THE BATTLE OF NEIGHBORHOODS - A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF THE EARLIER FIVE LOWER-TIER CONSTITUENT MUNICIPALITIES OF TORONTO

Presented as a Capstone Project

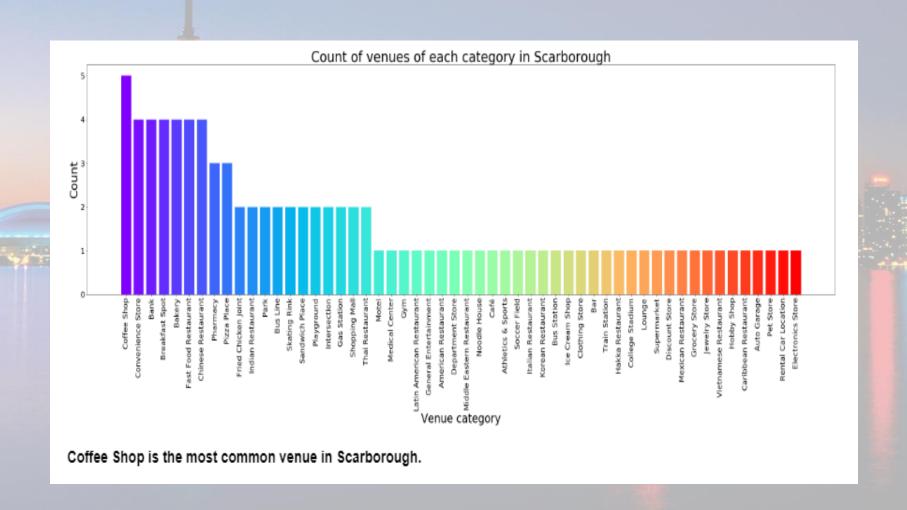
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PROBLEM STATEMENT

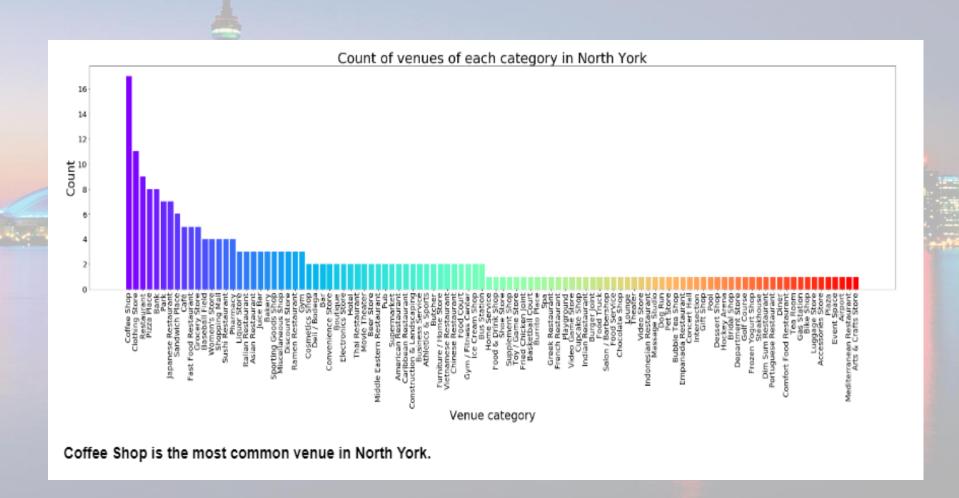
The presented capstone project aims at furnishing a comparative study of the earlier five lower-tier constituent municipalities of Toronto, namely, East York, Etobicoke, North York, Scarborough and York to analyze the business prospects in each one.



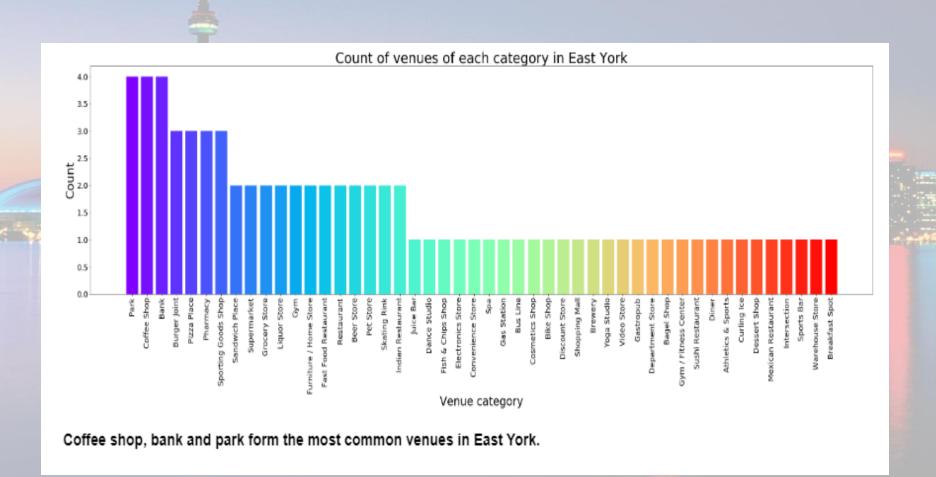
BAR GRAPH FOR SCARBOROUGH



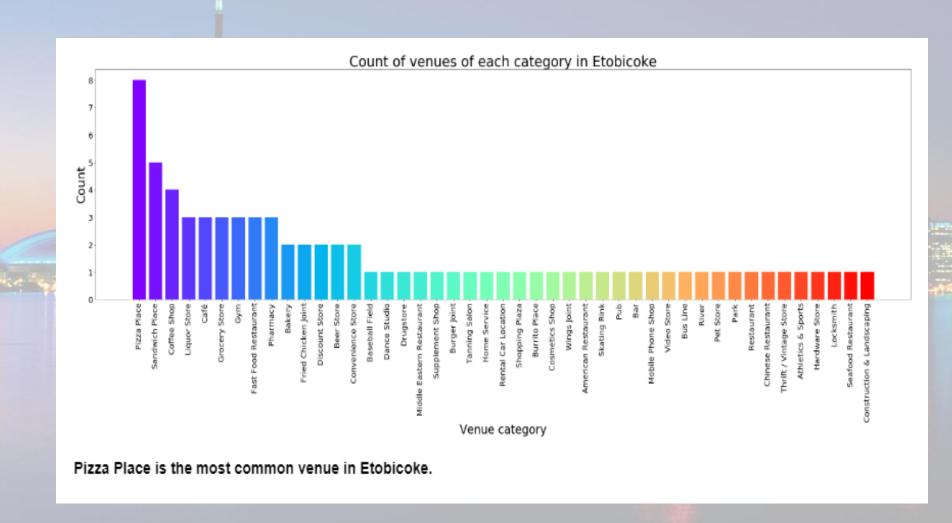
BAR GRAPH FOR NORTH YORK



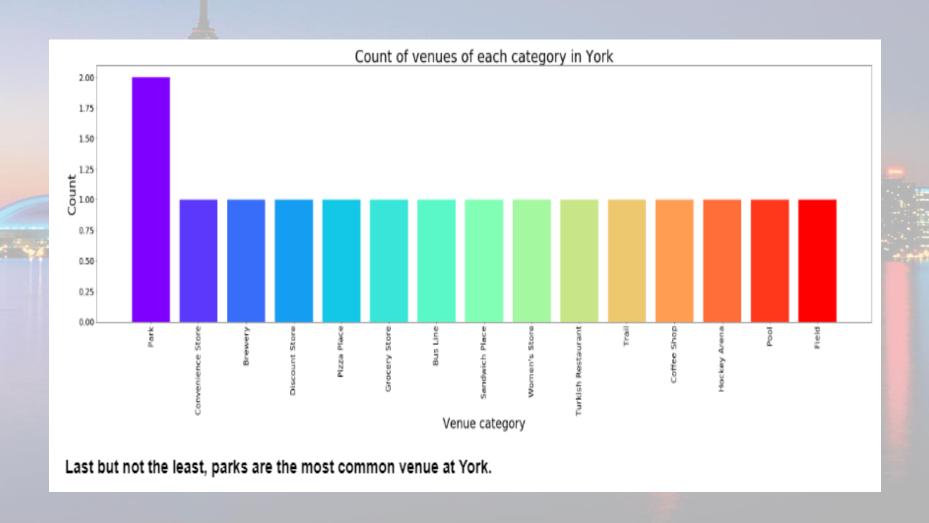
BAR GRAPH FOR EAST YORK



BAR GRAPH FOR ETOBICOKE



BAR GRAPH FOR YORK



RESULTS FROM MACHINE LEARNING

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In [140]: yhat = neigh.predict(X_test)
    jss_knn = jaccard_similarity_score(y_test , yhat)
    f1_knn = f1_score(y_test, yhat, average = 'weighted')
    print("Jaccard Similarity Index for K-Nearest Neighbors : ",jss_knn)
    print("F1 Score for K-Nearest Neighbors : ",f1_knn)
```

Jaccard Similarity Index for K-Nearest Neighbors : 0.8571428571428571 F1 Score for K-Nearest Neighbors : 0.8492063492063492

Values for:

Jaccard Similarity Index: 0.857

F1 Score: 0.849

CONCLUSION

It can be seen that York is not much developed with regards to business avenues, while North York is the most developed one in that case. In many of the boroughs, coffee shops topped the list by being the most common venue category. Our KNN Machine Learning algorithm worked pretty well in predicting the borough.

