# FEDERAL STATE AUTONOMOUS EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION

## ITMO UNIVERSITY

# Report

MPI. Assignments 6-8 Parallel algorithms for the analysis and synthesis of data

Performed by Aleksandr Shirokov J4133c Accepted by Petr Andriushchenko Deadline: 20.12.21

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## 1 Assignments

#### 1.1 Assignment 6.

#### 1.1.1 Formulation of the problem

- 1. Compile the example Assignment6.c in detail, run it and explain it.
- 2. Transform the program using the MPI\_TAG field of the status structure in the condition.

#### 1.1.2 Example of launch parameters and output. Detailed description of solution

Code for **assignment 6** is here.

Compilation example: MPIC++ -O ./CPF/6.O ASSIGNMENT6.C Launch example: MPIRUN -OVERSUBSCRIBE -NP 4 ./CPF/6.O

```
(base) aptmess@improfeo: /ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$ mpirun --oversubscribe -np 4 ./cpf/6.o Process 0 recv 1 from process 1, 2from process 2 (base) aptmess@improfeo: /ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$ mpirun --oversubscribe -np 4 ./cpf/6.o Process 0 recv 2 from process 2, 1from process 1
```

There could be only two results of program output

Let's move to the code and explain how it works.

```
<iostream>
                 <mpi.h>
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      using namespace std;
      int main(int argc, char **argv)
           int rank, size, ibuf;
           MPI_Status status;
           float rbuf;
           MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
           MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
           MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
           ibuf = rank;
           rbuf = 1.0 * rank;
               (rank == 1) MPI_Send(&ibuf, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
               (rank == 2) MPI_Send(&rbuf, 1, MPI_FLOAT, 0, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
               (rank == 0) {
                MPI_Probe(MPI_ANY_SOURCE, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                    (status.MPI_SOURCE == 1) {
                     MPI_Recv(&ibuf, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                     MPI_Recv(&rbuf, 1, MPI_FLOAT, 2, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
cout << "Process 0 recv " << ibuf << " from process 1, " << rbuf << "from process 2\n";</pre>
                 else if (status.MPI_SOURCE == 2) {
                     MPI_Recv(&rbuf, 1, MPI_FLOAT, 2, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
MPI_Recv(&ibuf, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 5, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
cout << "Process 0 recv " << rbuf << " from process 2, " << ibuf << "from process 1\n";</pre>
           MPI_Finalize();
```

Assignment6 code

Firstly there is an initialization of parallel part using MPI\_INIT, after if rank of process is 1 then the int 1 will be send as a message and if rank of process is 2, then the float value 2.0 will be send as message. After we are going to main process 0 logic:

- MPI\_PROBE this function is waiting for message from any process with msgtag = 5 and wouldn't go next if the message doesn't come to process 0. Let's make it clear function only understand that message come to process, but doesn't get it.
- After that if STATUS.MPI\_SOURCE == 1 so if first was message from process 1 then there is a print message that 1st process's message was quicklier, else that the second was quicklier and the value from second process will be displayed first.

After I have transformed the problem using MPI\_TAG field. Here are results:

```
(base) aptmess@improfeo: "/ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$ mpic++ -o ./cpf/6.1.o Assignment6.1.c (base) aptmess@improfeo: "/ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$ mpirun --oversubscribe -np 4 ./cpf/6.1.o Process 0 recv 1 from process 1, 2from process 2 (base) aptmess@improfeo: "/ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$ mpirun --oversubscribe -np 4 ./cpf/6.1.o Process 0 recv 2 from process 2, 1from process 1 (base) aptmess@improfeo: "/ITMO/parallel_algorithms/HT/hw_mpi$
```

Results are the same. Take a look at code

Code for **assignment 6.1** is here.

Compilation example: MPIC++-O./CPF/6.1.O ASSIGNMENT6.1.C Launch example: MPIRUN —OVERSUBSCRIBE -NP 4./CPF/6.1.O

Assignment6 part II code

Everything is more or less the same, but now we are expecting any tag in MPI\_PROBE function and processes 1 and 2 has different tags (5 and 4) and condition is also have changed (STATUS.MPI\_TAG). Program works correctly.

#### 1.2 Assignment 7.

#### 1.2.1 Formulation of the problem

#### 1.2.2 Example of launch parameters and output. Detailed description of solution

Code for **assignment 7** is here.

Compilation example: MPIC++ -O ./CPF/7.O ASSIGNMENT7.C Launch example: MPIRUN -OVERSUBSCRIBE -NP 4 ./CPF/7.O

Let's move to the the code and explain how it works.

Explain.

#### 1.3 Assignment 8.

#### 1.3.1 Formulation of the problem

#### 1.3.2 Example of launch parameters and output. Detailed description of solution

Code for assignment 8 is here.

Compilation example: MPIC++ -O ./CPF/6.0 ASSIGNMENT6.C Launch example: MPIRUN –OVERSUBSCRIBE -NP 4 ./CPF/6.O Let's move to the the code and explain how it works.

Explain.

## 1.4 Appendix

The link to the sourse code which is placed on my github.