject.org/team/</a>

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# **SEE ALSO**

Full documentation <a href="https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/dd">https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/dd</a> or available locally via: info '(coreutils) dd invocation'