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Experiment No.7					
Implement Circular Linked List ADT.					
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Date of Submission:					
Marks:					
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Experiment No. 7: Circular Linked List Operations

Aim: Implementation of Circular Linked List ADT

Objective:

In circular linked list last node is connected to first node. On other hand circular

linked list can be used to implement traversal along web pages.

Theory:

In a circular linked list, the last node contains a pointer to the first node of

list. We can have a circular singly linked list as well as a circular doubly

linked list.

While traversing a circular linked list, we can begin at any node and traverse the list in any one direction, forward or backward, until we reach the same node

where we started. Thus, a circular linked list has no beginning and no ending.

Inserting a New Node in a Circular Linked List

Case 1: The new node is inserted at the beginning.

Case 2: The new node is inserted at the end.

Deleting a Node from a Circular Linked List

Case 1: The first node is deleted.

Case 2: The last node is deleted.

Insertion and Deletion after or before a given node is same as singly linked list.

Algorithm

Algorithm to insert a new node at the beginning

Step 1: IF AVAIL = NULL

Write OVERFLOW

Go to Step 9 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET NEW_NODE = AVAIL

Step 3: SET AVAIL = AVAIL→NEXT

Step 4: SET NEW_NODE-->DATA = VAL

Step 5: SET PTR=START

Repeat Step 6 while PTR NEXT != START

Step 6: SET PTR = PTR NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 7: SET NEW_NODE--> NEXT= START

Step 8: SET PTR-->NEXT = START

Step 9: SET START = NEW_NODE

Step 10: EXIT

Algorithm to insert a new node at the end

Step 1: IF AVAIL = NULL

Write OVERFLOW

Go to Step 11 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET NEW_NODE = AVAIL

Step 3: SET AVAIL = AVAIL--> NEXT

Step 4: SET NEW_NODE -->DATA = VAL

Step 5: SET NEW_NODE-->NEXT = START

Step 6: SET PTR = START

Step 7: Repeat Step 8 while PTR--> NEXT != START

Step 8: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 9: SET PTR -->NEXT = NEW_NODE

Step 10: EXIT

Algorithm to delete the first node

Step 1: IF START = NULL

Write UNDERFLOW

Go to Step 6 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET PTR = START

Step 3: Repeat Step 4 while PTR--> NEXT != START

Step 4: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 4: SET PTR→NEXT = START -->NEXT

Step 5: FREE START

Step 6: EXIT

Algorithm to delete the last node

Step 1: IF START = NULL

Write UNDERFLOW

Go to Step 7 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET PTR = START [END OF LOOP]

Step 3: Repeat Step 4 and Step 5 while PTR -->NEXT != START

Step 4: SET PREPTR = PTR

Step 5: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT

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Step 6: SET PREPTR-->NEXT = START
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Step 7: FREE PTR

Step 8: EXIT

```
Code:
#include
#include #include
struct node { int
data; struct node
*next;
}; struct node *start = NULL; struct node
*create_cll(struct node *); struct node
*display(struct node *); struct node
*insert_beg(struct node *); struct node
*insert_end(struct node *); struct node
*delete_beg(struct node *); struct node
*delete_end(struct node *); struct node
*delete_after(struct node *); struct node
*delete_list(struct node *); int main() { int
option; clrscr(); do { printf("\n\n *****MAIN
MENU *****"); printf("\n 1: Create a list");
printf("\n 2: Display the list"); printf("\n 3: Add
a node at the beginning"); printf("\n 4: Add a
node at the end"); printf("\n 5: Delete a node
from the beginning"); printf("\n 6: Delete a
```

node from the end"); printf("\n 7: Delete a node

```
after a given node"); printf("\n 8: Delete the
entire list"); printf("\n 9: EXIT");
printf("\n\n Enter your option : ");
scanf("%d", &option);
switch(option) { case 1:
start = create_cll(start);
printf("\n CIRCULAR LINKED LIST CREATED");
 break; case 2: start =
display(start); break;
case 3: start =
insert_beg(start); break;
case 4: start =
insert_end(start); break;
case 5: start =
delete_beg(start); break;
case 6: start =
delete_end(start); break;
case 7: start =
delete_after(start); break;
case 8:
start = delete_list(start);
printf("\n CIRCULAR LINKED LIST DELETED"); break;
}
} while(option !=9); getch(); return 0; } struct node
*create_cll(struct node *start) { struct node
*new_node, *ptr; int num; printf("\n Enter -1 to end");
printf("\n Enter the data : "); scanf("%d", &num);
while(num!=-1) { new_node = (struct
```

```
node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); new_node -> data
= num; if(start == NULL) { new_node -> next =
new_node; start = new_node;
}
else
{
 ptr = start; while(ptr ->
next != start) ptr = ptr ->
next; ptr -> next =
new_node; new_node ->
next = start;
} printf("\n Enter the data : ");
scanf("%d", &num);
} return start;
} struct node *display(struct node *start) { struct
node *ptr; ptr=start; while(ptr -> next != start) {
printf("\t %d", ptr -> data); ptr = ptr -> next; } printf("\t
%d", ptr -> data); return start; } struct node
*insert_beg(struct node *start) { struct node
*new_node, *ptr; int num; printf("\n Enter the data:
"); scanf("%d", &num); new_node = (struct node
*)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); new_node -> data =
num;
 ptr = start; while(ptr ->
next != start) ptr = ptr ->
next; ptr -> next =
new_node; new_node ->
```

```
next = start; start =
new_node; return start;
} struct node *insert_end(struct node *start) { struct
node *ptr, *new_node; int num; printf("\n Enter the
data: "); scanf("%d", &num); new_node = (struct
node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); new_node -> data
= num;
ptr = start; while(ptr ->
next != start) ptr = ptr ->
next; ptr -> next =
new_node; new_node ->
next = start; return start;
}
 struct node *delete_beg(struct node *start)
{ struct node *ptr; ptr = start; while(ptr ->
next != start) ptr = ptr -> next; ptr -> next =
start -> next; free(start); start = ptr -> next;
return start;
} struct node *delete_end(struct node *start)
{ struct node *ptr,*preptr; ptr = start;
while(ptr -> next != start) { preptr = ptr; ptr =
ptr -> next;
 preptr -> next = ptr ->
next; free(ptr); return
start;
} struct node *delete_after(struct node *start) {
struct node *ptr, *preptr;
```

```
int val; printf("\n Enter the value after which the node has to
deleted: "); scanf("%d", &val); ptr = start; preptr = ptr;
while(preptr -> data != val) { preptr = ptr; ptr = ptr -> next;
} preptr -> next = ptr -> next; if(ptr
== start) start = preptr -> next;
free(ptr); return start;
} struct node *delete_list(struct node *start)
{ struct node *ptr; ptr = start; while(ptr ->
next != start) start = delete_end(start);
free(start); return start;
}
Output:
Conclusion:
Write an example of insertion and deletion in the circular linked list while traversing
the web pages?
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
// Structure for a web page node in the circular linked list
struct WebPage {
```

```
char title[50]; struct
  WebPage* next;
};
struct WebPage* current = NULL;
// Function to insert a new web page void insertPage(char title[]) { struct
WebPage* newPage = (struct WebPage*)malloc(sizeof(struct WebPage));
strcpy(newPage->title, title);
   if (current == NULL) { current = newPage; newPage->next = newPage;
      // Make it point to itself in a circular list.
  } else {
       newPage->next = current->next; current-
       >next = newPage; current = newPage;
  }
}
// Function to delete the current web
page void deletePage() { if (current ==
NULL) { printf("No web page to
delete.\n"); return;
```

```
}
  struct WebPage* nextPage = current->next;
  if (current == current->next)
      { free(current); current
      = NULL;
  } else {
       current->next = nextPage->next;
       free(nextPage);
  }
}
// Function to display the current web page void
displayCurrentPage() { if (current == NULL) {
printf("No current web page.\n");
  } else { printf("Current Page: %s\n", current-
      >title);
  }
}
int main() {
```

```
insertPage("Home Page");
insertPage("About Us");
insertPage("Contact Us");

displayCurrentPage(); // Displays "Contact Us"

deletePage(); // Deletes "Contact Us"

displayCurrentPage(); // Displays "About Us"

deletePage(); // Deletes "About Us"

deletePage(); // Displays "Home Page"

return 0;
```

}