STA 138 Discussion 2 Solutions

Fall 2020

- 1. Suppose that $Y \sim \text{Binomial}(120, 0.2)$.
 - (a) $P(Y \le 30) \approx 0.9279$
 - (b) $P(Y \ge 24) \approx 0.5364$
 - (c) $P(Y \ge 25) \approx 0.4457$
- 2. Suppose that $Y \sim \text{Hypergeometric}(80, 20, 20)$
 - (a) $P(Y = 4) \approx 0.205$
 - (b) $P(Y \le 3) \approx 0.1873$
 - (c) $P(Y \le 10) \approx 0.9992$
 - (d) $P(4 \le Y \le 6) \approx 0.6285$
- 3. Suppose that $Y \sim \text{Poisson}(9)$
 - (a) $P(Y > 8) \approx 0.5443$
 - (b) $P(3 \le Y \le 15) \approx 0.9717$
- 4. Suppose that $(Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_{10}) \sim \text{Multinomial}(10, 0.1, 0.1, \dots, 0.1)$.
 - (a) The marginal distribution of Y_1 is Binomial (10, 0.1), so using this we find $P(Y_1 = 10) = (0.1)^{10} \approx 0$
 - (b) Dividing this event into 10 mutually exclusive events, where the *i*-th, $i=1,\cdots,10$ event is that all 10 subjects are assigned to the *i*-th category, we get ≈ 0
 - (c) Using the multinomial assignment of probabilities, we get ≈ 0.00036
 - (d) Dividing this event up into the three resulting possible assignments of the two remaining subjects to the categories 9 and 10, and using the multinomial assignment of probabilities, we get ≈ 0.00073

Code Appendix

```
## 1.(a)
p1a <- pbinom(30,120,0.2)
## 1.(b)
p1b \leftarrow 1-pbinom(24-1,120,0.2)
## 1.(c)
p1c \leftarrow 1-pbinom(25-1,120,0.2)
## 2.(a)
p2a \leftarrow dhyper(4,20,80-20,20)
## 2.(b)
p2b \leftarrow phyper(3,20,80-20,20)
## 2.(c)
p2c \leftarrow phyper(10,20,80-20,20)
## 2.(d)
p2d <- phyper(6,20,80-20,20) - phyper(3,20,80-20,20)
## 3.(a)
p3a <- 1-ppois(8,9)
## 3.(b)
p3b <- ppois(15,9)-ppois(2,9)
## 4.(a)
p4a <- dbinom(10,10,0.1)
## 4.(b)
p4b <- 10*dbinom(10, 10, 0.1)
## 4.(c)
p4c <- dmultinom(rep(1,10), prob=rep(0.1,10))
## 4. (d)
p4d <- (dmultinom(rep(1,10), prob=rep(0.1,10))
        + dmultinom(c(rep(1,8),2,0), prob=rep(0.1,10))
        + dmultinom(c(rep(1,8),0,2), prob=rep(0.1,10)))
```