#### **NAME**

acosh, acoshf, acoshl - inverse hyperbolic cosine function

#### **LIBRARY**

Math library (libm, -lm)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <math.h>
double acosh(double x);
```

float acoshf(float x);

long double acoshl(long double x);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature\_test\_macros**(7)):

```
acosh():
```

```
_ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L || _XOPEN_SOURCE >= 500 || /* Since glibc 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE || /* glibc <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE || _acoshf(), acoshl(): _ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L || /* Since glibc 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE || /* glibc <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE ||
```

### **DESCRIPTION**

These functions calculate the inverse hyperbolic cosine of x; that is the value whose hyperbolic cosine is x.

#### **RETURN VALUE**

On success, these functions return the inverse hyperbolic cosine of x.

If x is a NaN, a NaN is returned.

If x is +1, +0 is returned.

If *x* is positive infinity, positive infinity is returned.

If x is less than 1, a domain error occurs, and the functions return a NaN.

## **ERRORS**

See **math\_error**(7) for information on how to determine whether an error has occurred when calling these functions.

The following errors can occur:

Domain error: *x* is less than 1

errno is set to EDOM. An invalid floating-point exception (FE\_INVALID) is raised.

#### **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
acosh(), acoshl()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

# **STANDARDS**

C99, POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

The variant returning double also conforms to SVr4, 4.3BSD.

# **SEE ALSO**

```
asinh(3), atanh(3), cacosh(3), cosh(3), sinh(3), tanh(3)
```