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The github link to my project repo is here. (https://github.com/apurbapokharel/CSCE-5210/tree/main/Assignment%201)

My approach and Additional Assumption:

OOP is something that I have a nice understanding of. So, my code is based on the ideas of classes and objects. I find it easy to work with classes and also, having a different class for each of the things like graph, customer, car, agent made writing the code easier and gave a structure to my code.

The classes that I have used and the main functionality of them are defined below:

- 1. Graph
- Generates the graph
- Computes the Astar path length as well as determines the shortest Astar path
- Can plot the graph if visualization is needed.
- The graph code is referred from Dr. Russel's tutorial 1 with slight changes as necessary.
- 2. Car
- Has methods to handle customer pickup requests, pickup customer, drop off customer.
- Stores the distance and trip for each car object.
- The information about capacity is stored here in the class.
- 3. Customer
- Has just the pickup and drop off node info (a randomly generated info) stored here.
- 4. Agent
- The brains of the entire operation.
- Has an array that stores all the cars and customer objects.
- An index (the actual array index) is used to refer to these cars and customers in the codebase.
 - For Example: a car at index 0 in the car_array will be referred to by index 0 all over the code.
 - Similarly, customer has the same rule.
- The Car object creation and customer object creation are done by the agent as specified by us in the main function.
- The request for picking up new customers, and selecting a car based on the shortest distance as well as the current capacity is handled here by the agent.

- The process of updating the wait queue based on the distance to the nearest customer is done here as well.
- Picking up and dropping off the customer is done by the agent.

The scheduling algorithm is the core of the code. Once that is figured out the rest of the code worked out on it's own.

Since, the scheduling algorithm works in a queue based manner. The data type that I used an array, had to have a queue based implementation for adding new customers and serving customers in the 0th index of the array. So, this queue based approach can be seen in my code.

Some important consideration for my code:

- 1. As per Dr. Russel's tutorial 2 (clock tick 3), if two or more customers share the same pickup points then they need to be picked up together as long as the space is available.
- 2. The same goes for dropoff, if the currently being served customer shares dropoff with two or more customers (that are already picked up) then they need to be dropped off together.

Additional assumptions:

- 1. My program does not show the currently serving customer in the wait queue, I use something called a current_serving_customer to keep track of which customer needs to be picked up and dropped off.
- 2. Instead of having s1={(id1,p,8),(id1,d,9)} as service queue for tick 1, this program uses index of customer(starting from 0) like [0] for service queue in tick1.

```
Additionaly for clock tick 3 instead of using notation like {(id1,d,9), (id3,p,4),(id3,d,7),(id5,p,1),(id6,p,1),(id5,d,7),(id6,d,9),(id4,p,2),(id4,d,4)} I use this [1,3,5,6,4]
```

The index of customer can be used to get their pickup and drop off nodes. So, I don't store them.

- 3. The service queue is only updated and printed if there is request for customer.
- 4. Program counts customer and cars from 0 not 1.
- 5. Clock tick starts in 0 not 1.

The answers for each of the requirements are:

1. For R3

The number of nodes = 100

The number of cars = 30The connectivity = 3The reservation per hour = 600

a. the average distance traveled (over the fleet) per day when run on a road network of 100 nodes and average connectivity of 3?

29.07

b. the average number of trips (over the fleet) per day when run on a road network of 100 nodes and average connectivity of 3?

19.63

2. For R4

The number of nodes = The number of cars = The connectivity = The reservation per hour =

a. the average distance traveled (over the fleet) per day when run on a road network of 100 nodes and average connectivity of 3?

16.29

b. the average number of trips (over the fleet) per day when run on a road network of 100 nodes and average connectivity of 3?

9.83

3. For R5

The number of nodes = 100 The number of cars = 60 The connectivity = 4 The reservation per hour = 600

a. the average distance traveled (over the fleet) per day when run on a road network of 100 nodes and average connectivity of 3?

14.346666666666671

Explanation: The distance travelled decreases because there are more paths for the cars to take from one node to the other. Granted the decrease is not always the case since the values of the edges are generated in random. But for a graph with 100 nodes increasing connectivity from 3 to 4 decreases the distance travelled in most cases. Though in some

cases the distance travelled was almost equal or even more than that of R4 but that is solely due to the randomness that is involved in assigning edges to the nodes.

The code

```
import numpy as np
import random
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
class Graph:
  def init (self, no of nodes, connectivity, increase, tutorial weight = [], seed =
1000):
    while(1):
       self.graph = nx.gnp random graph (no of nodes, connectivity, seed)
       if(not nx.is connected(self.graph)):
         connectivity += increase
         print("running again as we don't have conncted graphs")
       else:
         break
    self.index = 0
    for u, v in self.graph.edges:
       if len(tutorial weight) == 0:
         self.graph.add edge(u, v, weight = random.randint(1,9)/10)
       else:
         self.graph.add edge(u, v, weight = tutorial weight[self.index])
         self.index += 1
    self.graph edges = nx.get edge attributes(self.graph, "weight")
    self.no of nodes = self.graph.number of nodes()
    # print(self.graph edges)
  def getEdgeWeight(self, search key):
    for key in self.graph edges:
       if key == search key:
         return self.graph_edges[key]
  def getNumberOfNodes(self):
    return self.no of nodes
  def plotGraph(self):
    links = [(u, v) for (u, v, d) in self.graph.edges(data=True)]
    pos = nx.nx agraph.graphviz layout(self.graph)
    nx.draw networkx nodes(self.graph, pos, node size=1200, node color='lightblue',
linewidths=0.25)
    nx.draw networkx edges(self.graph, pos, edgelist=links, width=4)
    nx.draw networkx labels(self.graph, pos, font size=20, font family="sans-serif")
```

```
edge labels = nx.get edge attributes(self.graph, "weight")
    nx.draw networkx edge labels(self.graph, pos, edge labels)
    plt.show()
  def computeAStarPathLength(self, start, finish):
    return nx.astar path length(self.graph, start, finish)
  def computeAStarPath(self, start, finish):
    return nx.astar path(self.graph, start, finish)
class Car:
  #all cars are at node0 at the start of the day
  def init (self):
    self.capacity = 0
    self.max capacity = 5
    self.current node = 0
    self.nodes traversed = [0]
    self.current service path = []
    self.customer wait queue = []
    self.customer picked up queue = []
    self.distance travelled = 0.0
    self.current serving customer = -1
    self.no of trips = 0
  def moveCar(self, new node, distance):
    self.distance travelled = self.distance travelled + distance
    self.current node = new node
    self.nodes traversed.append(new node)
  def isFull(self):
    return self.capacity == self.max capacity
  def pickUpCustomerRequest(self, customer index):
    self.capacity += 1
    self.customer wait queue.append(customer index)
  def pickUpCustomer(self, customer index):
    self.customer wait queue.remove(customer index)
    self.customer picked up queue.append(customer index)
  def dropOffCustomer(self, customer index):
    self.capacity -= 1
    if self.current serving customer != customer index:
       self.customer picked up queue.remove(customer index)
    self.no of trips += 1
    self.current serving customer = -1
```

```
# call this after pickup done only and remove on dropoff
  def updateCurrentlyServingCustomer(self):
    next to be served index = self.customer picked up queue[0]
    self.customer picked up queue.remove(next to be served index)
    self.current serving customer = next to be served index
  def areAllJobsOver(self):
    is_wait_queue_empty = len(self.customer_wait_queue) == 0
    is picked up queue empty = len(self.customer picked up queue) == 0
    is serving customer empty = self.current serving customer == -1
    return is wait queue empty and is picked up queue empty and
is serving customer empty
class Customer:
  def init (self, pick up node, drop off node):
    self.pick up node = pick up node
    self.drop off node = drop off node
# Agent runs all the time
# Agent will have an instace of all cars and Customers generated
class Agent:
  def init (self, no of cars, no of nodes, connectivity, increase, tutorial edges = []):
    self.car array = []
    # append no of cars objects to car arrays
    for i in range(no of cars):
       car object = Car()
       self.car array.append(car object)
    self.graph = Graph(no of nodes, connectivity, increase, tutorial edges)
    self.no of nodes = self.graph.no of nodes
    self.customer array = []
  def createCustomerObject(self):
    customer index = len(self.customer array)
    pick up node = random.randrange(self.no of nodes)
    drop off node = -1
    while 1:
       drop off node = random.randrange(self.no of nodes)
       if drop off node!= pick up node:
         break
    customer = Customer(pick up node, drop off node)
    self.customer array.append(customer)
    return customer index
  def getFirstEmptyCar(self, eq distant array):
    for i in eq distant array:
```

```
if self.car array[i].capacity == 0:
          return i
     return -1
  def getCarForCustomer(self, customer index):
     # loop over all available car array
     # if equidistant cars then assign customer to the first non-empty car from list of
equidistant cars, else assign car to the lowest index car.
     # if no car equidistant then assign customer to car with smallest distance
     # if all car have 5 passengers print wait message
     pick up node = self.customer array[customer index].pick up node
     smallest distance = 10000000000
     eq distant array = []
     car index = -1
     for i in range(len(self.car array)):
       if self.car array[i].isFull():
          print("Car ", i, "is full\n")
          continue
       distance = self.graph.computeAStarPathLength(pick up node,
self.car array[i].current node)
       if distance < smallest distance:
          smallest distance = distance
          eq distant array.clear()
          car index = i
       if distance == smallest distance:
          eq distant array.append(i)
     if len(eq distant array) != 0:
       first non empty car index = self.getFirstEmptyCar(eq_distant_array)
       if first non empty car index != -1:
          return first non empty car index
       else:
          return eq distant array[0]
     else:
       return car index
  def updateWaitQueue(self, car index):
     car object = self.car array[car index]
     car current node = car object.current node
     customers in wait queue = car object.customer wait queue
     #sort
     for i in range(len(customers in wait queue)):
       for j in range(i, len(customers in wait queue)):
          customer index i = customers in wait queue[i]
```

```
distance i = self.graph.computeAStarPathLength(car current node,
self.customer array[customer index i].pick up node)
         customer index j = customers in wait queue[j]
         distance i = self.graph.computeAStarPathLength(car current node,
self.customer array[customer index j].pick up node)
         if distance j < distance i:
           temp = customers in wait queue[i]
           customers in wait queue[i] = customers in wait queue[i]
           customers in wait queue[i] = temp
    car object.customer wait queue = customers in wait queue
    print("\nthe service/wait queue is", customers in wait queue)
  def moveCarObject(self, car object, new node):
    current node = car object.current_node
    search key = ()
    if current node < new node:
       search key = (current node, new node)
    else:
       search key = (new node, current node)
    distance = self.graph.getEdgeWeight(search_key)
    if distance == None:
       distance = 0
    car object.moveCar(new node, distance)
  def checkPickUpOrDropOff(self, car object):
    car current node = car object.current node
    current servicing customer index = car object.current serving customer
    current_servicing customer drop off node = -1
    if current servicing customer index != -1:
       current servicing customer drop off node =
self.customer array[current servicing customer index].drop off node
    if car current node == current servicing customer drop off node:
      # print("car drops off current serving customer")
       car object.dropOffCustomer(current servicing customer index)
    # need to check for same dropoff points iteratively
    for i in range(len(car object.customer picked up queue)):
      try:
         customer index = car object.customer picked up queue[i]
       except:
```

```
# print("-----Pickedup queue empty breaking...----
         break
      pickup customer drop off point =
self.customer array[customer index].drop off node
      if car current node == pickup customer drop off point:
         # print("car drops off pickedup customer")
         car object.dropOffCustomer(customer index)
    # need to check for same pickup points iteratively
    capacity = car object.capacity
    index = 0
    next in queue customer index length = len(car object.customer wait queue)
    while next in queue customer index length != 0:
      next in queue customer index = car object.customer wait queue[index]
      next in queue customer pick up node =
self.customer array[next in queue customer index].pick up node
      if car current node == next in queue customer pick up node and capacity
<=5:
         # print("car picks up a waiting customer index ",
next in queue customer index)
         car object.pickUpCustomer(next in queue customer index)
         capacity += 1
         next in queue customer index length -= 1
      else:
         break
  def checkAndUpdateCurrentServicePath(self, car object):
    # service path is the path taken by the car to
    # goto pickup a customer
    # or goto dropoff a picked customer
    # customer are picked based on the service queue
    car current node = car object.current node
    current service path = car object.current service path
    if len(current service path) == 0:
      if len(car object.customer wait queue) != 0:
         customer index = car object.customer wait queue[0]
      else:
         customer index = car object.customer picked up queue[0]
      customer pick up node = self.customer array[customer index].pick up node
      new service path = self.graph.computeAStarPath(car current node,
customer pick up node)
```

```
# if car current node != new service path[0]:
           new service path.remove(car current node)
      if len(new service path) != 1:
         new service path.remove(car current node)
       car object.current service path = new service path
       # print(" The newly assigned service path is", new service path)
      return new service path[0]
    else:
       car object.current service path.remove(car current node)
       updated service path = car object.current service path
       if len(updated service path) == 0:
         # print("Service path ended need a new path")
         # either reached pick up or drop off point
         # update accordingly
         if len(car object.customer picked up queue) != 0:
           # serve the 1st from picked up queue
           # print("Just picked up or already picked customer need to drop them off")
           first queue customer index = car object.customer picked up queue[0]
           first queue customer drop off node =
self.customer array[first queue customer index].drop off node
           car object.updateCurrentlyServingCustomer()
           new service path = self.graph.computeAStarPath(car current node,
first queue customer drop off node)
           new service path.remove(car current node)
           car object.current service path = new service path
           # print(" The newly assigned service path is 2", new service path)
           return new service path[0]
         else:
           if len(car object.customer wait queue) != 0:
              # goto pickup first from wait queue/service queue if present
              # print("need to go and pick up from wait queue")
              first wait queue customer index = car object.customer wait queue[0]
              fist wait queue customer pick up node =
self.customer array[first wait queue customer index].pick up node
              new service path = self.graph.computeAStarPath(car current node,
fist wait queue customer pick up node)
              new service path.remove(car current node)
              car object.current service path = new service path
              # print(" The newly assigned service path is 3", new service path)
              return new service path[0]
       else:
         # continue movement along the service path
         # print("Continue on the same service path")
         return updated service path[0]
```

```
def processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(self, customer objet, customer index):
    # get simulated customer object
    # compute ditance with the position of all cars, take capacity into consderation, get
the car index, else return wait 15 min message
    # assign customer to that car and update its service queue,
    # if no current service path find that else update current service path
    self.customer array.append(customer objet)
    min distance car index = self.getCarForCustomer(customer index)
    if min distance car index == -1:
       # no car to take in customer
       # let this tick continue without picking up customer
       print("ALL CARS FULL")
    else:
       print("\nCar", min distance car index, "allocated to customer", customer index)
self.car array[min distance car index].pickUpCustomerRequest(customer index)
       self.updateWaitQueue(min distance car index)
  def processNewCustomerRequest(self):
    # create a new customer object and get it's index
    # compute ditance with the position of all cars, take capacity into consderation, get
the car index, else return wait 15 min message
    # assign customer to that car and update its service queue,
    # if no current service path find that else update current service path
    customer index = self.createCustomerObject()
    min distance car index = self.getCarForCustomer(customer index)
    if min distance car index == -1:
       # no car to take in customer
       # let this tick continue without picking up customer
       print("ALL CARS FULL")
    else:
       # print("Car", min distance car index, "allocated to customer", customer index)
self.car array[min distance car index].pickUpCustomerRequest(customer index)
       self.updateWaitQueue(min distance car index)
  def moveAllCars(self):
    # check if either pickup or dropoff available
    # check and update current service path (need to do this to get next node to move to)
    # take the current service path and update the path as well as move the car
    car array objects = self.car array
    for i in range(len(car array objects)):
       print("\nTraversed history for car", i, " is :", self.car array[i].nodes traversed)
```

```
if len(car array objects[i].customer wait queue) ==0 and
len(car array objects[i].customer picked up queue) == 0 and
car array objects[i].current serving customer == -1:
         # this car has no customer so dont move
         # print("Car", i, "has no customer so stays parked in location",
car array objects[i].current node)
         continue
       else:
         self.checkPickUpOrDropOff(car array objects[i])
         next node to move to =
self.checkAndUpdateCurrentServicePath(car array objects[i])
         print("\nCar ", i, " moves to new node ", next node to move to)
         if next node to move to != None:
           self.moveCarObject(car array objects[i], next node to move to)
  def moveSpecificCar(self, i):
    car_array_objects = self.car array
    if len(car array objects[i].customer wait queue) ==0 and
len(car array objects[i].customer picked up queue) == 0 and
car array objects[i].current serving customer == -1:
      # this car has no customer so dont move
      print("\nCar", i, "has no customer so stays parked in location",
car array objects[i].current node)
    else:
       self.checkPickUpOrDropOff(car array objects[i])
      next node to move to =
self.checkAndUpdateCurrentServicePath(car_array_objects[i])
       print("\nCar", i, " moves to new node ", next node to move to)
       if next node to move to != None:
         self.moveCarObject(car array objects[i], next node to move to)
  def areAllServicesComplete(self):
    remaining car index = []
    for i in range(len(self.car array)):
       car object = self.car array[i]
       is all jobs over = car object.areAllJobsOver()
      if is all jobs over != True:
         remaining car index.append(i)
    return remaining car index
  def areSpecificServicesComplete(self, service array):
    remaining car index = []
    for i in range(len(service array)):
       car index = service array[i]
       car object = self.car array[car index]
       is all jobs over = car object.areAllJobsOver()
```

```
if is all jobs over != True:
        remaining car index.append(i)
    return remaining car index
  def calculateAverageDistanceTravelled(self):
    total distance = 0
    for i in range(len(self.car array)):
      car object = self.car array[i]
      total distance += car object.distance travelled
    return total_distance/len(self.car array)
  def calculateAverageNoOfTrips(self):
    no of trips = 0
    for i in range(len(self.car array)):
      car object = self.car array[i]
      no of trips += car object.no of trips
    return no of trips/len(self.car array)
if name == " main ":
  print("-----\n")
  print("")
  print("MY PROGRAM DOES NOT SHOW THE CURRENTLY SERVING
CUSTOMER IN THE WAIT QUEUE\n")
  print("INSTEAD OF HAVING S1={(id1,p,8),(id1,d,9)} AS SERVICE QUEUE FOR
TICK 1\n''
  print("THIS PROGRAM USES INDEX OF CUSTOMER(STARTING FROM 0)
LIKE [0] FOR SERVICE QUEUE IN TICK1\n")
  print("THE SERVICE QUEUE IS ONLY UPDATED AND PRINTED AS LONG AS
THERE IS REQUEST FOR CUSTOMER\n")
  print("BUT C1 IS ALREADY BEING SERVED SO IT IS NOT IN WAIT QUEUE SO
MY WAIT QUEUE IS [C2,C4,C5,C3](PROGRAM COUNTS CUSTOMER AND CAR
FROM 0 \text{ NOT } 1) \setminus n''
  print("CLOCK TICK STARTS IN 0 NOT 1\n")
  print("-----\n")
  ** ** **
  # FOR R2
  no of cars = 2
  no of nodes = 10
  connectivity = 0.3
  increase = 0.1
  # these are the edges of the nodes, since nodes are generated randomly we need to
generate node with these value to match tutorial 2
  tutorial edges = [0.1, 0.8, 0.6, 1.0, 1.0, 0.7, 0.8, 0.5, 0.5, 0.4, 1.0, 0.8, 0.9, 0.7, 0.4]
```

```
agent = Agent(no of cars, no of nodes, connectivity, increase, tutorial edges)
# agent.graph.plotGraph()
# Takes 20 clock ticks so
c1 = Customer(8,9)
c2 = Customer(3,6)
c3 = Customer(4,7)
c4 = Customer(2,4)
c5 = Customer(1,7)
c6 = Customer(1,9)
index = 0
for i in range(20):
  print("CLOCK TICK ", i, "\n")
  if i == 0:
    # use first customer request
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c1, index)
    index += 1
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c2, index)
    index += 1
    agent.moveAllCars()
  elif i == 1:
    # use second customer request
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c3, index)
    index += 1
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c4, index)
    index += 1
    agent.moveAllCars()
  elif i == 2:
    # use second customer request
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c5, index)
    index += 1
    agent.processNewCustomerRequestSimulation(c6, index)
    index += 1
    agent.moveAllCars()
  #just move cars
  else:
    agent.moveAllCars()
  print("\nCLOCK TICK ENDS", i, "\n")
  print("-----\n")
# check if all service queue empty else do until empty
# get the arrays of cars who's pickup queue, wait queue or current serving is not emty
# run an infinite loop over these cars until they are empty
remaining car index = agent.areAllServicesComplete()
index = 1
```

```
if len(remaining car index) !=0:
  while(len(remaining car index) != 0):
     print("Additional clock tick", index)
    for i in range(len(remaining car index)):
       car index = remaining car index[i]
       agent.moveSpecificCar(car index)
     index += 1
    remaining car index = agent.areSpecificServicesComplete(remaining car index)
    print("Additional tick ends", index, "\n")
  print("The job took an additional of", index - 1, " ticks to complete")
del agent
** ** **
# R3 #R4 #R5
# change the values as needed
no of cars = 60
no of nodes = 100
connectivity = 0.04
increase = 0.01
agent = Agent(no of cars, no of nodes, connectivity, increase)
# agent.graph.plotGraph()
for i in range(200):
  print("CLOCK TICK ", i)
  # generating 10 reservation per minute i.e 600 request per hour
  for j in range(3):
     agent.processNewCustomerRequest()
    agent.moveAllCars()
remaining car index = agent.areAllServicesComplete()
index = 1
if len(remaining car index) !=0:
  while(len(remaining car index) != 0):
    print("Additional clock tick", index)
     for i in range(len(remaining car index)):
       car index = remaining car index[i]
       agent.moveSpecificCar(car index)
    index += 1
     remaining car index = agent.areSpecificServicesComplete(remaining car index)
  print("The job took an additional of", index - 1, " ticks to complete")
print("Average distance covered = ", agent.calculateAverageDistanceTravelled())
```

```
print("Average no of trips = ", agent.calculateAverageNoOfTrips())
del agent
```