NAME

tr - translate or delete characters

SYNOPSIS

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tr [OPTION]... SET1 [SET2]
```

DESCRIPTION

Translate, squeeze, and/or delete characters from standard input, writing to standard output.

-c, -C, --complement

use the complement of SET1

-d, --delete

delete characters in SET1, do not translate

-s, --squeeze-repeats

replace each sequence of a repeated character that is listed in the last specified SET, with a single occurrence of that character

-t, --truncate-set1

first truncate SET1 to length of SET2

--help display this help and exit

--version

output version information and exit

SETs are specified as strings of characters. Most represent themselves. Interpreted sequences are:

\NNN character with octal value NNN (1 to 3 octal digits)

- \\ backslash
- \a audible BEL
- \b backspace
- \f form feed
- \n new line
- \r return
- \t horizontal tab
- \v vertical tab

CHAR1-CHAR2

all characters from CHAR1 to CHAR2 in ascending order

[CHAR*]

in SET2, copies of CHAR until length of SET1

[CHAR*REPEAT]

REPEAT copies of CHAR, REPEAT octal if starting with 0

[:alnum:]

all letters and digits

[:alpha:]

all letters

[:blank:]

all horizontal whitespace

[:cntrl:] all control characters

[:digit:] all digits

```
[:graph:]
         all printable characters, not including space
[:lower:]
         all lower case letters
[:print:]
         all printable characters, including space
[:punct:]
         all punctuation characters
[:space:]
         all horizontal or vertical whitespace
[:upper:]
         all upper case letters
[:xdigit:]
         all hexadecimal digits
[=CHAR=]
         all characters which are equivalent to CHAR
```

Translation occurs if $-\mathbf{d}$ is not given and both SET1 and SET2 appear. $-\mathbf{t}$ may be used only when translating. SET2 is extended to length of SET1 by repeating its last character as necessary. Excess characters of SET2 are ignored. Only [:lower:] and [:upper:] are guaranteed to expand in ascending order; used in SET2 while translating, they may only be used in pairs to specify case conversion. $-\mathbf{s}$ uses the last specified SET, and occurs after translation or deletion.

AUTHOR

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REPORTING BUGS

GNU coreutils online help: https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/ Report any translation bugs to https://translationproject.org/team/

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SEE ALSO

Full documentation https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/tr or available locally via: info '(coreutils) tr invocation'