

NAME

ldattach – attach a line discipline to a serial line

SYNOPSIS

ldattach [-1278denoVh] [-i iflag] [-s speed] *ldisc device*

DESCRIPTION

The **ldattach** daemon opens the specified *device* file (which should refer to a serial device) and attaches the line discipline *ldisc* to it for processing of the sent and/or received data. It then goes into the background keeping the device open so that the line discipline stays loaded.

The line discipline *ldisc* may be specified either by name or by number.

In order to detach the line discipline, **kill**(1) the **ldattach** process.

With no arguments, **ldattach** prints usage information.

LINE DISCIPLINES

Depending on the kernel release, the following line disciplines are supported:

TTY(0)

The default line discipline, providing transparent operation (raw mode) as well as the habitual terminal line editing capabilities (cooked mode).

SLIP(1)

Serial Line IP (SLIP) protocol processor for transmitting TCP/IP packets over serial lines.

MOUSE(2)

Device driver for RS232 connected pointing devices (serial mice).

PPP(3)

Point to Point Protocol (PPP) processor for transmitting network packets over serial lines.

STRIP(4); AX25(5); X25(6)

Line driver for transmitting X.25 packets over asynchronous serial lines.

6PACK(7); R3964(9)

Driver for Simatic R3964 module.

IRDA(11)

Linux IrDa (infrared data transmission) driver – see <http://irda.sourceforge.net/>

HDLC(13)

Synchronous HDLC driver.

SYNC_PPP(14)

Synchronous PPP driver.

HCI(15)

Bluetooth HCI UART driver.

GIGASET_M101(16)

Driver for Siemens Gigaset M101 serial DECT adapter.

PPS(18)

Driver for serial line Pulse Per Second (PPS) source.

GSM0710(21)

Driver for GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol modem (CMUX).

OPTIONS**-1, --onestopbit**

Set the number of stop bits of the serial line to one.

-2, --twostopbits

Set the number of stop bits of the serial line to two.

-7, --sevenbits

Set the character size of the serial line to 7 bits.

-8, --eightbits

Set the character size of the serial line to 8 bits.

-d, --debug

Keep **ldattach** in the foreground so that it can be interrupted or debugged, and to print verbose messages about its progress to standard error output.

-e, --evenparity

Set the parity of the serial line to even.

-i, --iflag *value*...

Set the specified bits in the `c_iflag` word of the serial line. The given *value* may be a number or a symbolic name. If *value* is prefixed by a minus sign, the specified bits are cleared instead. Several comma-separated values may be given in order to set and clear multiple bits.

-n, --noparity

Set the parity of the serial line to none.

-o, --oddparity

Set the parity of the serial line to odd.

-s, --speed *value*

Set the speed (the baud rate) of the serial line to the specified *value*.

-c, --intro-command *string*

Define an intro command that is sent through the serial line before the invocation of **ldattach**. E.g. in conjunction with line discipline GSM0710, the command 'AT+CMUX=0\r' is commonly suitable to switch the modem into the CMUX mode.

-p, --pause *value*

Sleep for *value* seconds before the invocation of **ldattach**. Default is one second.

-h, --help

Display help text and exit.

-V, --version

Print version and exit.

AUTHORS

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SEE ALSO

inputattach(1), **ttys**(4)

REPORTING BUGS

For bug reports, use the issue tracker at <https://github.com/util-linux/util-linux/issues>.

AVAILABILITY

The **ldattach** command is part of the util-linux package which can be downloaded from [Linux Kernel Archive](https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/) <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/>>.