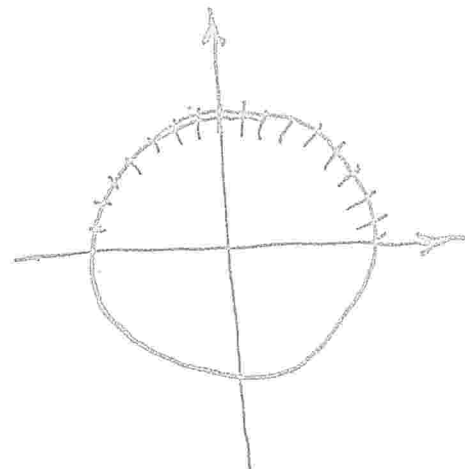
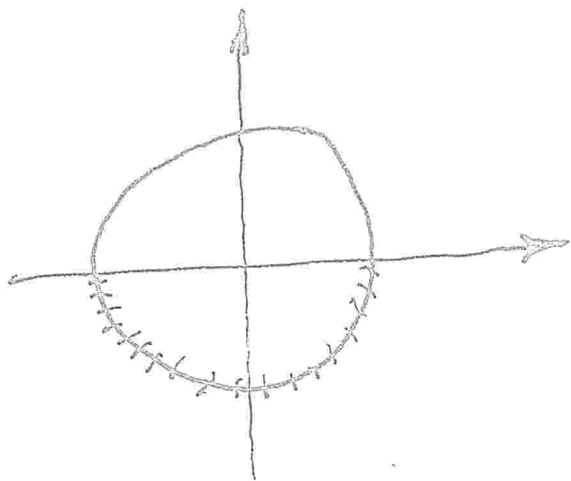


RATE OF CHANGE
PROBLEMS

..... : $y = \sqrt{1-x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

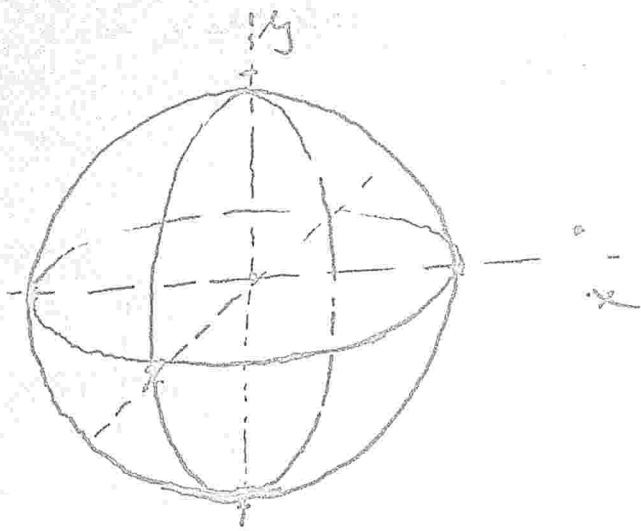
..... : $y = -\sqrt{1-x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1 \Rightarrow 2x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

IMPLICIT
DIFFERENTIATION

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2x}{2y} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

• involves x & y works on SEMI-CIRCLES,
• REMEMBERS THE Y-ELISTS



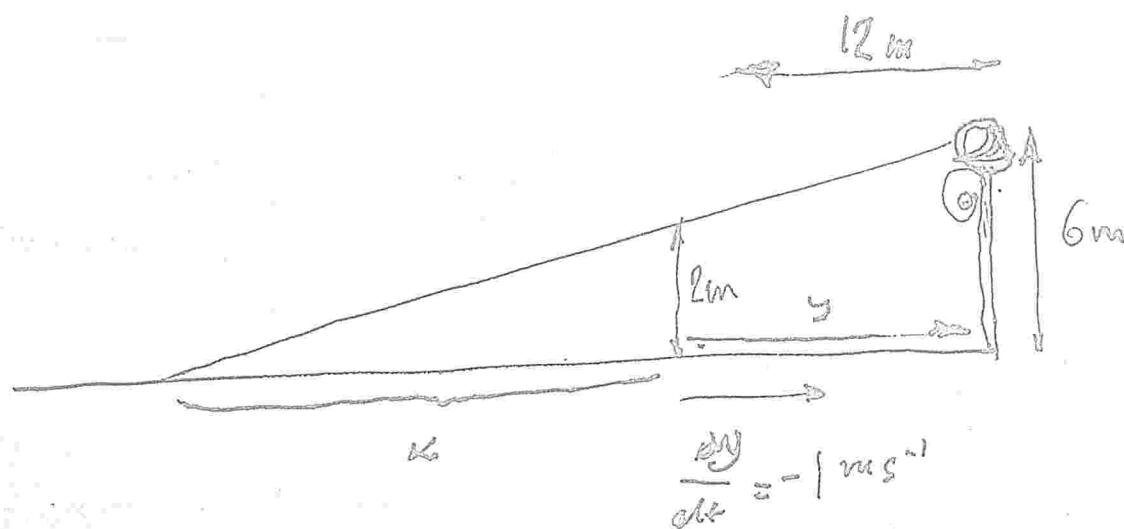
Suppose

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = ?$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \quad \therefore \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 3r^2 = 4\pi r^2 = \frac{dV}{dr}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{dV}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$



$$\frac{x}{x+12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore x = 6 \text{ m}$$

$$y' = 2x' \quad \therefore \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \quad \therefore \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}$$

\Rightarrow End of shadow approaches $1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}$