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# SQL DATA ANALYSIS PROJECT - PIZZA SALES DATASET



- WHERE EVERY SLICE TELLS A STORY



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**Business insights generated using SQL by analyzing pizza sales data, including orders, revenue, category performance, and sales trends.**

**Tools Used:**

- **SQL (MySQL) – Data analysis**
- **GitHub – Project sharing & version control**
- **PowerPoint – Insight presentation**

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**Role: Aspiring Data Analyst**

**Dataset: Pizza Sales Database**



**This project analyzes a Pizza Sales database using SQL to understand day-to-day business performance.**

- Data includes customer orders, pizzas sold, prices, and categories
- Multiple tables were joined to analyze sales patterns and revenue
- SQL queries were used to answer real business questions
- Analysis focuses on product performance and revenue trends
- Raw data is transformed into clear, actionable insights **04**



## Retrieve the total no of orders placed

```
-- Retrieve the total no of orders placed  
select count(order_id) as total_order from orders;
```

	total_order
▶	21350





# Calculate the total revenue generated from the pizza sales.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

	total_sales
▶	779752.3





# Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95





# Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	size	order_count
▶	L	17664
	M	14668
	S	13488
	XL	517
	XXL	27



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.name  
ORDER BY quantity DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2332
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2329
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2311
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2309
	The California Chicken Pizza	2248



# Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.category,  
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14177
	Supreme	11459
	Veggie	11099
	Chicken	10533



# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

	hour	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1



# Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
select category, count(name) from pizza_types  
group by category;
```

	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9





# Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as average_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM (
    SELECT
        orders.order_date,
        SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM orders
    JOIN order_details
        ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date
) AS order_quantity;
```

	average_pizza_ordered_per_day
▶	139



# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



```
SELECT pizza_types.name,  
       SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue  
FROM pizza_types  
JOIN pizzas  
      ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
JOIN order_details  
      ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.name  
ORDER BY revenue DESC  
LIMIT 3;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	41129.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	40918.75
	The California Chicken Pizza	39274



# Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(
        SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)
    / (
        SELECT SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)
        FROM order_details
        JOIN pizzas
            ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
        ) * 100,
    2) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas
    ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	26.87
	Supreme	25.52
	Chicken	23.94
	Veggie	23.67





# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
SELECT  
    order_date,  
    SUM(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY order_date) AS cum_revenue  
FROM (  
    SELECT  
        orders.order_date,  
        SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue  
    FROM order_details  
    JOIN pizzas  
        ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
    JOIN orders  
        ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
    GROUP BY orders.order_date  
) AS sales;
```

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.35000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.30000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.70000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001
	2015-01-18	40978.60000000006

	order_date	cum_revenue
	2015-01-19	43365.75000000001
	2015-01-20	45763.65000000001
	2015-01-21	47804.20000000001
	2015-01-22	50300.90000000001
	2015-01-23	52724.60000000006
	2015-01-24	55013.85000000006
	2015-01-25	56631.40000000001
	2015-01-26	58515.80000000001
	2015-01-27	61043.85000000001
	2015-01-28	63059.85000000001
	2015-01-29	65105.150000000016
	2015-01-30	67375.45000000001
	2015-01-31	69793.30000000002
	2015-02-01	72982.50000000001
	2015-02-02	75311.10000000002
	2015-02-03	77925.90000000002
	2015-02-04	80159.80000000002
	2015-02-05	82375.60000000002



# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
SELECT name, revenue
  FROM (
    SELECT
      category,
      name,
      revenue,
      RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn
    FROM (
      SELECT
        pizza_types.category,
        pizza_types.name,
        SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
      FROM pizza_types
      JOIN pizzas
        ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
      JOIN order_details
        ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
      GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name
    ) AS a
  ) AS b
 WHERE rn <= 3;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	41129.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	40918.75
	The California Chicken Pizza	39274
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	36284.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	30756.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	28816
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	33408.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	32023.25
	The Sicilian Pizza	29490.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	30811.600000000606
	The Mexicana Pizza	25732.5
	The Five Cheese Pizza	25123