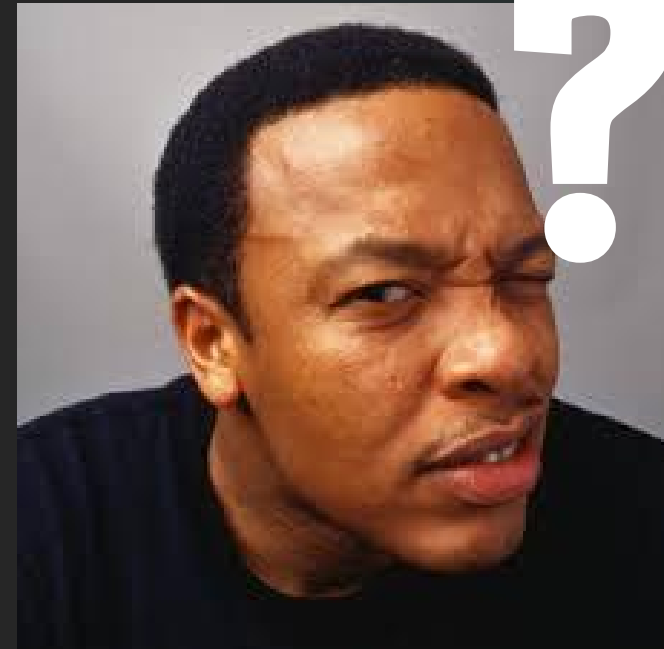


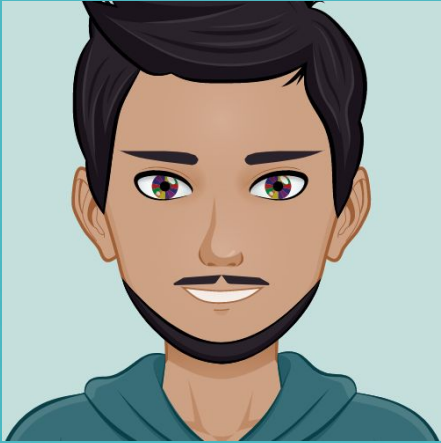
Dr.DRE

Diabetic
Retinopathy
Epidemiology

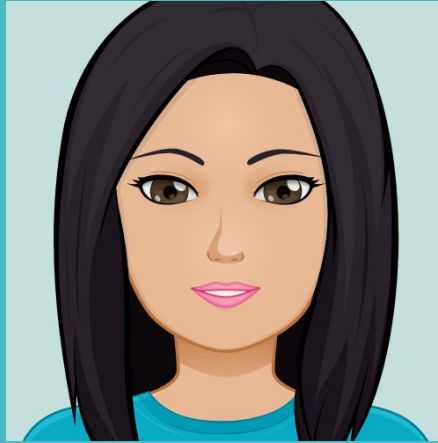


Dr. DRE

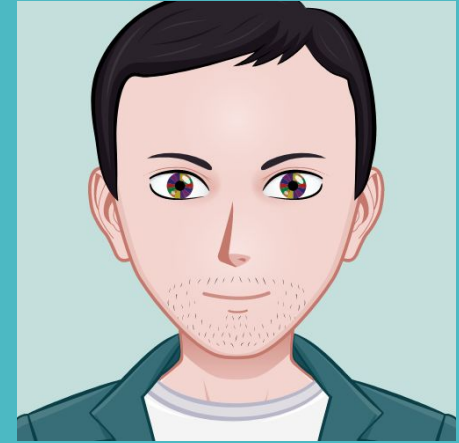
TEAM



APURV



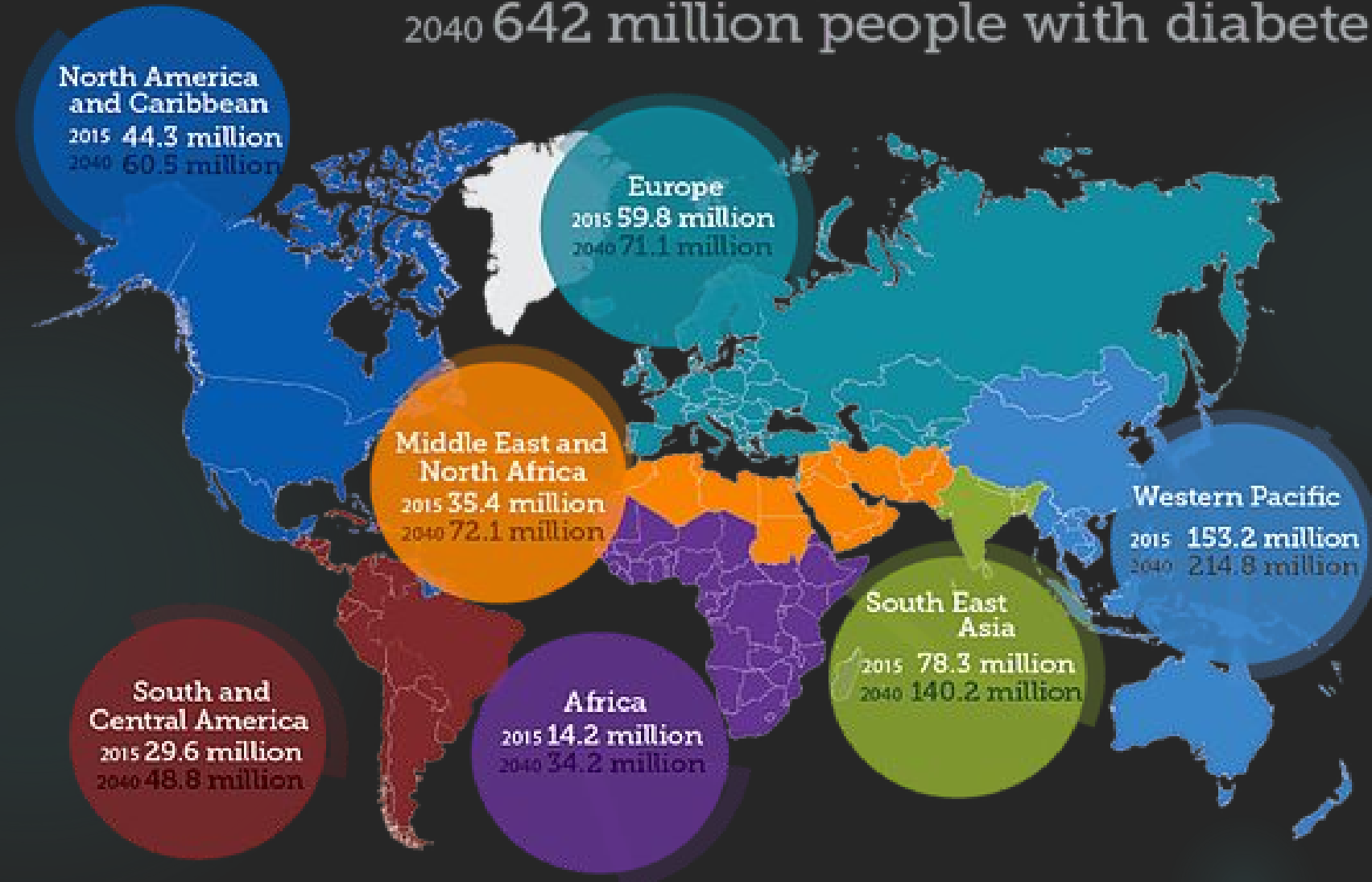
ASHLESHA



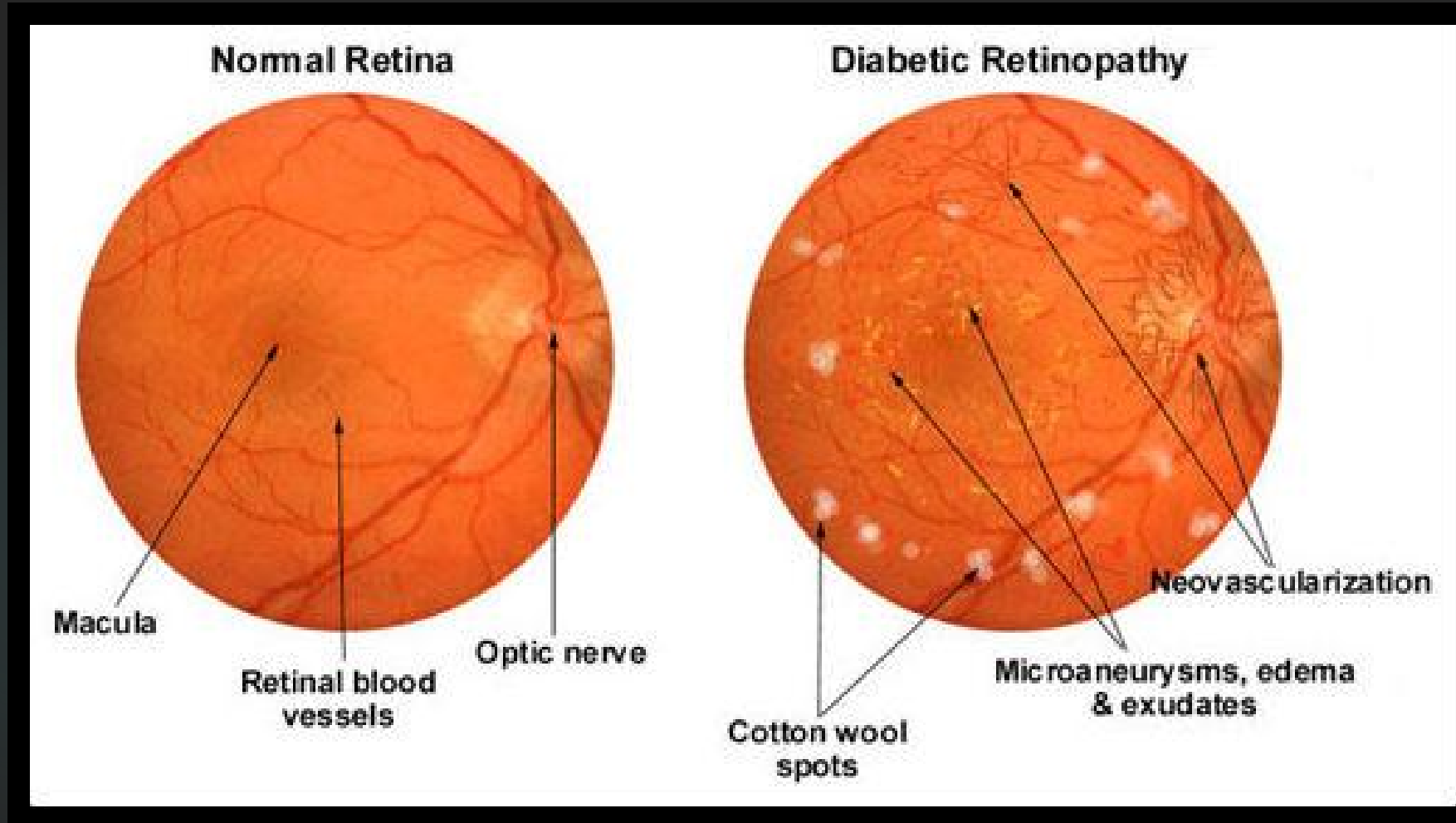
ATIF

Diabetic Retinopathy: Fastest growing cause for blindness

Worldwide 2015 415 million people with diabetes
2040 642 million people with diabetes



SO WHAT IS DIABETIC RETINOPATHY?

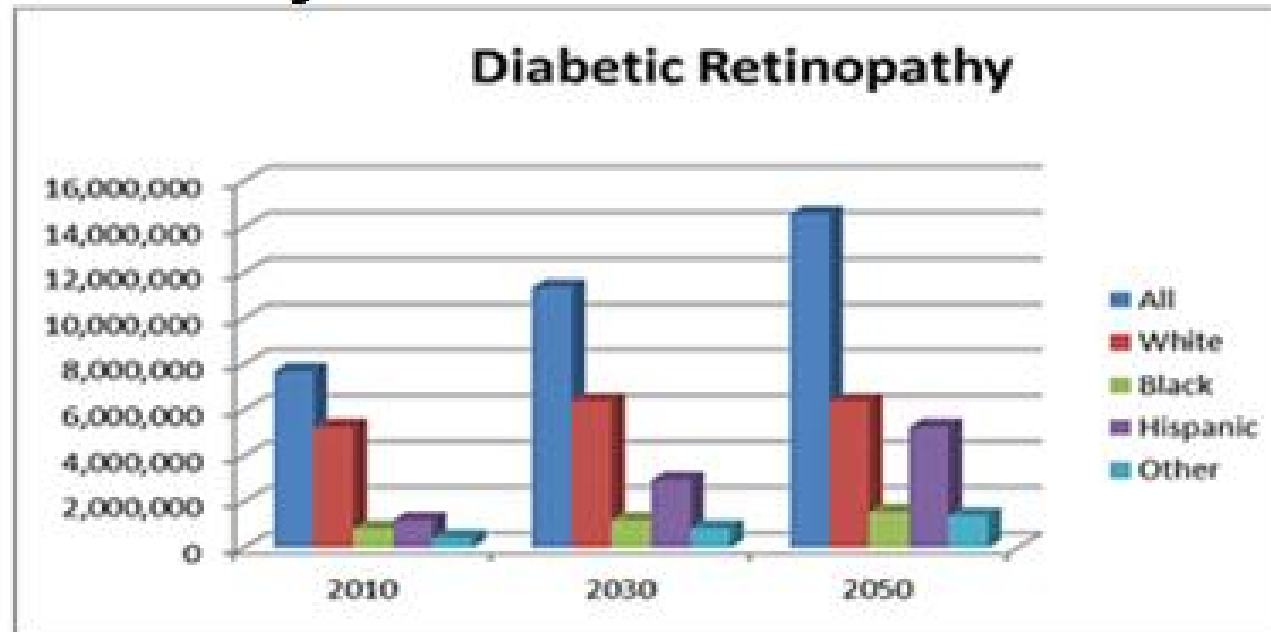


SOME STATS

- ❖ Diabetic retinopathy (DR) is a leading cause of vision-loss globally.
- ❖ Of an estimated 285 million people with diabetes mellitus worldwide, approximately one third have signs of DR and of these, a further one third of DR is vision-threatening DR.
- ❖ As it is a leading disease in the west, there needs to be an easy solution and way to identify the disease.

The overall national rate is 5.4% for the U.S. population age 40 and older, indicating that nearly 7.7 million older Americans have diabetic retinopathy.

Projected Increase of Diabetic Retinopathy in the United States, by Ethnicity



Source: *Vision Problems in the United States, 2012*

When diabetic retinopathy is detected early, treatment is 95% effective in preventing severe vision loss.



www.nei.nih.gov/diabetes

95%



INDIA

Shortage of 127,000 eye doctors
45% of patients suffer vision loss before diagnosis

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- ❖ Researchers have acknowledged that 95% of diabetic patients could be saved from this disease through an **early diagnosis**.
- ❖ Manual inspection of fundus image to check development of features is a very **time-consuming** and tedious work.
- ❖ Patients need to have **regular appointments** with doctor.

Q. So can this time be shortened?

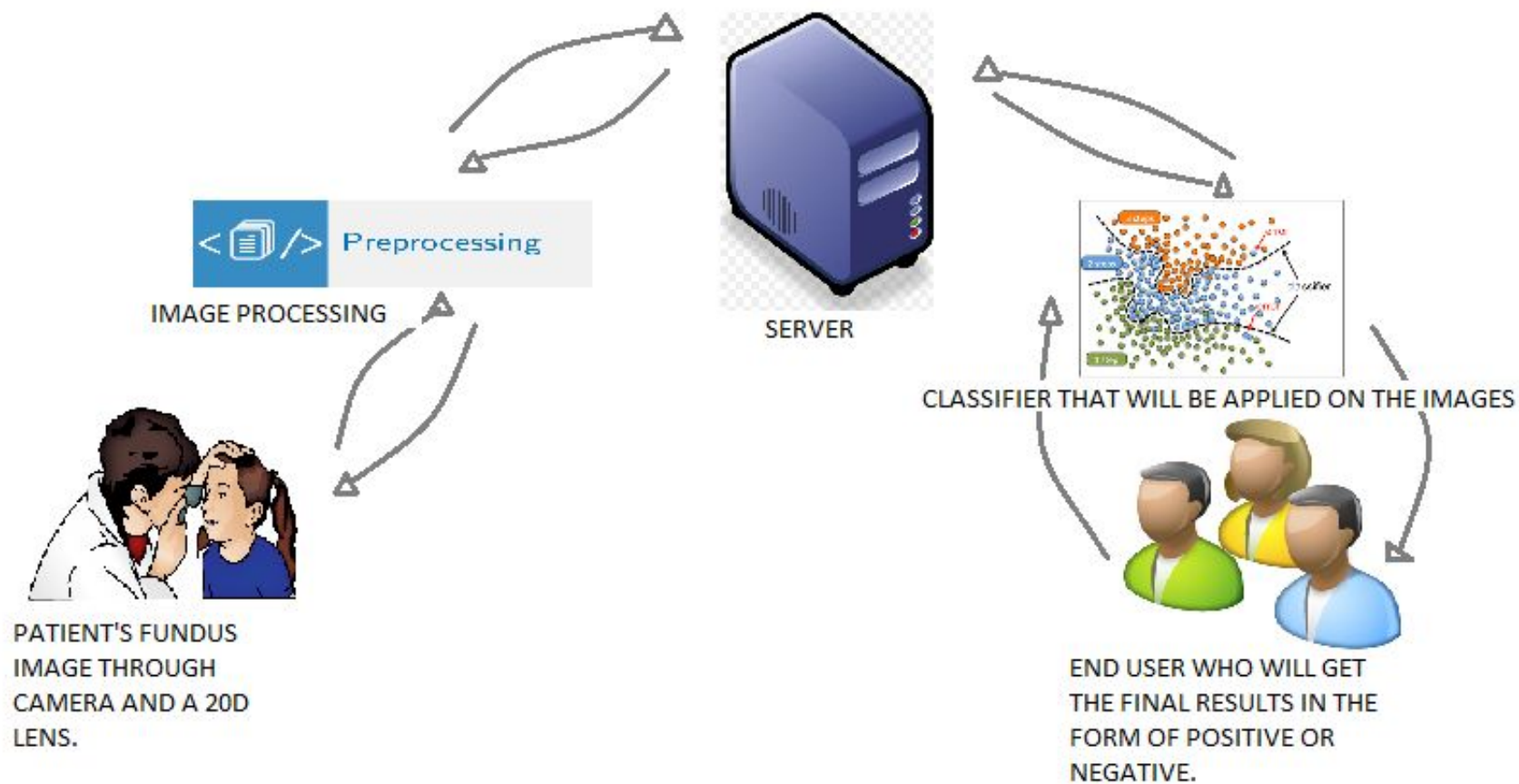
APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM

- ★ We apply Deep Learning Algorithms to train a model which classifies the fundus image of the eye to be infected or healthy.

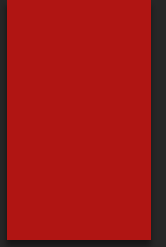


- ★ If the user is found positive, the application might proceed with suggesting the user with some possible steps to cure the disease.

PROCESS FLOW



HOW ACTUALLY ARE WE DOING IT?



- COLLECTING DATASET
- PRE-PROCESSING DATASET
- DATASET AUGMENTATION
- TRAINING CNN ARCHITECTURE MODEL
- TESTING THE MODEL
- LAUNCHING THE MODEL TO PRODUCTION

MODULES

- **Home**: It lets the user to see all the functionalities the application provides.
- **Image upload**: This screen will ask the user to take a picture of the patient's fundus by enabling the camera of the phone.
- **Result**: This screen will display the result of the test conducted.
- **Doctors' list**: This screen will give a list of the doctors that could help the patient with the treatment of the disease.
- **Individual doctor**: When a particular doctor is selected, all the information including the location of the clinic and time and contact number will be provided.

REFERENCES

- I. “Kaggle Diabetic Retinopathy Detection competition report”, Ben Graham, August 6, 2015.
- II. Kaggle.com for the dataset of Diabetic Retinopathy.
- III. “Severity Classification of Fundus Images for Diabetic Retinopathy”, Jason Su, Stanford University.
- IV. Diagnosing diabetic retinopathy with deep learning, Robert Bogucki, September 3, 2015.

THANK YOU GUYS



FOR PAYING ATTENTION